

Notice of Legislation.

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick, at the next session thereof, for the passing of an Act authorizing and empowering the County of York, or certain parishes thereof, to unite with the Towns of Marysville and Devon for the purpose of establishing a Municipal Home.

Dated the twenty-fifth day of February, A. D. 1919.

AGNES O. GLEN,
Sec.-Treasurer, County of York.
A. D. McPHERSON,
Town Clerk, Town of Marysville.
WM. JAFFREY,
Town Clerk, Town of Devon.

SHIPS' KNEES
WANTED

We are open to purchase large quantities of Juniper or Hackmatack Knees 6 in., 8 in., 9 in., 10 in., 12 in., for delivery during Spring and Summer. For further particulars apply to

MUSGRAVE & CO., LTD.,
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Halifax, N. S.

WANTED

WANTED—Books and magazines for distribution to returned soldiers en route home, to the Military Hospitals or going overseas. Telephone Mr. A. Murray, care of A. Murray & Co. Tel. No. 159, or leave at store for Military Y. M. C. A.

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Signature of *Dr. J. C. Holt*

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OF THE
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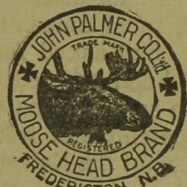
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The only School in N. B. affiliated with the Business Educators' Association of Canada.

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FAIR GRADING

The rules and ethics of the exchange do not permit of sending out alluring price-lists, yet we give you an exact and expert grading and pay you at a rate of five to twenty-five cents more on the dollar than the average advertising fur company, as we cut out all middleman's profit in dealing direct with you.

ST. LOUIS FUR EXCHANGE

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Notice of Legislation

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick, for the passing of an Act to enable the Town of Devon to fix the valuation for assessment purposes of any Company that may establish any manufacturing industry in the Town of Devon.

Dated February 24th, 1919.
(L.S.) (Sd.) GILBERT HENRY, Mayor.

Sd. WM. JAFFREY,
Town Clerk.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION.

Public notice is hereby given that the City of Fredericton will apply at the next session of the Legislative Assembly for power to issue bonds to the extent of \$200,000, extending over a term of years, at interest not exceeding six per cent., for the purpose of constructing permanent streets and sidewalks in the City of Fredericton, pursuant to the provisions of a Resolution of the City Council to that effect.

Dated this 8th day of February, A. D. 1919.

GEO. R. PERKINS,
City Clerk.

FARM FOR SALE

The desirable farm property at Lower Caverhill, Parish of Queensbury, York County, owned and occupied by Henry Hallett, is now offered for sale. The farm consists of 150 acres, 125 of which are cleared and the balance is in woodland. The buildings include a nice dwelling house, three good barns and outbuildings. The farm is well watered and in a good state of cultivation. For further particulars apply to

JOSIAH HALLETT,
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Wood's Phospholine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Impedency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Fainting Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mail it plain pkg. on receipt of price. Non-pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Inventor, Canada.)

HER FIVE CHILDREN
Had Whooping Cough
at the Same Time

Whooping cough is one of the most dangerous diseases of children, especially to those under five years of age. It first starts with a fever and cough sneezing, watering of the eyes and an irritation of the throat. Later the coughing increases, the child becomes livid in the face, the eyes appear as if they would burst from their sockets, and suffocation seems imminent till relief is brought by the "whoop."

On the first sign of whooping cough we would advise the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. This famous remedy will clear the bronchial tubes of the collected mucus and phlegm, and in this way ease the racking cough and in a short time make it disappear entirely.

Mrs. Walter McGaughey, North Battleford, Sask., writes: "I have five children, the eldest thirteen and the baby two years old. They all had the whooping cough at the same time. I tried two or three cough remedies, but none gave the same satisfaction as Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A home where there are young children should never be without it. I will highly recommend it to those who want a quick cure."

There are many imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, so be sure you get the genuine by insisting that the package is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25c. and 50c. and manufactured by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

F. B. MCURDY,
M. P., FAVORS
THRIFT PLAN

Necessities of State Demand
Exercise of Thrift by the
General Public at the
Present Time.

F. B. McCurdy, M. P., who represents Colchester in the House of Commons and is also known as one of the prominent financial men of Canada, endorses the War Savings movement in the following statement, recently issued:

"The advantage which systematic saving confers on the individual who practices economy and thrift is everywhere recognized. And the present necessities of the State demand the practice of these virtues, if Canada is to return to a sound economic position from which to embark on a renewed era of national production, growth and development.

