
Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Fresh westerly winds, clearing Tuesday, westerly winds, fair and moderately warm.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

GERMANS LAUNCHED NEW ATTACK WHICH PROVED A DEAD FAILURE

Assaulted Position Held by Italians on Heights of Bligny and Were Repulsed With Great Losses --- British Made a Successful Minor Raid

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

PARIS, June 24.—The Germans launched a new attack against positions held by the Italians at Bligny last night, according to an official statement issued by the War Office today. The statement says:

"The French repulsed a German attack in the region of Antheuil last night. Between the Marne and Rheims the Germans launched a new attack at 11 o'clock last night against the Italian positions on the heights of Bligny. After sharp fighting the Germans were completely repulsed with serious losses, prisoners remaining in the hands of the Allies. The opposing artilleries have been quite active in the Woivre and Vosges sectors. On the rest of the front, nothing to report."

BRITISH CARRY OUT OPERATIONS SOUTH OF METEREN, TAKING PRISONERS AND MACHINE GUNS

LONDON, June 24.—The British made a successful minor attack on German positions south of Meteren (in the Lys salient) last night. Many Germans were killed and fifty prisoners and some machine guns were taken by the British according to a statement issued by the War Office today, which reads:

"A successful minor enterprise in which many Germans were killed, fifty prisoners captured and some machine guns taken, was carried out by our troops last night south of Meteren. Casualties were inflicted on the enemy and a few prisoners were captured by us in patrol encounters on all parts of the front."

MILITARY WRITER OPTIMISTIC OVER RESULTS OF THE LULL ON WESTERN BATTLE FRONT

PARIS, June 23.—"Will the intermission in hostilities last much longer?" asks the military commentator of the Temps. "We can only congratulate ourselves on this lull because American troops are landing each day in increasing numbers."

"The Germans possibly were counting on a defeat of the Italians obliging us to send forces there," he continues. "But the Austrians still see the most fertile plains in the world over the heads of the Italian soldiers."

BRITISH LABOR PARTY MAY BE SPLIT INTO WARRING FACTIONS

LONDON, June 24.—The manifesto issued by eight labor members of the British government, according to some of the morning newspapers, is connected with the danger of a serious split in the labor party, due, some papers say, to efforts of a pacifist group to embarrass the government in the conduct of the war. The Daily Telegraph says that the party stands in imminent danger of a cleavage which will divide it into rival warring factions. The causes of dissatisfaction are so deep and the prejudices and passions so great that it is difficult to see, it adds, how an agreement can be reached. The Telegraph declares that speeches and actions of the labor ministers have been twisted and misrepresented to suit sectional purposes, and the minds of the constituents have been poisoned by insidious propaganda. It charges that a campaign is being waged ruthlessly to force labor out of the coalition government and break up the administration.

CAN REGISTER DURING NEXT THIRTY DAYS

Ottawa, June 24.—Although Saturday, June 22nd, was the day officially designated by the Canada Registration Board for all persons over sixteen years of age throughout the Dominion to register, a further opportunity to fill in their cards and secure registration receipt will be given those who were unable to register on the date set.

For the next thirty days at all post offices in Canada, registrations will be received, and persons who have a good reason for failing to register shall not be deemed to have broken the regulations during that period if they cannot produce their certificate.

It will probably be some days before the number of registrations made up to and on Saturday last are definitely known. Senator Robertson, head of the Canada Registration Board, on Saturday stated that reports received indicated a very large registration.

At Toronto, Ontario, June 23.—It is estimated that about 450,000 had registered here by Saturday night.

SOME TALK OF TRANSATLANTIC AERIAL PATROL

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
New York, June 24.—The Aero Club of America announced here last night that it had notified John D. Ryan, director of American Aircraft Production, that it was willing to assume the expense of attempting a transatlantic flight in order to assist the government in solving the problem of delivering thousands of airplanes overseas and of establishing a transatlantic aerial patrol to defeat Germany's U-boat campaign.

DEATH LIST IS GROWING

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
Gary, Ind., June 24.—Sixty-two known dead, a large number injured and a score missing, is the result of the collision on the Michigan Central Railway near here Saturday morning.

RURAL SCIENCE SCHOOLS TO BE HELD IN SUMMER

Woodstock and Sussex to Have
Schools—Lists of Instructors
Announced—July
and August.

The Rural Science Schools at Sussex and Woodstock, July 10—August 8, promise this year to be of more than ordinary interest.

The staff of instructors is as follows—

Dr. F. E. Wheelock, Acadia University, Wolfville—Physical Nature and Environment.

Prof. L. C. Harlow, Truro Agricultural College—Chemistry of Soil, Plants and Animals.

