
Notice to Advertisers.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.
Fresh north and northwest winds, fair and quite cool today and on Wednesday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1918

TWO CENTS PER COPY

British and French Troops Win Further Successes

French Move Forward Between the Oise and the Aisne—Fortified Town of Le Quesnoy Captured by the British—Huns are Strengthening Meuse Line on the American Front and Preparing Tank Traps—More Prisoners Captured—Progress Around Valenciennes.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—French successes have compelled the Germans to make new withdrawals at several points along the front according to the War Office statement today. Between the Oise and the Aisne the French have advanced about one mile on a five mile front. The French first army resumed the attack this morning and is making progress.

Between Sissonne and Chateau Porcien, on a front of more than fifteen miles, the French have penetrated the Hunding line of the Germans. The French are making a general advance from east of St. Quentin le Petit to the west of Prepy.

French troops continue successfully to pursue the Germans in the region of Guise, northeast of which they have taken the village of Bergues-sur-Sambre, according to the statement.

The British Capture Fortified Town of Le Quesnoy Along With 1,000 Prisoners

LONDON, Nov. 5.—British troops in the present offensive southeast of Valenciennes have captured the fortified town of Le Quesnoy, after having completely surrounded it, Field Marshal Haig announced today. The entire garrison of more than 4,000 men was taken with the citadel.

Rapid progress has been made by the British northeast of Le Quesnoy, where an advance of between three and four miles has been scored. The villages of Jolimetz, Larondquesne, Fresnoy and La Petit Marais have been captured.

Further ground has been gained in Mormal forest. The village of Eth, five miles southeast of Valenciennes, has been taken. Very little resistance was encountered.

Germans Likely to Make Their Last Stand In France on the Line of the River Meuse

With the American Army West of Verdun, Nov. 5.—German forces are strengthening the Meuse line north of the American front. There are indications that this work was resumed during the last few days and that soldiers are laboring on it day and night. Reports agree that this strengthening operation extends along the line running from Mesiers to Montmedy, Longuyon and Diedenhofen.

In various places in front of this line, where the Germans are expected to make a last stand in France, tank traps are already completed. These traps are one hundred yards long, ten yards wide and ten yards deep. They are covered with boards hidden by earth and sod.

At other points along the front the Americans were reconnoitering for other crossings. The Germans have blown up the bridges across the Meuse between Laneuville, on the west bank and the important town of Stenay on the east bank.

MRS. STOKES ARRESTED

New York, Nov. 4.—Mrs. Rose Paster Stokes, convicted in Kansas City last May of violating the espionage law, and whose appeal is now pending was arrested here late tonight by State Superintendent of Election Marshall on a charge of having registered illegally for the election tomorrow. Mr. Marshall asserted that, because of her conviction, Mrs. Stokes had lost her franchise and had committed a felony by registering. She will be arranged tomorrow.

RETAILERS PROFIT ON EGGS

New York, Nov. 4.—The Federal Food Board today issued an order fixing the retailers profit margin on fresh and storage eggs at seven cents a dozen for stores operating on the "cash and carry" basis, and eight cents a dozen for stores with credit and delivery systems.

SALESMEN AFTER A BONUS

Quebec, Nov. 5.—The Quebec salesmen and sales ladies in large and small department stores recently formed a union and they have sent into the owners of the establishments a request for a raise in salaries or a war bonus. So far, the request has not brought a satisfactory answer, excepting one large concern who have distributed two weeks salaries as a bonus to every one of their hundreds of employees. The possibility of a strike is remote yet, but the sales-folk may resort to this extreme to obtain a decent living.

MAY GRANT WAR BONUS

Ottawa, Nov. 4.—The cabinet council again this afternoon had under consideration the applications of civil servants for a war bonus of \$350. Earlier in the day there was a conference between Hon. N. W. Rowell, Hon. A. K. MacLean, and the deputy minister at which the situation was threatened out and reports from the various departments submitted.

While an official announcement is not yet to hand, indications are that it is very improbable the full flat bonus of \$350 requested by the civil servants will be granted. In awarding a smaller bonus, as is likely, it is expected that the government will adopt some form of sliding scale, giving the larger amount to those with dependents and earning small salaries.

TO USE PALACES AS HOSPITALS

London, Nov. 5.—Emperor William has ordered that eighty imperial palaces, including the famous palace of Sans Souci, be converted into hospitals and recreation homes for invalids, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The palace of Sans Souci mentioned in the foregoing despatch stands in the park of Sans Souci at Potsdam. The building was erected in 1745-47, for Frederick the Great.

NOTED FINANCIER DEAD.

New York, Nov. 4.—Commodore Morton F. Plant, retired financier and yachtsman, died of pneumonia, at his home here tonight. Although he was at one time head of the Plant system of railroads and Steamships, now a part of the Atlantic Coast Line, Mr. Plant was perhaps best known as a yachting enthusiast. He was born in 1865.

