

Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Fine today; Saturday, fresh to strong winds with rain.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

MUST PROVIDE WORK FOR THE RETURNED MEN SAYS HON. MR. CARVELL

Minister of Public Works Delivers an Important Speech at Luncheon of Engineering Institute at Ottawa—An Important Task Now Before the Country—Unrest is Natural Under Present Conditions—Unemployment Must be Relieved in Every Reasonable Way.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—"I think that there is a great deal too much talk in some of the newspapers and amongst the public about troubles of returned soldiers," said Hon. Frank Carvell, Minister of Public Works, at a luncheon of the delegates to the Engineering Institute Convention today, "and when the government passes an order-in-council which is for the good of the soldiers and which will prevent them from being exploited, there is a great outcry about the insult offered to the returned men. This also causes unrest and discontent."

In the course of his address Hon. Mr. Carvell forcibly outlined the future policy of the Department of Public Works in regard to expenditures. He said in part:

"In addressing you for a few moments, I realize gratefully that you have given the government part of the credit for pulling this country through the war. I wish to inform you that an equally important task is now before the government, and that is, getting this country back on a peace basis. Abnormal conditions are expected throughout the country, in fact it exists in every country all over the civilized world."

GOVERNMENT MUST DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO RELIEVE THE STATE OF UNREST IN CANADA

"This is not surprising, when we consider the fact that some millions of men have gone through a hell upon earth at the front, and also when we consider the financial strain on the people of the warring nations produced by war. I do not wonder at the unrest, which is natural under the conditions."

"We must see that all that can be done to relieve this state of unrest is done, and in reference to the unemployment situation, there is probably no class that will play such an important part as the engineers. We realize that there is unemployment in Canada. It is not so apparent east of Montreal, but increases as one goes west. Therefore we find unrest all over the west. We must also realize that demobilization will be completed in the near future and most of these men will want work within a few weeks after discharge."

NO WAY IN WHICH PUBLIC MONEY CAN BE SO ADVANTAGEOUSLY SPENT AS IN BUILDING ROADS

"The government is not responsible for caring for all the troubles of the country, but we feel it our duty to take steps to spend the public money to remedy these causes of unrest, and we are going to spend this money where it will do the most good towards relieving unemployment and for the benefit of the returned soldiers."

"There is one other thing I wish to refer to which affects your profession in particular—that is the construction of highways. I know of no way in which money can be so advantageously used for both unemployment and value as in the making of good roads. We have troublesome times ahead unless we practically eliminate unemployment, as this condition is the source of Bolshevism. Therefore it is the duty of every employer to see that every man possible is employed at a fair wage. This should especially be done by the great corporations who have made money during the war."

"There is no country concerned in the war that is in a better economic condition than Canada, and notwithstanding the fact that the war has caused a very large public debt, we have absolutely no doubt that Canada will rise to the occasion and continue as one of the most prosperous countries in the world."

PARTNERSHIP WITH INDUSTRY IS TALKED OF

London, Feb. 14.—In reply to a proposed amendment to the reply to the address from the throne suggesting the stimulation of national undertakings throughout the empire, in fields of production too large for individual enterprise, in the house of commons yesterday Captain A. Mery, member for South Birmingham, speaking on behalf of the government said the nation was approaching the limits of ordinary methods or revenue, and added that it was advisable to inquire whether a system of partnership with industry is not feasible. He said that this plan might create new series of wealth with individual enterprise might not be tempted to venture "undoubtedly," he said, "there are great fields over which the state might well ponder as to advisability of a development. The empire has reached a stage when such opportunities should be considered."

Mr. B. A. Ree of St. John is registered at the Queen.

BISHOP FALLON TALKS ON PUBLIC EDUCATION

Toronto, Feb. 13.—"One of the most unintelligible features of our public life is the antipathy of some people towards the separate schools," declared Right Michael A. Fallon, Bishop of London, to a large audience in Massey Hall tonight, "for the separate schools," he said, "are a portion of the educational system of this province, and what benefits them benefits public education, and what injures them injures education. There is very great room for improvement in the inter production of the educational clause of the British North America Act as it binds itself upon the legislation of the province of Ontario."

The Bishop spoke under the auspices of the Christian Brothers, and the topic of his address was "The Catholic Church and education."

Col. and Mrs. J. L. McAvity of St. John are at the Queen today. Mr. A. L. Mulligan of Montreal is in the city today.

ELIAS WHITE HONORED ON HIS 79TH BIRTHDAY

One of Town's First Councilors—Jacob Pyne Injured in Cotton Mill—I.O. O. F. Installation.