"During the war Canada has been expending large sums of borrowed money in an effort which will not, in the material sense, be productive. This sinking of wealth can be made good only by increased production of commodities and services, savings on the part of Canadians, and the resumption and extension of our foreign trade.

"The war has been successfully ended, but the bills have, in the main, yet to be paid; participation in their liquidation is the duty of every citizen.

"Nearly everyone can help by avoiding some unnecessary expense, and investing the saving in War Savings and Thrift Stamps which afford a convenient and safe medium of investment within the reach of all.

"In fact, the Thrift campaign is so excellent and sound that I believe it could with advantage have been undertaken even earlier in the war without fear of deflecting our more direct military effort."

OLD FOLKS
NEED MILD
BOWEL TONIC

And Should Avoid the Use of Harsh
Pills and Drastic Purgatives.

Old people, no matter how sound and healthy, should avoid cathartic pills, purgative water, salts and all such temporary relief measures. They ease conditions today, but bind you up worse than ever tomorrow.

It is better to get the bowels into the habit of performing their useful function at a certain time each day and this can be done by strengthening the muscles of the stomach and bowels by the tonic action of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a mild laxative that acts as close to nature's way as possible. Thousands of people, old and young, prevent and cure habitual constipation by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a mild yet active medicine that is noted for its promptness in curing headaches, belching gas, sourness in the stomach, fullness after meals, liver soreness and muddy complexion. You'll have the best of health, feel good, eat well, digest and sleep well if you regulate the system by Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Dandrake and Butternut, 25c per box at all dealers.

Hon. Mr. Veniot Lays Bare
Record of the Opposition

A Slashing Speech by the Eloquent Minister of Public Works

—Small Bore Politicians Put in Their Proper Place—Hon.

J. A. Murray Scored—Patriotic Potato Scandal Touched

Upon—A Tory Plot Against Colonel Guthrie Cited to Show

Sham Friendship of the Opposition for Returned Soldiers.

The Legislature adjourned at 5.30 o'clock on Friday evening until Monday evening at 8.30. Contrary to expectations, the debate on the address was not finished and will probably go well into next week.

Hon. Dr. Roberts was the only speaker on the government side yesterday. He held the floor for over an hour, defying eclectically the criticism of the Public Health Act. He was followed by Mr. Sutton of Woodstock, who had not finished when the House adjourned.

Assembly Chamber,
March 14th, 1919.

The House met at 3 o'clock. MR. DICKSON gave notice of enquiry for Wednesday next as to the disposition of liquor seized under the Intoxicating Liquor Act, the quantity seized and the price received for the same.

HON. MR. VENIOT introduced a bill to vest certain wharves, wharf rights and approaches in the province. He explained that last session legislation was enacted empowering the province to expropriate wharves and turn the same over to the Federal Government. They had been notified from Ottawa that the government, before taking the transfer would require a very clear title. Upon looking up the records of the Public Works Department he had ascertained that the title of the province to wharf property was not very clear. He had discussed the matter with the Minister of Justice, and it was decided to obtain the necessary power to acquire the property by legislation. The proposed legislation would hold the Dominion Government harmless in any litigation which might arise. Surveys of wharf property were now being made and he hoped they would be completed in three weeks. Plans would be prepared and the title would pass to the government by order-in-council.

HON. MR. ROBERTS, on the order of the day being called, rose to continue the debate on the address.

Hon. Mr. Veniot, on Thursday.

The speech of Hon. Mr. Veniot on Thursday is regarded even by opponents as one of the best delivered in the House for many years. The Minister spoke for three hours and when he had finished some members of the Opposition looked as if they had been struck by a cyclone. Following is the synopsis report of Hon. Mr. Veniot's speech:

HON. MR. VENIOT said he had listened from his place in the House to the big guns of the opposition and had heard little criticism of the gov't. and its policy if he accepted some remarks made by the last speaker on the Public Health Act. The hon. leader of the opposition instead of confining himself to the speech from the throne went out of his way to attack the heads of the Departments. That hon. gentleman must have known that he was abandoning an old practice and that his criticism was very much out of place.