Mr. Wm. McIntosh, Entomological Division, Department of Agriculture, St. John's—Nature Study, especially of Animals.

Mr. A. C. Gorham, Instructor in Horticultural Department, Macdonald College, Que.—Plant Life and School Gardening.

For Woodstock,—
Prof. A. F. Baird, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton.

Prof. H. S. Hammond, Macdonald College, Que.

Mr. F. A. Dixon, Agricultural Department, Sussex.

Mr. A. H. Walker, Instructor in Horticultural Department, Macdonald College, Que.—taking subjects in the order named above.

Interesting and practical instruction will be combined with social enjoyment and recreation.

These annual sessions of the Rural Science Schools have proven in the past of great value to the teachers in New Brunswick. The Course this year will be one of the best yet given.

FISH GALORE OFF ESCUMINAC

(Chatham World)
The Miramichi fishermen are reaping a great harvest just now. The mackerel drifters are getting from 1000 to 4000 fish every night, and the salmon boats from 25 to 100. One boat came in the other day with 6000 mackerel. She was loaded to the gunwales. There is no big freezer at Escuminac, and the fishermen have to take their catches to other places to dispose of them. Mackerel are sold at five cents a pound and salmon at one dollar each, the salmon averaging ten pounds. Every man with boat and nets is making a pot of money.

AUSTRIANS FOUGHT WITH COURAGE OF DESPAIR

The Enemy Harrassed by Artillery Fire and Bombed from the Air—Heroic Deeds of Italian Troops in the Fight on the Carso Plateau Repeated in the Present Struggle—Harder Fighting Yet to Come.

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, July 24.—Cruelly harassed by a steady and accurate artillery fire, compelled to face bayonet attacks by the Italians and being constantly bombed by Allied aviators, flying low in defiance of machine gun and anti-aircraft fire, the Austrians have been fighting recently with the courage of despair. Local counter attacks have been carried out without regard for losses against the Allied trenches on the Montello plateau, but have been everywhere broken by the resistance interposed to stop the progress of the enemy. Along the lower Piave Italian pressure has been continual. The enemy has been given no rest.

MANY HEROIC DEEDS.

The heroic deeds of the Italians in the fight upon the Carso Plateau, east of the Isonzo, are recalled by the repeated examples of valor and endurance shown in the present struggle. With the Italian armies along the front there is only a stern intention to do or die. There is no effervescent boasting, no victory chants, but a realization that harding fighting may yet come.

"The word 'Piave' can be written in blood red letters on Austrian hearts," said a dust covered, sweat stained Italian officer who has been fighting every day for a week with scarcely any rest.

"We are saving our shouting until Austria's plunder expedition is gone," said 70-year-old Deputy Banchette, who is spending his time as an Alpine officer tramping to and from among the soldiers, telling them that victory is the one way to secure peace.

AUSTRIANS ON THE RUN.

When it was observed that the Austrians had begun a retrograde movement, the Italians began to attack virtually all along the Piave line, from Montello on the north well towards the mouth of the river. The attack was quickly pressed and became more insistent, accompanied by violent artillery fire. The number of guns left behind by the Austrians as they retreated has not been computed, but is said to be very great.

Austrians on Piave Front Reported in Full Retreat

UNIVERSITY MEMORIAL FUND GETS DONATION

Mrs. Ralph B. Clarke, of Moncton, Donates \$100—Her Husband Killed in Action.

Chancellor Jones has received a donation of \$100 toward the University Memorial Fund from Mrs. Ralph B. Clarke of Moncton, whose husband Lieut. Clarke, was killed in action in France, September 17, 1916. Both Mr. Clarke and his wife, who was Miss Georgie A. Ryan, were graduates of the class of 1911. They were married in England just a few weeks before Mr. Clarke's death.

A donation of \$21.60 has also been received from the Class of 1918, through Mr. J. C. Carney, Chairman of the Committee of management of the students' programme for Encaenia week and which remained as a surplus after the expenses of the week were paid.

AUSTRIANS WANT PEACE

LONDON, June 24.—Strikers in the various factories at Vienna on Saturday formulated a demand that the Austrian government show itself ready for a general peace and invite the governments of enemy countries to enter into peace negotiations, says a despatch from The Hague to The Times. Representatives of the workers submitted the plea to Baron Buriel, the Austria-Hungary foreign minister.

INJURED IN AUTO SMASHUP

Moose Jaw, Sask., June 24.—John Carleton, of Pasqua, Sask., and Mrs. John Harrison, of Ripley, Ont., are dead, and Mrs. Smith, of Sarnia, Ont., was dangerously injured as the result of the automobile in which they were riding being struck by a C. P. R. express train at the crossing near the Moose Jaw College.