Marysville, Feb. 14.—The home of Mr. Elias White was last evening the scene of a very enjoyable gathering in celebration of his 79th birthday. Mr. White is the oldest native born citizen now living in Marysville. His late wife was formerly Miss Nancy Peterson of Tracey Station and they were married in April of the year 1862. Four sons and five daughters were the issue of this marriage as follows: Alfred Milburn, and Alexander of this place and Frank of Boston, Mrs. S. Ellis of Pawtucket, R. I., Mrs. William Tracey Springfield, Mass., Mrs. H. Phelps, Worcester, Mass., and Mrs. O. R. Couch of Kent, Ohio. One daughter, Miss Elizabeth died while very young. Mr. White has ever been a progressive and energetic citizen evincing a deep interest in public affairs. He was one of the first town councillors after the town's incorporation. Many old friends were present at last evening's gathering and extended their hearty wishes for a continuation of his present health and prosperity, and during the course of the evening Mr. White was presented with a handsome fountain pen, the presentation being made by Col. W. H. Gray accompanied by a few fitting remarks. Mr. White although greatly surprised expressed his appreciation of the gift in a suitable way. Refreshments were served and the gathering dispersed at a late hour.

Accident in Mill

Mr. Jacob Pyne suffered an accident while at work in the machine shop of the cotton mill yesterday. He was engaged in assembling a piece of machinery when his hand was caught in a gear resulting in the end of his finger being taken off. His injuries were immediately attended to and he is now resting quite comfortably.

LAWLESSNESS AT HAMBURG

Amsterdam, Feb. 14.—There is a panic at Hamburg as a result of depredations by bands of thieves operating throughout the city, according to Berlin despatches received here. The bands are said to travel in motor cars and to be heavily armed, and it is reported that the residences of merchants have been pillaged and that the police are helpless.

PRESIDENT EBERT OF GERMANY TALKS OF HIS GOVT.'S PROGRAMME

Weimar, Feb. 14.—Count Von Bernstorff will not go to the peace conference as a German delegate. Germany plans for the time being at least a people's army on the basis of general conscription. Germany will announce within a few days her intention to carry out complete disarmament and demobilization, and a commission made up on the democratic centre and socialist parties is now discussing details of the new governmental programme. These points were made by Friedrich Ebert, the new President of Germany, in an informal talk with foreign newspapermen today. President Ebert added that Germany in future was going to have only an army of defence. Continuing, President Ebert said: "Our gold and securities now in hand would not suffice to cover more than the most urgent needs. Germany would be glad to repay honorably and uprightly as soon as possible. If food and raw materials are furnished and Germany is given assistance toward rehabilitation, I believe the economic and general situation can be brought into an orderly and progressive path."

GLORY WON OVERSEAS WILL BE PERPETUATED BY ACTIVE MILITIA

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—Major General Mewburn, Minister of Militia, in a letter addressed to officers commanding units of the Canadian militia, draws attention to the fact that a committee of which Major General Sir W. D. Otter is chairman, is giving special consideration to the problem of reorganization of the active militia upon a plan which will at once preserve the history of militia regiments and perpetuate the identity of overseas battalions.

In this connection the Minister of Militia quotes a letter from Lieut. General Currie, commander of the Canadian Army Corps, in which he expresses warm approval of the effort to link up the units constituting the overseas units with the old units in Canada. It is understood that a number of officers now with the overseas units will be added to the commission mentioned above, which will consult with representatives of active militia as to how best the desired end may be attained.

Constitution of the League Of Nations is Made Public

MR. GOMPERS PRESIDED AT THE MEETING

Paris, Feb. 13.—An official communication issued this evening says: "The eighth meeting of the commission on international labor legislation was held this morning under the presidency of Samuel Gompers. The article of the British draft dealing with the establishment of the international labor office were adopted. It was agreed that the office should have an international staff and that its duties will include the collection and distribution of information on all subjects relating to the international adjustment of the conditions of industrial life, labor and employment, and that it will undertake any special investigation ordered by the conference. It will also issue a journal dealing with the problems of industry and employment which are of international interest."

"It was also decided as to how the expenses of the conference and the governing body should be met. "The commission then commenced the examination of the articles dealing with the procedure of the international conference, and reached article 17 of the draft."

BIG PROGRAM OUTLINED BY NEW HUN GOVT.

