

# Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

# The Daily Mail

# The Weather.

Winds increasing to gales from southwest, rain this afternoon and tonight; Saturday westerly gales, clearing and somewhat colder.

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TWO CENTS PER COPY

## INQUEST OVER DEATHS OF CANADIANS AT RHYL CAMP IS RESUMED

**Witnesses Say There Were Fifty or Sixty Men Among the Rioters Who Were Described as Ringleaders—Rioting was to a Large Extent Attributable to Drink—No Ammunition was Issued to the Rioters.**

RHYL CAMP, March 28.—At the resumption of the inquest into the deaths of five Canadian soldiers during the Kinnel Park rioting on March 5, today, the coroner asked Major Collier if he had found anyone who could pick out a rioter who had actually fired.

Major Collier said that Sergeant Roberts, who was in court, saw a rioter go down on one knee and take deliberate aim and fire in the direction of Private Gillan, who was one of those killed. Witness added that there were fifty or sixty men among the rioters whom he would describe as ringleaders. All those concerned in the disturbance were now, he believed, in captivity.

### Camp Defenders Procured Ball Ammunition And Returned the Fire of the Rioting Men

A juryman asked if the witness attributed the rioting to drink, and Major Collier remarked that he did to a very large extent. It was an aggravating cause. Lieut. H. Wilde, who was with Private Gillan when he was shot, said that when they realized that the attacking party was using ball ammunition, some of the defenders procured ammunition from some place or other and returned fire.

The coroner asked if the men were ordered to fire, and the witness answered in the negative. He said they were not issued ammunition. He had no idea where the men got it.

### Canadian Engineer Says Rioters Were Twice Repulsed Before Any Firing Took Place

The next witness, Captain Scott, spoke of seeing several rioters taking deliberate aim, and added that after they started firing he used ball ammunition. Some of the defending party returned the fire of the rioters. The witness did not see any of the defenders' party using bayonets. No orders were given to the men to fire. The witness added that it was not killed entirely, but more the Russian element that caused the riot.

Sergt. Roberts, Canadian Engineers, gave evidence that the rioters had been twice repulsed before any firing took place. Then he saw one rioter fire twice. After the second shot Private Gillan fell, but he could not say it was this man's shot that killed Gillan. Other rioters came forward with revolvers and started firing and he did not think it was safe to stick around. He thought he could recognize the man who fired just before Gillan fell.

## HUNS CLAIM NO HAND IN THE DISAPPEARANCE OF U.S. COLLIER

BERLIN, March 28.—The German Admiralty says it is unable to give assistance in solving the mystery of the disappearance early in March of last year of the United States naval collier Cyclops, while bound from Brazil for the United States with a crew of fifteen officers and 221 men, 57 passengers and a cargo of manganese. The German Admiralty say they received no report of the sinking of the Cyclops, and add that no German subs were operating at the time in West Indian waters.

## EVIDENCE OF GERMAN VANDALISM

Paris, March 28.—"Havas"—The senate considered yesterday the report of a commission which was sent to investigate conditions in the north of France which were occupied by the Germans during the war. M. Reinald, reporting for the commission, said that the Germans methodically destroyed property and that many German officers brought their wives to the occupied regions to hold them carry away goods taken from French homes. In describing the systematic village of St. Quentin and Rheims, M. Reinald said: "Examples of German atrocities against the people of northern and eastern France and instances of wanton destruction were cited by the speaker, who introduced a resolution asking the senate to take action on the commissions report."

## SERBIANS ACCUSED OF CRIMES

Paris, March 27.—The Montengrien govt. has handed to the peace conference a memorandum accusing Serbian officials with the following crimes in Montenegro: Massacring, torturing and starving the inhabitants; internment of civilians; forced enrollment of the inhabitants in the Serbian army; confiscation and destruction of private property; destruction of historic monuments; misuse of the white flag. The memorandum accuses Serbian of also invading the territory of its allies and usurping authority. The Montengrien govt. demands the punishment of "The crimes official serbia sub committee has the against the allies".

### NO DAYLIGHT SAVING

Ottawa, March 27.—Daylight saving was defeated in the commons at 11.30 tonight on a decision of 105 to 51.

