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In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.  
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# The Daily Mail

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**The Weather.**  
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Strong breezes to moderate gales, east to south, occasional rain today and on Tuesday.  
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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## The Last German Troops Withdraw From Brussels

**Extraordinary Scenes Enacted at the Railway Station—Hun Soldiers Disposed of Their Ill-Gotten Belongings Before Leaving—French Cabinet Warmly Congratulates Premier Clemenceau on the Great Victory—Hopes of the Austrians are Pinned to President Wilson.**

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The last German troops left Brussels yesterday, according to a despatch from the Havas correspondent on the Belgian front. Extraordinary scenes were witnessed around the North Station, from which most of the enemy soldiers departed. Wishing to have money to take hom with them, they sold everything they owned or had stolen. Some laid out objects on the sidewalk and cried their wares in loud voices. Among the articles offered for sale were blankets, clothing and shoes, as well as wool and copper goods taken from the inhabitants of the city.

### AUSTRIAN SOLDIERS AND PEOPLE SHOW A DISPOSITION TO FORGET ABOUT THE WAR

VIENNA, Nov. 18.—The Associated Press correspondent, passing through Austrian territory in the wake of the army retreating from Italy, finds order everywhere. There is a disposition on the part of the soldiers and the population to forget the war. Their hopes everywhere are pinned to President Wilson, whom they expect to come to their assistance with provisions. It is on this condition solely that it is possible to maintain order. There is much exaggeration in the rumors of violence between the new republics of the former empire. The correspondent is able to circulate freely by train or through the streets without finding any evidence of violence. The retreat of the Austrian army was made in good order with the exception of some incidents in a city of Jugo-Slavs, where there was a too hasty attempt to disarm the soldiers.

Vienna appears full of life. The theatres are open and the only fear is that war will continue, food having been refused by Hungary, the Czecho-Slovaks and the Jugo-Slavs. It is claimed that Austria cannot continue without bread. It is chiefly bread that is lacking. Food conditions in Germany are said to be better than they are here.

### Congratulations for Premier Clemenceau.

Paris, Nov. 18.—The entire cabinet, the under-secretaries of state and government commissioners waited on Premier Clemenceau this morning at the ministry of war to congratulate the premier on his patriotism and indefatigable labor in bringing victory to France. The Clemenceau ministry being just a year old, an armistice souvenir was presented to the Premier. It was a booklet commemorative of the government's work and contained among other illustrations Domier's pictures of Don Quixote and Sancho Panza.

### Liberators Warmly Greeted.

Mulhausen, ov. 18.—No words can picture the triumphal entry of the French troops into this city, nor express the wild joy of the people who crowded the streets to applaud their liberators. Flowers, tobacco and cockades were thrown to the soldiers as they marched along.

### Foch Praises the British.

Paris, Nov. 18.—Marshal Foch, in the course of a speech at a luncheon given in his honor yesterday by Field Marshal Haig at the British army headquarters, said that the hammer blows of the British were decisive factors in the final crushing defeat of the enemy. Marshal Foch afterwards received the British commanders, whom he warmly congratulated upon the tenacity of their troops.

## EX-EMPEROR NOW IN MUFTI

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
Geneva, Nov. 18.—Former Emperor Charles of Austria, who is still in Vienna, renounced the throne in an autograph letter to Count Karolyi, president of the Hungarian national council, says an Innsbruck despatch. The despatch adds that the former monarch is now wearing civilian clothes and has he says he is entirely finished with state affairs and wishes to live in the future as a private citizen.

## THANKSGIVING DAY IN U.S.

Washington, Nov. 18.—President Wilson, in a proclamation today designated Thursday, November 28 as Thanksgiving Day, and said this year the American people have special and moving causes to be grateful.

Complete victory, he said, had brought not only peace but the concrete promise of a new day as well, in which "justice shall replace force and jealous intrigue among nations."

## HUN WARSHIP INTERNED

Stockholm Nov. 18.—The German armored coast defence vessel Beuwluf arrived Friday night in the northern Stockholm archipelago. The vessel will be interned. Other vessels of the German Baltic fleet are expected to arrive in Swedish waters.

## BANDITS MADE A BIG HAUL

Montreal, Nov. 18.—Three masked bandits armed with revolvers shortly after noon yesterday held up Joseph Houde, a mail man en route from Arthabaskaville to St. Paul and robbed him of his mail bag containing \$6,000. The money was in four bundles of varying amounts and was being sent to banks in St. Paul, Notre Dame Northam and Northam.

### SPAIN'S NEW MINISTRY.

Madrid, Nov. 18.—The new ministry presided over by Marguis de Alhucemas has been sworn in.

