

******* Notice to Advertisers. *******
 In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

******* The Weather *******
 Moderate winds, fair and cool today and on Sunday.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

BOTH SIDES IN STEEL STRIKE IN THE U. S. ARE STANDING FIRM

The Walkout Has Now Entered Upon Its Second Week—Employees are Trying to Operate Their Plants Full Handed—Strikers Look for Additions to Their Ranks During the Week—Many Meetings Held.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 29.—The opening of the second week of the steel workers' strike in the Pittsburg district was marked today by efforts of employers to operate plants full handed, and an intensive campaign by a large force of union organizers to extend the walkout to include the men who have remained at work. While early reports did not indicate to what degree of success either side met, it is known that many workers voted last week to return to the mills today and resume their duties, and today employers viewed the situation with optimism.

From strike headquarters came the statement that with the additional organizers brought into the field during the past few days, there would be very few desertions and a large number of additions to the ranks of the strikers.

THE WALKOUT AT THE BETHLEHEM PLANT IS

WATCHED WITH INTEREST BY STRIKE LEADERS

Strike leaders watched with interest developments in the walkout of Bethlehem Steel Company employees, which went into effect today. They expected that this strike would tie up all Bethlehem plants.

Meetings of strikers were held throughout Allegheny Co. yesterday under supervision of the sheriff. Deputies attended the gatherings. No outbreaks were reported. The success of the Sunday meetings prompted strike leaders to announce that many such gatherings would be held in the country this week.

A TEST OF STRENGTH IN CHICAGO DISTRICT

IS EXPECTED TO DEVELOP DURING THE DAY

Chicago, Sept. 29.—A test of strength between steel mills and striking workmen was expected to develop today throughout the Chicago district, following an announcement that an attempt would be made to put in operation a number of plants which were closed. Union leaders put out many additional pickets early in the day with instructions to endeavor to prevent the return of men to the mills.

Chiefs of police and sheriffs in districts where steel mills are located ordered out reserve officers and placed them at points where they believed clashes might take place between strike sympathizers and men who attempted to return to the mills. Mill officials stated they looked for a considerable number of men to return to work today, and that they expected their forces would gradually be increased.

On the other hand, union leaders said their ranks were not only unbroken, but that they had made gains.

DYNAMITER HORN HEARD FROM AGAIN

Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 28.—Werner Horn admitted before United States Commissioner Carpenter here today that he blew up the Canadian Pacific railway bridge over the St. Croix River at McAdam (N. B.) on February 2, 1915, but insisted that it was a military act, committed in a hostile country during war time.

"Yes, I did it," said Horn to the commissioner. "I did it behalf of my country, my fatherland, as an officer of the German army in war time. I caused the explosion that blew up the bridge."

The admission was made at a hearing on a petition of the Canadian government for Horn's extradition to Canada.

Horn was brought here under guard yesterday from Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., where he has been confined for several months. He was convicted by a federal jury in Boston, June 13, 1917, on a charge of unlawfully transporting dynamite and was sentenced to serve eighteen months in jail and to pay a fine of \$1,000.

The prisoner was without counsel. He said that he had communicated with Swiss legation and expected that it would send counsel to defend him but after a long wait he decided to attend the hearing without legal aid. He declined to offer to adjourn the case until counsel could be supplied.

Horn, who came into the courtroom smiling and with the expectation of being released, was visibly affected when the Canadian law showing that he was liable to life imprisonment if extradited to that country was read.

After a series of affidavits, implicating Horn in the crime had been read, the prisoner was taken to the Hudson County jail where he will be held pending a decision on his extradition. The papers in the case will be forwarded to the Secretary of State in Washington who will take final action.

WILL VISIT FREDERICTON TOMORROW

Montreal, Sept. 29.—Prominent Canadian Manufacturers from central and western Canada arrived in Montreal Saturday night, completing the first leg of their journey to St. John, N. B., where they are attending a meeting of the Executive Council and the Executive Committee of the Canadian Manufacturers Association.

This morning an Executive Council meeting was held here in the Board room of the C. M. A. This evening the party will proceed by C. P. R. to Fredericton, N. B., where on Tuesday a meeting will be held. On Wednesday they proceed to St. John for the executive council meeting and on Thursday the annual meeting of the Maritime Province branch will be held in St. John.