## ACQUITTED ON CHARGE OF MURDER

Northbay, Ont., March 26.—John M. Arcell, of Sturgeon falls, who was accused of the murder of his wife about a year ago, was acquitted at the assizes here today after a two day trial. The crown charged that Marcell had killed his wife and then set fire to the building to destroy the evidence of his guilt.

The defense contended that the residence of the Marcell's accidentally caught fire, and that the husband was unable to reach the wife to save her, but had saved his niece, nine years old.

The body of Mrs. Marcell was badly charred. The jury decided that the crown had failed to prove that a murder had been committed.

## STOCK MARKET IS STRONGER

New York, March 28.—Many accessions to early gains were made in the course of the morning, the market broadening as prices rose. The inquiry for steels and kindred shares under lead of United States Steel and Baldwin Locomotive was more substantial than at any recent period, these divisions gaining one to three points. Advances in oils and motors were fully sustained and motor specialties were high by two to five points. Shippings, coppers, tobaccos and fertilizers gained one to two points, but rails were restrained by pressure.

## WAR PRICES COMING DOWN

Pittsburg, Pa., March 28.—Representatives of ninety-eight plants of the bolt and rivet manufacturers of the United States and Canada agreed upon a cut of from twenty to forty percent in war prices of the products made by their companies at a meeting here yesterday.

### Attracted Big Crowd

The debate on the potato enquiry last evening attracted the largest crowd of visitors to the Legislature in years. One old timer was heard to say that it reminded him of the old days when the Blair government was in power. Many ladies occupied seats in the galleries and so interested were they in the proceedings that they did not budge until the House adjourned at 1.30 o'clock. It was easily the most important debate from a spectators standpoint that the Legislature has witnessed in twenty five years.

## THE CITY OF VIENNA IS SAID TO BE THREATENED WITH FAMINE

**Railway Strike Threatens to Spread to All Parts of the Country—Sympathy With the Hungarian Revolution is Manifested and the Situation is Very Grave.**

VIENNA, March 28.—A grave strike on the railwas has been called and threatens to spread to all the roads in this country. The strike was called partly for higher wages and partly because of sympathy with the Hungarian revolution. It is feared it may lead to the establishment of a soviet republic in German Austria. The trouble began last night when men employed by the Southern Railroad walked out. All traffic over this road is at a complete standstill, even Allied food trains from Trieste being stopped. As a result of this interruption of transportation of supplies Vienna is threatened with famine. The situation is extremely grave.

### Would Attack Vienna.

London, March 28.—Premier Lenine has sent a wireless message to the Hungarian government urging it to send an army against Vienna, according to a Budapest despatch received in Berlin and forwarded by the Exchange Telegraph Co. Lenine promised to advance one hundred million kronas to finance the project.

### A Plot Nipped in the Bud.

London, March 28.—Action by American troops looking after Russian prisoners in Germany is believed to have nipped in the bud an important Bolshevik plot, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Berlin dated Thursday.

## Draft of League of Nations Is Practically Completed

### MARYSVILLE HAPPENINGS

Marysville, March. 27.—At the Dawson Club bowling alleys last evening a very interesting match took place between a team of loom fixers and a team of weavers from the cotton mill. The game resulted in a victory for the weavers by a margin of 20 pins.

Mr. Joseph Dolphin is in Montreal on a business trip.

Friends of Mrs. James Forbes, daughter of ex-Coun. and Mrs. J. B. McInnis will regret to learn that her recovery from her recent illness is not as rapid as would be hoped for.

Mr. Frank Miller son of Mr. and Mrs. James Miller who returned from overseas a few months ago left last evening for Halifax where he will take a course of instruction in electrical engineering at the Technical College.

Mrs. W. J. Kelly has returned from St. Stephen where she has been supplying as pianist in the Bijou theatre for the past month.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison W. Eno are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young son at their home.

## ALL QUIET IN DUBLIN

Dublin, March 26.—"By the A. P."—John McGarry, a Sinn Feiner, who escaped from Lincoln prison with Professor Edward De Valera, and who is a member of the Dublin corporation, appeared at a meeting of that body today.

