

NOW TO-DAY

SEPTEMBER 15 --- 23

THIS IS ARMY HUT WEEK

BACK UP THE KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS THIS WEEK IN
THEIR CANADA-WIDE APPEAL FOR ARMY
HUTS, AND

DO YOUR BIT

The Need for All the Huts it is Possible to Furnish is Most Pressing. Canadian and British Generals say so, also American Commanders and even Generalissimo Foch himself. They all urge upon non-combatants at home the necessity of employing money and effort without stint to back up the fighting men with relaxing comforts. This is what Army Huts are built for; this is one of the great secrets of Allied spirit and fitness.

THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE ENTENTE
SANCTION AND ENCOURAGE THE EXTENSION
OF THIS WORK THROUGH NON-
MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS.

THEREFORE:

When You are Canvassed This Week in Behalf of the
Army Hut Appeal,

BE GENEROUS

PREMIER BORDEN says: "The purpose of the fund must command the support of all."

GENERAL TURNER says: "I wish you every success in increasing the scope of the Catholic Army Huts. . . . I feel they fill a long felt want."

SIR EDWARD KEMP says: "I would advise all Canadians that Army Huts are worthy the support of all."

LIEUT. GOVERNOR PUGSLEY says: "I deem it my duty to urge upon you as strongly as possible the desirability of giving a generous response."

PEOPLE OF FREDERICTON AND VICINITY

This Appeal comes from "over there." It is made on behalf of our soldier boys, irrespective of creed, race or color, and as

THIS IS EVERY CANADIAN'S FIGHT LET EVERY CANADIAN HELP!

WANTED

WANTED—At once, an experienced shoemaker; steady job and good pay to work in shop. Apply F. J. Landry, York street, City. 9-11 41

WANTED—First or second class female teacher, apply stating salary expected to C. L. Grant Secretary School Trustees, Grand View, York Co.

WANTED—Experienced accountant for our St. John plant; an excellent chance for advancement with large concern having numerous branches throughout Canada and United States. Apply by letter, giving age, experience and salary desired. Address R. T. Purdy, Booth Fisheries Co., Eastport, Me 7-8 61

WANTED—Books and magazines for distribution to returned soldiers en route home, in the Military Hospitals or going overseas. Telephone Mr. A. Murray, care of A. Murray & Co. Tel. No. 159, or leave at store for Military Y. M. C. A. 11

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Dark brown or black mare, about 900, suitable for driving or light work. Apply 135 York street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—Pure-bred and grade Holstein cows and calves, horses, pigs, poultry, turkeys, bees, also incubator and brooder. Apply to Mrs. E. W. Darcus, Fredericton. Phone 3300-62.

FOR SALE—A quantity of useful household articles, including a large ruffled rug, some curtains, a baby's sleigh robe, a child's blackboard, several camp stools, etc., all in good condition. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at the Mail Office.

LOST

LOST—From an auto, between Fredericton and Hawkeshaw, a spring overcoat, dark in color. Finder will please leave at the Mail Office. 11

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE DIVISION.

The Provincial Convention of the New Brunswick Women's Institutes will be held in Fredericton October 1st, 2nd and 3rd, 1918.

Will those who are willing to give one or more delegates room and board or room only or board only, kindly send their addresses to the Supervisor of the Women's Institutes, Dept. of Agriculture, Fredericton, stating also their accommodation and rates.

PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YORK.

To the next of kin and creditors of Helenora Hanson, late of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, widow, deceased, and all others whom it may concern:

THE Administrator of the above deceased intestate, having filed his accounts in this Court, and asked to have the same passed and allowed and an order for distribution made,

You are hereby cited to attend, if you so desire, at the passing of same at a court of Probate to be held in and for the County of York, at my office, in the said City of Fredericton, on Wednesday, the eighteenth day of September A. D. 1918, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when the said accounts will be passed upon and an order for distribution made.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of August, A. D. 1918.

(Sgd.) F. H. PETERS,
Judge of Probate, pro hac vice.
(Sgd.) JAMES HOLLAND,
Registrar of Probates.
(Sgd.) McLELLAN & HUGHES,

WANTED—Second class female teacher for school district No. 3. Apply, stating salary, to Charles E. Connors, Secretary, Cork Station, York Co., N. B. 9-18 61

LOST—On Queen street, on Tuesday night, small pearl crescent. Finder please leave at Daily Mail Office.

Germany hopes that the cleats of the Hindenburg line will hold.

TIMBER SALE

The lands which were advertised for sale on the 5th of September, 1918, and postponed, will now be held at the Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N.B., on THURSDAY, the third day of OCTOBER, 1918, commencing at 12 o'clock noon, under the following conditions, viz:

Berths to be sold on a STRAIGHT STUMPAGE RATE per thousand superficial feet, the upset rate of which will be announced at the time of sale, conveying the right to cut and carry away the merchantable lumber as advertised for the term ending August 1st, 1919.

Ten per cent. of the bid stumpage price on the estimated quantity of merchantable lumber standing on the berth to be paid as each berth is sold.

The lands to be sold embrace in all about four hundred square miles, as advertised in the Royal Gazette September 18th, 1918.

For further particulars, printed estimates of the timber on each block, plans, etc., apply to the Deputy Minister, Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N.B.

E. A. SMITH,
Minister of Lands and Mines.
Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N. B.,
September 18th, 1918.

NOTICE

SAINT JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the plan and Book of Reference covering the proposed borrow pit on Lot No. 273 A, in District A, on this railway, in the Parish of Hampstead, in the County of Queens, Province of New Brunswick, have this day been deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Fredericton, and with the Clerk of the Peace in the County of Queen's, where the same may be examined as provided by law.

