

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

North and northeast winds, mostly fair and cold; Tuesday fair and cold.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1919

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GREAT BRITAIN FACED WITH THE SITUATION OF DISORGANIZED INDUSTRY

Sir Robert Balfour Discusses the Recent British Embargo — Says it is Not a Matter of Free Trade or Protection — Great Industries Rendered Unproductive by the War Must be Re-established and Reorganized.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Sir Robert Balfour, discussing the recent British embargo order upon his arrival here from Liverpool Saturday, declared that it was not a matter of free trade or protection, in the fiscal sense, but one of self-preservation of British industries which have been disorganized and rendered unproductive by the war.

Sir Robert, who is an officer of the importing firm of Balfour, Williamson & Company, of this city, and Balfour, Guthrie & Company of San Francisco, and a Liberal member of the British parliament from the Glasgow district, said that the United Kingdom and her dominions had passed through a period of great trial and difficulty.

"They have borne more of the heat and burden of the day, he added, than any other nation. During that period the country had to scrap many industries and to replace them with the manufacture of munitions of war for itself and its allies. The war ended suddenly and it was found that a great many industries on which the life of the country depends, were not in a productive or working condition.

The War Has Caused Great Britain to Become More of a Debtor Than a Creditor

In short, he continued, the country is faced with the situation of disorganized industry. During the war Great Britain has become more a debtor than a creditor. This has placed the country in a less favorable position of exchanges, notably American, so that both industrial and financial considerations are involved. This is the underlying cause of the action that has been criticized.

Sir Robert said he regretted the criticism against the embargo contained in several senatorial shocks. "It could well afford," he said, "to be of a friendly character, which would be more in line with the proposal of the league of nations that we propose to inaugurate.

WAR WITH HUNS NOT YET WON, MERELY A LULL IN THE STORM

Paris, Feb. 10.—"While I have said that the war has been won, it would possess more accuracy to say there is a lull in the storm," said Premier Clemenceau, in the course of an interview with the Associated Press today. "At least," he added, "it is as well to face squarely all the possibilities." Although Germany had been beaten militarily and had been largely disarmed, there still remained, the Premier pointed out, "a chaotic but fruitful Russia from which great hope may be drawn by the Teutons. "There would be danger, he thought, of a "re-opening of the military debate" if it were not for the assurance President Wilson had voiced recently that whenever France or any other free people were menaced, the whole world would be ready to vindicate its liberty.

JAPAN'S OFFER IS ACCEPTED

Vladivostok, Feb. 8.—(By W. E. Playfair, Canadian Press Correspondent)—Reports from Omsk state that the Russian government has accepted the Japanese offer of men, money and arms to settle the Bolshevik difficulty. This step is due to reports that the Allies are to withdraw their forces from Siberia and also to a fear that the conference at Prince's Islands will result in recognition of the Bolshevik. In return for this the Japanese secure iron and coal concessions in Priamur district. The Canadian red cross here has been reorganized with Col. Douglas Young as Assistant Commander, replacing commander Holmes who has been invalided home.

ROYALIST CHIEF IS MURDERED

Lisbon, Feb. 10.—It is announced in reports from A-vaire that Captain De Palva Couceiro, the royalist leader, has been wounded probably in fighting at Lamego or Vizau, which have been taken by republican forces.

OPERA SINGER DEAD.

New York, Feb. 10.—Mrs. T. Waldo Story, well known in the United States and in Europe as Bessie Abbot, an opera singer, died at her home here last night, after an illness of several months.

WANT FORTY HOUR WEEK

Dublin, Feb. 10.—The All-Ireland labor conference, held here on Saturday, adopted a programme calling for a forty-four hour week and an increase of 150 per cent. in wages over pre-war rates, with an absolute minimum of fifty shillings per week. All the results of the conferences have been passed on to the various labor unions for decision, it being stipulated that the unions action on the programme should be submitted to the national executive committee by March 1.—The conference passed a resolution pledging support to the Belfast strikers.

BURNED WILSON IN EFFIGY

Washington, Feb. 10.—Sixty-five members of the National Woman's party were arrested last night by civil military police after they had burned President Wilson in effigy in front of the White House as a protest against the threatened defeat of the equal suffrage resolution in the Senate today. Several thousand persons watched the demonstration, but there was little disorder.

When taken to police station the women, who represented sixteen states refused to furnish bond for their release, and were placed in the house of detention to await trial.

SOUTH DEVON RESIDENCE RANSACKED

Clew Left by One Housebreaker—Matrimonial Rumors at Marysville—Changes of Residence.

Marysville, N. B., Feb. 10.—The residence of Mr. William Saunders in South Devon, on the Marysville Road was forcibly entered a short time ago and ransacked from top to bottom. Mr. and Mrs. Saunders have been absent from home for some time, and the house was closed up. Entrance was affected by breaking a kitchen window through which the prowler entered. Whether or not anything has been stolen, cannot be determined until Mr. Saunders returns home. In his exit the party left behind him a very strong clue to his identity, and as soon as Mr. Saunders returns home, the matter will be thoroughly investigated. In the meantime a sharp watch is being exercised over the house and premises.

