

New Ready-to-wear Every Day

Every day sees something new coming in for this department.

This week we have received some very pretty new Silk Dresses in Taffeta, Silk Poplin and Satin.

These are made in the most up-to-date styles, some being nicely braided. Colors black, Navy, Taupe, Sand, Burgandy and Green, sizes 16 yrs to 42.

We also have a nice showing of new Cloth Dresses sizes 16 yrs. to 42. Colors black, navy, brown, copen blue and burgundy

New Colored Silk Poplin Skirts in black, plum, paddy and grey at \$7.50.

New Suits in all sizes and cloths, 16 yrs to 44 ins from \$12.75 to \$47.25

New Spring Coats from 15 yrs to 42 ins. \$14.25 to \$43.00. All Good Styles.

Wm. R. Fraser & Co.

P. O. Box 817. 430 Queen Street. Phone 423

COLORITE

WILL GIVE YOU A NEW HAT FOR 30 CENTS. All the different shades in stock. Mailed to any address in province for 32 cents. Complete with Brush.

ARTHUR J. RYAN, - Central Pharmacy

THE PENSLAR STORE, Corner Queen and Carleton Sts.

New Pull-Over Sweaters

In all the Latest Styles and Colors—Prices \$6.75 to \$9.00.

BLACK POPLIN SKIRTS—Sizes 23 to 36 in. waist, prices \$4.50 to \$4.90
NEW PLAID SILK SKIRTS—\$8.00 to \$12.00.
SILK LISLE HOSE—In black, white, brown, grey, etc., at 50c. per pair
CASHMERE HOSE—In black, white, brown, etc., 50c. to 75c. pair
CHAMOISETTE GLOVES—In black, white, beaver, grey, etc., at \$1. pr.
CHILDREN'S SUMMER DRESSES—In Ginghams, Poplin, Silk, etc., for all ages, at popular prices.
NEW SPRING SUITS, COATS and DRESSES always arriving.

R. L. BLACK, YORK STREET
AGENT for STANDARD PATTERNS

Canned Tomatoes

Large sized Best Quality, 19c can. \$2.00 doz.

Canned Salmon

GOOD SALMON 22c. can
BIG HORN SALMON 25c. can
CARNIVAL SALMON (½ lb. tin) 12c. can

TEA		CORN SYRUP	
BLUE BANNER.....	60c. lb.	2 lb. Tins.....	23c.
KING COLE.....	60c. lb.	5 lb. Tins.....	50c.
LIPTON.....	60c. lb.		
COFFEE		BAKER'S COCOA	
Try our fresh ground CHASE & SANBORN, only—		Same Low Prices.	
49c. lb.		½ lb. Tins.....	24c. 1-5 lb. tins 10c.
		¼ lb. Tins.....	13c. In bulk 37c. lb.

Blue Banner Flour

Makes Nice White Bread

Barrels \$12.25 Half-barrel Bags .. \$6.00

Some Good Quarter Trades

3 lbs. Buckwheat Meal	25c	2 pkgs Lipton Jelly	25c
6 lbs. Common Cornmeal	25c	3 lbs. Sulphur	25c
7 lbs. Onions	25c	4 lbs. Barley	25c
3 cakes Maple Sugar	25c	2 lbs. Split Peas	25c
3 pkgs Snowflake Ammonia	25c	3 cakes Rising Sun	25c

Yerran's

MR. MELANSON OF KENT SCORES THE OPPOSITION

(Continued from page three.)
they had given to his rambling remarks.

A Potato Politician.
M. SMITH (Carleton) said he could safely say that no other hon. member had taken up as little of the time of the House during the present session as he had. He congratulated the hon. Speaker, and could assure him that his conduct towards him reflected his appreciation of the impartial service he was rendering. The death of the late Clerk, Mr. Dibblee, had been the cause of great regret to him. Ever since his election to the House in 1903 they had been good friends and he felt sure Mr. Dibblee's memory would be cherished by all hon. members.

Referring to the great war, he said he was proud of the part that had been taken by Canada and he felt that now, when the war had ended the efforts of all should be directed towards building up the country. One thing which had impressed itself upon him was the apparent failure of the government and its supporters to catch the vision that ought to be the guiding star of every Canadian at the present time. The government had been content to deal in matters of a petty nature and had sunk into the lowest depths of party politics. They should have prepared a progressive program for reconstruction, but not having done so, they had lost a great chance to render a real service to the men who had sacrificed so much for the country.

