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**Notice to Advertisers.**  
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.  
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# The Daily Mail

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**The Weather.**  
Fresh northwest winds, fair and moderately cold; Tuesday, fair and a little milder.  
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VOL. XXV., No. 16

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, JANUARY 20, 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## POINCARÉ'S ADDRESS CORDIALLY APPROVED BY PARIS NEWSPAPERS

**Veteran Servant of France Played an Important Part in Winning the Victory of Right — Eminent Jurists, Consulted by Clemenceau, Express the Opinion That the Ex-Kaiser Can Only be Punished as an Accomplice.**

PARIS, Jan. 20.—President Poincaré's address at the opening of the peace congress yesterday was warmly praised by newspapers, even socialist writers giving it their enthusiastic approval. All the newspapers lay stress on the tone of "affectionate veneration for Premier Clemenceau evident in the speech of Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain." They say that the election of Clemenceau is a tribute to "that servant of France, that loyal, energetic, clear-seeing and highly intelligent man who took such a large part in winning the victory of right."

A unanimous opinion is expressed that "ceprical confidence, publicly affirmed, guaranteed the conclusion of future agreements in spite of unavoidable differences of opinion."

### Eminent Jurists Were Consulted as to the Penal Responsibility of the Ex-Kaiser

Some points in the report to which Premier Clemenceau referred yesterday when he said he had consulted two eminent jurists on the penal responsibility of the former German Emperor, were made public today. The report was drawn up by Ferdinand Larnaude, dean of the Paris Law Faculty, and Dr. A. G. De Lapradelle, professor of Rights of Nations in the same faculty. The object of the inquiry was to investigate from a purely judicial point of view if the crimes committed by the German government and army involved the penal responsibility of the former German Emperor, what tribunal should judge him and whether his extradition could be demanded.

### Extradition of Hohenzollern Cannot be Requested, as He is Not a Political Offender

The authors of the report give a long argument against the bringing of the former Emperor before a tribunal of common law, because his will commanded, but his hand did not execute. They say that he was not the principal offender and that therefore he could only be punished as an accomplice. An international tribunal consequently must be found. They consider The Hague arbitration court founded at the 1899 conference incompetent to try the Emperor, as the court was meant for cases where no penalty is to be applied. They argue that an entirely new jurisdiction must be created which should be the first instrument of a league of nations. The two French jurists prove that the extradition of the former German ruler cannot be requested as he is not a political refugee.

### The Tribunal Quotes a Brutal Letter from Kaiser Addressed to the Emperor of Austria

The report quotes a letter from the former Emperor to the Emperor of Austria in the early days of the war, in which the German Emperor wrote: "My soul is torn asunder, but everything must be put to fire and blood. The throats of men and women, children and aged, must be cut and not a tree nor a house left standing. With such methods of terror, which alone can strike so degenerate a people as the French, the war will finish before two months, while if I use humanitarian methods it may prolong it for years. Despite all my repugnance I have had to choose the first system."

### HUNS KNEW THAT DEFEAT WAS CERTAIN

London, Jan. 20.—General Currie has received a letter from a Canadian officer in close touch with a prominent member of Gen. Ludendorff's staff named Captain Finkel. General Currie's correspondent writes:

"Pressing this officer as to when he first thought their land forces would be defeated, he said he knew defeat was certain and the end near when the Canadians broke the Hindenburg line. It was not their intention to make that line a final one. A new line was to have been built further to the rear, and the troops gradually moved back. It was the general idea of our staff that neither army could break through the other's line, and when your corps succeeded in doing the seemingly impossible, communications were upset and no time was left to retrieve the losses."

The Canadian Associated Press learns from an officer just returned from the corps that Germans in the Bonn district, although only coldly polite to Canadians, were deeply grateful for their presence as a precaution against Bolshevism, which the disciplined German fears as the plague.

Most Germans in the district where the Canadians have been located are of the junker class. They regarded our

### WILL TAKE OVER LIQUOR BUSINESS

Toronto, Jan. 15.—The Ontario government has decided to take over the liquor business of this province. The seven liquor agencies that are now in operation under the auspices of the government hopes that this change will do away with present abuses, while under the new plan customers will be ensured of a supply of pure liquor. At the same time private gain will be eliminated.

Sir William Hearst, the premier, made this interesting announcement today. At the same time he made it clear that it is not the intention of the government to ask a vote on the Ontario temperance act in June of this year, as provided in the act. Instead, the vote will be taken as soon as practicable after the return of the soldiers.

**Paid Damages**  
The two men who were arrested for creating a disturbance on King Street last Wednesday evening and for destroying property came before the Magistrate this morning and paid for the damage they had done.

batteries around Bonn university ready for immediate action, with real gratitude.

### HON. MR. VENIOT ADDRESSES THE REFORM CLUB

Minister of Pub. Works at Montreal, Pays Tribute to Premier Foster.