Mrs. Arthur Hurley formerly of Cross Creek, York county, who is removing to St. John is visiting Mrs. J. J. Sullivan for a few days.

Messrs Thomas Harrison and Charles Booth were here from Minto to spend the week end with friends. They returned to Minto this morning.

Mrs. Wesley Capen and family left Saturday evening for Milltown where Mr. Capen is located. On Friday evening a number of friends assembled and tendered Mrs. Capen and family a farewell party. A very enjoyable evening was spent, and the gathering dispersed after wishing Mrs. Capen every success in their new home.

Tonight is ladies' night at the Dawson Club. A bowling tournament has been arranged for the evening which will no doubt be very exciting.

Mr. and Mrs. William Johnstone spent the week end with friends at Kingsclear.

Two of Marysville's "charming widows" are soon to re-enter the state of matrimony, also one of our popular young bachelors will enter the same state.

Mr. and Mrs. James Forbes of Fredericton spent Sunday with friends in Marysville.

Mr. Charles F. Fisher is recovering from his recent illness.

Master Byron Fisher son of Mr. Herbert Fisher is still confined to his room.

Mrs. Samuel Bird has returned from a visit to relatives at Chatham.

Rev. C. G. Pincombe occupied the pulpit at the Baptist church at South Devon yesterday.

Mrs. Harold W. Smith has returned to Arlington, Mass. after visiting her

Good Progress Being Made With the Preliminary Work

U.N.B. DEBATORS CHOSEN TO MEET MOUNT ALLISON

On Saturday evening the final trial debate was held at the University of New Brunswick before Dr. W. C. Keirstead, Dr. H. V. B. Bridges and Mr. C. D. Richards as judges to choose the team for the debate against Mount Allison. The team chosen consists of George T. Mitton, Moncton, Senior, Joseph Sears, Barker's Point, Sophomore, and C. M. Burpee, Fredericton, Freshmen. The debate will take place on March 21st at the City Opera House Fredericton on the subject "Resolved that our Dominion Government should nationalize all our Canadian Railways." The U. N. B. debaters will take the negative side of the argument.

WOOD ALCOHOL IS BAD BOOZE

Sudbury, Ont., Feb. 9.—One man is dead and three are in St. Joseph's Hospital here, while others are sick at a lumber camp near Kashbaw from drinking wood alcohol. A foreigner admits taking the liquor into the camp and he is under arrest. He says he got it in Montreal.

PASTOR DROPPED DEAD. Weymouth, Mass., Feb. 9.—Rev. Henry C. Alvord, pastor of the Old South Congregational Church of South Weymouth, dropped dead at the church service last night. Death was due to heart failure. He had been pastor of the church for thirty three years.

mother Mrs. G. B. Hanson.

Miss May Brown has returned to New York after visiting relatives here. Mr. Robert McArthur of Hopedale, Mass. is here engaged in adjusting some draper looms at the cotton mill. Miss Pearl Osborne has recovered from her recent illness and is out again.

Miss Grace Robinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Robinson is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning. The sewing circle of the Methodist Church will meet Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. Rowley Manzer.

Dr. and Mrs. C. C. McCoy of Fredericton were visitors in town yesterday.

Mrs. H. P. Pond of South Devon was a visitor here yesterday.

POISONOUS BOOZE SUPPLIED TO RETURNED SOLDIERS AT QUEBEC

Commander of Clearing Station Complains of the Work of Bootleggers — Whiskey Sold at the Train in Cases, and Civic Authorities Do Nothing to Stop It.

QUEBEC, Feb. 10.—"It is all very well to say the soldiers should not take liquor, but if the authorities here permit the bootlegging to continue openly, I don't know where this thing is going to end," said Lieut. Colonel Marriott, O. C. Canadian Clearing Service, here last night, commenting upon the trouble which his staff is having with returned men under the influence of liquor.

"The situation is becoming worse all the time," he stated, "and last night the C. P. R. refused to pull out the train as nearly half the party of 350 men were fighting drunk and we had great difficulty in handling them later. Three of the men were so badly drugged from the poisonous liquor they drank that they narrowly pulled through."

Colonel Marriott said the bootleggers brought the liquor down to the train in cases and sold it to the soldiers without any action being taken on the part of the city authorities. This is the second time that Col. Marriott has denounced the inactivity of the authorities and he declares the situation is much worse than before the Scott Act came into effect.

Punishment of Deserters.

Criticism has come from Ontario on the way absentees under the Military Service Act are let off with light fines in the police court at Quebec, and Saturday Judge Langhri commenting on these criticisms, said: "It seems that in Ontario the sentiment would require that all absentees be sent to the penitentiary. We do not feel that way. We judge each individual case according to its own plain merits, and according to our own conscience, not according to the conscience of the judges in Ontario."

