



CANADA

PUBLIC NOTICE

DOCUMENTS TO BE CARRIED

by every male person who is not on active service in any of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, or in the Naval or Military Forces of any of His Majesty's Allies, and who apparently may be, or is reasonably suspected to be, within the description of **Class One** under the Military Service Act, 1917, who for any reason may have claimed that he is not within **Class One** under the Act.

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the provisions of an Order in Council (P.C. 1013), of the 20th April, 1918, upon and after the 1st day of June, 1918, every male person who is not on active service in any of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, or in the Naval or Military Forces of His Majesty's Allies, and who apparently may be, or is reasonably suspected to be, within the description of Class One under the Military Service Act, 1917, by whom or on whose behalf, it is at any time affirmed, claimed or alleged that he is not, whether by reason of age, status, nationality, exception, or otherwise, within Class One under the Military Service Act, 1917, as defined for the time being or that, although within the said Class, he is exempted from or not liable to military service; shall have with him upon his person at all times or in or upon any building or premises where he at any time is,

AGE

If it be claimed that he is not within the class by reason of age, an official certificate of the date of his birth, or a certificate of his age signed by two reputable citizens residing in the community in which he lives and having knowledge of the fact; or

MARRIAGE

If it be claimed that he is not within the Class by reason of marriage, a certificate, either official or signed by two reputable citizens residing in the community in which he lives and having knowledge of the facts, certifying to his marriage and that his wife is living; or

NATIONALITY

If it be claimed that he is not within the Class by reason of his nationality, a certificate of his nationality signed by a Consul or Vice-Consul of the foreign State or Country to which he claims his allegiance is due; or a passport issued by the Government of that Country establishing his nationality; or

ACTIVE SERVICE

If it be claimed that he is excepted as a member of any of His Majesty's Forces or as having since the 4th August, 1914, served in the Military or Naval Forces of Great Britain or her Allies in any theatre of actual war and has been honourably discharged therefrom, official documents or an official certificate evidencing the fact; or

CLERGY

If it be claimed that he is excepted as a member of the clergy, or of any recognized order of an exclusively religious character, or is a minister of a religious denomination existing in Canada on 29th August, 1917, or as being a

member of any other society or body, a certificate of the fact signed by an office-holder competent so to certify under the regulations of the church, order or denomination, society or body, to which he belongs; or

EXEMPTION

If it be claimed that he is exempted from or not liable to military service by reason of any exemption granted or claimed or application pending under the Military Service Act, 1917, or the regulations thereunder, his exemption papers, or a certificate of the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the district to which he belongs evidencing the fact; or

OTHER CLASS

If it be claimed that he is not within the Class, or that he is exempted, not liable or excepted upon any other ground, a certificate of two reputable citizens residing in the community where he lives having knowledge of the fact upon which the claim is founded and certifying thereto;

FAILURE TO CARRY REQUISITE EVIDENCE

If upon or after the 1st day of June, 1918, any such male person be found without the requisite evidence or certificate upon his person or in or upon the building or premises in which he is, he shall thereupon be presumed to be a person at the time liable for military service and to be a deserter or defaulter without leave;

PENALTY

And he shall also be liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month, or to both such fine and imprisonment; and moreover, any such person may forthwith be taken into military custody and may be there detained and required to perform military duty in the Canadian Expeditionary Force so long as his services shall be required, unless or until the fact be established to the satisfaction of competent authority that he is not liable for military duty.

FALSE CERTIFICATE

The use, signing or giving of any such certificate as hereinbefore mentioned shall, if the certificate be in any material respect false or misleading to the knowledge of the person using, signing, or giving the same, be an offence, punishable, upon summary conviction, by a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars, and by imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months and not less than one month.

ISSUED BY THE MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Ottawa, May 22, 1918.

THE HOME TOWN PAPER.

(By Edgar A. Guest.)

It's like a smiling friendly face,
It's like a voice you long have known
You see it in some distant place
And rush to claim it for your own.
The paper from your old home town
Has bridged the long and dreary miles

And with it you can settle down
Among familiar tears and smiles.

It speaks for every friend you know,
It tells of scenes you yearn to see;
It brings back joys of long ago
And tells of joys that are to be.
And as you run its columns o'er
Your yesterdays come trooping back
You fancy you're at home once more,
And golden seem the letters black.

It's speech is one you understand,
It tells of griefs that you can share.
It brings you, in that foreign land,
Glad messages to banish care.
There among scenes and faces strange
The old home paper seems to be
The faithful friend that doesn't change
A friend that you are glad to see.

I know not just what heaven is like,
Nor just what joys beyond life's tide

Await for me, when death shall strike
And I shall reach the other side.
But this I know when I have gone
To dwell in realms divinely fair,
My soul will yearn to look upon
The old home paper over there.

"Nobody kisses a war gardener,"
says the Toledo Blade. This sounds
like German propaganda.

