

Wholesale Dry Goods and Woolens

House Furnishings
For Everybody

Lace Curtains
Scrim Curtains
Curtain Muslin and Drap-
eries of all kinds
Cottons and Casement
Cloths
White Bed Spreads
Towels, Napkins and Ta-
ble Linens
Oilcloths and Linoleums
Carpets, Rugs and Squares

Prices Lowest Possible. Goods sold to the Trade only.

Vassie & Company, Ltd.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND WOOLENS
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Our Motto: Promptness, Accuracy, Courtesy, Care.

FEEDS

Shorts, Bran, Oat Feed, Mixed Scratch
Hen Feed, Corn Chop, Corn Meal, Cracked
Corn

At lowest market rates.

G. W. HODGE

SWEET PEAS

CANNAS PAEONIES ROSES

Our list of the above embraces the finest named varieties in cultivation. A postal will bring our descriptive price list by return mail.

Farm and Garden Service

LEONARD C. BOX, F. R. H. S. - - - - - Manager
P. O. BOX 937, FREDERICTON, N. B.

Property for Sale

Buildings and lot on King street now occupied by the undersigned as a carriage factory.

For further particulars apply to
FRANK L. COOPER.

FOR SALE—An Eastman folding camera, 4x5, in good condition; will be sold at a bargain. Apply at the Mail Office.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 YearsAlways bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Whiskey floats more trouble than it drowns.

TIME FOR BAKING.

Beans—8 to 10 hours.
Beef—Sirloin, rare, per lb., 8 to 10 minutes; well done, per lb., 12 to 15 minutes; rolled rib or rump, per lb., 12 to 15 minutes; long or short fillet, 20 to 30 minutes.
Bread—Medium loaf, 40 to 60 min.
Cake—Plain, 20 to 40 minutes.
Biscuit—10 to 20 minutes.
Sponge Cake—45 to 60 minutes.
Chickens—3 to 4 lbs weight, 1 to one and a half hours.
Cookies—10 to 15 minutes.
Custards—15 to 20 minutes.
Duck (tame)—40 to 60 minutes.
Fish—6 to 8 lbs., 1 hour.
Gingerbread—20 to 30 minutes.
Graham Gems—30 minutes.
Lamb—Well done, per lb., 15 min.
Mutton—Rare, per lb., 10 minutes; well done, per lb., 15 minutes.
Pie crust—30 to 40 minutes.
Pork—Well done, per lb., 30 min.
Potatoes—30 to 45 minutes.
Pudding—Bread, rice and tapioca, 1 hour; plum, 2 to 3 hours.
Rolls—10 to 15 minutes.
Turkey—70 lbs., 3 hours.
Veal—Well done, per lb., 20 minutes.

BRIEF BUT USEFUL RECIPES.

Restore Gilt Frames.—Rub with a sponge moistened with turpentine.
Drive Away Ants.—A little quick lime placed in the infested places.
Remove Tar from Cloth.—Rub it with turpentine till every trace is removed.
Make Leather Waterproof.—Saturate it with castor oil; to stop shoes squeaking, drive a peg into the middle of the sole.
Clean the Hair.—Wash well with a mixture of soft water, 1 pint; sal soda 1 ounce; cream tartar ¼ ounce.
Egg Stains on Spoons.—Rub with common salt.
Clean Gloves.—Pour a little benzine into a basin and wash the gloves in it, rubbing and squeezing them until clean. If much soiled, they must be washed again through clean benzine and rinsed in a fresh supply. Hang in the air to dry.
Clean Hair Brushes.—Dissolve a little soda in warm water and pour in a small amount of ammonia. Hold the brushes with the bristles downward and avoid wetting the back as far as possible; shake until the grease is removed; then rinse in cold water and put in the air to dry.
Remove Mildew from Cloth.—Put a teaspoonful of chloride of lime into a quart of water, strain it twice, then dip the mildewed places in this weak solution and lay in the sun. If not effective the first time repeat.
How to Remove a Rusty Screw.—Apply a red hot iron to the head for applied immediately while the screw is hot.
Cure Mosquito Bites.—Put ten drops of refined carbolic acid into an ounce of rose water; shake well and apply. (If you hold your breath while a mosquito has its bill in you it cannot withdraw it until you breathe again).