Society of Nations Will Soon be Established—The Fourteenth Article Has Been Reached by the Committee—Hopeful That Future Wars Will Be Prevented—Lesser Commissions are Also Making Some Headway.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—"The most important of the preliminary work of establishing a society of nations has been concluded," said Professor Ferdinand Larunde, dean of the law faculty of the University of Paris, and, with Leon Bourgeois, a French delegate on the commission on a society of nations, in discussing the work of the commission today.

"We have reached the fourteenth article," he continued, "and we expect to conclude preliminary discussions early next week. The articles which have been adopted deal with the desires of the society to prevent future wars. What remains to be investigated concerns international commerce and financial affairs, and we expect the delegates to agree promptly.

Commissions Will Soon be Able to Report A Number of Important Projects

Such headway has been made by some of the lesser commissions of the peace conference with the plans before them that it is expected these commissions will be ready to report a number of important projects to the conference for its action almost immediately after the report of the commission on the society of nations is disposed of. The commission itself, while it appears likely to drop into a more leisurely pace after the departure of President Wilson and Premier Orlando of Italy, and in the absence of Premier Lloyd George of England, who has already left Paris, plans to undertake the discussion of some of these topics. Interesting debates are expected.

Foreign Minister Pichon Does Not Think Prince's Island Conference Will be Held

Stephen Pichon, the French foreign minister, in his weekly talk to the foreign newspaper correspondents, spoke mainly of Russia, particularly on the situation resulting from the Moscow soviet government's acceptance of the invitation to the conference on Prince's Islands.

M. Pichon discouraged the idea that such a conference will really be held, and pointed out that a message from the soviet government had not replied to the invitation, which only contemplated a meeting of the Russian factions themselves for the purpose of trying to agree on some plan for the benefit of their country. It was not the understanding, he said, that the representatives of the Entente should do more than try to bring the Russians together, and he declared that there was no such purpose of entering into negotiations with the Bolshevik government. To do so, M. Pichon said, would be to encourage the Bolshevik to declare triumphantly to their people that the Allies were completely beaten and at their mercy.

NAVAL LEAGUE FAVORS NAVY FOR CANADA

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 8.—The Dominion convention of the Navy League of Canada at their meeting this morning went on record that the "Navy League of Canada is in favor of a naval policy for Canada which will have regard to the needs of the entire British Empire and in deciding upon such a policy, political exigencies should be disregarded and the opinion of the most eminent naval strategists alone considered. And the fundamental idea shall be empire naval defence and that the fleet units may be either acquired or built and that the Dominions shall retain control of their ships and equipment and that the whole shall be of the best, and that in times of war all the fleets shall be under one supreme command."

The large sum of \$900,000 will be sent to England in connection with work among the sailors, and their dependents. Grants will be made to dependents of seamen in Canada on the same basis as the men in the Canadian Navy. The League will continue paying these until such time as a merchant seaman's pensions act is enacted in Canada, funds permitting.

U. S. TO RAISE SIX BILLIONS

Washington, Feb. 9.—The House tonight concluded its work on the record breaking war revenue bill by adopting, 310 to 11, after six hours discussion the conference agreement on the measure. It now goes to the senate for final approval, which is expected early next week.

The conference report which proposes to raise six billion dollars in taxes this year and more than four billions annually, will be taken up by the senate after disposal of the woman suffrage resolution Monday, or if delayed on Tuesday.

GERMAN CARS BURNED WITH LOSS OF LIFE

Paris, Feb. 10.—Two railway coaches, recently handed over to France by Germany, played a most important part in a puzzling fatality on the Paris to Metz railway line last night, in which five persons lost their lives. Sixteen persons were injured.

Train No. 47, bound for Metz, had just entered the tunnel at Nanteuil when the passengers occupying the two coaches handed over by Germany began to experience trouble in breathing, and strong, obnoxious gases began to fill the coaches.

The passengers smashed the windows, but as soon as fresh air came in contact with the gases the coaches became a mass of fire. The passengers, in terror, fled to the track in the dark tunnel. A train going in the opposite direction crashed into them and five were killed.

Of the sixteen injured, eight suffered only from the effects of asphyxiating gas. An official statement given out by the railroad company says:

"The fire in the coaches was not due to any defect in the lighting or heating apparatus nor to a hot box. The presence of the obnoxious gases is still unexplained. Both coaches were consumed by the flames."

PARIS HONORS ROOSEVELT

Paris, Feb. 9.—President Wilson and United States secretary Lansing attended a memorial service in honor of Theodore Roosevelt in the American Church in the Rue de Berri this afternoon.

Henri White of the American Peace Commission, and Arthur J. Balfour, the British foreign Secretary attended a similar memorial service at the American church of the Holy Trinity in the afternoon.