

New Goods Arriving Daily For Our Ready- To-Wear-Department

New Separate Skirts in Silk Poplin and Silk Faille at \$6.50 and \$8.00.

New Separate Skirts in Serge and Wool Poplins for \$5.75 to \$12.00.

New Cloth Dresses from \$15.00 to \$33.25.

New Silk Dresses from \$21.00 to \$31.50.

New Underskirts in Moire, Silktaf and Sateen from \$1.50 to \$7.50.

New Tailored Blouses in P.K. and Vesting at \$2.10.

New Voile Blouses from \$1.25 to \$5.00.

New Crepe de Chene and Georgette from \$5.00 to \$14.25.

New Winter Coats arriving daily in all the newest shades and styles.

We invite you to look these over when convenient for you.

Wm. R. Fraser & Co.

P. O. Box 817.

430 Queen Street.

'Phone 423

SOAP DYES

Tintex, Sunset, Rit, Magic, Flake. Also Diamond and Dyola Dyes and Colorite Hat Dye.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

ARTHUR J. RYAN, - Central Pharmacy

THE PENNSLAR STORE, Corner Queen and Carleton Sts.

NEW DRESSES, NEW WAISTS

We are daily receiving pretty dresses in Georgette, Crepe de Chene, Taffeta, Satin, Silk Poplin, Serge, etc., at prices from \$15.00 to \$40.00.

Waists in Georgette, Crepe de Chene, Jap Silk, Shantung Silk, Voile, etc., at prices from \$1.50 to \$11.50.

See our Special Silk Waists at \$1.75 and \$3.00.

New Middies with detachable serge collars.

Clearing—Middies, Wash Skirts, Silk Suits, Voile Dresses, etc., at less than cost.

R. L. BLACK,

YORK STREET

AGENT for STANDARD PATTERNS

SUGAR

Fine Granulated Sugar, 9 lbs. \$1.00, when accompanied by another order of \$1.00 or more.

8 lbs. for \$1.00 for Sugar alone.

Biscuits

Small Boxes Royal Fancy 18½c. lb.
Small Boxes Soda Biscuit 15c. lb.

Preserving Jars

MASON		PERFECT SEAL	
Each	Doz.	Each	Doz.
Pints	12c. \$1.40	Pints	13c. \$1.50
Quarts	13c. 1.45	Quarts	14c. 1.55
Half-gallon	16c. 1.75	Half-gallon	17c. 2.00

Fresh Fruit

Oranges, 45c. dozen.

Pears 45c. dozen.

Bananas, Grapes and Plums.

AN IMPORTANT SPEECH BY PREMIER LLOYD-GEORGE

Some Important Decisions of the Government in Regard to Domestic Affairs are Disclosed—Majority Report of Coal Commission is Rejected—Greater Production is Advocated as a Cure for Present Ills.

London, Aug. 18—During the session of the house of commons today, there was introduced a bill that represented an agreement between employers and employees. The bill calls for a 48-hour week and what are considered living wages. In support of the bill, Premier Lloyd George delivered an important speech, reviewing the financial position of Great Britain and emphasizing the imperative necessity of greater production in order to restore the balance of trade, now so adversely against the United Kingdom. He gave the cost of the war at £40,000,000,000, told of the enormous increase in the national debt and announced the acceptance by the government of the policy of purchase of mineral rights.

The premier said the measure was the outcome of the work of a joint industrial council that had been sitting for several months examining minutely the question of hours and wages and that the central committee had reported a fair measure of agreement. The measure would apply to all industries, with a few exceptions, namely domestic and indoor servants except where employed for profit, masters and crews of seagoing ships and persons employed in agriculture.

Must Increase Production

The premier said he thought there was evidence of international slowing down of production and that it was necessary not only the workmen but the managers and foremen to put their shoulders to the task of increasing production. He said it was a dangerous and fatal fallacy that the less men worked, the more work there would be for others and that it is highly important for those having influence with the workers to do their utmost to explode this fallacy.

Dealing with coal Mr. Lloyd George said the government accepted the policy of state purchase of mineral rights, on which all the reports of the coal commission were unanimous, but that the government would be unable to give its assent to accept any of the principles of the Sankey report.

The premier contended there was no evidence that harmony would prevail with the workers under state ownership. He instanced the recent miners strike in Yorkshire, which he declared was a strike against the government and the experiences of the railways under government control. Therefore, he thought the whole basis of the Sankey report that state ownership would promote harmony had been falsified.

Workers on Directorate

The government, the premier continued had accepted the principle of unification and re-organization and there undoubtedly was cause for giving the miners greater interest and better working conditions; and in order to organize the mines and reduce working expenses to a minimum, the country would be divided into areas, in each of which amalgamation of labor in the mines should be undertaken for a limited period. The workers should have directors representing them on the body controlling the policy of the area, he added.

Mr. Lloyd George said the movement would prepare measures at the speediest moment possible so that mineral rights could be purchased by the state and that a fund would be raised for the promotion of the social welfare of the miners, but that the government would not purchase or operate mines.

Exchange a Protection

He declared that he regarded the adverse American exchange rate as in itself protection against the importation of manufactured goods.

To deal with the vagaries arising from the fluctuations in exchange, the premier said the board of trade would be equipped with emergency powers to check sudden and undue importations of goods at prices below the cost of production of goods in Great Britain due to the collapse of exchange.

"With regard to protection against unfair competition," the premier continued "there will remain obstacles to imports in the shape of low exchange rates and high freights. These will remain, because we have decided that we cannot longer keep up exchanges. It is better we realize that it may have the effect of raising prices of food and raw materials, especially those from America.

