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Notice to Advertisers.  
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In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.  
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# The Daily Mail

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The Weather.  
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Maritime: Fresh to north-  
erly winds. Light local snow  
falls but mostly fair and decid-  
edly cold today and Saturday.  
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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## THE UNITED STATES TAKES FURTHER STEPS TO CONSERVE FLOUR

### Hotels, Restaurants and Clubs to be Put Under License---Limit Fixed at Three Barrels of Flour Per Month--- Must Use Substitutes.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Licensing regulations as applied to bakers were extended by President Wilson in a proclamation tonight to take in hotels, restaurants and clubs which do their own baking, to include thousands of small bakers heretofore exempt, and to cover the manufacture of bread of every kind, including cake, crackers, biscuits, pastry and other bakery products. At the same time, the President put under license all importers and distributors of green coffee to prevent speculative prices in the coffee market. All licenses must be obtained by February 4th, when the new regulations become effective. Bakers already under license are those who use not less than ten barrels of flour a month. Hereafter the limit will be placed at three barrels.

### THE FOOD ADMINISTRATION HAS ISSUED A NEW SET OF BAKING REGULATIONS

A new set of baking regulations, issued by the food administration to accompany the proclamation, limits the amount of flour bakers may purchase, makes changes in the quantity of ingredients other than flour used in the manufacture of bread, and prescribes other changes in bakers' practices. Bakers of bread and rolls will be limited in their wheat flour purchases to 80 per cent. of their requirements up to July 31, and bakers of other products, including crackers, biscuits, cookies, cakes, pies, fried cakes, pastry and sweet yeast doughs, to 70 per cent. for the same period. After February 3rd, bakers of breads and rolls must use five per cent. of wheat flour substitutes and the amount must be increased until they are using 20 per cent. up to February 24th. Bakers of other products are not required to use substitutes, but are urged to do so.

### A LIST OF WHEAT FLOUR SUBSTITUTES WHICH THE BAKERS WILL BE ALLOWED TO USE IN FLOUR

The list of wheat flour substitutes that may be used by the bakers, as listed in the new regulations are bran, shorts, middlings, corn flour, cornmeal, edible corn starch, hominy, corn grits, barley flour, rolled oats, oatmeal, rice, rice flour, buckwheat flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour and similar forms of meal, bean meal, peanut meal, cassava, and bannock flour.

Bread made of graham or whole wheat flour will be regarded as bread made with substitute flour. If potatoes are used as a flour substitute four pounds must be used where one of some other substitute is required, because of the large percentage of water in potatoes.

## LABOR REPRESENTATIVES SUBMIT SUGGESTIONS TO WAR CABINET

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—The representatives of labor who have been in conference here for two days again met the war cabinet this evening in an informal conference which did not conclude until after 11 o'clock. They presented their suggestions as finally agreed upon by them, and after an informal discussion in regard to these agreements, promised their earnest consideration. It was stated subsequent to the conference tonight that a joint announcement as to the result of the deliberations will likely be made in the course of a day or two. In closing the conference, Hon. N. W. Rowell, chairman of the war cabinet, referred to the serious situation now confronting the Allies, and to the recent declarations of the Allied war aims made by Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson.

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

New York, Feb. 1.—Wall Street, industrials and the more prominent war issues, were in further demand at the active opening of today's stock market. Coppers, shipping and specialties moved forward, gains from large fractions to slightly more than a point. U. S. Steel was again the outstanding feature, its first offering of ten thousand shares showing a moderate advance from which it soon reacted. St. Paul common and preferred, general motors and industrial alcohol.

## TO CONSERVE MAN POWER

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, Jan. 31.—Replying to R. L. Cuthwaite, liberal member for Hantley in the House of Commons, who suggested that in order to conserve man power, the British army on the western front should remain on the defensive until American reinforcements arrived. Right Hon. A. Bonar Law again emphasized that the government fully realized the necessity not merely from a humanitarian view point, but from the view point of winning the war, of conserving man power to the utmost.