HOW FISH ARE CAUGHT IN WATERS OF THE PACIFIC

An Interesting and Instructive Motion Picture Film to be Exhibited Throughout Canada Under the Auspices of the Food Board --- Fish Formerly Thrown Away Will Now be Utilized as Food

When Mr. H. B. Thomson, Chairman of the Canada Food Board, was a member of the Salmon Fisheries Commission last year, he was impressed with the fact that the Pacific Ocean yielded huge quantities of edible fish, which were not made use of. The evidence of fishermen appearing before the Commission showed that out of the many varieties of fish caught by deep sea vessels only the halibut and sablefish were brought to market. The others—plaice, brill, sole, witches, skate, grey cod, ling cod, and red cod—were "shacked" off the hooks into the sea again and wasted. This wholesale waste was due to the demand of the public for nothing but salmon, halibut and sablefish. The reason why these other fish were not in demand was due simply to the fact that the public had never formed the habit of asking for them or using them. They were not familiar with them, although everybody who has tasted that unfamiliar variety of Pacific fish agrees that their edible qualities are excellent. Still the general public is slow to respond to a new idea. They have become accustomed to eating halibut, but plaice, sole, skate and the Pacific codfish were neglected. People did not know them, therefore they did not like them were prejudiced at the mere mention of their names and were apt to express disgust at the mere sight of them when on rare occasions they were visible in the fish shops. In other words it was a matter of prejudice which to overcome requires nothing more nor less than education.

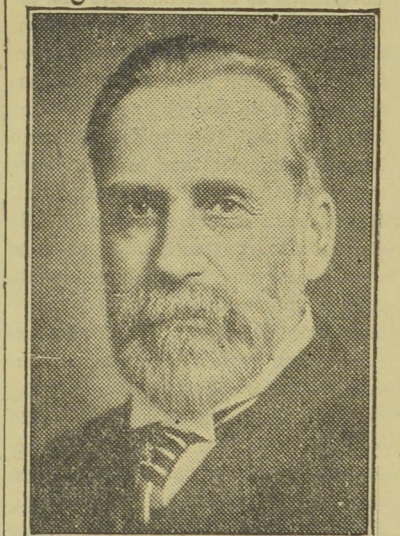
Fish Going to Waste

The Canada Food Board has seized upon the fact that there is a plentiful supply of fish going to waste in the Pacific and that there is a consuming public in the Prairie Provinces who would be glad to eat this fish if they were thoroughly assured that it was as good as the fish with which they are already familiar. An arrangement was, therefore, made that the Marine and Fisheries Department would assume two thirds of the transportation charges of Pacific flat-fish as far east as Manitoba and the Canada Food Board passed an order regulating the price of Pacific flat-fish as well as red, ling and grey codfish, limiting the retailers profit for handling to 3c per pound over and above the price f. o. b. shipping point plus express charges. That this service is appreciated may be expressed in the fact that since the operation of the arrangement has been put into effect 250,000 pounds of fish has been shipped. This is but a beginning, however, just the educational means to the end that the general public throughout the Western Provinces will become permanent consumers. To hasten this eventually the Food Board has conducted a series of publicity enterprises; the last of which is a motion picture, showing the fishermen working on the Pacific fishing grounds and all the adventures and hazards run by the men who supply the markets with fish. This film, which is as interesting as any adventure film and has the advantage of being ab-

solutely true and instructive at the same time, will be shown shortly at all the motion picture theatres throughout Canada, under the auspices of the Canada Food Board. The picture shows the cruise of the James Carruthers of April 17th-19th last. The trawler is of the North Sea type built in England and operated now from Prince Rupert.

Trawling consists of towing a huge poke-shaped net over the sea bottom. The net is some 90 feet wide at the mouth and is kept open by two trawl boards at each side of the mouth. To these boards are attached the towing hawsers, which lead up to the stern of the steamer and thence to the drums of a powerful winch on the main deck. After towing the gear for an hour the bag is hauled up the ships side by the winch and the fish are spilled into the fish pens on the deck.

The average catch during the motion picture trip of the "Caruthers" was 1,000 pounds per haul. While hoisting an exceptionally big haul of over 10,000 pounds the net burst and all the fish spilled into the sea. This remarkable instance is clearly shown in the film. The total catch for the three days was 75,000 pounds of first class fish. The motion picture man was able to film all the phases of the operation of catching, cleaning freezing and packing these fish for shipping to the markets, where they will be sold at prices ranging from 9 cents to 12½ cents per pound, according to the distance from Prince Rupert and consequent express charges.



HON. H. LAPORTE, Montreal.
Chairman, War Purchasing Commission who becomes a Knight Bachelor.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

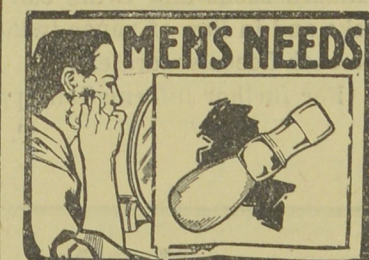
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Little*

STEAMER CREW BADLY TREATED BY PIRATES

London, June 6.—The crew of a German submarine was brutal in its treatment of the crew of the Glasgow steamer Ellaston, sunk some days ago, Reuters learns. The steamer was shelled for three and a half hours. The British captain returned the gunfire until his ammunition was gone, and the abandoned vessel, which the submarine crew boarded and sank by bombs. The captain was taken prisoner on board the U-boat.

