

Dates of The Chief Events In The Great World War

1914

June 28—Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir to the Austrian throne, is murdered at Sarajevo.

July 5—Kaiser's crown council at Potsdam resolves upon war.

July 23—Austria sends ultimatum to Serbia.

July 28—Austria declares war on Serbia.

July 31—Russia mobilizes her armies.

August 1—Germany declares war on Russia and invades Luxemburg and Belgium.

August 3—Germany declares war on France.

August 4—Great Britain declares war on Germany.

August 20—Germans occupy Brussels.

August 23—Japanese bombard Tsingtau.

August 25—German burn Louvain.

September 2—Russians capture Lemberg.

September 5—Great Britain, France and Russia sign agreement to make no separate peace, Japan and Italy adhering later.

September 6-9—Battle of the Marne in which the French turned back the tide of invasion and forced the Germans to return to the Aisne.

September 11—Australians capture New Guinea and Bismark archipelago.

September 16—Russians under Rennenkampf retreat from east Prussia.

September 22—British cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy sunk by submarines in North Sea.

Oct. 9—Germans occupy Antwerp.

Oct. 14—Allies occupy Ypres, halt Germans on the Yser.

Nov. 1—British cruisers Monmouth and Good Hope sunk in action off Chilean coast.

Nov. 5—Great Britain declares war on Turkey and annexes Cyprus.

Nov. 7—Japanese capture Tsingtau.

Nov. 10—German cruiser Emden caught and destroyed at Cocos Island by British.

Dec. 2—Austrians capture Belgrade.

Dec. 8—British naval victory off the Falkland Islands—South African rebellion collapses.

Dec. 14—Serbians recapture Belgrade.

Dec. 17—Egypt declared a British protectorate.

Dec. 24—First German air raid on England.

1915

Jan. 24—British naval victory in North Sea off Dogger Bank.

Feb. 18—German submarine blockade of Great Britain begun.

Feb. 19—Anglo-French squadron begins attack on Dardanelles.

March 1—British order-in-council issued to prevent commodities of any kind reaching or leaving Germany.

March 17—Russians capture Przemyśl.

April 17—Second battle of Ypres begun. Gas used by Germans for first time.

April 26—Allies land in Gallipoli.

May 2—Russians, defeated in battle of the Dunajec, begin retirement in Galicia.

May 7—The Lusitania sunk by submarine.

May 23—Italy declares war on Austria.

June 2—Italians cross the Isonzo.

June 3—Austro-Germans retake Przemyśl.

June 22—Austro-Germans recapture Lemberg.

July 9—Conquest of German Southwest Africa completed.

August 4—Germans capture Warsaw.

Aug. 19—The Arabic sunk by submarine.

Aug. 20—Italy declares war on Turkey.

key.

Sep. 28—Turks defeated at Kut-el-Amara.

Oct. 5—Allies land at Salonica.

Oct. 11—Bulgarians invade Serbia.

Oct. 12—Nurse Cavell shot by Germans in Brussels.

Oct. 14—Great Britain declares war on Bulgaria.

Nov. 22—Battle of Ctesiphon in Mesopotamia.

Dec. 2—Fall of Monastir and Austro-German conquest of Serbia completed.

1916

Jan. 8—Allies evacuate Gallipoli.

Jan. 13—Austro-Germans capture Cetinje.

Feb. 16—Russians capture Erzeroum.

Feb. 18—The Cameroons conquered.

Feb. 21—Battle of Verdun begun.

March 10—Germany declares war on Portugal.

April 19—American ultimatum to Germany threatening to break off relations unless Germany modified her submarine policy.

April 29—General Townshend at Kut-el-Amara surrenders to Turks.

May 31—Naval battle off Jutland.

June 2—Third battle of Ypres begun.

June 5—Lord Kitchener drowned.

June 21—Grand Sheriff of Mecca proclaims himself King of the Hedjaz.

June 17—Russians capture Czernowitz.

July 1—Battle of the Somme.

July 9—German submarine merchantman arrives at Baltimore.