The Saint John & Quebec Railway Company.
E. S. CARTER,
Secretary.
Fredericton, N. B., this fifteenth day of August, 1918.

An Ontario Journalist Visits New Brunswick

Gives His Impressions in an Interesting Article---This Province a World Beater in Growing Potatoes and Turnips---The Forest Lands of the Province a Valuable Asset---Fisheries Also Yield Much Wealth---Magnificent Water Powers

The editor of the Daily Ontario of Belleville, who recently made a tour of the Maritime Provinces in a recent issue of his paper gives his impressions of New Brunswick as follows:

South America may claim to be the native home of the nutritious and indispensable spud. Ireland may have made the potato famous. But we opine that nowhere else on top of this earth do the Irish apples flourish so spontaneously and magnificently as in the province of New Brunswick.

In 1916 when Ontario had an average potato yield of 61 bushels to the acre and the poor householder had to lay down a five dollar bill to buy a bag of tubers, down in New Brunswick the average yield was 192 bushels to the acre and the growers took in so much money that they didn't know whether to found a bank build a railroad or buy a pair of black foxes.

Ontario does well in the potato business if she gets an average yield of 100 bushels to the acre. In New Brunswick the average yield over a period of 18 years has been 154 bushels.

But it is only fair to say that all over the Maritime provinces and the far eastern part of Quebec potatoes

flourish like the green bay tree.

The great potato-growing country is in the northwestern part of the province, near to the Maine boundary especially in the Aroostook river district. Here they grow potatoes on an adequate scale. Large warehouses for the potatoes are seen at all the wayside station and the railroads provide special cars for their carriage to the centers of population. Some of the farmers grow sufficient potatoes to load a whole train. Fields of 25 acres are not uncommon while some growers cultivate as much as 50 and 75 acres. The work of planting, cultivating, spraying and digging is all done by machinery. Picking up is the only hand operation. Commercial fertilizers are invariably used to promote growth. The crop this year did not appear to us to be quite so luxuriant as what we had seen in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. This condition, we are told, was due to the very slender rainfall, in the potato district this year.

Where Turnips Grow

Turnips are quite as great a success in the east as are potatoes if not more so. The average yield of turnips for a period of 18 years amounts to

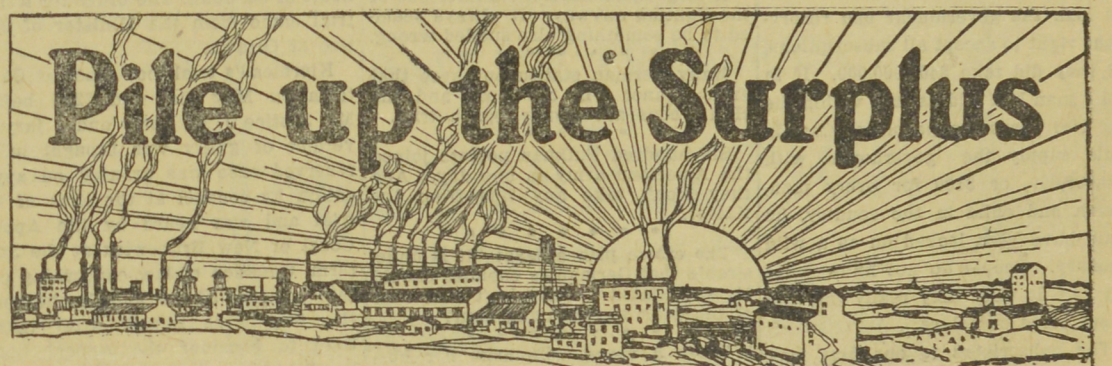
the incredible total of 452 bushels to the acre and the province as a whole produced 4,189,000 bushels in 1916.

New Brunswick makes no especial claim to be an agricultural province. The people are too busy making money in other ways. But the following figures will indicate that New Brunswick's farm population are not all idlers. In 1916 they produced of oats 6,039,000 bushels; buckwheat, 1,206,000 bushels; potatoes 8,148,000 bushels; wheat 284,000 bushels; butter 709,000 lbs; cheese 1,185,000 lbs; hay 850,000 tons.

We said they were busy at other things in New Brunswick besides farming. Here are some of them,—Lumbering, vast forests of pine, hemlock, spruce, birch, maple and other species densely cover over 8,000,000 acres. Forest fires have not destroyed everything in sight as has been the case in Ontario. The value of lumber wood pulp, lath, shingles and similar products manufactured in 1916 was \$13,024,000. The cut of lumber was 290,000,000 feet.

Our Fine Fisheries

New Brunswick's fisheries are ample. (Continued on page 7.)



TO win this war every ounce of the strength of each of the allied nations must be put forth to meet the organized, trained and disciplined efficiency of the Central Powers—that gigantic, ruthless force which is the result of fifty years of planning and preparation.

And every ounce of every allied nation's strength is in the hands and brains and hearts of the individuals of each nation, because they are free peoples.

Now the individuals of each nation must live as well as fight, therefore a proportion of the effort and material of each nation must be diverted from war purposes to living necessities.

So the less each individual takes for himself or herself for personal use the more effort will there be left for fighting and winning the war.

Every cent you spend represents that much effort because somebody must do something for you in order to earn that cent—somebody's effort must be given to you instead of to the war.

Therefore the less you spend—the less of somebody's effort you take for your individual use—the more will you leave in the national surplus for war effort.

The war can be won only by the surplus strength of the allied nations. The money each individual saves represents that surplus strength.

So the truly loyal Canadian will use less, spend less, and save more, to help to win the war.

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of Canada.