He had pleasure in extending his congratulations to Mr. Speaker on the hon. and dignified position which had come to him. He felt sure that it would be appreciated by the people of the fine county which he so ably represented and that they would return him to the House at the first opportunity to resume his honors. He wished to congratulate the hon. Members who had moved and seconded the address. He was very proud of the showing made by his colleague from the County of Gloucester. He was a young man and he was glad to see him playing a part in the development of the country. He would ask hon. members opposite to compare him with the gentleman of the same name, Mr. Martin Robichaud who represented Gloucester in the last House and who was driven out of public life by the corruption that was carried on. He was surprised that the hon. leader of the opposition had gone out of his way to enter into minute criticism in his speech on the address. He (Veniot) had been in public life for many years and had been about the Legislature a great deal between the years 1912 and 1916. He had occasion many times to admire the urbanity and courtesy of the hon. leader of the opposition. He was therefore, greatly astonished when that hon. member in his speech on the address offered no congratulations to the mover and seconder. Instead of offering words of encouragement to those young men he contended himself with throwing across the floors of the House the slur that they were servile followers of the government. Such a course was not creditable. His lack of urbanity may have been due to his illness, but in any case he should have been less vindictive and confined his remarks to fair criticism of the government. He would give his hon. friends warning that if they had any dirty linen to wash they had better employ a Chinaman to do it.

The House had met last year under the shadow of the Great War. Bad news was being flashed across the Atlantic and there was much un-

certainly in regard to the position of the allied army, but they had never lost confidence in the ultimate result. Their fondest hopes had been realized, peace was near at hand, and their bright boys were returning home. He considered after war problems greater than the problems of actual war and if ever there was a time when political parties should stand together for the good of the country that time was now. He could say to his hon. friends opposite that if they chose to throw down the gauntlet they would find him ready to take it up.

The hon. gentleman from York (Crocket) had said something concerning a reference in 1911 to a suitable memorial to those who had given their lives in the great war. That reference had been made by the Premier and the memorial soon would be an actuality. Attacks on the Premier for alleged lack of patriotism came with a poor grace from some of the gentlemen opposite who during the war had strutted through the Province in military uniform and were only too glad to take it off when they could. The two sons of the Premier had been too young to take part in the war and he did not think that those on the opposite side dare reflect on the conduct of himself (Veniot) or of his family. He would address himself to the member for the City of Saint John who while the war was in progress wore a captain's uniform and strutted about the Province but who discarded it when the chance came to return to politics.

MR. TILLEY—I rise to a point of order. I wish to make a statement.

HON. MR. VENIOT—That is not point of order.

MR. TILLEY—I will make a statement when the time comes.

HON. MR. VENIOT—Here is an instance of how these paragons of knowledge of the rules of the House observe the rules of order.

Continuing the speaker said he wished to show how unfair in his criticism the member for Saint John City had been. On the section of the speech from the throne relating to land settlement for soldiers he had declared in mighty tones that the government would encourage soldiers from the distance but said nothing about the soldiers now in the Province. In the next few lines the hon. member could have found reference to the fact that Federal and Provincial Governments had been co-operating in the matter. The same hon. member had criticised the reference to coal production by saying that the Government evidently did not know that there had been a curtailment of mining operations yet in the next paragraph he could have found reference to that very matter. This showed how unscrupulous were the members on the opposite side of the House.

MR. MURRAY (Kings)—I rise to a point of order. The word unscrupulous should not be applied.

HON. DR. VENIOT—If the word is harsher than many which came from the lips of the hon. leader of the opposition the other night I withdraw. I say the statements are unscrupulous not that the hon. gentlemen are.

The Public Health Act had come in for criticism. If the hon. gentlemen opposite knew anything of the working of the Public Health Department during the influenza epidemic they could not be sincere in their criticism. Personally he knew the conditions which had prevailed. For five weeks he had been on the roads taking nurses from house to house. The Province was panic stricken. A more terrible scourge never had struck the American Continent. Even at this late date medical men were uncertain with regard to the disease and its remedies. His own County of Gloucester had been struck more severely than any other. In his own town one doctor was dead, two were dying but one was left. Under those trying circumstances he had got in touch with the hon. Minister of Public Health and was authorized to take charge of the situation. Arrangements were affected which saved hundreds of lives and thousands of dollars in expenses. In Gloucester a smallpox epidemic in five weeks had cost \$19,000. An epidemic of influenza in an equal period had cost not \$4,000. Actual results had shown that under the new Act more effective work could be done at a lower cost than under the old. The municipalities of the Province were burdened with a debt of \$210,000 because under the previous organization there had been no head. Interest today was being paid on bonds issued to meet smallpox expenses. Gloucester had a debt of \$20,000 or \$30,000 incurred under a nonsensical law, called the Board of Health Act. The men opposite had been in power for years without a thought that that Act could be improved. The Gloucester Municipal council composed of men of all political opinions had considered the Public Health Act and received it favorably and further had voted \$7,500 to carry it out in that county. He new that insidious forces were at work to influence Municipal Councils against that Act. Men had gone from county to county called conservative committee meetings and laid out plans of campaign for a servile following. They had done that because they were afraid that if the Act were given a fair chance it would prove so popular that the hon. gentlemen on the other side would stay in opposition indefinitely.