## SEEDING TO BE AIDED BY M.S.A. RECRUITS

Arrangements at Ottawa for  
Leave of Absence Boards—  
Hon. Mr. Tweeddale at  
Conference.

As an outcome of the recent conference held by provincial representatives with Hon. T. A. Crerar, minister of agriculture, at Ottawa, arrangements have been made for the creation of leave of absence boards in each province for the purpose of passing upon the release of soldiers drafted under the M.S.A. for participation in farm labor. The idea is for the men to assist in seeding operations, but they will be held under military discipline and must engage in actual farming operations, returning to their depot when this work is finished.

Hon. J. F. Tweeddale, provincial minister of agriculture, represented New Brunswick at the conference and is gratified to know that one of the matters proposed there has already been accomplished. It is the aim of the department to assure farmers endeavoring to engage in increased production that they will not lack help.

## WILL NOT CLOSE PORT OF LONDON

London, Jan. 31 (via Reuters Ottawa Agency).—In the House of Commons Sir Leo G. Chiozza Money stated that the government did not propose to close the port of London. Owing to reasons for safety western ports have been relatively more used than the eastern, but the dependence of London on sea borne supplies was fully appreciated and the port of London would be used to the fullest extent consistent with the safety of the national food supply.

## CASUALTIES FROM AIR RAID WERE OVER TWO HUNDRED

### People of Paris Have Not Yet Acquired the Art of Dodging Bombs--Few Took Re- fuge in Underground Stations.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Revised figures on the casualties resulting from the German air raid Wednesday night show that 114 were injured in Paris and 76 in the suburbs. The total number of deaths remains at twenty.

Paris has yet to learn the lesson which London has learned. This is the comment of those who are experienced in London raids. The people of London, at the first warning, they say, disappear from the streets, and the town becomes as silent as a tomb, while curiosity at Paris overcomes caution.

Even a Paris policeman who by reason of his occupation was conversant with the regulations, rushed to a window of his home and was killed by a fragment of a bomb. His wife, who stood behind him, was not hurt. Few persons took refuge in the underground stations as compared with people in London.

### British Report on Aviation.

London, Jan. 31.—The official announcement from the War Office on aviation issued tonight says: "An airdrome south of Ghent, a large ammunition dump east of Roulers, and railway sidings at Courtrai were heavily bombed Wednesday. In air fighting four hostile machines were brought down, four were driven down out of control, and another was brought down by anti-aircraft gunfire. Nine of our machines missing."

## MEASURES NOW BEING TAKEN TO DEAL WITH THE FOOD HOARDERS

(By Canadian Press direct wire.)

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—Drastic measures against persons hoarding food are being considered by the food controller. Warning was issued tonight that householders and others may find themselves in an unenviable predicament if stored flour is found on their premises. Few homes have storage facilities, and persons who have bought large quantities of flour are liable to have it still on their hands next summer.

"There is," says the food controller, "absolutely no necessity or excuse for Canadians buying more flour than is required for current needs. The belief that the new standard flour is a poor quality is entirely unfounded. Few people will be able to tell the difference between bread made from standard flour and that made from flour heretofore in use. Hoarding is, therefore, unnecessary, unprofitable and unpatriotic, and food hoarders may be exposed as a result of measures now under consideration."

## Strike Situation in Germany Seems to be Growing Worse

### ATTEMPT MADE ON THE LIFE OF LENINE

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, Feb. 1.—Another unsuccessful attempt on the life of Premier Lenine was made last night, according to the Petrograd correspondent of the Daily News. A young man in a student's uniform entered the Smolny Institute, the Bolshevik headquarters, and fired a shot from a revolver at the premier without hitting him. The Red Guards stationed outside the premier's room were arrested and will be charged with neglect of duty.

An attempt was made to assassinate Premier Lenine on January 13. With a number of friends the premier was going to the Smolny Institute in an automobile when several shots were fired at the car. Lenine was not injured.

## DR. GRENFELL ILL AT TORONTO

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Toronto, Jan. 31.—Owing to an attack of acute bronchitis, which developed very rapidly this morning, Dr. Wilfrid T. Grenfell, the Labrador missionary who is visiting in Toronto, has been forced to cancel all his speaking engagements for the next few days.