TABLE OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

4 teaspoons of a liquid equal 1 table-
spoon.
4 tablespoons of a liquid equal ½ gill
or ¼ cup.
½ cup equals 1 gill.
2 gills equal one cup.
2 cups equal 1 pint.
2 pints (4 cups) equal 1 quart.
4 cups of flour equal 1 pound, or 1
quart.
2 cups of butter, solid, equals 1 lb.
½ cup of butter, solid, equals ¼ lb.
or 4 ounces.
2 cups of granulated sugar equal 1 lb.
2½ cups of powdered sugar equal 1 lb.
1 pint of milk or water equals 1 lb.
1 pint of chopped meat equals 1 lb.
10 eggs, shelled, equal 1 pound.
4 tablespoons of flour equal 1 ounce.
8 eggs with shells equal 1 pound.
2 tablespoons of butter equal 1 ounce.
2 tablespoons of granulated sugar
equal 1 ounce.
4 tablespoons of butter equal 2 ounces
or ¼ cup.
4 tablespoons of coffee equal 1 ounce.
1 tablespoon of liquid equals a half-
ounce.

YORK HOTEL

G. HOWARD YOUNG, Proprietor.
Corner Westmorland and King Sts.
Good accommodation and service.
Coach and Auto Service to all trains
and boats. Stable in connection.

OLD ROMAN
SMELTER FOUND
IN ENGLAND

London, June 18.—At the meeting of the Cumberland and Westmorland Antiquarian Society it was reported that Miss Mary Fair of Eskdale had made an interesting discovery of a Roman bloomery or ancient smelting furnace. Her attention was drawn to the place by the work of moles, which recently exposed some of the remains and again by the burning of the whins formerly concealing the hearth and other features of the bloomery.

The place is about 300 yards south-west of Forest How and on both sides of the road leading to Muncaster Head it is therefore close to the line of the Roman road between Ravenglass and Hardknott and less than three-quarters of a mile from the Roman lime kilns beside that road.

By some exploration with a spade Miss Fair traced the foundations of a great hearth twelve yards in diameter, and a number of heaps of cinders, slag and ore. She turned up also specimens of Roman tiles with pottery, slag and hematite. One of the pottery specimens is part of the lip of a Roman amphora. The others are small and fragmentary, but apparently Roman.

The size of the hearth of the Forest How bloomery marks it as different from the ordinary north country mediæval iron furnaces, which run from seven to nine or ten feet in diameter whereas the one found by Miss Fair is twelve yards across. She appears to have been so fortunate as to discover a smelting furnace of the Roman age. This site appears to be worth further exploration, and probably the money will be found by the antiquarian society's research fund.

IMPORTANT
INFORMATION IN
PARLIAMENT

Ottawa, June 19.—An indication that the time is approaching when Parliament will be able to occupy the new Parliament buildings was given in the Commons this morning when Hon. F. B. Carvell moved for the appointment of a committee to confer with a Senate committee in regard to the allocation of space in the new buildings.

During question time, Mr. Parent was informed that the government steamer Lady Evelyn has been sold to the St. Lawrence Shipping and Trading Company for \$40,000, \$30,000 of which has been paid. This balance is being held pending the settlement of a claim that complete equipment was not delivered with the ship. He was also told that the steamer Princess has been sold to Mr. J. A. Farquhar, of Halifax, for \$46,555 cash.

Mr. G. H. Burnham asked if it is a fact that positions announced as open for application in the government service are held open so long that returned soldier applicants get no satisfaction and "how to give it up."