When the House would be supplied he probably would discuss Public Works in detail, and at that time would expect criticism also. He would expect that the terrible threats of the leader of the opposition would take the form of charges. He feared nothing in two years he had handled thousands of dollars and had seven or eight hundred officials employed in his department and hundreds of other men employed on roads and bridges. There probably would be some little defects for he did not claim to be infallible. He could say, however, that he had given all his time, energy and ability to his Department and in two years not one day to any private business. His hon. friends opposite had found a one dollar account charged to permanent account which they alleged should have been charged otherwise. What small things they did. The hon. leader of the opposition had stood in his place and raised on high a one dollar cheque with affidavit attached. It was not to be wondered how he got the cheque if it was for James Gilechrist a dismissed official of the Province.

MR. MURRAY (Kings)—I did not use the word affidavit.

HON. MR. VENIOT—I withdraw the word but every member in the House heard it.

MR. MURRAY (Kings)—There were some who did not.

HON. MR. VENIOT—The hon. members on the other side have no ears or they have cotton wool in them.

MR. POTTS—We need some of them now.

HON. MR. VENIOT—We will need some on this side, when the hon. gentleman begins to blow off his gas.

The Potato Enquiry.

The hon. leader of the opposition should examine the Auditor General's Report and he will find that every dollar expended in the fiscal year was accounted for in that year. There had been a change in that particular. Accounts that did not get in until November were paid in the year contracted. The hon. gentleman would find that \$30,000 had been paid for the purpose of settling such accounts. At a previous Session he (Veniot) had shown that \$80,000 for 1914 had been charged to 1915 and that a similar thing had happened in 1913. The ex-Minister of Public Works in a three hour speech had never made reference to those matters. The hon. leader of the opposition by innuendo had intimated that the Minister of Public Works had deceived the people of the country in regard to public accounts. He (Veniot) would give him his own medicine in return and it would be seen who had been the greater sinner. There was a potato transaction in 1914. No wonder he heard a murmur from the other side, the stink should be nauseating. The people of New Brunswick at that time contributed a gift to the Mother Country and the starving Belgians. An investigation had been held and he would refer to the facts brought out in the evidence as published in the press from day to day during that investigation. Everybody knew that the item of \$32,861.39 furnished the Auditor General for the sale of potatoes in Cuba was faked. That item was prepared by the Deputy Minister of Agriculture who swore that the Minister of Agriculture now leader of the opposition was cognizant of what had been done. If that was not practising deception he would like to know what it was. The sum of \$2,000 had been handed over to a firm of brokers but not one dollar of that amount ever went into the Provincial Exchequer or through the books of the Province. But the hon. gentleman said that that was not deception. Gulls from those patriotic potatoes had been hawked about the streets of St. John but not one cent was shown in the books. If that was not deception it was worse. God help the dignity which would crown politics and the honor which should reign in the House. A draft for \$806.00 had been received from Cuba by the ex-Minister of Agriculture but not a trace of it appeared in the books of the Province. Worse had been done. That faked account of \$32,861.39 had been taken before the Public Accounts Committee and Deputy Minister Daggett had told his mem-

(Continued on page three.)

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RESTORES LOST STRENGTH
PREVENTS ILLNESS

Every day come new converts to that great army of men and women who rejoice in new-found health that came to them through the use of that wonderful blood-renewing preparation called "FERROZONE." Very simple now it acts. All you have to do is take two small chocolate-coated tablets with a sip of water at the close of each meal. Ferrozone is a marvel. It contains just what thin blood lacks—lots of iron, but mark you, the kind of iron your blood is able to absorb. Ferrozone puts life and vim into the blood. Makes it rich, red and nourishing. Naturally the body is better fed and grows stronger day by day.

Of course digestion must be improved, and probably the stomach will require aid as well. Ferrozone serves the purpose admirably. Those who use it, enjoy appetite and digestive powers far beyond the ordinary. That tired feeling is replaced by the buoyant, joyous sensation of health and vigor. Day by day as your strength increases, you feel new energy surging through your veins, and know that a great tonic of great merit is at work. No remedy more nourishing or uplifting, no treatment so sure to bring lasting health, good spirits and contentment. Ferrozone contains just what run-down folks need; it cures because it supplies more nutriment than you can get in any other way. 50c. per box or six for \$2.50 at all dealers, or by mail from The Caltarhazone Co., Kingston, Ont.