

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Moderate winds, mostly north and east, fair and moderately cold today and on Saturday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

COMPULSORY SERVICE PROPOSED FOR BRITISH ARMY OF OCCUPATION

Bill Introduced in the House of Commons by Capt. Guest—Army will be Composed of 900,000 Men—Government Pursuing a Path Towards Universal Voluntary Service, Says Churchill—Bill Not Designed to Raise Troops for Service in Russia.

PARIS, March 7.—The military, naval and aerial terms of German disarmament were before the council of the great powers today, with Premier Lloyd George back as head of the British delegation, Marshal Foch and the full membership of the War Council present.

Most of the time was given to the naval terms, which were largely settled, with several features still reserved, including the destruction of the large German ships.

Premier Lloyd George was disposed to have England take part of these ships, but he yielded this view when shown that it would involve an increased naval building programme in the United States.

As a result of the British and American view in agreement, and as a means of harmonizing the French and Italian views, it is possible that some of these ships will be apportioned to France and Italy instead of being destroyed.

Question of Dismantling the Kiel Canal Referred to the Committee on Waterways

As the terms of the dismantling of the fortifications of the Kiel Canal were causing some discussion, the council adopted a motion referring the Kiel question to the commission on waterways. This commission will now consider the whole subject, including the American reservations that the action on the Kiel Canal shall not be a precedent affecting American canals and waterways capable of being used for strategic purposes. The council also adopted the American proposal requiring each commission to submit with its report the specific form of an article to be presented in the peace treaty. The purpose of this is to give the council the specific terms of a subject, instead of a lengthy report, from which the council may frame terms.

Proposal to Curb Activity of the Huns for All Time is Now Taking Definite Shape

Aside from the actual military and naval terms under consideration, an important question has arisen as to whether these terms will be temporary, as incident to the close of the war, or permanent, holding Germany in subjection for an indefinite period. This last proposal has taken a very definite form as a means for curbing Germany for all time, so that she cannot repeat the experience after Napoleon disarmed her, of rehabilitating her forces and thus defeating Napoleon later.

As a result of this feeling, some of these terms foresee the control of disarmament considerably beyond the period of the present war. This, in turn, has opened a large vista before the British and American delegates of possible commitment to occupation and supervision of German affairs for an indefinite period in the future.

It has also presented the delicate question of how far a defeated nation should permanently lose its national authority to administer affairs.

PRINCESS PATS WILL SAIL ON SATURDAY

London, March 7.—The Princess Patricia, the 49th Battalion and the 4th and 5th Mounted Rifles sailed for Canada from Liverpool on Saturday.

The Canadian Associated Press understands that despite some unavoidable disappointments in securing ships which had been promised the repatriation of Canadian troops is proceeding steadily at an accelerated rate.

The embarkation of the Third Division for Canada is now being carried out, and with all plans completed for the arrival in England of the First division from France, the demobilization of the corps will continue without interruption. In order, however, to accord the fairest treatment to all troops it has been arranged that a certain number of ships shall be allotted for the concentration camp at Kimmell Park. The Canadians in camps in England will by this method be steadily repatriated as units.

Lieut. A. J. Daley of Boston is at the Queen Hotel today.

SAYS IRISH GIRLS DID NOT AID DE VALERA

Dublin, March, 7.—Republicans are much annoyed by the stories credited to Sean O'Kelly in Paris, telling how beautiful Irish girls cajoled the Lincoln jailers while DeValera and his companions effected their escape. The thing that disturbed the leaders is the suggestion that Irish beauties of republican proclivities were impressed for such service.

Harry Boland, M. P., secretary of the Sinn Fein, through whom all DeValera communications must pass said today: "If I were to pick the statement that Irish girls were taken over to flirt with English soldiers. We have too much respect for Irish girls to subject them to such humiliation. "President DeValera's rescue was men's work, done by men. How it was done will be told in due course.

Was Operated Upon
Mrs. Isabella Miller of South Devon was operated upon at Victoria Public Hospital in this city yesterday. The operation was successful and the patient is resting comfortably.

ENTERTAINMENT BY HIS HONOR AND LADY BEGIN

LUNCHEON TODAY
BY MRS. PUGSLEY

Upwards of four hundred persons Paid Their Respects at Reception Yesterday—State Dinner.