TO ATTEMPT A FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA

Paris, Sept. 28.—The French aviator Poulet departs on his attempted flight to Australia on October 1. He hopes to reach Melbourne on October 20. In an interview with a Reuter correspondent Poulet stated he had flown to thousands of kilometres since July, getting to know his machine. He spoke appreciatively of the British authorities, who have requested consuls at landing places en route to render every assistance.

warded to the Secretary of State in Washington who will take final action.

CECIL SWAN SHOT FOR MOOSE NEAR HARVEY

BROTHER FIRED AS THE OTHER APPROACHED

Waldo Swan, Principal of the Devon School, Another Brother—Victim Died in St. John.

Harvey Station, Sept. 29.—An accident which has cast a gloom over the entire district occurred Friday morning. Cecil A. Swan and Clarence his brother, sons of Matthew Swan of Manners-Sutton went to hunt moose on the western side of the Lower Harvey Lake. Some time before daylight they had built a camp fire and Cecil had gone out to gather fuel for it. As he was returning with a large bundle of roots and waste-wood upon his shoulder his brother thinking that it was a moose fired at him, the bullet passing through the side of his abdomen inflicting a terrible wound.

His brother carried the wounded man to the lake shore, rowed him over in a boat and had him brought to the station by motor. Dr. Dougan had him taken to the St. John Military Hospital but he died shortly after being admitted.

The deceased was about twenty six years of age and was the first man from this section to volunteer for military service in Europe at the outbreak of the war. He was a member of the First Canadian Contingent and saw some of the hardest of the fighting. He returned home only a short time ago. The body was brought here today for interment.

Waldo Swan principal of the Devon school is a brother.

An inquest was held at St. John, Dr. F. L. Kenney being the coroner. A verdict of death by accidental shooting was brought in without any recommendation.

MAIL SERVICE BY AIRPLANE

Paris, Sept. 29.—Commencing at noon today, a Daily Mail aerial service will be operated between Paris and London. This will be inaugurated because of the British railway strike, which has interrupted mails to and from the continent. Airplane mail service has been operated between the two cities three times per week up to the present.

Perils of Air Traffic.
 Havre, Sept. 29.—A British hydro-airplane, with passengers who missed the Channel boat on account of the railway strike in England, became separated from two other machines in a snow squall over the Channel last night and arrived here this morning. The fate of the other machines is unknown.

A REPUBLIC IN ALSACE.

Coblentz, Sept. 27.—It is rumored here that an independent republic has been declared in Alsace.

Paris, Sept. 28.—Nothing has been heard here relative to the rumor that a republic has been set up in Alsace, which was current in Coblentz yesterday.

THOUSANDS OF MINERS IDLE AS RESULT OF THE RAILROAD STRIKE

Many Collieries in Wales Have Closed Down—Swansea Harbor Traffic is Paralyzed—Few Trains Running in Scotland—Possibility of the Strike Spreading.

London, Sept. 29.—One hundred thousand miners are idle in the South Wales coal fields as a result of the railroad strike. Many collieries are closing down, and the Swansea harbor traffic is paralyzed.

Railroads running out of London will attempt to operate trains on skeleton schedules today, according to announcement. It is hoped thus to cope with the strike situation which brought about an almost total suspension of traffic yesterday in this city and which has virtually paralyzed all English railroads.

Ninety per cent. of the railway workers in Scotland are idle, but a few trains were run there on Sunday for the carrying of passengers and perishable goods. Reports state that these trains were operated by union men who were desirous of getting to their homes, and that these men have nearly all joined those who obeyed the first call from the national union of railwaymen. Irish roads are not as yet involved in the strike, but the men there have been instructed by union headquarters to hold themselves in readiness to walk out at any moment.

Concern is felt over the possibility of the strike spreading to the miners and transport workers' unions, which are affiliated with the National Union of Railwaymen.

A Free Fight Develops in The Italian Parliament

One Hundred Deputies Participated in a Scrap Which Lasted Ten Minutes—The Government May Decide to Resign as a Result of the Combat—An Election at the Present Time Would Likely be Rather Lively.

