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In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.  
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# The Daily Mail

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The Weather.  
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Light winds, fine today; Friday, fresh south to southwest winds, becoming showery.  
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## The Battle Situation in France is Satisfactory

### Huns Have for the Present Renounced Their Purpose to Win a Decision--Enemy Crossed River Oise But Were Driven Back By French Troops

PARIS, June 6.—The battle situation is frankly satisfactory, says a Havas Agency review today, and the enemy, temporarily at least, is not likely to make attacks all along the front between Rheims and the Oise. Local attempts may seem to indicate that the Germans have renounced for the moment their purpose to win a decision on the battlefield picked out by their commanders on May 27.

Nevertheless, the newspapers do not believe that the German offensive is ended. The Petit Parisien thinks that Gne. Ludendorff is preparing a blow which he expects will have prodigious results.

#### ENEMY TROOPS WHICH HAD CROSSED THE OISE WERE HURLED BACK BY THE FRENCH

PARIS, June 6.—German forces last night crossed the river Oise in vicinity of Compigny, but were driven back by the French, the War Office announces today in the following official statement: "East of Compigny French troops late yesterday drove back enemy groups which had succeeded in crossing the Oise. The French took one hundred prisoners. North of the Aisne the French improved appreciably their positions north and west of Hautebray. Fifty prisoners were taken. The artillery fighting was heavy, especially in the regions of Long Pont and Veully La Poterie, and west of Rheims."

#### GERMANS MADE ANOTHER UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO RAID THE BRITISH POSITIONS

LONDON, June 6.—The Germans last night repeated their attempt to raid the British positions in the Morlancourt region, east of Amiens, but were repulsed, the War office announced today. The statement follows:

"Last night the enemy again attempted to raid our positions southwest of Morlancourt and was repulsed with losses. Another enemy raiding party succeeded in rushing one of our positions yesterday afternoon in the neighborhood of Boyelles. Two of our men are missing. The enemy also attempted raids during the night north of Lens, north of Bethune and east of Nieppe forest. All of the raids were repulsed and casualties inflicted upon the enemy."

### AMERICAN SHIPS OF WAR STILL SEARCHING FOR GERMAN PIRATES

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

WASHINGTON, June 6.—While nearly forty hours have passed since the German submarines preying on shipping off the Atlantic coast had disclosed their position, efforts of the Navy Department to hunt down the raiders had not lessened in the least today. Instead, the search was being extended to more southern regions in the belief that the German undersea craft, after sinking the Norwegian steamer Eidsvold late Tuesday off the Virginia Capes, hurried southward in hope of finding a locality in which naval patrols were not so strong. Location of the raiders off the Virginia Capes, on the other hand, leads some Navy Department officials to believe that the submarines may have taken up a position in that region in belief that there, in the path of trans-Atlantic travel, richer prizes in the form of large cargo or passenger carrying vessels, or perhaps a transport, might be obtainable.

### TORONTO MEN ARRESTED ON THEFT CHARGE

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Quebec, June 6.—Three Toronto soldiers were arrested here today charged with theft in the jewelry store of P. F. Bowen & Co., St. Paul street, yesterday evening. They all belong to the Royal Dragoons of Toronto and are Robert Pickering, Harlow McNeill and R. G. Sutherland. There is a fourth alleged accomplice and he is being hunted for by the police. All pleaded not guilty in the court of sessions, and were remanded.

### LLOYD GEORGE IS CONFIDENT

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, June 6.—Premier Lloyd George returned from the Supreme War Council in France full of confidence regarding the issue, Reuter's parliamentary correspondent says it is reported in the lobbies of parliament. While in France the Premier saw Gen. Foch, Premier Clemenceau and Baron Sonnino, the Italian foreign minister.

### THE GERMANS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WAR

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Gumlingen, Switzerland, June 6.—Germany was wholly in agreement with Austria-Hungary concerning the ultimatum sent to Serbia at the outbreak of the war, says Dr. Wilhelm Muehlton, former director of Krupp's, in further disclosures on the responsibility for the bringing on of the conflict. Emperor William was personally responsible for Germany's participation, and forced German leaders to support his war policy.

Dr. Muehlton, who was president of the Krupp's at the outbreak of the war, and who recently startled Europe with his disclosures, recently received the correspondent of the Associated Press at his country place here, where he is now living in retirement. The visit came as Dr. Muehlton was preparing to issue a more detailed review of conditions leading to the war, and the correspondent had the advantage of going over the document with the personal explanations of the author.

Can Solemnize Marriages

Rev. Louis J. Sivret of Chatham, Roman Catholic, has been registered under Provincial Statute to solemnize marriages.