## IN THE PATH OF PROGRESS AND CIVILIZATION

**King George's Inspiring Message to American Sailors and Soldiers in London.**

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
London, Nov. 18.—At the close of an entertainment given for American soldiers and sailors and women war workers at the Palace Theatre last night, Vice-Admiral William S. Sims, commander of the American naval forces in British waters, read a message he had received from King George in answer to a letter sent to His Majesty by himself and Major General Biddle on behalf of the American sailors and soldiers present.

The King's answer read:  
"It is with feelings of gratitude and sincere pleasure that I received the letter you addressed to me in the name of the American sailors and soldiers who are assembled this evening under the auspices of the British committee for entertaining American forces. In the unity of our cause and our memories, fostered by comradeship in arms, I see the realization of my finest hopes, that the American and English peoples, united by ties of closest friendship, will ever advance together along the path of progress and civilization."  
GEORGE R. L.  
Cheers were given for King George and the national anthem was sung with enthusiasm.

## EX-KAISER MAY RETURN TO GERMANY

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
London, Nov. 18.—The Potsdam soldiers and workmen's committee learns that William Hohenzollern intends to return to Germany because of disturbances in Holland, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. The Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, states that he is likely to be permitted to return.  
Prince Elitel Frederick, son of the former Emperor, has appealed to his comrades of the Potsdam regiment to place themselves at the disposal of the new government in Germany.

## WANT UNION WITH GREECE

Salonki, Nov. 18.—A monster mass meeting at Strumnitza of soldiers demobilized by Bulgaria under the terms of the armistice signed on September 29 denounced Bulgarian domination and asked for union with Greece.

### POLICE STRIKE MAY FOLLOW.

Winnipeg, Nov. 18.—Owing to the refusal of the police commission to recognize the policemen's union, a strike of the city police force is likely to ensue on Tuesday morning next.

Mr. B. M. McFarlane of Truro, N. S. is in the city.

## CONFERENCE ON DEMOBILIZATION AT ST. JOHN

**Discharging from Depot May Begin Tomorrow—Will be Carried on as Fast as Possible.**

A meeting of Brigadier General A. H. Macdonell and heads of departments in this military district is being held at St. John today for the purpose of making arrangements for demobilization of troops now in New Brunswick. It is probable that the discharge of soldiers considered unnecessary to the service will begin at once.

The Depot Battalion and the Artillery Depot at St. John will be affected as soon as possible and it was reported here yesterday that the men called up for the Depot Battalion under the Military Service Act will begin to receive their discharges tomorrow.

It is reported on good authority that the District Depot in Fredericton will remain in existence for some time as troops who will return from overseas will have to pass through it. Changes in personnell of the District Depot staff however are considered likely.

Speedy demobilization all over Canada will be put into effect to save expense.

## SIR ROBERT SPEAKS FOR HIS COUNTRY

London, Nov. 18.—Sir Robert L. Borden, premier of Canada who has arrived in London to attend the peace conferences, interview by the Morning Post, stated that since his return to the Dominion he had been in constant communication with Mr. Lloyd-George, who warned him several weeks ago to be prepared to start for Europe.

Sir Robert said that he was happy to know that Canadians had borne a worthy share in the great military events which had brought the war to such a glorious conclusion. Their achievements were never more splendid than in the closing months of the fighting.

The problems ahead said Sir Robert were perhaps even more difficult than those faced during the fighting, but Canadians would confront them with equal courage, resolution and confidence.

## MILITARY FORCES IN CANADA WILL BE DEMOBILIZED AT ONCE

**A Drastic Reduction in the Establishments Has Been Ordered—All Men Whose Services are Not Required to Return to Civil Life.**

OTTAWA, Nov. 18.—The following order was despatched on Saturday to officers commanding all military districts:

"General Demobilization: As a result of the cessation of hostilities and information just received from overseas, the forces in Canada will be reduced at once in accordance with instructions which will be issued from time to time. The first step will be a drastic reduction of all military establishments in Canada, bringing these down to absolute requirements for the operation of demobilization, the care of soldiers in hospitals and aid of civil power. Subject to the above and to the maintenance of a moderate force in aid of the civil authorities, demobilization of troops in Canada will be carried out as rapidly as possible by reference to the following classes:

"Returned soldiers, who can be spared and are desirous of discharge.

"Married men who can be spared and who are desirous of discharge.

"Men in lower categories who have been held for various duties in Canada and can now be spared.

"Men who can be spared whose occupations are such as to make them urgently required in civil life for economic reasons.

"All other men whose services are not required.