Retirement Began Under Cover of Darkness Saturday Night --- The Enemy Left Cannon Behind --- The Italians Capture Some of Their Old Positions

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Italian Army Headquarters, Sunday Night, June 23.—The great retreat by the Austrians along the Piave front began under cover of darkness on Saturday night. The retreating troops left their cannon behind them. Italian detachments are pursuing the enemy east of the Piave. Austrian troops left to cover the retreat used their machine guns to set up a barrage.

Italian troops have crossed the old channel of the Piave river west of the main stream, and recaptured several of their old positions there, according to a semi-official announcement tonight. From Capo Sile other Allied forces are advancing toward the main stream of the river. The Italians have thrown numerous bombing detachments across the main stream, and aircraft are hammering the enemy.

NEWS OF AUSTRIAN RETREAT THE MOST CHEERING HEARD IN ALLIED CIRCLES FOR SOME TIME

LONDON, June 24.—The laconic bulletin from General Diaz, announcing that the defeated Austrians are retreating in disorder, with the Italians in pursuit, is the most heartening news received in allied countries in many months. Although nothing is yet known as to the exact extent of the Austrian defeat, or how far the Italians and the Allies may be in a position to take full advantage of it, the statement of the Italian commander in chief is hailed with enthusiasm by the morning newspapers. It is taken for granted generally that the defeat must have an important effect on the internal situation in Austria-Hungary, and some conspicuous Austro-German triumph was needed sorely to counter balance the damaging influence of food scarcity and other causes of popular dissatisfaction.

RECENT DISASTER MAY HAVE INFLUENCED THE RESIGNATION OF THE AUSTRIAN CABINET

The suggestion is made that these causes may have had much to do with the Austrian offensive, which started with military resources much greater than those controlled by Italy. Whether the decision of the Austrian cabinet to resign is connected with what appears to be a considerable disaster to the country's arms along the Piave, is not yet known.

Public opinion here has been prepared for the progress of the operations since the first days of the fighting, to hope that Italy was destined to redeem the grievous disaster suffered last October, and as each day of battle passed, hope began to grow into confidence.

DEFEAT ON THE PIAVE MAY HAVE AN IMPORTANT EFFECT ON OPERATIONS ON WESTERN FRONT

Austrian claims in the meantime did little or nothing to lessen this confidence and when the Austrian communique of Sunday was received, with its lament regarding floods in the Piave, observers here saw in it an intention to prepare the people of the Central Powers for painful news.

Comment in some quarters here assumes that the defeat on the Piave will have an important influence on operations on the western front, it being supposed that the aim of the Central Powers in the offensive was to destroy the Italian power of resistance, so that the Austrian army might be transferred to France.

Enthusiasm in Rome.

ROME, June 23.—The news that the Austrians have retreated across the Piave, pursued by the Allied forces, caused the greatest enthusiasm here. Extra editions of newspapers were bought up as fast as they were issued. Flags were displayed and bands played the royal march, while crowds cheered the King, the army and General Diaz. Despatches announce similar manifestations in provincial cities.

WILL PUNISH HUN PIRATES

(Canadian Press direct wire.)
London, June 24.—Havelock Wilson, president of the Seamen's Union, in a speech in London, said he had received a cablegram from Rotterdam that the Dutch sailors had refused to sail with the pro-German Dutch socialist leader Troelstra, who wished to attend the labor conference in London.

Mr. Wilson emphasized that the refusal was another example of the policy of Allied and neutral seamen to punish the Hun for his diabolical crimes at sea.

RAIN WAS WELCOME.

Calgary, June 24.—Southern Alberta was visited with copious showers this afternoon. The rain could not have come at a better moment than it did.

Mr. E. J. Barnes of Shelton, Conn., is in the city.

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, June 24.—Today's list of 55 casualties include on accidentally killed, six died of wounds, four died, six presumed to have died, five prisoners of war repatriated, 28 wounded, one gassed and three ill. Maritime Province names follow.

Died of wounds—G. L. Dangard, St. John; P. Olely, Birch Ridge, N. B.; E. C. White, Cornwall, P. E. I.

Wounded—A. McDavid, Campbellton; M. Day, Pope's Harbor, N. B.; M. G. Spence, Glace Bay, N. S.; H. L. Livingstone, Bib Bras D'Or; W. Hooper, Bale Verte.

Gassed—W. Spencer, address not stated.

Died—J. E. Daigle, Petite Aldouac, N. B.
Mrs. Pugsley, wife of the lieutenant-governor, left St. John Thursday for Montreal.