### MRS. PANKHURST IS MAKING A SUDDEN VISIT

An Atlantic Port, June 6.—Among the passengers on a trans-Atlantic liner which docked here tonight after an uneventful voyage, were Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, who said she had come to America suddenly because she felt it would be a good thing to bring to American suffragists a greeting from the patriot women of England.

"The great thing now for women is to have a country to vote in," said Mrs. Pankhurst. "We now have responsibilities and duties to perform. I shall tell America of what is going on at the Alsatian front in France, where I spent considerable time. The patriotic women of the English women's party sent me to America. I have forgotten about hunger strikes. I have thought only about our country."

### HUN CARRIED FRENCH COCKADE

Paris, June 6.—The Petit Parisien records a new manifesto of German treachery. In Domieray region yesterday, says the newspaper, an airplane was brought down by a "Spad" carrying a French cockade. "The close range and the elevation at which this happened, says the Petit Parisien, 'makes it impossible to doubt that it was a case of a German airman trying for a cheap victory by using undeterred the emblems of a machine which had been captured.'"

### FOREST FIRES IN QUEBEC

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Quebec, June 6.—Large forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Daquam station, county of Montmorency. The village of Daquam yesterday was in danger of total destruction, and help trains were being prepared when word came that the flames were under control.

Result Satisfactory

The proceeds of the tag day collections by the Ashburham Branch of the Red Cross Society will amount to about \$350. The ladies of the organization wish to thank those who contributed to the fund.

## CANADIANS HAVE BEEN MAKING IT LIVELY FOR THE HUNS

### Bombed and Bayoneted Their Way Into the Enemy Trenches---Stout Resistance of Enemy Was Overcome

(By W. A. Willison, correspondent of the Canadian Press.)

CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, June 6.—For four weeks the Canadian troops south of Arras have been giving the enemy lively days and nights. Our troops have done really splendid work and time neither diminishes their eagerness nor weakens their strength. Indeed, they have just given the enemy another signal proof of their great raiding prowess by bayonetting and bombing their way along hostile trenches, capturing nineteen prisoners, three machine guns, one light trench mortar, blowing up many dugouts and inflicting heavy casualties. Men of Ontario with other troops carried out these latest operations. They were everywhere successful in their attack.

All afternoon and evening our artillery shelled a village. Just after midnight the fire increased to barrage intensity, with machine guns and trench mortars combining in a concentrated bombardment. As soon as this barrage lifted, the Ontario troops jumped to their task. Shooting opposing sentries, they moved on in the darkness to attack right and left systems of enemy trenches. In a tangle of wire trenches and dugouts, heavy fighting took place. In some places the enemy offered stout resistance, holding on to positions until killed in hand-to-hand fighting or blown out of them by our bombers.

#### ENEMY READY TO CRY "KAMEMRAD."

In other spots, however, the boche, crowded into shelters trying and trying to hide, showed marked readiness to cry "kamerad." Those who did not surrender were bayoneted. Then our bombers, pressing on, bombed dugouts, adjoining shell holes, destroying the former and inflicting many casualties on the Germans who had run to them for shelter.

At the same time, under another barrage, British Columbia troops were giving a good account of themselves against enemy positions further south. Here two parties attacking along either side of old communication trenches, penetrated a enemy outpost line. Several wounded and unwounded prisoners were taken, also two machine guns, but only after sharp fighting, in which the Germans suffered many casualties, while we also suffered losses, thought light, considering the nature of the operations and the resistance.

### YORK COUNTY DELEGATION BEFORE GOVT.

#### ASKED FOR PAYMENT OF SMALLPOX BILLS

Session of Government Will Continue Today and Tomorrow—L. Maber Was Heard.

The Provincial Government was in session this morning and attended to a large amount of routine business. A delegation from the York County Council was heard in connection with the payment of the bills incurred during the smallpox scare last year. The government was asked to bear a portion of the expense. Consideration was promised. The government was in session last night and will sit all day today and tomorrow.

#### Mr. Maber Heard

Mr. L. Maber of Ottawa chairman of the commission in charge of administration of the act for Land Settlement of Soldiers interviewed the government last night and will be before it again today. He outlined his plan to a certain extent. This afternoon Mr. Maber is conferring with a representative of the Great War Veterans' Association.

#### Commission Appointed

The government has approved of the appointment of the commission to consider and report upon the application of the St. John Power Company for permission to increase its rates. The personnel of the commission is as follows: Guy W. Currier, chief counsel for the receiver of the Bay State Street Railway Company, Boston; Henry Colgate of Ross & Colgate, water power engineers, Montreal; Prof. Albert S. Rychey of Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Worcester, Mass. The selection of the gentlemen was left to Premier Foster and Mr. J. A. Murray the leader of the opposition. It is considered that an excellent selection has been made.