THE WASTE OF FUEL MUST BE ELIMINATED

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—The temperature in all buildings must be kept down to 68 degrees at most, it is announced by Fuel Controller Magrath. The fuel situation has become so critical that it is urgently necessary to avoid all waste, and a conference called by Mr. Magrath has just been held at which ways and means of saving on limited supplies of hard coal were discussed. "Through investigation it has been established that a maximum of 68 degrees is all that is required, and the temperature in all buildings must not go any higher than that," was the decision of the administrators of both Ontario and Quebec, who were at the conference. "It is important," said the fuel controller, "that the other Canadian provinces should fall into line."

To Amend Prohibition Act

Major R. M. Lutton officer commanding the Military Hospital, Woodstock Road, has again requested His Worship Mayor Hanson that efforts be made to prevent the sale of lemon extract and similar liquids containing alcohol to soldiers, be redoubled. In his communication Major Lutton stated that he had been assured that at the session of the Provincial Legislature which will begin in February the Prohibition Act will be amended so as to cover more effectively the sale of lemon extracts and similar liquids. Owing to the scarcity of pure alcohol it has been largely abandoned in the manufacture of flavoring extracts and wood alcohol has been substituted. This is one of the reasons why flavoring extracts as beverages have so severe an effect. Under the Public Health Act of New Brunswick local boards of health are empowered to appoint food inspectors and it is possible that such an official will have a control over the sale of extracts.

ARMISTICE TERMS SHOW COMPLETE SURRENDER BY THE AUSTRIANS

Washington, Nov. 4.—Following are some of the terms of the armistice imposed upon Austria which went into effect at three o'clock yesterday:

Military Clauses:
1. The immediate cessation of hostilities by land, by sea and air.
2. Total demobilization of the Austro-Hungarian army and immediate withdrawal of all Austro-Hungarian forces operating on the front from the North Sea to Switzerland.

Austrians to Evacuate

3. Evacuation of all territories invaded by Austria-Hungary since the beginning of the war, withdrawal within such periods as shall be determined by the commander-in-chief of the allied forces on each front of the Austro-Hungarian armies behind a line fixed as follows: From Pic Umbrail to the north of Stelvio it will follow the crest of the Rhetian Alps up to the sources of the Adige and the Eisach, passing thence by mounts Reschen and Brenner and the heights of Goetz and Zoeller. The line thence turns south, crossing Mount Toblach and meeting the present frontier Carnic Alps. It follows this frontier up to Mount Tarvis and after Mount Tarvis the water shed of the Julian Alps by the Col. Di Predit, Mount Mangart, the Tricorco (Torgloun) and the watershed of the Cols di Podberdo, Podlanscam and Idrai. From this point the line turns southeast towards the Echnberg, excludes the whole basin of the Save and its tributaries. From Schneberg it goes down towards the coast in such a way as to include Castua, Mattuglia and Volosca in the evacuated territories. It will also follow the administrative limits of the present province of Dalmatia, including the north Liscarica and Trivania and to the south territory limited by a line from the (Semigrand) of Capo Bianca to the summits of watersheds westward so as to include in the evacuated area all the valleys and watersheds flowing towards Sebenico, such as the Cicola, Kerka, Butisnia and their tributaries. It will also include all the islands in the north and west of Dalmatia from Presuda, Selvo, Ulbo Schnerda, Maon, Paga and Punta Dura in the north up to Meleda in the south embracing Santadra, Busy, Lisa, Les-

NEW YORK PAPERS ON THE ARMISTICE

The Handwriting on the Wall for the Huns—The Dual Monarchy Rendered Impotent.

(Canadian Press direct wire.)

New York, Nov. 5.—The New York Herald today editorially says that the Austrian armistice is the handwriting on the wall for the German people.

The World says the terms of the armistice, broadly speaking, are such as will make impossible a resumption of hostilities by the German government on either land or sea, pending a permanent treaty of peace.

"It was to have been world-domination or downfall, according to Germany's own assertions," the World continues. "It has become downfall, and everybody in Germany, from the Kaiser downward, is at last beginning to recognize the fact."

The Tribune says that the terms of the armistice leave the Dual Monarchy impotent. "Germany, the arch-conspirator against the peace of the world, will be bound, just as Austria-Hungary—her humble satellite—has now been bound."

The Times says the iron ring has once again closed about Germany. "She stands alone against an increasing host of foes; there is no help for her from any quarter. She must surrender, and soon."

The Sun says the end is in full sight now.

Lieut. MacLaren Wins M. C.

