

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather

Moderate winds, fair and mild. Thursday increasing south and southeast winds and probably rain.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S INSTITUTES OF CANADA HOLDING CONVENTION

Important Gathering at Toronto This Week—More Than One Hundred Thousand Women of Canada are Represented—The Initiative Taken in the Formation of an International Federation of Women's Institutes.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—More than a hundred thousand women are represented in the Federation of Women's Institutes of Canada, which is holding a convention in this city, with the President, Mrs. Arthur Murphy (Janey Canuck) in the chair. The first Women's Institute in this country was formed twenty-three years ago in the village of Stoney Creek, Wentworth county, with a membership of forty.

The Federation put itself on record today as taking the initiative in the formation of an international federation, by asking the Women's Institutes of Great Britain to join in such a project. Institutes of other nations will then be invited to join, accepting such a constitution as the two original members of the Federation may decide upon.

The Federation endorsed its membership in the Canadian Council of immigration of women for household service, and the appointment of Mrs. Charles Robson, of Ottawa, as governor of immigration.

FLAX WEAVING AN IMPORTANT INDUSTRY

IN REMOTE SECTIONS OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Mrs. Blackwood Wileman, of Duncan, B. C., said that the Women's Institutes in British Columbia desire to start a home-spun industry and to this end have formed a little syndicate and are getting their women to spin. They aim to have a spinning wheel in every institute home in the province.

In the remote districts of New Brunswick, Mrs. Lawlor said, flax weaving was an important industry, and she knew of one woman who in forty years of married life had not bought a yard of any sort of cotton goods.

Mrs. Jean Muldrew said that she had found that the Women's Institutes of Prince Edward Island had washed and spun all the wool they knit into socks for the Red Cross during the war.

A. Putnam, of Toronto, presented the report on "Education and Better Schools." Quebec was reported as having Home-makers' Clubs which are supporting compulsory education and women school trustees. Nova Scotia boasts of a "rural science department."

DECORATIONS TO BE PRESENTED BY HIS HONOR

SEVENTY-NINE WILL BE GIVEN AT ST. JOHN

Ceremony Will Take Place at the Armory in St. John, on Thursday, November 20th.

His Honor the Lieut. Governor on Thursday, November 20th will present seventy-nine decorations won during the recent war to soldiers residing in this province. The presentation will take place in the armory at St. John and it is expected will be witnessed by thousands. The military authorities are considering the ceremony in the light of a parade and all recipients of decorations are ordered to parade at St. John at the place and time named one day's subsistence and transportation being provided.

Mr. R. S. Barker, Official Secretary to His Honor, this morning announced the time of the presentation together with a list of those upon whom the decorations will be conferred as far as is known. They are classed as follows: Military Medals 36, Bars to Military Medals, 3, Meritorious Service Medals 5, Belgian Croix de Guerre 1, Military Medal and Diploma 1, Distinguished Conduct Medal 10, Military Crosses 16, Distinguished Service Orders (warrant only) 2, Bar to Distinguished Service Order 1. Several of the presentations will be to relatives of the winners who are deceased. Several soldiers from Fredericton, Devon and neighboring places will have decorations conferred upon them.

The list of names and decorations as announced is as follows:

Military Medal

Gunner G. F. Atherton, Woodstock.
Gunner V. J. Cunningham, St. John.
Gunner F. Meehan, Fredericton.
Cpl. H. L. Beach, Honeydale, Charlotte County.
Sgt. W. Belyea, Moncton.
Pte. J. A. Bertain, East Bathurst.
Cpl. O. G. Watson, Undine, Victoria County.
Cpl. W. J. Wetmore, Woodstock.
Pte. X. Boudreau (deceased) Louis Boudreau, (father), Dalhousie.
Capt. A. Levesque, St. Anne de Restigouche.
Pte. H. Linton (deceased) Mrs. A. Linton, Fairville, N. B.
Sgt. B. McL. Mersereau, Rusignish.
Pte. V. A. Morrell, Mrs. A. Morrell, Northfield.
Pte. L. Chase, Fernmount Sun. Co.
Pte. J. B. Coholan, St. John.
Pte. H. B. Cook, Sackville.
Cpl. S. L. Cormier, Canobie.
Pte. J. N. Crossman, Moncton.
Pte. E. Dempsey, South Nelson.

German Admiral Testified In Regard to U-Boat War

TO CONCLUDE ITS LABORS THIS MONTH

Paris, Nov. 12.—The American delegation to the Peace Conference has informed the Supreme Council of its intention to leave France during the first days of December, according to semi-official information from the Foreign Office here.

The British peace delegation has also expressed the same desire and the general impression in French conference circles is that the conference will conclude its work by the end of this month.