Mr. Burrell in reply stated that all vacancies are reported to the Civil Service Commission and requisitions are dealt with as quickly as possible. When more important positions are to be filled they are advertised for about thirty days in order to allow applicants at distant points to apply. Any delay that occurs is due to necessity for making full investigation into the merits of applicants.

In committee on the tariff resolution Dr. Michael Clark asked the Finance Minister to explain the principle under which rolled iron, steel sheet, etc., were placed on the free list.

The Minister replied that this action had already been taken by order-in-council which now becomes a part of the customs act. These articles, he explained, are free only when imported by manufacturers for use in their own factories.

TRAINED
FORESTERS
IN DEMAND

The increasing realization of the value of technical forestry training is proved by the number of corporations in eastern Canada which now employ men with such teaching. Among these are the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. and the following timber-owning concerns: Laurentide Company, Riordan Pulp & Paper Company, St. Maurice Paper Company, Brown Corporation, Belgo-Canadian Pulp and Paper Company, and Canada Paper Company.

It is expected that both the Abitibi Power and Paper Company and the W. B. Snowball Company will establish forestry departments in the near future. The latter formerly employed a forester.

The Laurentide and Riordan Companies are already engaged upon extensive reforestation propaganda, and the Abitibi company is expecting to follow suit in the near future.

Aside from forest nursery and planting work, foresters in private employ in Canada have thus far found the greatest demand for their services in connection with forest mapping and cruising. There is an increasing recognition of the superior results accomplished along these lines by men with technical forestry training, supplemented by practical experience.

Like other members of the engineering profession, the forester recognizes fully the necessity of securing practical experience after graduation, before he is ready for a position involving responsibility and the exercise of mature judgment.

The forestry profession is still one of the youngest on this continent. The time is, however, rapidly approaching when foresters in both public and private employ will wield a much greater influence than at present in so shaping the methods of logging, that cut-over lands will be left in a condition to produce successive crops of timber indefinitely. Present methods of logging are, as a rule, destructive rather than constructive, in that the productive capacity of the soil is largely destroyed as a result of the way in which the operation is carried on.

A man may succeed in forgetting the past; but the future will remember him.

Did you ever console yourself with the thought that some people look happy because ignorance is bliss?

Wood's Phosphorine.
The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins, cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Lascivency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mail in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., "Globe" Bldg., Montreal, Canada.

WHY CAN'T I
GET TO SLEEP?

Thousands of people all over the country ask this question, but still continue to toss night after night on a sleepless bed, and it is impossible for them to get a full night's refreshing sleep.

Some constitutional disturbance, worry or disease has so debilitated and irritated the nervous system that it cannot be quietened except by the pernicious use of opiates or narcotics. Or again, you have heart palpitation and sensation of sinking a feeling you are going to die, or perhaps you wake up in your sleep feeling as though you were about to choke or smother, and the only way you can get relief is to sit up in bed.

To all who suffer in this way, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills offer an inestimable boon. They bring back the much needed night's rest by improving the tone of the nerves, strengthen the heart, enriching the blood and making the whole organization act in harmony—then you sleep as peacefully as a child.

Mrs. Jas. Latimer, 39 Leinster St., St. John, N. B. writes:—"At night I could not sleep. I had to sit up in bed my heart beat so fast, and when I walked up stairs I would get all out of breath. A friend recommended Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after using two boxes, I can sleep all night and am not out of breath after walking."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

PROFITEERING
ON RENTS

New York is dealing with the question of high rents in what seems to be a very effective way. It has appointed a Committee on rent profiteering, which is now hearing complaints and making adjustments. In two days recently the New York committee made satisfactory adjustments of 529 rent disputes between tenants and landlords. When a complaint is filed the landlord is notified to appear and justify the increase if he can. Should the landlord fail or not prove amenable to reason the committee notifies David Hirschfeld, Commissioner of Accounts, who has the power of subpoena. If the Commissioner finds that the rents are excessive he notifies the Assessment Department that the assessed valuation should be raised proportionately. In the 529 adjustments referred to some of the landlords agreed to make no increase on condition that the tenants sign a year's lease; others accepted \$1 a month increase and a year's lease; a few agreed to \$1 a month now and another \$1 in October.