### N. B. OFFICER RECOVERING

London, June 6.—Lieut. P. Celineau, of Quebec, wounded in the chest and dangerously ill, is at the clearing station at Rouen, France.

Lieut. F. B. Young, of New Brunswick, who was gassed, has been discharged from Bath hospital.

## LONDON NEWSPAPERS DISCUSS U-BOAT RAID ON AMERICAN COAST

### Looked Upon as a Challenge Which the United States Will Not Take Lying Down---Raid Shows the Seriousness Of Germany's Position

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

LONDON, June 6.—British Admiralty Officers have been expecting for some time that German submarine commerce raiders would appear on the American seaboard. In speaking of the possibility of this occurrence, they usually expressed entire confidence that the American naval forces would be able to deal with the problem and that the venture would not prove very profitable to the Germans on the final balance sheet. It was even predicted that no single event would be likely to so completely rouse the spirit of determination to win the war among the American public as the appearance of the war on their own doorstep.

The increasing radius of submarine activity has been repeatedly noted recently, and was the subject of considerable comment a few days ago when the steamer President Lincoln was sunk. It is possible that the submarine which sank the President Lincoln was on the way to America at the time.

#### THE DEVELOPMENT OF SUBMARINE WARFARE WILL NOT BE CONFINED TO THE GERMAN NAVY

Discussion of so-called submarine cruisers has occupied considerable space during the past three days in the British press, owing to the prominence given them by Admiral Marquis, of Milford Haven, former first sea lord. In a speech at Cambridge Saturday he predicted further development of the submarine in the direction of larger craft with much greater cruising radius. "In the construction of the larger types of submarine cruisers, the progress will not be confined by any means to the enemy navy," said the Marquis. "We shall keep pace. Unsinkable or submersible merchant steamers at least for certain essentials or valuable cargoes, appear to be inevitable for the future, notwithstanding the increased cost and the decreased cargo space."

#### RAID MAY CAUSE SOME ANXIETY, BUT WILL NOT RADICALLY OFFSET THE SITUATION

The morning newspapers give the news of the submarine operations in American waters prominence second only to the operations on the western front, and comment on it as a matter for deep thought. The Daily Chronicle says it is a challenge which the people of the United States will not take lying down. "The submarine raid may cause anxiety," says the Daily Mail, "but it will not radically affect the situation."

The Daily Graphic sees in the fact that the U-boats are taking the hazard of operating such a distance from their base a good omen of the seriousness of Germany's position.

#### ARCHIBALD HURD SAYS RAID WAS MADE WITH IDEA THAT AMERICANS COULD BE INTIMIDATED

LONDON, June 6.—In a statement last night, Archibald Hurd, well known writer on naval affairs, took the view that the German submarine operations off the American coast were intended to try to draw American war vessels from European waters. "The raid was not undertaken," said Mr. Hurd, "with the idea of obtaining direct military results, but mainly as a demonstration. After nearly four years of warfare, the German mind can be read with a fair degree of accuracy. It was assumed that the people of the United States would be intimidated; that they would demand impossible measures of protection, and that in order to satisfy public opinion the Navy Department would reconsider its plans for co-operation in hunting down submarines in European water, even if some of the American destroyers on duty on this side were not immediately recalled. That would suit Germany admirably."

### SAYS ORGY OF DRUNKENNESS WILL OCCUR

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Washington, June 6.—"An orgy of drunkenness" would follow the closing of the breweries as described by the anti-prohibition element, Food Administrator Hoover warned the country in a public statement tonight.

"If the American people want prohibition it should prohibit by legislation to that end and force the food administration to the responsibility for an orgy of drunkenness," said Mr. Hoover. "It is mighty difficult to get drunk on 2½ per cent. beer; it will be easy enough if we force a substitution of distilled drinks for it."

Mr. Hoover and President Wilson have both rebuked the radical prohibition element in the House for attempting to force the President's hand on closing the breweries and dismantling the wine-presses.

### CENSORSHIP IN GERMANY IS STRINGENT

Amsterdam, June 6.—Allegations that the German censorship is growing more stringent were made at the opening sitting of the Reichstag on Tuesday by Von Reechenberg, of the Centerist party, and Deputy Bauer, a socialist.

Matters are growing continually worse, Deputy Bauer said, and the censorship increasingly losing itself in the service of the "lust of conquest," even meetings for equal suffrage being forbidden although their aims were coincident with government policy.

The feeling among the people was becoming even more exasperated, he said. He complained that while the pacifists were harassed, the annexationist politicians were encouraged, and declared that this policy of force at home would inevitably lead to a catastrophe.