Montreal, Jan. 19.—The Reform Club tendered a banquet on Saturday night to Hon. P. J. Veniot, Minister of Public Works of New Brunswick. Alphonse Decary, the club's president, was chairman and there was a large number of members present. The toast of "Our Guest" was proposed by Dan P. Gilmour, one of the members of the club, who is a native of New Brunswick.

In replying to the toast in his honor, Mr. Veniot thanked the members of the club for the privilege they afforded him of addressing such a body of Montreal citizens. He extended the greetings of New Brunswick to the Liberals of Montreal. He said that the Liberals of New Brunswick were firm in their adherence to a downward revision of the tariff.

"Those Liberals," said Mr. Veniot, "who felt constrained to break away on the question of conscription, had not abandoned the board and general principles which have stood forth for generations as the bulwark of Liberalism. They had a perfect right to follow the dictates of their own conscience. The absence of the spirit of coercion in the Liberal party has been the source of its greatest strength." (Applause.)

Mr. Veniot spoke of the advanced legislation introduced by the Liberals of New Brunswick during the last two sessions of the provincial legislature, and paid a glowing tribute to the ability, integrity and broad-mindedness of Hon. W. E. Foster, premier of New Brunswick. In conclusion he made a strong appeal for a better understanding between the English and French-speaking portions of Canada's population. He praised in eloquent terms the cordial relations and good comradeship which existed between these two races in his native province.

"Fanatics are to be found in both races," he declared, "and they seem satisfied only when they are engaged in arousing racial and religious prejudices. It is up to the public spirited men of Canada to frown down such attempts to break our population asunder. The British flag guarantees liberty and fair play to all and we are not true Canadians, and not truly British, if we do not attempt to live up to those principles of true citizenship for which that grand old flag stands." (Applause.)

### FUNERAL TO BE PRIVATE

London, Jan. 19.—The funeral of Prince John will be held at Sandringham on Tuesday and will be positively private. It is understood that his death will not affect plans for the marriage of Princess Patricia of Connaught which is fixed for February 27.

### VISITOR FROM THE VATICAN

New York, Jan. 20.—Archbishop Corretti, Papal Under-Secretary of State and the highest vatican official ever to visit the United States, arrived here yesterday on the transport Lapland.

### PRESIDENT OF GERMAN REPUBLIC TO BE CHOSEN BY POPULAR VOTE

Details of the New Constitution are Given to the Public—People to Have the Right to Erect New German States Within the Empire.

London, Jan. 20.—Details of the new German constitution are given in an official wireless despatch sent out from Berlin and picked up here. It states that the empire is to consist of its former component states, besides any territories which, by virtue of the right of self-determination, desire to be received into the empire.

The despatch declares that the people have the right, regardless of former frontiers, to erect new German free states within the empire, providing any such free states have a population of two millions. If the people of a border country wish to join the German empire, the assent of the German people shall be required.

The imperial president, who is to

## The Situation in Russia Engages Some Attention

### DEVON BEGINS THE SALVATION ARMY CAMPAIGN

P. S. Watson, Chairman — A Sacred Concert Under the Auspices of Women's Institute.

The Salvation Army campaign was opened in Devon last evening, when a sacred concert was held in the Institute Hall, under the auspices of the Devon Women's Institute. A silver collection was taken at the door and the sum of \$45.00 was realized. Mr. P. S. Watson was chairman and gave an address explaining the purpose of the campaign.

The following program was then carried out, each selection being thoroughly enjoyed by the large number present:

Piano solo, Miss Hyde.  
Duet, Mrs. Douglas Neill and Mr. Cleve Stillwell.  
Reading, Mr. Dow White.  
Solo, Miss Greta Gatcombe.  
Quartet, Messrs H. Bailey, A. Bailey, R. Burpee, D. Staples.  
Violin solo, Mr. Herbert Bailey.  
Duet, Miss Mildred Matthews and Mr. D. Staples.  
Reading, Mrs. Avondale Boone.  
Solo, Miss Florence Lint.  
Duet, Messrs A. Bailey and H. Bailey.  
Solo, Miss Edna Belyea.  
Quartet, Messrs Bailey, Bailey, Burpee and Staples.  
God Save the King.  
Accompanists, Miss Gatcombe, Miss Hyde, Mrs. J. Ray Burpee.

### INVENTED THE DEPTH CHARGE

London, Jan. 19.—The "Express" naval correspondent states that the inventor of the depth charge, which was one of the most effective inventions of the war, was an Englishman named H. J. Taylor, who was formerly an instructor in motor car engineering at the Batterseas polytechnic.

**Fredericton Postmastership**  
Among the names mentioned in connection with the Fredericton postmastership made vacant by the death of the late Bedford Phillips are those of Lt. Col. H. F. McLeod, M. P., Lt. Col. W. J. Osborne, Capt. J. P. McPeake, Capt. J. D. Black and Major C. G. Pincombe who are at present in Fredericton or vicinity. The names of Major James Pringle and Capt. John S. Scott who are overseas also are mentioned by their friends. It is reported that both Col. McLeod and Col. Osborne have stated that they do not desire the office. Major Pincombe is a recent applicant. The post office at present is being conducted by Acting Postmaster Donald F. Cameron who has been a member of the staff for sixteen years.