If you are looking for trouble and can't afford to buy an automobile, buy a mule.

Half the world is still kept busy correcting the mistakes of the other half.

Free speech continues to prove its right to get the speaker into trouble.

Well, at any rate none of the fault-finders have so far called the highway bridge floor a jazz floor.

GOOD FORM

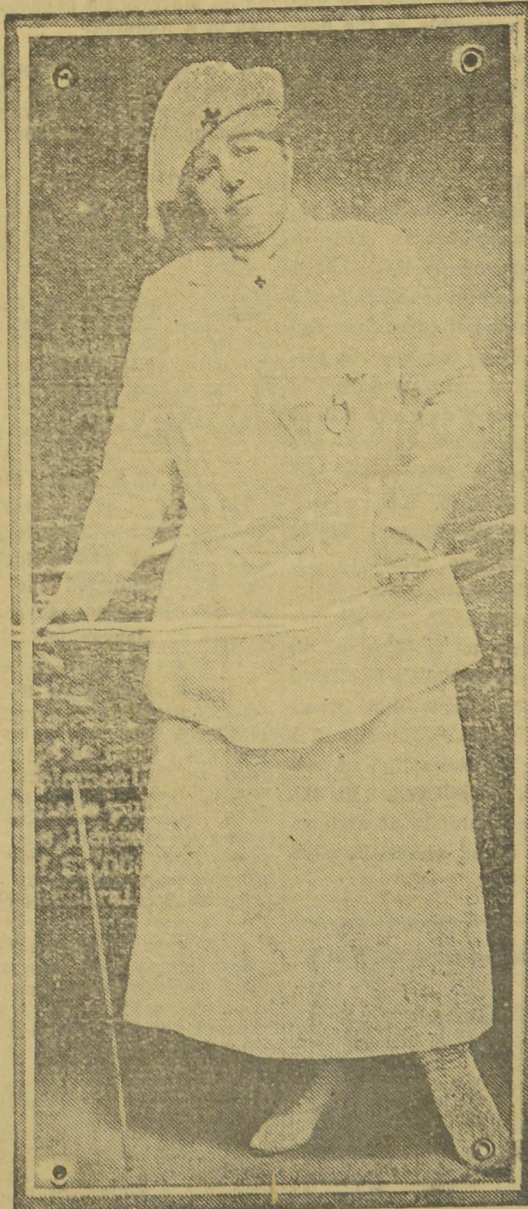
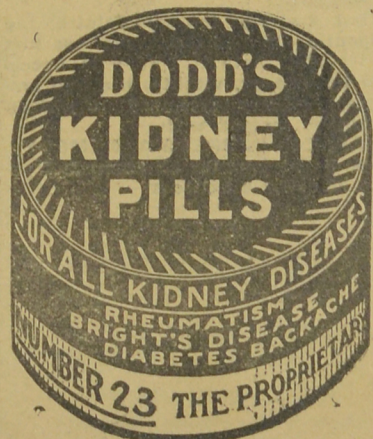
When you make a call by letter, it should get the same care you would give to a personal call. You dress correctly yourself, and courtesy requires the same formal correctness in your writing paper.

CRANE'S LINEN LAWN
CRANE'S HIGHLAND LINEN
CRANE'S EARLY GEORGIAN
CRANE'S QUARTERED OAK

Either of the above Writing Papers will properly represent you on any occasion.

We invite you to come and inspect our extensive display of these elegant papers.

The McMurray Book & Stationery Co., Ltd.



IDA H. MCGLONE GIBSON,
Author of "Confessions of an Everyday Wife," now running
as a serial in The Daily Mail.