Another young St. John officer has been honored by the King for his gallantry in the fighting in France, viz., Lieut. Ian MacLaren, son of Col. Murray MacLaren, C. M. G., who has been awarded the Military Cross. MacLaren who is not yet twenty-two years of age, has been in khaki since August 1917. He is an officer in the 58th Battery of Canadian Field Artillery. No particulars have been received of the particular reason for which the decoration was awarded. At the time of his appointment to the C. E. F. he was an undergraduate at the University of New Brunswick in this city.

ITALIANS CELEBRATE THEIR TRIUMPH OVER AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

Demonstrations are Following Each Other Without Interval—Business Practically Suspended—Italians Have Landed Troops on the Dalmatian Islands—Naval Vessels at Fiume—Italian Troops Made a Swift Advance on Trieste—Military Governor Appointed.

ROME, Nov. 5.—Business has been virtually suspended here while the city continues to celebrate the victory over Austria. The demonstrations in various parts of Rome are following each other without interval. All the stores are closed and the tramways have been forced to suspend service because of the dense crowds thronging the streets.

A notable feature of the celebration is supplied by airplanes and dirigible balloons, which are flying over the city and dropping flowers.

Italian naval vessels have landed troops on the Dalmatian Islands of Lissa and Lagosta, where the Italian flag has been hoisted, a despatch from Trieste today states. Italian battleships and destroyers also have landed troops at Fiume.

A radiogram from Trieste says that Gen. Petitti, the commander of the Italian force which landed there, has assumed the military governorship of the city. Italian sailors have occupied a number of islands in the Dalmatian archipelago.

Italian Cavalry and Artillery Entered Trieste at 3.15 O'clock Sunday Afternoon

The Austrian armistice delegates who came to Padua last week, according to the Epoca, were eight officers under Gen. Von Weber. The Italian delegates at the conference were headed by General Badoglio.

Trent, the chief city of the Trentino, was entered at 3.15 o'clock on Sunday afternoon by Italian cavalry, Alpini and artillery, according to a semi-official note issued today giving details of the swift advance of the First army on that city. More than twenty thousand Austrians, including the commander of the 50th Scheubee division, were captured. The Italian flag was hoisted over the castle of Buon Consiglio amid enthusiastic outbursts by the population.

State Council Appeals to Soldiers.

Amsterdam, Nov. 5.—The state council at Vienna has issued an appeal to the German people of Austria in which it is declared the country is in danger and the army breaking up in disorder. The appeal exhorts the soldiers voluntarily to join the German-Austrian army corps.

SUCCESSOR TO BEAVERBROOK

London, Nov. 5.—Sir Auckland Geddes has been appointed president of the local government board. He will remain head of the ministry of national service.

William Hayes Fisher, who was president of the local government board, has been appointed chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, a post previously held by Lord Beaverbrook, who resigned recently on account of ill health. Mr. Fisher will receive a peerage.

RHODES MEN IN THE WAR

London, Nov. 4.—Up to the present time two hundred and forty Rhodes scholars from the Dominion and British colonies have taken part in the war. Of this number eighty-three gained honors and distinctions and forty-six died in action.

MARITIME MEN IN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—Casualties among New Brunswick men include: Cancel report missing—R. W. Dickens, Blackville, N. B. Wounded—M. D. D. Steeves, Fredericton, N. B.; M. Essenca, Fredericton, N. B.

Died in Quebec

The death occurred at Belleisle Station, Quebec, at eight o'clock this morning of George E. Marsh, a former well known Fredericton man. The deceased was in his twenty-ninth year. He was employed in this city for some time by the F. B. Edgecombe Company. He is survived by his wife and one child George, by four brothers, John, Joseph, Albert and Bombardier Charles Marsh now in St. John with the 9th Siege Battery and by three sisters Hannah, Esther, and Margaret. Both parents are dead.

ELECTION DAY OVER THE LINE

Boston, Mass., Nov. 5.—Notwithstanding unpleasant weather conditions and the absence of thousands of voters who are in the nation's service party leaders predicted a heavy vote in Massachusetts today. In this city, where local campaign contests have been especially sharp, a large vote was polled in the early hours.

Senator John Weeks, Republican, and former Governor David I. Walsh, Democrat, were the principals in the race for United States senator, which held the centre of the state-wide interest. Both sides wages a strenuous campaign.

PROPERTY TAKEN FROM U. S. WOMEN

Washington, Nov. 4.—Millions of dollars worth of property belonging to women of American birth who have married German and Austrian subjects has been taken over by the alien property custodian. Many important women are in the list, including countess Gladys Vanderbilt Szechenyi, whose property as taken over amounts to nearly four millions dollars in securities in addition to the income from a five million dollar trust fund created by her father.

FLU STILL BAD IN WINNIPEG

Winnipeg, Nov. 4.—All hopes that the crest of the Spanish Influenza in Winnipeg had been passed were dispensed of by the returns of today. During the day the city health authorities received notification of 591 new cases and ten deaths among civilians. Eighteen more cases have developed among the military hospitals, but no deaths were reported from them today.