The chamber adjourned tonight until Wednesday, when it Paris, Sept. 29.—During the session of the Italian Deputies of Deputies in Rome yesterday a considerable number of the troops was concentrated around the centre of the city and on the main streets leading to it, according to the Rome correspondent of Le Journal.

The correspondent add that the city may be said to be under martial law.

Rome, Sept. 28.—Debate in the Chamber of Deputies was interrupted today by a free fight which lasted ten minutes and in which about one hundred deputies participated.

THE GOVERNMENT WAS SUSTAINED BY A MAJORITY OF FORTY-EIGHT ON A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

The opinion is expressed in some quarters that the cabinet, as a result of the riotous incident, may decide to resign, rather than plunge the country into a struggle during the general election. It is asserted the fight in the Chamber indicates what would occur in the country.

The correct figures for the vote of confidence given the cabinet was 206 to 148 instead of 208 to 140, as at first reported.

will decide whether a vote shall be taken on the question of discussing the peace treaties.

In consequence of the fight in the chamber several duels were announced between deputies and Journalists, and between deputies.

MINISTERIAL BENCHES WERE RAIDED AND

FISTIC ENCOUNTERS WERE INDULGED IN

A prolonged, heated discussion preceded the riotous scene. The members of the parliamentary league insisted upon asking the government whether it intended to discuss the treaties before adjournment. Premier Nitti answered that he would first have a vote of confidence and then whatever cabinet should be in power would decide what should be done. Thereupon members of parliamentary league invaded the ministers' benches, shouting and gesticulating.

A party of socialists thereupon rushed from their seats and faced their adversaries, the group soon engaging in fistic encounters.

Premier Nitti who had left the government benches, returned to his place, when the disturbance had somewhat subsided. He was greeted with warm applause.

HUNS HELPING THE BOLSHEVIK IN OPERATIONS ABOUT PETROGRAD

Stockholm, Sept. 29.—A Russian general who had made his way out of the country into Finland, reports that Germans are playing an important part in the Bolshevik operations in the Regions of Petrograd and Moscow, which cities, he says, are in direct communication with Berlin, according to a despatch to the Tidigen from Helsingfors. The Bolshevik armies in many sectors are led by German general staff officers, he declares. The Germans, in this Russian's opinion, are working for the re-establishment of a monarchical Russia in sympathy with Germany.

JACK JOHNSON HEARD FROM

Mexico City, Sept. 28.—Jack Johnson, former heavyweight champion of the world, knocked out Kid Cutler in the sixth round of their scheduled 25 round bout here today. Following one of the preliminary bouts, a quarrel ensued over a decision rendered by Antonio Sarabi, the referee, and Sarabi drew a revolver and dangerously wounded Miguel Mendizabel, one of the Pudges.

STEEL WORKS WILL REOPEN

Sydney, N. S., Sept. 29.—It is officially announced that there will be a partial resumption of operations at the plant of the Dominion Iron and Steel company next Monday. The blooming and billet mills will operate on single turn. The official announcement says that it is hoped that the blast furnace and open hearth departments will also resume work shortly.

ROYAL GEORGE DOCKS.

Halifax, Sept. 29.—The Royal George docked this morning with returning Canadian soldiers and civilians.

BRITISH LOST 254 WARSHIPS

London, Sept. 28.—An official return just issued show that British warships lost during the war numbered 254, including thirteen battleships, three battle cruisers, thirteen cruisers, six light cruisers, sixty-four destroyers and 54 submarines. Auxiliaries lost during the war totalled 815 including 244 colliers and 246 trawlers.

JELlicoe AT AUCKLAND

Auckland, N. Z., Sept. 28.—Admiral Lord Jellicoe landed here today and was accorded an enthusiastic reception. Speaking at a civil reception he said that the unknown problems of the Pacific might lead to future trouble. He appealed for the co-operation of New Zealand to maintain the navy supreme as a strong navy was an insurance for the Empire. It was no time for procrastination. If help is to be given it should be given now.

Mr. Fred McGrand of Keswick passed through the city today on his way to McGill College Montreal where he will continue his studies.