### French Ambassador to St. Petersburg Heard at Meeting of Supreme Council—Danish Minister will be Heard at Tomorrow's Meeting — Marked Progress Made by Council in Comparing Various Plans for the Formation of the League of Nations.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The situation in Russia was taken up by the Supreme Council of the peace conference at its session today. John Noulens, French Ambassador to Russia, was present at the meeting and addressed it on the Russian question. The next meeting of the council will be held tomorrow at 10.30.

The text of the official communique follows: "The President of the United States of America and the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the Allied governments, assisted by Baron Makino and the Japanese Ambassador in Paris, at the Quai D'Orsay this morning, between 10.30 and 12 o'clock, M. Noulens, the French Ambassador to Russia, who returned a few days ago from Archangel, addressed the meeting and gave particulars of the situation in Russia. The next meeting will take place on Tuesday at 1.30 in the morning to hear the remarks of M. Scavenius, Danish Minister in Petrograd, who left the Russian capital very recently."

### Lord Robert Cecil, Who Has Charge of the Subject of League of Nations, Present Today

With Vittorio Orlando, the Italian Premier, the only absentee, the Supreme Council of the peace conference assembled at 10.30. Premier Orlando has arrived, however, and was expected to attend the council's session later in the day.

Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, was accompanied to the meeting by Lord Robert Cecil, who has especially in charge the subject of a league of nations, on behalf of Great Britain. The head of the Japanese mission attended the council for the first time.

It is understood that an official communique will be issued at the close of the meeting at which it was expected that the exchange of information between the governments on the situation in Russia will take place.

### Plans for Formation of League of Nations Being Harmonized Into a Unity of Ideas

As the Supreme Council resumed sittings today, marked progress was being made in the business of comparing various plans for the formation of a league of nations and harmonizing them into a unity of ideas which can be taken-up as a concrete proposition. Much headway in this direction was made last night at the conference at the Murat residence, which was attended by President Wilson, Lord Robert Cecil, Leon Bourgeois, the French exponent of a plan for such an organization, and General Jan Christian Smuts, who has formulated a plan for the league.

### EX-KAISER IN FEAR AND TREMBLING

Amerongen, Holland, Jan. 19.—Guards about Count Von Bentinck's castle were reinforced today when it was reported that armed German bolsheviks plotted to raid the place, seize the former Kaiser and Kaiserin and carry them off to Germany for a secret trial and death, like the Czar's.

An airplane has been discovered reconnoitering over the castle. This greatly upset William Hohenzollern and his wife. They demanded further protection from the Dutch. In addition to the kidnapping plot William fears a scheme to blow up the castle.

### FIRST SESSION OPEN TO PRESS

Paris, Jan. 20.—The first formal session of the peace conference was opened freely to the press of all nations. How many of the succeeding sessions will be by the decisions of the conference he held in camera has not been indicated, but the American newspaper men and probably also the British and Italians are preparing to reopen the question of publicity if they should decide that the flow of news is impeded by rules of secrecy.

### BOLSHEVISTS HOLD KIEV

Bulletin, Geneva, Jan. 20.—Kiev is in the hands of Bolshevist forces who have overturned the Ukrainian Government, according to a Prague despatch received here.

Mr. H. S. Campbell arrived home on Saturday from a business trip to Montreal, Boston and New York.

### JACK TARS WILL ASK FOR BETTER PAY

London, Jan. 20.—For the first time in the history of the British Navy blue-jackets will next week sit with a committee of officers appointed by the Admiralty to discuss future pay, pensions and other subjects relating to the service.

Today one hundred delegates representing the lower decks of the navy met and formulated demands which they will present at the conference. The demands include an increase for every one of four shillings a day in rate pay or an addition of £73 to the wages of the various lower deck ratings which now range from £23 to £37 a year; sailors be paid at the rate of two pence a day for each year of service, which is a one hundred per cent. increase over the present rate; that claims be made for pensions for wounded and disabled men; that pensions to widows and direct dependents be two thirds of the rating wage and that a bonus of £50 be paid all ratings on leaving the navy, after twelve years.

The sailors will also put forward increased allowances and free railroad passes.

### TO RETURN HUN WAR PRISONERS

Amsterdam, Jan. 19.—Replying to a letter from Mathias Frzberger, the head of the German armistice delegation, urging the return of German prisoners of war and the relaxation of trade restrictions between occupied and unoccupied Germany, Marshal Foch in a letter dated January 16, said he intended to recommend the return of prisoners most deserving sympathy and was prepared to permit an exchange of food between occupied and unoccupied Germany to an extent which would obviate unemployment and consequently disturbances.