Aug. 27—Roumania enters war on the side of the Allies; Italy declares war on Germany.

Sep. 15—British capture Courcellette; first appearance of the tanks.

Sep. 29—Venizelos forms a provisional Greek government at Salonica.

Nov. 18—French capture Monastir.

1917

Jan. 31—Germany announces unrestricted submarine warfare.

Feb. 3—United States severs diplomatic relations with Germany.

Feb. 24—British capture Kut-el-Amara.

March 11—British capture Bagdad.

March 12—Revolution begun in Russia; Tsar abdicates.

April 6—United States declares war on Germany.

May 5—French gain the Chemin des Dames.

June 7—British capture Messines Ridge.

June 26—First American troops land in France.

June 29—Greece enters war against Germany.

July 20—Kerensky becomes Russian Premier.

July 23—Russians retreat in Galicia.

Aug. 19—Italians begin drive on Isonzo front.

Sep. 3—Germans capture Riga.

Oct. 25—Italians driven back from Isonzo line.

Nov. 7—Kerensky overthrown, Bolsheviks seize power in Russia; British in Palestine capture Gaza.

Nov. 9—Italians reach the Piave line.

Nov. 20—General Byng attacks with tanks near Cambrai.

Dec. 9—Jerusalem captured by the British.

Dec. 22—Bolsheviks begin peace negotiations with Central Powers.

1918

Jan. 8—President Wilson announces fourteen points for settlement of world war.

March 3—Bolsheviks sign Brest-Litovsk treaty of peace with Central Powers.

March 21—German drive on the Somme begun to separate British and French armies.

April 5—Japanese, American, French and British marines land at Vladivostok.

April 9—Germans begin Lys drive for Channel Ports.

April 14—General Foch appointed commander in chief of all allied armies.

April 22—British naval forces raid Zeebrugge and Ostend, blocking submarine harbors.

May 1—Germans occupy Sebastopol and seize Russian Black Sea fleet.

May 9—Ostend again raided and the Vindictive sunk at entrance to harbor.

May 27—German drive on the Aisne begun, reaching the Marne.

June 6—Americans attack at Chateau-Thierry.

July 1—Americans capture Vaux.

July 16—Tsar Nicholas reported murdered.

July 18—Foch begins counter offensive along the Marne.

Aug. 2—French recapture Soissons.

Aug. 4—Allies cross the Vesle.

Aug. 15—American troops reach Vladivostok.

Aug. 25—British smash Hindenburg line.

Aug. 31—Germans retreat from Lys salient.

Sep. 4—Germans evacuate Lens.

Sep. 12—Americans begin action, wiping out St. Mihiel salient in three days.

Sep. 18—Bulgarian front crumbles before Allied drive from Macedonia.

Sep. 22—British defeat Turks; capture Nazareth.

Sep. 30—Bulgaria surrenders.

Oct. 1—British take Damascus.

Oct. 17—Pelagians reach Osend and Bruges; Lille taken; British in Douai.

Oct. 19—Belgian coast won.

Oct. 30—French reach Danube; Germany asks President Wilson for armistice.

Oct. 21—Czecho-Slovaks recognized as a nation and army joins Allies.

Oct. 25—Italy begins counter offensive driving the Austrians from the Piave.

Oct. 26—General Allenby captures Aleppo.

Oct. 28—Austria asks for separate peace accepting all of President Wilson's terms; American long range guns shell Longuyon.

Oct. 29—Italians drive Austrians out of Piave line.

Oct. 30—Turkey surrenders, signs armistice.

Nov. 2—Americans rout Germans in the Argonne.

Nov. 3—Austria surrenders, signs armistice, effective three p. m., Nov. 4; Serbians re-enter Belgrade.

Nov. 4—Allied Supreme War Council agrees on terms of armistice to Germany.

Nov. 6—Germany breaks relations with Bolsheviks.

Nov. 7—Americans enter Sedan.

Nov. 9—Maubeuge, Hirson and Mezieres captured by British and French.

Nov. 11—Canadians capture Mons.

