ONE DOSE RELIEVES

saty discharge or nose running; relieves the saty discharge or nose running; store that the saty discharge or nose running; store and store and saty discharge or nose running; relieves the saty dischar cents at any drug store.

IN ADVANCE, CERTAINLY.

YES, AND NO!

Did ever you think while noting two

girls
A-kissing as only grils can—
That both of those maids were doing the work

the work That ought to be done by a man?

Why, yes, we have noted two maids such as they
A-kissing on just such a plan.
But to look at their faces—Oh, gee!—
get away!
Re because that you're not the man.

Mothers are as a rule lenient creatures. They allow children to continue to believe in fathers.

With the possible exception of her

tongue, a woman can generally hold

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



grees of strugth—No. 1, \$1 No. 2, \$2 No. 3, \$5 per bor Sold by all druggists, or sen't prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONY. (Former'y Windsor)

A DESCRIPTIVE RECORD.

The Hindu hospital assistant had the girl. been cautioned to keep proper charts of patients. Next day he presented the following:

8 a m.—Patient's life in low degree, 10 a m.—Life in sink. 11 a m.—Flit. 1 p. m.—Flut.

Terms: \$1 a year down in advance, before the paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

This seems to be a deep, covert hint that they want their \$1 before the part is delivered.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

This seems to be a deep, covert hint that they want their \$1 before the part is delivered.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

This seems to be a deep, covert hint they want their \$1 before the part is delivered.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

This seems to be a deep, covert hint they want their \$1 before the part is delivered.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

This seems to be a deep, covert hint they want their \$1 before the part is delivered.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper is mailed.—W. Virginia paper.

The paper is mailed.—W. Virginia pape

A REAL AMERICAN.

Barnard Granville, the comedian is back from service in France. One day, he says, while in France he was ap-proached by a young woman who ask ed him his nationality. When he said he was an American she asked: "Can you repeat the words of 'The Star Spangled Banner?"
"No," reluctantly admitted Gran-

ville. "You're an American all right, said

In the spring the young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of maple candy. candy.

"Most people," said the congenital grouch, "form their opinions from misreading headlines. That's why so

WHAT HE TRIED TO TELL.

An American Red Cross nurse serving in a French hospital where American wounded had been sent was approached by a couple of French nurses much excited.

"Come quickly! An American boy has something the matter with his leg. Every time we move it he says something we cannot understand!"

When the nurse arrived at the bed side of the American there were a cou trying to do something to his leg.

"What's the matter with it?" as't'd them it's comfortable."



"Nothing," he said. "For the love of mike call them off! I'm trying to tell

RE WILL THE REVENUE COME FROM?

To meet the regular expenses of administration, to pay war service gratuities to demobilized soldiers, to provide pensions for disabled soldiers and for the dependents of those who have lost their lives, as well as to carry out the program of public works which is being undertaken to relieve unemployment, it is estimated that the Dominion Government will require to raise this year a revenue of about

400 MILLION DOLLARS

Last year the Dominion Government revenue was 260 million dollars and was derived from the following sources:

> Canadian Customs Tariff 116 millions 45 millions Special War Tariff. 26 millions Excise Tax 21 millions Business Profits Tax Income Tax and other Sources 52 millions Total .

How is the shortage of 140 millions to be made up?

At the very moment when Canada is struggling with this problem the Western Grain Growers come forward with insistent demands for:

(1) "An immediate and substantial all-round reduction of the customs tariff."

(2) Free trade with Great Britain inside of five years.

(3) Reciprocity now, and free trade later, with the United States.

These demands are apparently made in the hope and belief that, if they are granted, those making them will be relieved of a large part of what they call the "Burden of Taxation" which the tariff imposes upon them. That expectation can only be realized if the revenue raised by means of the tariff is substantially reduced. They may argue that under a lower tariff the volume of goods imported will increase, and consequently there will be no decrease in the revenue. But mark this—they want the duty removed entirely from implements, lumber, cement, oil and other articles of which they are large consumers. If the revenue is to be maintained under such a rearrangement of the tariff schedules, other classes of the people must pay what the Grain Growers will escape.

Passing to the next point, how would the Grain Growers provide for the probable shortage of 140 million dollars this year? They ask the Dominion Government to impose the following taxes:—A direct tax on unimproved lands, increased taxation on personal incomes, increased inheritance taxes and increased taxation on corporations.

Vacant land now pays taxes to the Municipalities and, in some Provinces, additional taxes to the Provincial Government. Income taxes are now paid by individuals to the Municipalities and also to the Dominion Government. Inheritance taxes are now imposed by all the Provinces, ranging in Ontario, for example, from one to twenty per cent. Corporations are now taxed as persons by Municipal Governments, Provincial Governments and the Dominion Government, and also pay special taxes to every Province for the privilege of being corporations.

Last year the tariff collected sixty-one per cent. of the total Dominion Government Revenue. Does anyone believe that the forms of taxation advocated by the Grain Growers can be increased sufficiently this year to obtain the revenue which would be lost by tariff reduction, and also the additional 140 million dollars required, without crippling industry, stifling business and throwing thousands of workers out of employment?

The United States has all the forms of taxation advocated by the Grain Growers, but still finds it necessary

to maintain its customs tariff. If the Grain Growers are to escape almost all taxation, including the great increase caused by the war, what will happen to the people who will be driven out of business through having to pay not only their own taxes but also those of the Grain Growers? Will they try to grow grain? It is more likely that they will go to the United States to get work, as other Canadians went fifty years ago, and leave a population, chiefly farmers, ever growing smaller, to bear all the taxes, ever growing greater.

Again we ask where is the extra revenue coming from?

Issued by

The Canadian Manufacturers Association