Mrs. Pugsley, wife of His Honor the Lieut. Governor entertained at 1.30 this afternoon at luncheon when covers were laid for twenty-nine. The luncheon took place at the Queen Hotel and proved a most enjoyable affair.

Reception Largely Attended
The first reception of the session was held at the Queen Hotel by His Honor and Mrs. Pugsley from four o'clock to six Thursday afternoon. Upwards of four hundred persons paid their respects at the gubernatorial reception, many of them being from points in the province outside Fredericton and its immediate vicinity.

Mrs. Pugsley was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Gilmore Brown, Mrs. W. E. Foster and Mrs. T. C. Allen poured in the tea-room, Miss Hilda Gregory, Miss Helen Richardson, Miss Molly Barry, Miss Louise Sterling, Miss Minnie Crockett and Miss Ellie Stopford assisted.

State Dinner

The State Dinner last night at the Queen Hotel was up to the high standard set by that excellent hotel and much credit is due Mr. J. J. McCaffrey the proprietor and his efficient staff.

Covers were laid for thirty seven and the dinner was most successful. The dining room was especially decorated for the occasion.

REFUSED TO ACCEPT THE RESIGNATION

Amsterdam, March, 7.—Chancellor Scheidemann has handed his resignation to President Ebert to enable the President to have a free hand to deal with the present situation, according to the Zeitung Amittag, of Berlin Ebert declined to accept the resignation and requested Scheidemann and the cabinet to remain in office.

MODERATES WON LONDON ELECTIONS

London, March 7.—Complete returns from the elections to the London County Council yesterday gave the Moderates 68 seats, the Progressives 40 and Labor 15 and one Independent

ALLIED AND GERMAN MISSIONS MEETING IN VILLAGE OF KREUTZ

Marked Change in the Meeting of German Delegates is Noticeable—Demands of the Allies in Regard to Polish Troops are Forwarded to the Authorities of Berlin.

PARIS, March 7.—A Havas despatch from Posen dated Wednesday, tells of the meeting of Allied and German missions at the village of Kreutz, where negotiations for a new armistice between Germany and Poland will be carried on. The Allied mission arrived at Kreutz at 11.30 o'clock Wednesday morning and the train bearing the German delegates arrived at 12.30 o'clock. J. B. F. Noulens, former French ambassador to Russia, and General Dupont, introduced the delegates on the railway platform. The courteous demeanor of the Germans was noted as being distinctly different from that shown at Brest-Litovsk last year, when they were so truculent toward Leon Trotsky, the then Bolshevik minister of war, and his friends. This time the Germans wore no uniforms.

The Allied commission demanded formal guarantee for the landing of Polish troops at Dantzig and their passage as far as the Polish frontier. The German delegates telegraphed the details of this demand to Berlin. The liberation of hostages and the protection of Germans in Posen and Poles in Germany on a reciprocal basis was then taken up. The Germans declared they were ready to continue the deliberations at Posen and the Allied delegates assented, undertaking to answer for the good behavior of the population during the period of negotiations.

Disarmament of Germany Is Under Consideration

SEN. LODGE DEFINES HIS POSITION

Boston, March 7.—The position of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge on the proposed League of Nations and its constitution was outlined in a signed statement made public here today.

"My desires," Senator Lodge said, "are simply to have the constitution for a league proposed by the commission of the peace conference, thoroughly and carefully discussed and considered. If it will not bear discussion it is not fit for adoption. If it is what it ought to be, discussion will only strengthen it. There must be no haste and no rashness in determining the most momentous question ever presented to the people of the United States, or to the world."

BALLANTYNE GOING SOUTH

Montreal, March 7.—Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Minister of the Naval Service, leaves for the South on Monday next, and will return to his department about the middle of April, if his recovery from his recent illness is as satisfactory as he anticipates.

Questioned on his shipbuilding programme, the Minister said: "I intend to make a full statement in the Commons on my return to Ottawa, and therefore do not care to say much regarding this now."

Still Alarm Last Night

The Fredericton Firemen were called out to the residence of Miss King, King Street, last evening to answer a still alarm. The fire was a chimney blaze from an overheated pipe, which required the use of one chemical.

