

LONG BOY DOES CLASSY WORK WITH THE KNIFE

When He Get's Going at the Hun, Oh, Boy! But as a Paris Matinee Idol, it is to Blush.

New York, July 24.—New York is very dull compared with Paris. In Paris we have so many of the brave Americans, and we spend the afternoons sitting in the sidewalk cafes cheering the blushing Americans as they walk somewhat shamefacedly past.

American soldiers are grand fighters, but poor matinee idols. When the ladies spring from their seats in the sidewalk cafes and thrust flowers in their hands, they look as ashamed as a dog caught stealing eggs.

The most awful suffering I saw in Paris was the case of a big husky fellow from an infantry outfit. A lady of distinction had stopped her machine in the middle of the street as the soldier was crossing, and leaning out, had enthusiastically tied a bright pink ribbon around his neck.

Amidst much rejoicing from the assembled French spectators, the lady went her way and the big soldier looked as if he were about to choke to death, although it was a very thin ribbon and loosely tied. I saw him an hour later and he still wore the ribbon and was evidently in terrible pain.

"Listen," said the infantry husky in a hoarse whisper, "the captain said we was to receive any compliments given us by the French with a smile, and show 'em we appreciated and not hurt their feelings by etching it, but if I have to wear this pink ribbon on me neck for another hour I'll go nuts and bite myself in the leg. For the love of Mike do something!"

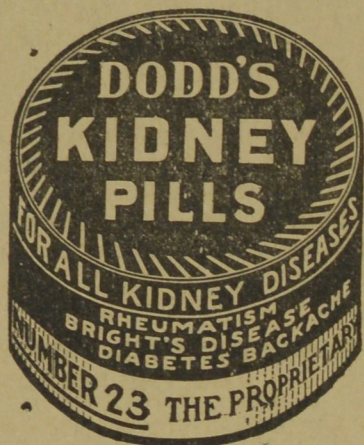
I removed the ribbon from the suffering soldier's neck and after a while he grew calm and rational and he told me some stories of the front regarding

the first assault of the Americans against Chateau Thierry.

"They can't hold us guys," he said, "when we git started we just keep goin'. All anybody says is jest 'Kill 'em, kill 'em,' and oh boy, you ought to see our lads go to it!"

"Our fellows are good three ways. First, they shoot; then they are as quick as cats and they certainly move fast. Then they are new hands with the knife; but honest, it beats me how our fellows took to this bayonet thing. We've never been much on the knife at home, except for eating pie and peas and potatoes with it. Maybe it's because we're so handy eating with it that we're so dogoned good when it comes to easing it into the boche, but believe me, our fellows are certainly some classy in handling this bayonet stuff. The boches are slow and certainly clumsy as baby elephants compared with our boys."

"The Huns always make a head thrust at us, and expect us to throw up our guns and parry. Well, we do that, but while we're doing it we kick 'em in the stummick and that kind of upsets 'em and then we Adam's apple 'em and after that they ain't on the Kaiser's payroll no more."



LAYING HENS MUST BE FREE FROM PHYSICAL DEFECTS

Views of a Committee of American and Canadian Poultry Experts---Vigor and Health in a Bird Essential to Egg Production---A Good Layer Must be Free From Physical Defects.

(A. C. McCulloch, Provincial Poultry Superintendent.)

At a judging school held at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., July 1-6, 1918, a committee of American and Canadian authorities on egg production in poultry prepared an outline of indications of high laying in yellow skinned fowl. The same was approved in its entirety by the American Association of Instructors and Investigators in Poultry Husbandry an organization of men and women in United States and Canada who are doing Government poultry work either as teachers or investigators in the Agricultural colleges or as Extension workers. The test is for past performance only and can readily be applied in July or August. It is applicable only to yellow skinned breeds egg, Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, R. I. Reds, and Leghorns.

General Production Requirements
In order to lay well a bird must have a sound body. As a first consideration a bird must be vigorous and healthy to be able to lay well. Vigor and health are shown by a bright, clear eye, a well set body, a comparatively active disposition and a good circulation.

Further, the bird must be free from physical defects such as a crooked beak, excessively long toe nails, eyelids that overhang so the bird cannot see well, scaly legs or anything else which would keep the bird from seeing or getting an abundance of feed.

Loss of Fat Due to Laying
Color of pigmentation changes. (Should be observed by daylight.)

A laying fowl uses up the surplus fat in the body, especially it removes the fat from the skin. In yellow skinned breeds this loss of fat can readily be seen by the loss of the yellow color. The different parts of the body tend to become white, according to the amount of fat stored in the body and the amount of circulation of blood through that part. The changes occur in the following order.

Vent.
The vent changes very quickly with egg production so that a white or pink vent on a yellow skinned bird generally means the bird is laying while a yellow vent means the bird is not laying. It should be recognized that all yellow color changes are dependent on the feed, coarseness of skin and size of bird. A heavy bird fed an abundance of green food or other material which will color the fat deep yellow will not bleach out nearly as quickly as a smaller paler colored bird.

Eyering and Earlobes
The eyering, that is, the inner edges of the eyelids, bleach out a trifle slower than the vent. The earlobes

on leghorns and Anconas, etc, bleach out a little slower than the eyering, so that a bleached earlobe means a little longer or greater production than a bleached vent or eyelid.

Beak
The color goes out of the beak beginning at the base (next to the head) and gradually disappears until it finally leaves the front part of the upper beak. The lower beak bleaches faster than the upper but may be used where the upper is obscured by dark color. On the average colored, yellow skinned bird, a bleached beak means heavy production for at least the past four to six weeks.