The drinking water in one of the lifeboats was removed and the Germans took the mast and sail, leaving the British to find land as best they were able. The lifeboat crew suffered great hardships and did not reach Las Palmas until nine days after the other boat landed.

A Russian prisoner who recently was returned from Germany, has made a statement at Moscow to the effect that he saw American prisoners of war in camp at Tüchel, West Prussia, and that they asked him to let it be known that they were being treated brutally. The prisoners said they were hungry and penniless and the huts in which they are living are damp, cold and unfit for habitation.

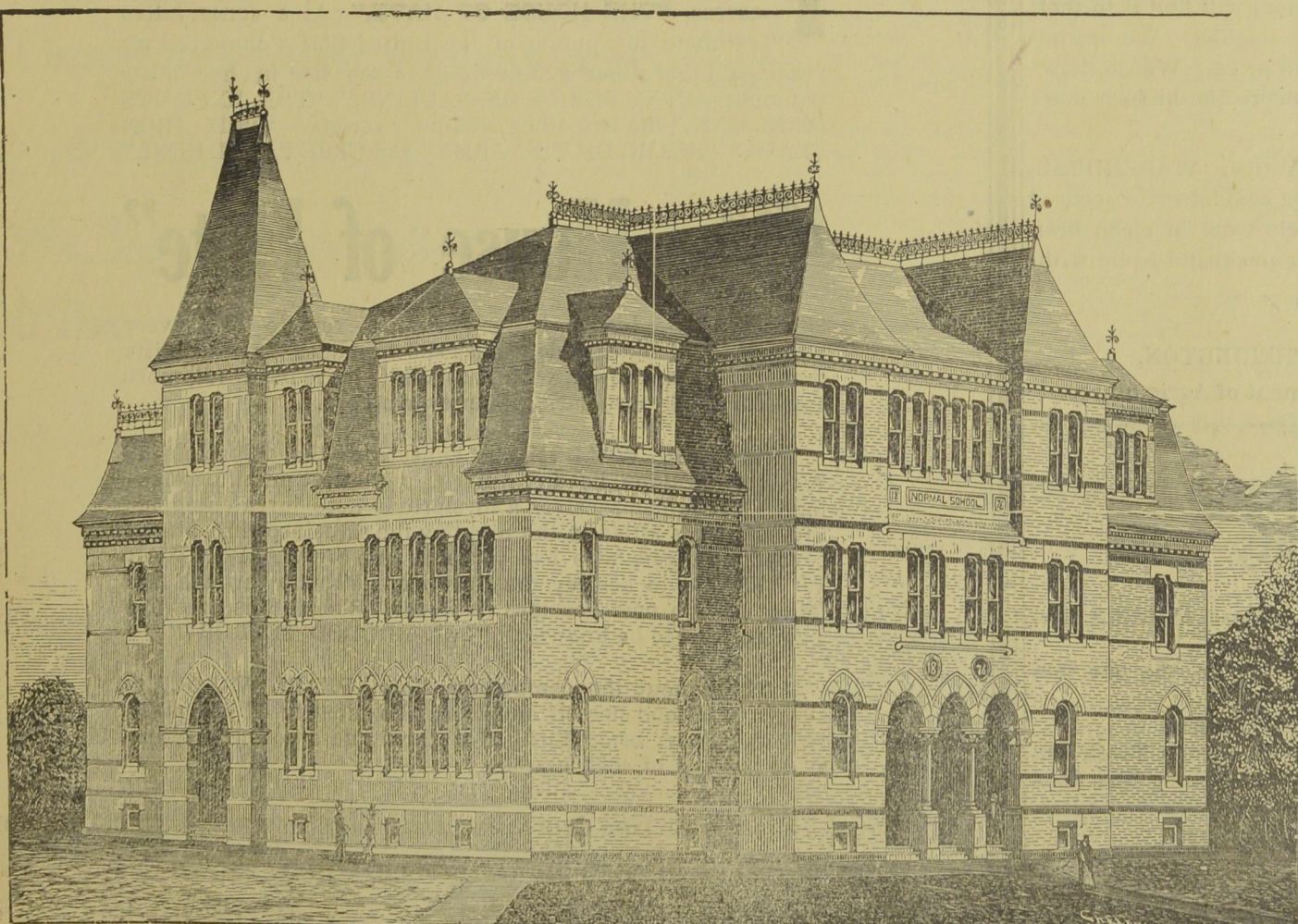


SHAVING BRUSHES

Well lathered is half shaved. That is what every man says. A good lather means a clean and comfortable shave. For every-day service and lasting quality, use a fine badger shaving brush at 50 cents. Some that are cheaper and some that cost more money also.

PHARMACY STAPLES'

ALONZO STAPLES, Prop.
Agency for Miller Standard
Rubber Goods.



THE PROVINCIAL NORMAL SCHOOL