"Orders have already been issued that all men serving in Canada who so desire and who were railway employees upon enlistment, or when called up for service, are to be discharged immediately."

## MAXIMILIAN'S PEACE POLICY WAS UPSET BY ARMISTICE PROPOSAL

**Ex-German Chancellor Has Issued a Pamphlet—Did Not Think That Desperate Measures were Necessary on Behalf of Germany—Was Told That There was No Time for Delay—Military Authorities Made Error of Judgment.**

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 18.—The former Imperial German Chancellor, Prince Maximilian of Baden has issued a pamphlet in which he writes:

"My peace policy was entirely upset by the proposal for an armistice, which was handed to me in complete form on my arrival in Berlin. I fought against for practical and political reasons. It seemed to me a grave mistake to allow the first step towards peace to be accompanied by such an amazing admission of Germany's weakness. Neither the enemy powers nor our own people regarded our military situation such as to make desperate measures necessary. I proposed that the government as a first measure should state exactly its programme of war aims and demonstrate to the world our agreement with President Wilson's principles and our readiness to undergo heavy national sacrifices to fulfil these principles.

### MAXIMILIAN SAYS HE ADVISED THE KAISER TO ABDICATE HIS THRONE OF HIS OWN FREE WILL

"I was told in reply that there was no time to wait for the effect of such a statement and that the situation at the front demanded that a proposal for an armistice should be made within twenty-four hours, to be supported by publication of the names of a new unimpeachable government. A week later the military authorities informed me that they had been mistaken in the judgment they had formed concerning the situation at the front on October 1st."

Prince Maximilian says that he informed the Emperor that it would have an important effect if the Emperor decided to abdicate of his own free will, as by so doing he would probably be able to save the country from serious disturbances. But other important circles tried to convince the Emperor that his abdication would be the signal for the breaking of the German front.

### DR. SOLF WANTS TO SEND A COMMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES TO DISCUSS FOOD SITUATION

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The following wireless despatch from Dr. Solf, the German minister of foreign affairs, addressed to United States Secretary of State Lansing was picked up here today: "The return of the troops from the west gives rise to the fear that within a very short time Berlin and other large German towns will be cut off from supplies of food from the interior. We therefore repeat with the greatest anxiety our request of yesterday that you should not hesitate a moment in convening a conference at The Hague, as proposed by us, to which our representatives could travel in the next few days. Further, we urge the request that permission of the President of the United States be given so that a German commission may leave immediately for America and personally lay before the government there the conditions existing here, and to assure steps being taken for the purchase of most necessary food-stuffs. We cherish the confident hope that the humanitarian feeling of the Americans will not frustrate the possibility of saving thousands of women and children from starvation."

## MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTIES

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
Ottawa, Nov. 18.—Casualties among Maritime men include the following:  
Infantry—Killed in action  
M. J. MacLeod, Kinross, P. E. I.  
Died  
H. Stuart, Canaan Hill, N. B.  
A. D. Kelly, Millville, N. B.  
Wounded  
A. Creighton, Dartmouth, N. S.  
Lt. A. D. Baxter, Addington Forks, N. S.  
Lt. M. E. Amos, Lower Derby, N. B.  
Released From Bulgaria  
Lt. J. C. F. Owen, Annapolis, N. S.

### A NATIONAL HOUSING SCHEME.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
Ottawa, Nov. 18.—A national housing scheme, along the lines of measures proposed in the United Kingdom, is mooted as a possible phase of reconstruction policy. It is suggested that a plan might be drafted in which Dominion, provincial and municipal authorities will be interested.

### TO HOLD AN ELECTION

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
Copenhagen, Nov. 18.—The German government expects to hold elections for a national convention in January, says a Berlin despatch received here.

## A MESSAGE FOR THE POLES

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
London, Nov. 18.—A. J. Balfour, secretary of state for foreign affairs, has sent the following letter to the Polish national committee:  
"At this moment, when the armistice has set the seal on the united efforts of the Allies in the cause of freedom, His Majesty's government is more than ever conscious of the loyal co-operation which it received from the Poles during the course of the cruel war. It is a great pleasure for me to beg you, on behalf of His Majesty's government, to convey to the Polish people a message of our sincere congratulations.

## LITTLE CHANCE FOR THE HUNS

(Canadian Press direct wire.)  
Melbourne, Nov. 18.—The Australian Senate yesterday passed the resolution moved by the ministry last week providing that it is essential to the Welfare of Australia that the captured German possessions in the Pacific now occupied by Australian and New Zealand troops should not in any circumstances be restored to Germany. The resolution also provided that in the consideration and determination of any proposals affecting the destiny of the islands, Australia should be consulted.