Shanks
The shanks are the slowest to bleach out and hence, indicate a much longer period of production than the other parts. The yellow goes out of the scales on the front of the shanks first and finally from the scales on the rear. The scales on the heel of the shank (immediately below the hock) are the last to bleach out of may generally be used as an index as to natural depth of yellow color of the bird. A bleached out shank usually indicates fairly heavy production for at least fifteen to twenty weeks.

Return of Color
The yellow color comes back into the vent, eyering, earlobes, beak and shanks, in the same order that it went out, only the color returns much more quickly than it goes out. A vacation or rest period can sometimes be determined by the outer end of the beak being bleached and the base being yellow.

WILL CLOSE FOR A WEEK

London, Aug. 1.—For the first time in the history of London it will follow the method of many provincial cities by closing many business premises for the first week of August. The shortage of labor and difficulty of arranging a supply of employees resulted in a large number of proprietors deciding to close down entirely from August 3 to August 12. Nearly one thousand London stores in London will be affected.

A regular old timer insists that the weather is not hot until you can fry eggs on the sidewalk.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A fine, reliable, regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$2.00; No. 3, \$5.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly's Minkler's.)

NOTICE OF SALE.

Pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court, Chancery Division, made in an action between Jane Armour McKee, Plaintiff, and Hamilton McKee, Defendant, for the partition of the lands and premises in the Plaintiff's statement of claim and in the said Decree mentioned and fully described and being the land and premises hereinafter referred to, there will be offered for sale at public auction, with the approval of Harris G. Fenety, Esquire, a Master of the Supreme Court, in front of the Post Office in the City of Fredericton, in the Province of New Brunswick, at 12 o'clock noon, on SATURDAY, the Tenth Day of August 1918—

"All that certain lot, piece and parcel of land situate and being in Fredericton, known as part of Lot Number fifty-four, fronting on King street, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the southerly corner of Lot Number Fifty-six, thence along the northeast side of King street fifty feet, southeasterly, thence at right angles seventy-eight feet, thence northwesterly fifty feet to Lot Number fifty-six aforesaid, and thence southwesterly along the southeasterly side of the same lot seventy-eight feet to the place of beginning." Being the same lands and premises conveyed by Robert Williams and wife and Lucy Whitney to Samuel H. McKee, Senior, by Indenture bearing date the 8th day of May, A. D. 1856, and duly recorded in York County Records in Book 37, pages 332 to 334, under official number 13355, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1856.

The above sale is made pursuant to the provisions of the Judicature Act, 1909, and amendments thereof.

Further particulars may be had from the Plaintiff's Solicitors, Messrs. Slipp & Hanson, whose place of business and address is Chestnut Building, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

HARRIS G. FENETY,
Master of the Supreme Court.

Province of New Brunswick

SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS.

THERE WILL BE SOLD AT
The Crown Land Office,
Fredericton,
on

THURSDAY, the 5th of SEPT.,

1918, at 12 o'clock noon, the right to cut out and carry away all classes of merchantable lumber on

400 SQUARE MILES.

Licenses to run to 1st August, 1933, subject to annual renewal, fire protection tax, payment of stumpage and the Timber Regulations.

Among the tracts offered is the "Training Ground Reserve," containing 106 square miles, on the line of the Transcontinental Railway east of McGivney Junction. On this block there is an estimated stand of merchantable lumber made by Forest Engineers of:

Spruce 8 millions s.f.
Fir 3 millions s.f.
Other Soft Woods 4 millions s.f.
Hardwoods 9 millions s.f.

24 millions s.f.
Undersized soft wood 30 millions s.f.

Total 54 millions s.f.

The remainder of the 400 sq. miles is situate in the Counties of Northumberland, Kent, Westmorland, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, York, Carleton, Victoria and Madawaska.

Berths are sold in ten square mile blocks and less.

For further information as to quantity of lumber, upset prices, plans, etc. apply to the Deputy Minister, Department of Lands and Mines, Fredericton, N. B.

E. A. SMITH,
Minister of Lands and Mines.
Fredericton, N. B., July 22, 1918.

A large shipment of records
just arrived
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Music Store 560 Queen Street

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Soap, Cold Cream, Vanishing Cream, Face Powder, Talcum Powder. Just received.

WILEY'S PHARMACY, York St.

BEANS

Yellow Eye Beans, Hand Picked Pea Beans, Quebec Yellow Beans, at
Lowest Market Rates.

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The New Importations for the Coming Season are now on display. An early inspection will assure you of a large and varied selection to choose from.

We are also prepared to fill all orders entrusted to us for MILITARY CLOTHING at a reasonable price. We are sole agents for the Crown Tailoring Company, of Toronto, the largest Military Tailoring Company in Canada.

WALKER BROS. MERCHANT TAILORS
QUEEN STREET, WEST END

MARITIME ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED

Fredericton, N. B., July 19, 1918.

On account of staff shortage due to military enlistments, the Royal Bank of Canada find it impossible to continue the collection of this Company's Light Bills.

For the convenience of our customers we have engaged an office at No. 88 York Street, in the premises occupied by Harry C. Moore, Electrical Engineer, where bills may be paid from the first to the tenth of each month from 9.30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Those making payment later in the month must do so at the Company's Main Office, No. 1 Shore Street.

MARITIME ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

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For One Year
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Two Dollars

Payable in advance

No Advance in Price

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Telephones, Bells, Watchmen's Clocks, Annunciators, Burglar Alarm Systems, etc.

Lighting Plants Installed in Isolated Places. We carry a large assortment of Electric Fixtures and Heating Appliances.

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