Copenhagen, Feb. 13.—The programme of the new German government, which has just been published at Berlin includes equal rights for men and women the improvement of the educational system, conscription along democratic lines to establish a peoples army, rationing at maximum prices of food and necessities of life. The socialization of all industries ripe for such treatment, particularly the coal and iron mines considerable additions to income taxes.

In the realm of foreign affairs, the programme declares for peace along lines laid down by President Wilson, but refusing any peace of violence; for the repatriation of German prisoners of war, and for the establishment of a league of nations, with disarmament and an obligatory court of arbitration in order that war may be made impossible in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Gibson, left last evening for a holiday trip to Montreal and Boston.

President Wilson Reads Report of the Committee at Meeting of the Peace Conference This Afternoon—Object of the League is to Secure International Peace and Safety—Treaty Obligations Must be Respected and War is Expected to Become a Thing of the Past.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—At the plenary session of the preliminary peace conference this afternoon at 3 o'clock, President Wilson as chairman of the commission on the League of Nations will read and explain the following report:

Covenant, Preamble—In order to promote international co-operation and to secure international peace and security by the acceptance of obligations not to resort to war, by the prescription of open, just and honorable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of the understandings of international law as the actual rule of conduct among governments, and by the maintenance of justice and a scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organized people with one another, the powers signatory to this covenant adopt this constitution of the League of Nations:

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTIES TO MEET AT THE SEAT OF THE LEAGUE

Article 1—The action of the high contracting parties under the terms of this covenant shall be effected through the instrumentality of a meeting of a body of delegates representing the high contracting parties, of meetings at more frequent intervals of an executive council, and of a permanent international secretary to be established at the seat of the league.

Article 2—The meetings of the delegates shall be held at stated intervals and from time to time, as occasion may require, for the purpose of dealing with matters within the sphere of action of the league. Each of the high contracting parties shall have one vote, but may have not more than three representatives.

ANY POWER MAY BE INVITED TO SEND DELEGATES WHEN THAT POWER'S INTERESTS ARE INVOLVED

Article 3—The executive council shall consist of representatives of the United States of America, the British Empire, France and Japan, together with representatives of four other states, members of the league. Meetings of the council shall be held from time to time as occasion may require, and at least once a year at whatever place may be decided on, or, failing such decision, at the seat of the league, and any matter within the sphere of action of the league, or affecting the peace of the world may be dealt with at both meetings. Invitations shall be sent to any power to attend a meeting of the council at which such matters directly affecting its interests are to be discussed, and no decision taken at any meeting will be binding on such powers unless so invited.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO SUMMON FIRST MEETING OF THE BODY OF DELEGATES

Article 4—All matters of procedure at meetings of the body of delegates or the executive council, including the appointment of committees to investigate particular matters, shall be regulated by the body of delegates or the executive council. The first meeting of the body of delegates and of the executive council shall be summoned by the President of the United States of America.

Article 5—The permanent secretariat of the league shall be established at (blank) which shall constitute the seat of the league. The secretariat shall comprise such secretaries and staff as may be required under the general direction and control of a secretary general of the league, who shall be chosen by the executive council.

WANT COLLIERY REOPENED

Sydney Mines, N. S. Feb. 14.—Resolutions demanding immediate action by the Federal and Provincial governments in the re-opening of the Florence Colliery and the consequent re-employment of six hundred men were adopted at a mass meeting of more than 1,000 workers here tonight. A resolution addressed to the dominion government urges that the government immediately open up the mines and steel works at Sydney Mines and take over the products of both, to be sold as may best suit the government.

HUNS TO DISARM.

Weimar, Feb. 14.—Friedrich Ebert, the president of Germany has announced to newspapers that the government is arranging the details for complete disarmament and demobilization.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Paris, Feb. 14.—General Moirer, military governor of Paris, died suddenly last night while at dinner at the home of Jean Cruppi, former Minister of Foreign Affairs.

AGREEMENT WITH STRIKERS

Chicago, Feb. 13.—A decision which is expected to end the strike of Eastern textile workers was given by the war labor board tonight, when a temporary working basis of an eight and one half hour day and a five day week was announced. It was estimated by labor leaders that at least ninety per cent of the idle employees would resume work on Monday.

WAS FATHER OF LACROSSE

Westfield, N. J. Feb. 13.—John R. Flannery, known as "The father of Lacrosse in the United States, died at his home here today. He was born in Montreal 67 years ago. He was the youngest members of the famous Shamrock team in Montreal when it held the world's championship in 1870.

Mr. J. A. Donaghy of Montreal is at the Barker House. Mrs. H. A. McKeown of St. John is a guest at the Barker.