Mrs. A. M. Rowan of St. John, is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. H. R. McMurray.

## The Authorities are Permitting Little News to Filter Through---Von Hert- ling Refuses to See Delegation of Strikers---Huns May be Desperate.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Little fresh information on the strike movement in Germany had come through early today and virtually all the news in the morning papers had been delayed in transmission. None of the Berlin newspapers of Wednesday's date have arrived in Amsterdam, and several of them are not printing owing to the strike among their employees.

Delegates representing the strikers, according to Amsterdam reports, to interview Chancellor Von Hertling, but he refused to see them, as had Herr Waltraff, Minister of the Interior. The actual situation on Thursday is extremely vague. The scarcity of news induces some correspondents in Holland to assume that the situation has grown worse, but they warn against attaching importance to the strike movement as far as the army is concerned.

### NO STRIKE OR REVOLT IN PRUSSIA CAN BE TAKEN SERIOUSLY UNTIL IT HAS WON ITS SPURS

The Berne correspondent of the Daily Mail deprecates too ready assumption that the strike will have serious effects in Germany. He says no strike or revolt in Prussia can be taken seriously until it has won its spurs. "The mind and moral will of the whole population has been made too effectively mechanical by a century of military drill. It must be remembered, too, that strike funds are almost non-existent in Prussia, for, although the workmen have been earning high wages, they have virtually been compelled to subscribe them nearly all to the war loans, and get no interest."

### REGARDS MOVEMENT IN GERMANY AS REALLY AN APPEAL TO BRITISH AND FRENCH WORKMEN

Newspaper opinion regarding the strike is divergent. Some papers incline to the belief that the strike really denotes the growing strength of a democratic spirit in Germany, while the others favor the view that the whole thing to great extent has been engineered by the government for its own purposes.

The Daily News thinks it is obvious that there has spread into Germany and Austria some measure of the spirit which dethroned the Russian Emperor. It adds: "The tide for which President Wilson has so long and patiently cut the channel, is beginning to flow at last. The difficulty between the German people and their rulers spells revolt."

On the other hand, the Daily Mail argues that if revolution is talked about in Germany it is because the German government wants it talked about, and regards the movement as really an appeal to British and French workmen to shirk, and says if the appeal succeeded, the Germans would immediately suppress their own strikes and renew war with increased energy.

### GENERAL COMMANDING AT LEIPZIG THREATENS TO SEND ALL STRIKERS TO THE FIGHTING FIELD

The general commanding the Leipzig district has posted placards in that city threatening to send all the strikers to the fighting field. It is reported that the German government up to this time has prevented the strike from extending to the railways and tramways, and to the workers employed in the production and distribution of foods.

Martial law has been extended to Bremen and Hemelingen, a nearby town. The Vorwaerts, in announcing its suppression for three days, says this step was taken because it incited to a mass strike. Strikers at Nuremberg, Bavaria, have resumed work after a two days' demonstration strike.

## TRAIN STRIKES A SCHOOL BUS

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Nelson, Minn., Feb. 1.—Two school children were killed and sixteen others injured, three seriously when a Great Northern railway passenger train crashed into a school bus at a railroad crossing here.

## FORTY NINER PASSES AWAY

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

New York, Jan. 31.—General Horace W. Carpenter, one of the original "forty-niners", who was reported to have amassed a fortune amounting to \$2,000,000 in the western gold fields, died at his home here early today at the age of 94 years. He was born in California.

## SPAIN WANTS REPARATION

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

Madrid, Feb. 1.—The cabinet has met at the residence of King Alfonso and decided to send a strong protest to Germany, demanding reparation to Spain for the sinking of the steamer Giralda.

(The Giralda was sunk by a German submarine on January 26, after the crew of the U-boat had pillaged the vessel. The crew of the Giralda, which measured 4,400 tons, was saved.)

### ROTHSCHILD DEAD.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

London, Feb. 1.—Charles Rothschild, of the banking family of that name, died last night. He was born in 1840.