

11 OUT OF 83

cases ended in death! So a recent Canadian investigation showed. These were not cases of infectious diseases—of consumption—of typhoid! They were cases where a person had sustained some slight injury—a cut, a burn, a wire-prick—and where the wound, being thought not serious enough for careful treatment, had been neglected. Blood-poisoning and death resulted.

When you or your children sustain any injury, ensure against infection by applying Zam-Buk. This balm soothes the pain, stops bleeding, and by destroying all germs prevents blood-poisoning, etc. Hence no time need be lost from work or pleasure by those who use Zam-Buk. All dealers, 50c. box.

Zam-Buk

IT WAS HER TALISMAN

(N. Y. Sun.)

She is fine, tall and comely, but now, since the war, during which she did fine work among the canteens and ambulances, she has become the despair of the family.

She comes and goes in and out at all hours, and the family simply look at each other after the manner of persons who have an ingrowing problem.

Recently a suitor appeared and the family took heart—maybe after all she would marry and settle down—and somebody had the nerve to speak to her about it.

She waited until the speech was made, and the suitor was pointed out to her as her one way out of a vast difficulty.

Then she waved her arms, in fine youthful abandon—waited about the room and finally struck the attitude of Liberty with the torch.

"I wouldn't give up what I hold here in my hand," she proclaimed, "for all the men on earth—nor for all the homes on earth. Never shall I relinquish it! It is my pillar of salt by day and my torch by night. It is the talisman of my existence."

"Merciful heavens!" exclaimed the whole family in one breath, "what in the world is it?"

Then this person of the shining eyes and of ambulances, canteens, and suffrage propaganda, opened her hand, and there lay the talisman—her night key.

The family is mighty peeved.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A pure, reliable remedy for all cases of itching, No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$2.00; No. 3, \$5.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly "Hidase").

When cooking apples add a pinch of salt. It will make them more tender.

When the cream seems on the turn add a pinch of soda and it will not curdle, even in hot cocoa or coffee.

Scatter salt on a carpet when sweeping. It has a cleansing effect and keeps away moths.

McQUEEN AND FRIEL REPORTS TO COME UP ON THURSDAY

Notice of Motion Given in the Legislature Last Evening by Premier Foster—Bill Relating to Jurors and Juries is Further Considered—Municipalities Given Authority to Increase the Pay of Jurors to \$3 per Day—Grand Jurors May Also be Paid.

The Friel and Currie reports will come up for consideration in the Legislature on Thursday of this week. This was decided upon last evening when the House consented to a motion by Premier Foster making consideration of the reports the order of the day for Thursday.

The act respecting juries and jurors, an important government bill was practically put through the committee stage last evening. As several sections are to have further consideration the Attorney General allowed progress to be reported on the bill.

Assembly Chamber, March 24th 1919. The House met at eight-thirty p. m. MR. POTTS introduced a bill to amend the Act to provide for the government of Saint John by an elective commission.

MR. HUNTER introduced a bill to enable certain parishes of the County of York and the Towns of Marysville and Devon to establish a Municipal Home.

MR. MAGEE pursuant to notice, moved for the suspension of Rule 73, to permit of the introduction of a bill incorporating the Associated Alumnae of the University of New Brunswick. He explained that the young ladies seeking the legislation had published the required notice in the Royal Gazette, but had neglected to insert it in one of the Fredericton newspapers. As the proposed Association was not for personal gain, he hoped that hon. members would allow the bill to go to the Standing Rules Committee.

HON. MR. FOSTER moved, seconded by Hon. Mr. Veniot that consideration of the Reports of Commissioner James McQueen on the Potato Enquiry and of Commissioner James Friel on the charges preferred against Hon. William Currie, be made the order of the day for Thursday next.

The House then went into Committee with Mr. Magee in the chair and took up consideration of the Bill relating to Juries and Jurors.

The House went into Committee, Mr. Magee in the Chair, and resumed consideration of the Bill relating to Juries and Jurors.

MR. SWEENEY asked the Hon. Attorney General if it was the intention to increase the fees of Petit or Grand Jurors. Several petitions had been presented in Westmorland County to the effect that such be done. It was not fair to require the services of either class of jurymen when fees were insufficient to meet expenses.

HON. MR. BYRNE replied that Section 57 of the bill dealt with the matter.

MR. PINDER said it was time something was done to increase jurors fees. It was not sensible to expect them to perform duty for what was paid heretofore. He moved for fee of \$3.00 per day.