HOCKEY APPEAL DISMISSED

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—Another re-echo of the famous professional hockey war of last season was heard today, when Mr. E. P. Dey, president of the Ottawa club, and owner of the Arena, received word from his solicitors, that the appeal entered by P. J. Quinn of Toronto against Mr. Dey had been dismissed with costs. This probably means the end of the celebrated suit, which threatened for a time last fall to paralyze the National Hockey League, and to result in the formation of the proposed Canadian Hockey Association.

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED

Bismarck, N. D., Nov. 12.—Governor Frazier this morning announced that he had proclaimed martial law in North Dakota and that the State would take over the lignite coal mine at once, following failure of miners and operators to come to an agreement last night, as requested by the Governor.

Sgt. W. H. Briggs, Moncton.
Pte. A. E. E. Moore, East Florence, ville.
Pte. F. G. Dunbar, St. George.
Cpl. W. Downing, care M. D. No. 7, St. John.
Lance Opl. W. G. Flagg, North Head, Grand Manan.
Cpl. H. Grey, Seal Cove, Grand Manan.
Pte. O. Grey, R.R. No. 5, Fredericton.
Sgt. E. J. McCallum, Fredericton.
Pte. S. M. Greenlaw, North Head, Grand Manan.
Pte. J. Peters, Campbellton.
Gunner W. T. Smith, Rothesay.
Pte. F. M. Staples, North Devon.
Pte. W. W. Taft, St. John.
(Continued on page 4)

Von Capelle, former Minister of the Navy, Bombarded With Questions—Asked Why Sufficient U-Boats Were Not Built to Make the Piracy Campaign Successful, Said the Reichstag Took a Strong Stand Against Submarines.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—Vice Admiral Eduard Von Capelle, former Minister of the Navy, was bombarded with questions today as to why more submarines were not built so as to have made the submarine campaign successful.

Hecklers at the National Assembly sub-committee's investigation into the war, have failed to get much information as to why the submarine campaign was not avoided, changed their tactics to questioning the former Minister of the Navy on submarine construction. The Admiral replied succinctly, in an endeavor to prove why submarine construction was retarded in 1916, and why it jumped enormously in 1917 and 1918.

A summary of his contribution to U-boat construction was read by Von Capelle at the start of the session.

SAYS GERMANY BUILT EIGHT HUNDRED AND

TEN U-BOATS BEFORE AND DURING THE WAR

"Eight hundred and ten submarines were built before and during the war," said the former Minister of the Navy. "Of these 45 were constructed before the war, 186 were built during the admiration of Admiral Von Tirpitz and 579 were built by me in the two and a half years I was in office."

"I took office in April 1916 and in the nine months remaining in that year I ordered built 90 U-boats, in 1917, I ordered 269 and in the nine months I was in office in 1918 I ordered 220."

It was here his questioning began. "Why was there such a discrepancy between 1916 and the two following years?" demanded Herr Gothain.

THE BATTLE OF SKAGERRAK CAUSED SERIOUS

DAMAGE TO THE SHIPS OF THE GERMAN NAVY

Von Capelle replied sharply: "There are a number of reasons why so small a number was ordered in 1916. First, the Reichstag took an overwhelming stand against the submarines and I could not start to build because I saw myself in opposition to the government. Second I had been out of the naval service and was unaware of the technical improvements in U-boat building and had to give intimate study to the subject and third, the Skagerrak battle caused serious damages to our boats. Their repair held up the construction of other boats."

Germany had decided to live up to international law and not sink merchantment without warning, continued Von Capelle, but he said he thought that in the fall of 1915 the Admiralty had issued a second order to attack British ships because Great Britain "poisoned against us" had made the work of U-boats very difficult by mines which covered the entire North Sea.

HUNS BELIEVED THEY COULD FORCE BRITAIN

TO A USABLE PEACE WITHIN FIVE MONTHS

Herr Struve woote to General Von Ludendorff urging more U-boats, Von Capelle added. Ludendorff replied in this matter that there was unanimity on this opinion in upper army circles in the Admiralty and among the General Staff.

Herr Sinsheimer attempted to elicit the exact purpose of the submarine campaign against Great Britain, whether it was the intention to crush Britain or merely to compel her to agree to a "usable peace."

Von Capelle replied: "We believed we could force England to a 'usable peace' within five months."

"Was the submarine war planned to make feeding of England impossible and therefore, make impossible the reaching of by England of her goal," asked Herr David.

"There was no hope in the navy that food or ammunition could be kept from England," replied Von Capelle sarcastically. "We should have been more suspicious of England."

VICTORY LOAN IS STEADILY CLIMBING UP

Toronto, Nov. 11.—The Victory Loan is sweeping on toward the \$400,000,000 mark, a total of \$354,942,032 having been reported up to noon today. The amount is distributed among provinces as follows:

British Columbia	\$15,509,042
Alberta	7,866,090
Saskatchewan	6,936,650
Manitoba	19,417,100
Ontario (Including Toronto)	201,821,600
Quebec (Including Montreal)	84,824,300
New Brunswick	6,320,650
Nova Scotia	11,559,400
P. E. I.	887,200

It should be noted that the figures for British Columbia and Alberta are up to Friday night, for Saskatchewan Manitoba, City of Montreal, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, up to Saturday night, and for Quebec and Ontario up to Monday night. The above total includes Toronto's figures up to noon today.