"That is the result of under-production and it is needful that it should be

brought home to everyone, otherwise it will never be cured."

"The government purposes to abandon the support of exchanges except where support may be necessary to prevent the complete collapse of any important exchange until our output increases."

Mr. Lloyd George announced that legislation would be proposed to deal effectively with "dumping", and then went at length into the powers to be conferred on the board of trade to check the importation of goods at prices below British cost of production owing to collapse of exchange. He said this was an emergency measure made necessary owing to conditions which had arisen during the war, and which he hoped soon would pass away.

Waiting on United States

The delay in arranging peace with Turkey, said the premier, because Great Britain waited the decision of the United States.

Great Britain wanted to know whether the United States was prepared to take her share in guaranteeing protection for peoples who, if not protected would be subjected to terrorism, plunder and massacre. As soon as the American answer came, the premier said, Great Britain would have to adjust its settlement to America's answer. Meanwhile Great Britain had occupied Turkish territory.

Nothing on Ireland

Many members said they expected the premier to announce the government's plans for Ireland and expressed disappointment that this subject was not to be discussed by him.

Virtually every member of the house of commons was in his seat when the speaker took his chair. The lobbies, galleries, and the outside courts were crowded when members of the ministry arrived.

Premier Lloyd George declared that coal was the chief factor in the industrial situation. He said that the outlook was indeed dark unless conditions which he stated were changed. The premier continued:

"In America the wages are higher, hours of labor are no longer and the labor cost in proportion to the articles produced is less. This being the case competition is impossible and no tariff will remedy this."

After pointing out that the British pound at present was worth in the United States only 17½ shillings, the premier said:

"We shall never improve matters until we increase production, or we will be driven later to reduce even lower the standard of living in this country. There is no other alternative except quitting the country for which we fought for four years."

"The world is suffering from shell shock on a big scale but all of this will pass away," he went on.

GOOD WORDS FOR N. B. ROADS

(St. John Globe.)

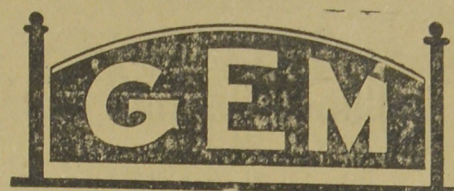
A St. John man who only recently returned from an automobile tour that took him practically around the province, is warm in his praises of the good work done under the direction of Hon. Mr. Veniot. Talking with the Globe, this autoist, who is a Conservative in politics, said he had as his guests some Ontario visitors who had been advised by a New Brunswicker not to go motoring in New Brunswick, because the roads were abominable. The trip taken was up the North Shore across the heart of the province and thence back to St. John by the river route. In the whole journey, said the autoist, we encountered not ten miles of bad road, but found everywhere the roads in far better condition than we had been led to expect.

I agree, said the gentleman, with those who contend that Hon. Mr. Veniot has given New Brunswick better roads than the province has ever known. The Ontario visitors were also delighted with the splendid roads and the beautiful scenery.

Late Mrs. Thomas Tumith

The funeral of the late Mrs. Thomas Tumith took place Monday afternoon from the residence of Mrs. James Harris, Beaver Dam. The funeral left the house at 2.30. Service was conducted at the church and graveside by Rev. Mr. Bate. The deceased passed away in St. John last week. The body was brought to Beaver Dam from St. John Monday morning.

FOR SALE—3 gasoline engines, 3-5-7 H. P., also drag saw and double unit miller; will sell lot or separate; all new. P. O. Box 343, Montreal.



THREE SHOWS

DAILY

Matinee, 3 p.m.

Evening, 7.15, 8.45 p.m.

WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS

George Walsh

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"HELP! HELP! POLICE"

An exciting love story that involves two men, two girls, a safety razor plot and \$600,000 cash.

Take a straight tip, "Help! Help! Police!" is the greatest George Walsh picture yet released.

LOOK! — EXTRA SPECIAL! — READ!

Pictures taken by the UNIVERSAL WEEKLY at ST. JOHN showing the reception given His Royal Highness the

PRINCE OF WALES

Usual Comedy.

No advance in prices.

Wed.—"The Rescuing Angel," featuring SHIRLEY MASON

MARY PICKFORD

— In —

'Captain Kidd Jr.'

Also HAROLD LLOYD and GAIETY TOPICAL REVIEW

GAIETY 4 Shows Daily at 2.30, 3.45, 7.15, 8.40,

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Against the Ravages of the Weather Man by Applying a Coat of

MAPLE LEAF PAINT

The Paint that has MADE GOOD because it's made good. Comes in convenient size cans and shades to suit all requirements. Why allow your home to go into decay when it costs so much to replace it? Lumber and all building materials are high in price. The money you invest to paint your home with this high grade paint will return you large dividends in the saving of replacing your home in a few year's time. The Weather Man is constantly on the job. Why delay? Come in and procure a color card today.

LAWLOR & CAIN

SPECIAL NOTICE

ALL PERSONS USING ELECTRIC LIGHT who purpose moving on May first will find it to their advantage to notify the Lighting Company AT ONCE, inasmuch as there generally are a large number of meters to be changed on said date with a limited number of men to attend to same.

MARITIME ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

HARRY D. WHITE, Manager.

IMPERIAL COLD CREAM

Softens and Beautifies the Skin. Cleansing and Antiseptic Price 50 cents.

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