Dublin is perfectly quiet and the people generally welcome the absence of the disturbances which it had been feared would take place.

## NEWSPAPER MAN'S DEATH

Chicago, March 26.—Frederick H. Hall, pioneer newspaper man, died at his residence here last night. Mr. Hall came to Chicago after the civil war with Charles A. Dana, and for twenty-two years was city editor of the Chicago Tribune. Ten years ago he retired.

### FATAL EXPLOSION

Venice, March 28.—"Havas"—Thirty persons were killed and thirty others injured by the explosion of an oil tank steamer here yesterday.

**Contains No Reference to the Monroe Doctrine or the Japanese Proposal—Many Important Amendments Have Been Adopted—The Principle of Woman Suffrage is Accepted—Nations Can Withdraw from League on Two Years' Notice.**

PARIS, March 27.—Containing neither any reference to the Monroe doctrine nor to the Japanese proposal for recognition of the racial equality of nations, the draft of the covenant of the League of Nations today is in the hands of the special drafting committee.

The draft was completed Wednesday night at a sitting of the full commission, and the covenant is expected to be ready in completed form early next week. These two amendments, around which has centred the greatest interest and much divergence of opinion, however, may be offered either in the Council of Ten or to the plenary Peach Conference, to which the covenant must go for final action.

Among other amendments adopted Wednesday night was one directly recognizing the principle of women's suffrage, in that it provides that the offices of the league are open to women as well as to men.

### The Monroe Doctrine Amendment Withheld By President Wilson for the Present at Least

The much discussed question as to the possibility of the withdrawal from membership in the League of Nations was settled by an amendment permitting withdrawal on two years' notice, but not until such nation has filled out its international obligations.

Article X of the covenant, to which the Monroe doctrine amendment would apply, stands in its original form, President Wilson having reserved for the present the amendment which had been prepared as expressing the views of the American delegation. It is now explained that it was not the exact text, but only the general form of the amendment which was given to the press, and that hence criticism must be withheld for the present. Careful considerations are being taken to ascertain the reception that is likely to be given this amendment by other delegations. If unfriendly sentiment develops or the pressing of other obnoxious amendments is threatened as a consequence of insistence upon the Monroe doctrine, it is said the amendment may be withdrawn.

### Workings of the League will be Speeded Up To Meet Requirements Which are Arising

Being the first mention of the desire of Japanese to secure an addition recognizing equality before the law for all subjects of the League of Nations states in other countries, the Japanese delegates have not pressed their amendment before the commission.

The purpose of an amendment adopted last night is to speed up the beginning of the workings of the great League to meet the requirements that now daily are arising throughout the world. Another amendment gathers into one section all of these separate conventions which are to be incorporated in the covenant, such as those relating to labor, commerce and finance, so that these are not made a part of the treaty, but that the countries signatory agree to do the things set forth therein. This would leave the league only to execute the terms of such conventions as may be agreed upon by the separate states. Provision is to be made for similar treatment of other conventions on other subjects.

### Reports are Premature.

Paris, March 28.—Reports that the German peace delegates will reach Versailles Sunday are premature, the Petit Journal says in its issue today.

## MAKING WAR ON THE JEWS

London, March 27.—The Zionist organization reports having received from an eye witness news of a series of programs in the Ukrainian. Hundreds of Jews and Jewess were killed or wounded, according to the report. Jewish nobilities were drowned or shot and Jewish women were subjected to shameful treatment. Not a single Jewish township between Kiev and Backmatsih was spared, the report says.

### RESUMED WORK.

London, March 27.—Thirty thousand South Wales miners resumed work tonight. The remainder of the strikers will resume work tomorrow.

Dr. J. Wier and Miss F. M. Wier of Doaktown are registered at the Queen today.

## PERMANENT STAFF URGED

Paris, March 28.—It is reported that the amendment to the league of nations covenant urged by Leon Bourgeois, providing for a permanent military and naval staff for the league, has been rejected by the league of nations commission.

## GIVEN HIS FREEDOM

Paris, March 28.—Paul Conby, a lawyer who for the past year has been under arrest charged with complicity in the Caillaux and Bolo Pascha, has been allowed to leave the prison temporarily because his health was found to be breaking down under close confinement.