Toronto to date has collected \$83,253,356, this morning's work having netted \$2,600,000. Montreal up to Saturday night had reported \$68,410,650, Halifax \$4,275,950, up to Saturday night, and Quebec City, \$1,157,600.

VERDICT IN HOLD-UP CASE

Montreal, Nov. 12.—A verdict holding Frank Parrick, Willis Boykol, M. Banko and Steven Markow criminally responsible for the death of Pietro Shulham, who was shot and killed during a hold-up in a boarding house on October 28th, was returned yesterday by the coroner's jury.

Two of the four men are still at large, but Parrick and Boykol were arraigned yesterday before Judge Cusson and remanded for voluntary statement until next Tuesday.

BOMBSHELL EXPLODED IN COURT CASE

Sherbrooke, Que., Nov. 12.—A very sizeable bombshell and one which may lead to almost incalculable consequences, was burst in the court of King's Bench by N. K. Lafamme, K.C., attorney for the defence in the Cameron case, when he brought proof to show that the panel of the grand jury for this year had never been revised, and hence claimed that the entire session of the jury was illegal.

The matter came as the conclusion of a three hour speech in an effort to quash the true bill brought in against Clark Cameron, who is charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of a young girl in an auto accident, in which Mr. Lafamme brought up motion after motion, alleging irregularities in almost every department that had anything to do with the case. It was a general censuring of methods which, says Mr. Lafamme, "are carried on according to custom."

THE PRINCE'S GREETING

Washington, Nov. 11.—The Prince of Wales concluded the first day of his visit to the United States with a message of greeting tonight to the American people, in which he paid a warm tribute to the part played in the war by the army and navy of the United States. The Prince delivered his message in person at the National Press Club, and it marked the termination of probably as strenuous a day as the young heir to the British throne has spent since he landed on the American continent.

I. W. W. RAIDED IN THE WEST

Portland, Ore., Nov. 12.—Police last night raided I. W. W. headquarters here and took forty men who were attending a meeting, to the jail for investigation.

FOUR MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN LEGION SHOT ON ARMISTICE DAY

Members of the I. W. W. Are Suspected of the Crime—Secretary of the Local Branch Hanged by a Mob—Citizens Plan to Drive out the Radicals.

Centralia, Wash., Nov. 12.—State troops today patrolled this city where during an armistice day celebration yesterday four members of the American Legion were shot and killed by men said to be members of the Industrial Workers of the World and Britt Smith, Secretary of the local branch of the I. W. W. was hanged by a mob.

The reason for the attack, which came as the head of the parade swung past I. W. W. headquarters today, had not been developed fully but Herman Allen, an Attorney and member of a committee of former service men and others co-operating with the authorities in an investigation said evidence had been obtained that it was premeditated.

TO DRIVE OUT RADICALS.

Citizens today planned to drive all radicals from Centralia where they have been increasing for some time. Centralia was headquarters for Lewis County, Industrial Workers operating from here into the logging camps and other industrial pursuits of this section. American legion members expressed determination that every I. W. W. must leave the city.

One of the twenty men arrested in the sweeping search for I. W. W.'s following the attack, was said to have confessed plans were made months ago to "get Warren Grimm and Arthur McElfresh, two of those killed, and Wm. Schales and Captain David Livingston. The four had been active in suppressing radical activities in this community."

WILL HAVE MARBLE BUST OF THE PRINCE

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—To commemorate the placing of the corner stone in the peace tower by the Prince of Wales, and as a small token of the country's appreciation of the royal visit, a marble bust and pedestal of the Prince will be erected in the new parliament building.

The model, of white clay, was exhibited in the hall of the Commons on Saturday and Sunday and was greatly admired. The Prince is shown dressed in military style, and his expression, though dignified, is tinged with a slight smile that lights up his whole face. The whole is done in heroic size and is a striking resemblance of the Prince.

Col. W. H. Harrison, of St. John, is a guest at the Barker House. Mr. Frank C. Murchie, of Milltown, N. B., is a guest at the Barker.

DEATHS DUE TO SLEEPING SICKNESS

Winnipeg, Nov. 11.—Dr. J. Gordon Bell, provincial bacteriologist, announced today that two deaths had occurred in the city from lethargic cephalitis, or, as it has been called, "sleeping sickness." Four other persons are under treatment, suffering from the strange disease. The doctor asserts there is no cause for alarm; that the disease has no trace of epidemic symptoms and that every possible precaution has been taken to cope with the situation. It is not considered the true form of "sleeping sickness" prevalent in South Africa.

New Chimney Completed

The new chimney for the City Hall heating plant which is being built under contract by Mr. Newton Jarvis will be completed today.