Nov. 11—Armistice signed.

EVER FEEL "DOPY" AFTER MEALS?

At times we all feel dull and heavy. Just one thing to do—relax the bowels and cleanse the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Unclean matter is flushed out, the liver is toned, blood is purified, and at once you feel better. Good health and jovial spirits are quickly found in this celebrated medicine. Enormous benefits follow the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills in every case; they are very mild, very easy. Insist on getting Dr. Hamilton's prompt and guaranteed by the makers, 25c. per box everywhere.

NOBODY HURT.

"I heard the Austrian national anthem booming out lustily in a Methodist church one Sunday recently," remarked a musician. "You have probably sung the Austrian national anthem yourself a lot of times since 1914. The tune, you see, was composed by Haydn in 1797—a splendid tune it is—and so we annexed it for our hymnals. We sing it to the words: Glorious things of thee are spoken, Zion, city of our God. 'The thing evidently does no harm. For Austria has gone to defeat, but the fact remains that every Sunday a great many of us sing the Austrian national anthem.'"

How are the housemaids who have been enriching themselves in munitions factories ever to be absorbed back into civil life? The women who love you in the right kind of way may not care anything about poetry, but they always put up some of your favorite kind of pickles.

NERVOUS AILMENTS

Few people realize that nervous ailments often arise from digestive troubles. The stomach fails, for some reason, to digest food properly. Then the system languishes and the nerves become exhausted in striving to continue their work. Impure blood also causes nerve troubles, but frequently it is in the stomach where the mischief starts. As the nourishment is carried to the nerves by the blood, it will be seen what an important connection exists between the stomach, the nerves and the blood, and how such troubles as nervous headaches, nervous dyspepsia and insomnia may begin.

In such cases relief is easily obtainable by means of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills replenish the blood with the food elements on which the nerves thrive; at the same time they exercise a tonic influence on the digestive organs, enabling the system to derive nourishment from the food taken. By this perfectly natural process nervous ills are steadily dispelled by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you are suffering from nerves, or require a blood-making tonic, give these pills a fair trial, and see how speedily the best of health will be yours.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HEAD AND NOSTRILS STUFFED FROM COLD

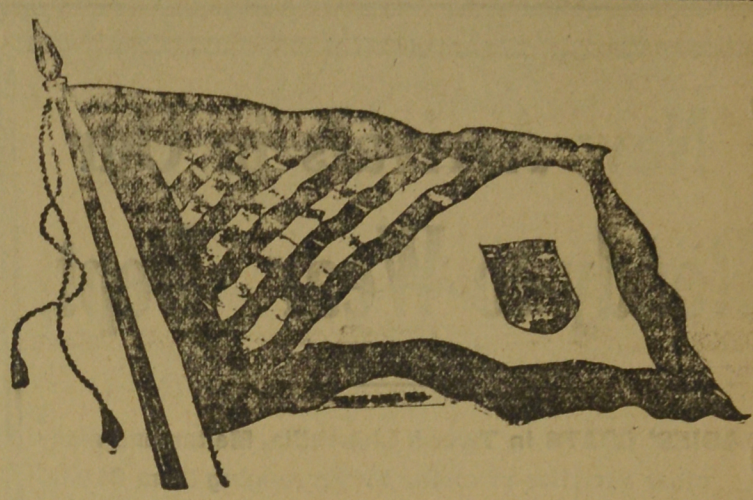
Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffing! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores.

U. S. TROOPS SOON TO RETURN

New York, Nov. 15.—The government intends to return to this country speedily a large part of the American Expeditionary Forces, Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the United States shipping board, announced on the eve of his departure for Europe to arrange the details of their transportation. Mr. Hurley said the shipping board would be able to bring troops back at



HONOR FLAG WON BY THIS DISTRICT

GET FEED FOR LIVE STOCK.

Ottawa, Nov. 15.—Chairman H. B. Thomson, of the Canada Food Board, in a statement issued tonight, urges Canadian farmers to secure their supply of feed for live stock at once, before the danger of winter blockade in transportation.

the rate of 300,000 a month "if the war department wants them returned as fast as that."