He regretted that there had been a note of discord introduced into the House on the question of race and language. In that respect he felt sure that the Hon. Minister of Public Works the hon. member for Restigouche and the hon. member for St. John had reflected only their personal opinions. As citizens of the one country he did not see how those hon. members could so far forget themselves as to introduce a note of discord into the proceedings of the House. Surely there was room in this country for all to live side by side without the erection of racial barriers.

The hon. Premier, when asked about the vacancy in Carleton during the session of 1917 had stated that the vacancy was not filled because he felt it would be unfair to the farmers to bring on an election. When questioned on the same subject in 1918 he had said that he did not wish to create discord among the people at a time when all should be united. When questioned early in the present session, he had stated that because of certain irregularities disclosed at the McQueen inquiry there was a possibility of another vacancy and that he did not wish to fill one vacancy when another might occur. He (Smith) held that the answers of the hon. Premier showed an insincerity quite unworthy of him. Had a vacancy occurred in Westmorland, Gloucester or Kent, there would have been no delay in filling it.

MR. McGRATH—What about Northumberland?

MR. SMITH—I am not sure that he feels Northumberland is safe just now. Continuing, he said the government took great credit upon itself for the success of the campaign for greater production. In that connection he wished to say that there was a bountiful harvest last year and he did not think the government had a right to take credit that belonged to Providence. The handling of the seed grain ordered through the Department of Agriculture had been done through the Municipalities, which had to put up the money before the seed could be obtained. He was not finding fault with that system, but with the fact that the hon. Minister of Agriculture attempted to take credit for the transaction. As a matter of fact, if the municipalities had bought the grain direct they would have saved money. The Department of Agriculture lost 25c. per bushel on oats and the same on wheat.

HON. MR. TWEEDDALE—They ought to have had you handling it as you did the potatoes.

MR. SMITH, continuing, said he would leave it to the country if his action was not more commendable in handling potatoes at 10c. per bbl than that of the hon. minister in handing over a carload of seed potatoes to a political friend at a price ten times that. The hon. minister, when a carload of seed potatoes was wanted for settlements along the International Railway, had handed the business over to a defeated candidate in Carleton

County, who had charged \$1 per bbl. He would discuss the potatoes later.

HON. MR. TWEEDDALE—I intend to too before the session is over.

MR. SMITH, dealing with the purchase of sheep by the Department of Agriculture, stated that many of the animals were not pure bred. Inferior stock had been purchased in the province, with the result that some of them had been thrown back on the hands of the department and a refund of money demanded. He mentioned these facts to show the camouflage practiced by the government in regard to agricultural matters. The hon. member for Westmorland (Magee) had made reference to the necessity for increased revenue and the methods taken to obtain it. The Wild Land tax, which had been mentioned with praise, was really an invasion of municipal rights, and the amusement tax was direct taxation imposed upon poor people. If the government and its supporters could take comfort from such methods they were welcome. The hon. member for Westmorland, however, did not touch upon over-taxation to the amount of \$118,000 under patriotic funds. Personally, he believed that municipal taxation was the proper method of raising money for the Patriotic Fund, but under the former government the money so raised did not come into the provincial treasury but went direct to the Patriotic Fund Association at Ottawa. The present government had amended the Act so that the moneys went direct to the coffers of the province. Although knowing that this \$118,000 would not be wanted, the government assessed for it and put it into the current revenue. At the end of the fiscal year the province was informed that there had been a surplus of \$30,000, but a subsequent statement by chartered accountants had shown a deficit of \$134,000. That method of bookkeeping would hardly commend itself to the people of the province. Although this second statement had been issued, not an item in the annual report of the Comptroller General had been altered. Under the circumstances, what credence could be placed in the report, and in the next campaign which would come shortly, how could hon. members of the government make comparisons from that report?