HON. MR. BYRNE said he had an amendment to offer. He would draw attention to the fact that Grand Jurymen never had been paid. He thought it proper to vest in the County Councils power to pay fees to Grand Jurors and also mileage. He would move for \$2.00 per day for Petit Jurors in addition to the existing fee of \$1.00 per day and \$3.00 per day and 10c per mile for Grand Jurors. Up to the present time the office of Grand Jurymen had been considered purely honorary, and an important portion of the administration of the laws. Probably there was a divided feeling concerning the propriety of paying fees to Grand Jurors. This bill, however, provided for the calling of men for jury service not oftener than once in two years.

MR. PINDER said it was unfair to leave it to the municipal councils to decide what fees should be paid. The smallness of Petit Jurors fees and the fact that no fees were paid Grand Jurors was largely the reason better juries were not selected. The payment of board and similar expenses had become a serious matter and in many cases men had to come thirty or forty miles to attend court.

Pay for Grand Jurors

MR. PECK said he was in favor of paying fees to Grand Jurors, he believed in fixing the rate of payment in the whole province and saw no harm in incorporating a provision to that effect in the bill.

MR. SUTTON took the same view, as the hon. members for York and Albert. He gave statistics of Jury fees in other provinces of Canada. This matter had come to the front several times recently. He believed both Grand and Petit Jurymen should be paid.

MR. YOUNG said that \$3.00 per day was not too much for a jurymen's fee. The House should fix a uniform fee for the whole province and not leave the matter to the County Councils. Every two years municipal councillors had to face an election, and for that reason many of them would be afraid to deal with this matter.

Court House Warmers

MR. POTTS said there was once a time when "Court House Warmers" were plentiful, and constituted the great majority of jurymen summoned for duty. Under those conditions there might be an element of danger in increasing the jury fees. However, under the Act as before the Committee this would be done away with. He was of the opinion that the House could well fix the amount of the fees. He could see that in rural municipalities grave hardship would be worked on account of distance and expense under the system heretofore in force.

MR. TILLEY was in favor of the House fixing uniform fees, and not leaving the matter to the Municipal Councils, which would very likely adopt varying fees. The largest amount suggested was little more than a nominal fee for the purpose of meeting expenses. \$3.00 per day was not too much. It was well to remember that jury service was most important in the administration of the law but there should be sufficient recompense to prevent jurymen being penalized by performing that service.

Should Be Paid

MR. PINDER pointed out that nobody connected with a case worked for nothing, except the Grand Jurymen. The Attorneys and the Judges he considered well paid men. The Jurors deserved larger fees.

MR. MICHAUD was in accord with what had been said by his hon. friends on the opposite side. The precedent of non-payment of grand jurymen could well be departed from. \$3.00 per day would not be an excessive fee and upon resolution by the municipal councils such fee could be paid.

HON. MR. BYRNE pointed out that neither Nova Scotia nor Prince Edward Island paid grand jurors. He considered the argument with regard to expenses a good one, but there also was the question of duty. He was prepared to accept a decision concerning fixed fees but he believed that in some counties there might be a feeling against making an increase. He suggested uniformity in the matter of Petit Jurymen's fees, by the addition of \$2.00 per day to the fee of \$1.00 per day. The grand jurymen could receive \$3.00 per day, making the fee the same for both. The municipalities had to pay the money, and on that account should have the power of deciding whether or not the increase should be made. The province never had paid this money. With increased fees it would mean an annual expenditure of some \$12,000 or \$15,000. It would be a fair and honest stand to take to put this matter fairly up to the municipal councils. In New Brunswick the municipalities did not bear the burdens which were borne by municipalities in other provinces. Notably they were free of heavy expenditures on highways. The matter of increasing jury fees would not bear heavily upon them.

MR. TILLEY quoted that last year the sum paid in jury fees had been \$5,361.70.

HAD SEVERE COLD AND TICKLING SENSATION IN THE THROAT.

How many people have lost a good night's sleep by that nasty, tickling in the throat.

This trouble is most distressing, and is caused from a cold that has settled irritating sensation in the throat?

The dry, hard cough keeps you awake, and when you get up in the morning you feel as if you had had no rest at all.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, which is composed of the most soothing and healing expectorant herbs and barks, combined with the lung healing virtues of the world-famous Norway pine tree, will give almost instant relief in all cases of this nature.

Mrs. G. C. Routley, Bright, Ont., writes: "I take great pleasure in writing you of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup."

For several weeks I was troubled with a severe cold, and a tickling in the throat. I tried numerous remedies but found no relief until I used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, which I had heard so much about, and on taking one bottle got instant relief. I highly recommend it to those who need a quick cure."