There must be a sort of kinship of taste between women and rabbits. Both eat by sight and are addicted to salads. It is undeniable that carrots, lettuce and such stuff look attractive, but mere man prefers the min still life paintings.

They are not canonizing the Kaiser in Germany any more. They feel more like machine-gunning him. "Simplicity" will be the dominant note in the fall fashions, just simple, plain girl—but effective.

Mammoth Victory Sale

We will celebrate the greatest Victory in the world's history with a Mammoth Sale of the latest ideas in high class **WAISTS, DRESSES, COATS**, etc., just at the beginning of the season for wearing these garments.

Sale Begins Monday Nov. 18th and closes Saturday Nov. 23rd.

ONE WHOLE WEEK OF A MONEY SAVING CELEBRATION

REMEMBER!—Merchandise will be no cheaper for years to come as practically all Europe has to be clothed and fed, but our stock is too large and we require the space for Christmas Goods. You can save from \$5.00 to \$10.00 by purchasing your Winter Coat or Dress next week. Also a good time to buy your Christmas Waist. You can save enough to pay your first instalment on your Victory Bond.

READ! READ! READ!

FOR ONE WHOLE WEEK we will give **20 PER CENT OFF** all Coats, Dresses, Waists etc., for Ladies, Misses and Children. You have your choice from one of the largest and most moderately priced stocks in the city. Let us prove it to you. Not shop worn goods but the best money can buy.

NO GOODS ON APPROVAL—NO MONEY REFUNDED DURING THIS SALE

DRESSES—We were never better prepared to serve you in beautiful and serviceable Dresses.

For this Sale 20 per cent off all Dresses

Silk Dresses that fit and wear, in many styles and colors. Prices from \$14.00 to \$35.00.

Serge Dresses in union and all wool, many colors and styles. Prices from \$10.00 to \$35.00.

Children's Dresses in serge, velvet, cotton, flannel, etc., to fit the wee infant up to the 14 year old girl at prices from 85c. to \$15.00 each.

WAISTS—Thousands of dainty waists in all the latest styles, shades and materials.

For this Sale 20 per cent off all Waists.

Silk crepe de chene and Georgette crepe waists, many colors and styles at prices from \$3.50 to \$7.50 each.

Silk Waists in pink, maize, blue, white, black, navy, peach, brown, etc., \$1.75 to \$7.50.

Voile Waists in all sizes from 34 to 50 bust at prices from \$1.25 to \$5.00 each.

Waists in flannel, poplin, sateen, etc., \$1.50 to \$3.00.

WINTER COATS—All the latest models in plush, velvet, whiteny, chinchilla, cheviot, tweed, etc., at \$15.00 to \$63.00.

For this Sale 20 per cent off All Coats and Suits.

CHILDREN'S and KIDDIES' COATS—

for all ages at prices ranging from \$1.50 to \$16.00.

Raincoats in tweed, corduroy, velvet, parmentella cloth, etc., from \$6.00 to \$16.00. All less 20 per cent.

Skirts in serge, tweed, silk, etc. Prices from \$2.50 to \$12.00. All less 20 per cent.

A lot of **Children's two-piece Knitted Suits** at \$2.98. Worth double.

A lot of pretty **Voile Waists** at \$1.00 each.

A lot of **Ladies' and Children's Knitted Gloves** at 35c. per pair.

A lot of **Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses** at \$1.25 and \$1.50 each.

Fleece lined Gloves, 50c. per pair.

Chamois suede Gloves, \$1.00 pair.

Suede Gloves, lined or unlined \$1.75 pair.

Great Bargains in many staple lines can also be had at this Sale.

Help on the Victory by saving your money at our Mammoth Victory Sale.

R. L. BLACK, York St.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

The old reliable remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

Best Liniment Made

Mr. A. E. LAUNDY, EDMONTON, writes: "I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I was not to walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best liniment made."

Minard's Liniment always gives satisfaction. For any ache or pain, it gives instant relief.

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