Getting on the Map

Increased interest in New Brunswick affairs in the United States is shown by the fact that a Boston paper yesterday called for a report of the opening proceedings of the legislature. The call came to the office of the Daily Mail and was promptly attended to. New Brunswick is certainly getting on the map these days.

Mr. Harry Allen of Burt's Corner is in the city today.

Full Membership of the War Council Has the Matter in Hand—No Decision Yet Reached in Regard to the Destruction of German Warships—Some of Them May be Apportioned to Italy and France—The Huns May be Curbed for All Time to Come.

LONDON, March 7.—Captain F. W. Guest introduced a bill in the House of Commons yesterday which proposes compulsory service for the British army of occupation. This army, according to the bill, would be composed of 900,000 men and the enlistment period would expire April 30, 1920.

Alexander Shaw, Laborite, moved the rejection of the measure because the labor party is opposed to a continuance of conscription.

Col. Winston Churchill, defending the Bill, agreed that the government, in providing for an army to ensure peace, was "pursuing a path toward universal voluntary service."

"Our delegates to the Peace Conference are fighting for the complete abolition of conscription in Europe," he said. "A formal demand has been made that Germany be permitted to have only a small voluntary army on a long service basis, but it is uncertain whether this point will be carried.

Elements of Compulsory Service May Enter Into Military Systems of Several Nations

"Our representatives stand almost alone in this matter, and it is not at all impossible that Japan, France and Italy, and even the United States, will be nations into whose military systems some element of compulsory service may enter.

"There is not the slightest truth in the suggestion that this bill is designed to raise troops to be sent into Russia," Mr. Churchill continued. "If there was no such place as Russia I would be still advocating this bill. No one would be so foolish as to suggest intervention in Russia with conscript troops. Our army along the Rhine and on the approaches holding up that river, numbers about 330,000 men, which is no larger than the United States army there and much smaller than the forces France is maintaining in the occupied area."

Will Not Abandon France After Fighting Beside Her for Four and a Half Years

Andrew Bonar Law, government leader in the House of Commons, maintained that the bill involved no departure from election pledges, and evoked cheers by stating: "Is it really suggested that, after fighting side by side with France for four and a half years, we are now going to leave it to France alone?"

He concluded by declaring that Premier Clemenceau had said: "If we do not take care, when the British and American armies have disappeared, we shall be faced again by the same danger."

The bill passed second reading by a vote of 304 to 71.

PORT OF ST. JOHN MAY BE PLACED UNDER CONTROL OF A COMMISSION

OTTAWA, March 7.—Negotiations for nationalization of the port of St. John are still in progress and are expected to continue for another week. In all probability the question will be discussed with Hon. Mr. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries before reference is made to the cabinet as a whole. The proposal is that the port shall be placed under the jurisdiction of a Federal Commission similar to the port of Montreal.

Mayor R. T. Hayes and T. H. Bullock, Commissioner of Harbor Ferries and Lands, of St. John, are conducting the negotiations on behalf of the City of St. John. Messrs. MacLean and Carvell are representing the Government.

THE SAME OLD ARGUMENTS

Paris, March 6—"It was hand-in-hand with William H. Taft, who was elected President by the republicans, that President Wilson presented himself at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York to speak on the League of Nations," says the Journal Desbats, in the course of an editorial commenting on the situation in the United States. The Newspapers argues that "Senator Lodge's arguments against the League of Nations are the same as those used against the entry of the United States into the war. These arguments proved fatal. In 1917 and will have the same fate in 1919.

Made Seizure of Liquor

The Chief of Police made a seizure of intoxicating liquor this afternoon at the Dominion Express Company's office on Queen Street. Further developments are expected.

BERLIN STRIKE MAY SOON END

London, March 7.—A German wireless despatch received here states that in addition to the volunteer marine division and a portion of the republican militia, parts of the second guards regiment and the guards fusiliers a regiment went over to the Spartans on Wednesday.

Owing to the strike of printers and compositors, the Wolff Bureau is said to be unable to circulate its printed bulletins.

A Berlin despatch to the Mail sent from here Wednesday midnight asserted that it was reported in Government circles that as a result of the compromise reached at Weimar, the strike might end today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Osman of Hillsborough are at the Queen Hotel today. Rev. Mr. Goodwin of St. John is at the Queen Hotel today.