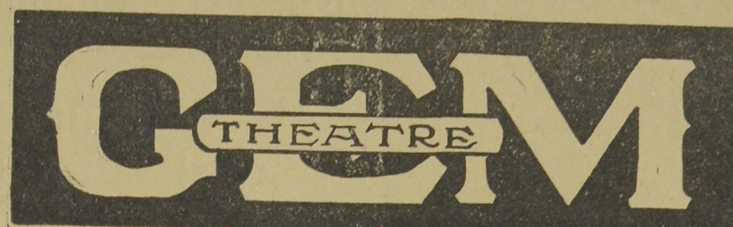
The speaker criticised travelling expenses in the various departments. In the Department of Agriculture in 1916 they had been \$1,296 and in 1918 \$2,125. He also dealt with the contingent account, which he said was a controllable expenditure. In the Agricultural Department in 1916 the expenditure under that head had been \$1,745.00 and in 1918 \$2,897.00. In Public Works for the same years the amounts had been \$1,900 and \$5,754; in Crown Lands \$2,300 and \$3,800; for the Executive Council \$635 and \$1,596; for the Lieutenant Governor, \$775 and \$1,681; in the Provincial Treasurer's department, \$998 and \$1,837. Yet this was by a prudent and economical government. He noticed that the salaries of school teachers and school inspectors were not increased, but the expenses for the Education Office had gone up \$1,834. Where economy should have been practiced it was not, and the government was spending more than any government the province ever had had. Good administration consisted in collecting all revenue possible and disbursing it carefully. However, he did not believe the province was on the verge of bankruptcy but that it was possible to gather a larger revenue. The Crown Lands could produce twice as much as they did. Hon. members opposite might ask why he, as a member of the former government had not produced that result, but he could reply that he had been in the government but a few months and was not a member in 1913 when the Timber Act was passed.

MT. ALLISON MEMORIAL LIBRARY

In another column of this issue will be found an announcement of the campaign which Mount Allison is undertaking to raise funds for the erection of a Memorial Library.

The original intention, as outlined in earlier notices in the press, was that the building should be in memory of Mount Allison men and women only that it should record the names of the dead as well as commemorate the service of the College in the War, but as the plan of the campaign has developed, from many quarters the suggestion has come that it should have a wider application, and should memorialize the service not only of Mount Allison men and women, but should record as well the contribution of all Methodist men and women to the common cause. This suggestion has been fully considered by the Committee in charge and has met with its full approval.

This means a larger and more pretentious building with a special room devoted to the records of Methodists who have served and died, a room which will be of perennial interest to Methodism. The widened scope of the memorial, combined with an original underestimate of the necessary endowment, meant that the objective originally set had to be increased to \$150,000.00.



Lina Cavalieri

FAMOUS BEAUTY AND DIVA

"A Woman of Impulse"

THE PERIL OF BEING BEAUTIFUL.

It is one thing to start out in life with the idea of having one great love affair; but it is quite another to stick to that resolution if you are as beautiful as the singer whom Lina Cavalieri portrays in "A Woman of Impulse."

This wonderful picture will give all married couples food for thought. To the single it is thick with hints of the dramatic deeps in life ahead of them.

Harold Lloyd Comedy

British and Canadian News

Usual Prices—Matinee 5 and 10c. Evening 10 and 15c.

Fri. "The Guilt of Silence"

NEXT WEEK - - - VAUDEVILLE and PICTURES

GAIETY TO-DAY and THURSDAY

CHARLES RAY

— in —

'LAW OF THE NORTH'

EXTRA TODAY

"HER FIRST MISTAKE"

MACK SENNETT COMEDY

Fri.—"A PERFECT LADY," with MADGE KENNEDY

A Coat of Whitewash

IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY but you can obtain more permanent satisfaction by using the well known.

ALABASTINE

The sanitary and sane decoration. Makes homes healthful and beautiful. Every package is guaranteed when used as directed. The most economical and durable of all wall coatings. Twenty-one shades to select from. Put up in two and one-half and five pound packages.

LAWLOR & CAIN

Headquarters for Housecleaning Supplies.

On Account of Staff Shortage

due to military enlistments, the Royal Bank of Canada find it impossible to continue collection of this company's light bills.

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF OUR CUSTOMERS, we have engaged an Office at No. 88 YORK STREET, in the premises occupied by HARRY C. MOORE, Electrical Engineer, where bills may be paid from the FIFTH to the TENTH of each month from 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

THOSE MAKING PAYMENT LATER IN THE MONTH must do so at the Company's Main Office, No 1 Shore Street.

MARITIME ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

TAPLEX POCKET STOVE

Keeps you warm, Something new, price 50 cent

C. FRED CHESTNUT THE QUALITY DRUG STORE
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