So great has been the success of "Dr. Wood's" in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., it is only natural that many imitations have been placed on the market. The genuine is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees, the unfactured by the T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

The Premier's View

HON. MR. FOSTER said the matter of jury fees was not one of remuneration. A juror summoned to perform his duty in the administration of the law should not expect remuneration. The increasing of jury fees was entirely a matter of aiding the meeting of expenses which had considerably increased during recent years. By the payment of grand jurors the jury system would be entirely changed. Conditions varied in the different counties in the matter of selecting juries. In St. John he knew that the majority of jurymen were selected from the city, and beyond taking time from their business were not put to expense. In the rural municipalities conditions differed entirely, and a jurymen might be selected from a district most remote from a shiretown. In view of that fact the matter of increasing the fees could well be left to the municipal councils. If the province were to pay the fees a flat rate could be applied to all.

MR. SMITH (Carleton) said this question should be approached with care. It was true that conditions varied according to the county, but this bill would change the entire system. In the past there always had been a set of men ready and willing to serve on juries, and who lived within easy reach of the Court House. But after this Act was enforced such would not be the case. A jurymen might be selected from a place miles away and it was only just that his expenses should be met.

The municipalities always were fearful of increasing taxation, even more than was the legislature. It would be a good thing if uniform fees could be selected, but it was true the conditions varied in the various counties.

Reasonable Proposal

MR. SWEENEY said he believed the proposition of the Attorney General was reasonable. All sympathized with the feeling of the jurymen that they should receive enough to meet their expenses, but it would be best to leave the decision with regard to increase in the hands of the municipal councils. The Act was a good one and he believed it would work out. By it the means for increasing the fees were provided. The allowance suggested for grand jurors was not unreasonable. Municipal councillors frequently were summoned on grand juries and they were familiar with conditions. There was not much force to the argument for uniformity in fees. He knew that this proposal would be the ground work of the petty canvas that the government was attempting to unload extra burdens on the municipalities. That had been heard already and would be heard. It was very unfair. The councils could decide what was necessary and it would be no mistake to leave the matter with them.

Mr. Pinder's Kick

MR. PINDER quoted from the Auditor General's report amounts paid various lawyers in connection with the administration of justice. He also remarked that the province was paying the salary of an Attorney General and a Deputy Attorney General. If economy were urged it might be well to

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have those two officials attend to the duties for which they were paid instead of employing lawyers outside the Department.

HON. MR. BYRNE reminded the hon. member for York that the matter of criminal prosecutions was not under consideration. At the same time if the hon. member would look into the matter he would find that the cost under the present administration would compare favorably with that under the late government. It was impossible for the Attorney General to attend all circuits but he could truthfully say that he had attended as many as had his predecessors. The hon. member had cited a payment to John R. Dunn of Queens County. He (Byrne) had gone into Queens to conduct a criminal prosecution and although he knew Mr. Dunn to be of the opposite political faith he had employed him to assist him as he felt it was in the interest of justice to do so. It could not be said, therefore that he had displayed any partisan spirit in the matter.

The amendment was adopted. Section 57 provides that petit jurors be paid for attendance at court the sum of \$1 per day, and that they be allowed ten cents per mile for travelling expenses.

HON. MR. BYRNE proposed an amendment to this section, which provides for additional payment for petit jurors of a sum not exceeding two dollars per day by the Municipal Council, and that grand jurors be allowed a sum not exceeding three dollars per day and travelling expenses of ten cents per mile.

MR. PINDER proposed an amendment to the amendment that the sum of three dollars per day be paid to jurors out of provincial funds.

MR. MICHAUD claimed that if the amendment of the hon. member for York was adopted, jurors would be able to draw pay at the rate of six dollars per day.

MR. TILLEY explained that the object of the hon. member for York was to relieve the municipalities of any liability in the matter.

MR. MICHAUD claimed that the hon. member for York's amendment was not in order.

HON. MR. VENIOT said that the hon. member for York was simply

moving a second amendment to section 57, which he claimed he had no right to do.

The chairman declared Mr. Pinder's amendment to be out of order.

The committee divided on Hon. Mr. Byrne's amendment, and it was adopted by a vote of fifteen to nine.

The remaining sections of the bill and the schedules were adopted by the committee.

HON. MR. BYRNE at the request of Mr. Michaud moved that progress be reported with leave to sit again.

MR. MURRAY (Kings) asked for leave of absence for Mr. Taylor of Charlotte until Monday next. He said that the hon. member had informed him by telephone that the influenza epidemic at St. George was still very serious.

Adjourned at 11.30 p.m.

Lemons Beautify! Make Quarter Pint of Lotion, Cheap

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to bleach the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the neck, face, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

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