

Notice of Legislation.

Notice is hereby given that the Town of Marysville will, at the next session of the Legislature of New Brunswick, make application for the passing of an Act to fix the valuation for assessment on the Nashwaak Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, in the Town of Marysville, in the event of such Company establishing a Pulp or Paper Industry at Marysville, at a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, for a period of twenty years.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1919.
(Signed) A. D. MACPHERSON,
Town Clerk
(L.S.)

Notice of Legislation

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick, at the next session thereof, for the passing of an Act to incorporate the Heron Lake Water Company, Limited, with power to supply water for domestic manufacturing and other purposes to the Town of Marysville and the inhabitants thereof, and with power to expropriate lands and other property for the purposes of the Company, and to excavate streets, ways and places for pipe lines, reservoirs and other works of the Company in the Town of Marysville, and connecting with Heron Lake, so called, in the County of York, with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1919.
GREGORY & WINSLOW,
Solicitors for Applicants.

Notice of Legislation

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of New Brunswick, at the next session thereof, for the passing of an Act to authorize the Nashwaak Pulp & Paper Company, Limited, to construct a dam or dams in the Nashwaak River, at or near the Town of Marysville, and to acquire by purchase or expropriation lands and property for such purpose and for storage or storage of water, and to build or extend railway lines and for other purposes.

Dated January 14th, A. D. 1919.
GREGORY & WINSLOW,
Solicitors.

Notice of Legislation.

Public notice is hereby given that the City of Fredericton will apply at the next session of the Legislative Assembly for power to issue bonds to the extent of \$200,000 extending over a term of years, at interest not exceeding six per cent, for the purpose of constructing permanent streets and sidewalks in the City of Fredericton, pursuant to the provisions of a Resolution of the City Council to that effect.

Dated this 8th day of February, A. D. 1919.
Geo. R. Perkins,
City Clerk.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Persons owing taxes will please take notice that their taxes must be paid by Thursday, February 20th, in order to qualify them to vote at the Civic Election to be held on Monday, March 10th, 1919.

G. R. PERKINS,
City Treasurer.

THE WINTER TERM OF THE FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

Open on MONDAY, January 13, 1919. Descriptive literature of our courses of study will be sent to any address on request.

Address FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Fredericton, N. B.
The only School in N. B. affiliated with the Business Educators' Association of Canada.



MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on FRIDAY, the 28th February, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, 6 times per week on the Mouth of Keswick Rural Route No. 3, commencing at the pleasure of the Postmaster General.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the post office of Mouth of Keswick and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

H. W. WOODS,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, N. B., Jan. 7, 1919.

PLUMBING AND STEAM FITTING

of all kinds. Attended to in first class style.
Consult us before leaving orders elsewhere.

D. J. SHEA

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 21st February, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, 3 times per week on the Nashwaak Bridge Rural Route No. 1, commencing at the pleasure of the Postmaster General.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Nashwaak Bridge and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

H. W. WOODS,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, N. B., Jan. 7, 1919.



MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 21st February, 1919, for the conveyance of His Majesty's mails on a proposed Contract for four years, 3 times per week, on the Stanley Rural Route No. 2, commencing at the pleasure of the Postmaster General.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the post office of Stanley, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

H. W. WOODS,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, N. B., Feb. 11th, 1919.

Saint John and Quebec Railway Company

TENDER.

TENDERS will be received by the Directors of the St. John and Quebec Railway up to noon of February the 17th, for the construction of LOADING WHARVES along the Railway between Gagetown and Westfield. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Office of the Chief Engineer at the City of St. John and at the Office of the Government Inspecting Engineer, Fredericton.

Tenders should be addressed to the undersigned and marked TENDER FOR LOADING WHARVES. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque for TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS payable to the order of the Railway Company.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Dated at St. John, Feb. 5, 1919.
SAINT JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.
E. S. CARTER,
Secretary.

PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YORK

In the matter of the Estate of Austin Kinney, late of the Parish of North Lake, in the County of York, Farmer, deceased.

Probate Stamp, five dollars)
To the Devises, legatees and creditors of Austin Kinney, late of the Parish of North Lake, in the County of York, Farmer, deceased, and to all others whom it may concern.

THE executor of the last will of the deceased, having filed his accounts in this court, and asked to have the same passed and allowed, you are hereby cited to attend, if you so desire, at the passing of the same, at a Court of Probate to be held in and for the County of York, at my office, in the City of Fredericton, in the said County of York, on TUESDAY, the Fourth Day of March next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, when the said accounts will be passed upon.

Given under my hand this thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1919.
(Sgd.) PETER J. HUGHES,
Judge of Probate for the County of York.

(Copy seal Probate Court, York Co.
(Sgd.) JAMES HOLLAND,
Registrar of Probates for the County of York.



It is easier to recover lost money than lost time.

STOMACH SO BAD THOUGHT HE WOULD DIE CAN EAT ANYTHING NOW

But for indigestion and dyspepsia, many a life might be a pleasant one. The misery which stomach troubles cause the sufferer knows only too well and any one who has suffered knows what joy it would give to be able to eat three good meals a day and not be punished for it after.

Nearly everything that enters a weak stomach acts as an irritant, and even the little that is eaten causes such torture and is digested so imperfectly that it does little good.

Before you can eat heartily, and not pick and choose your food, you must put your stomach right so that it will manufacture its own digestive ferments.

For forty years now Burdock Blood Bitters has been making weak stomachs strong, and permanently curing severe cases of indigestion and dyspepsia that other remedies were powerless to reach.

Mr. H. L. Fairweather, Cumberland Bay, N. B. writes: "I was troubled with my stomach for two years and sometimes was so bad I thought I would die. I tried everything I ever heard tell of, and had medicine from three doctors, but continued to grow worse. One day I read of some wonderful cures made with Burdock Blood Bitters. After taking two bottles, I could eat any kind of food without any bad effects, and by the time I had taken four I was in perfect health."

RELATIONS WITH POLAND

London, Feb. 12.—A Russian wireless despatch received here says that the Bolshevik foreign Minister, replying to a proposal of premier Paderevski, of Poland, to send Polish delegates to Moscow to discuss urgent Polish-Russian questions, says the Soviet government ardently desires peaceful relations with the Polish republic and guarantees an unhindered journey to Moscow for the delegates.

It would require a lot of imagination to make a real "bed of roses" comfortable.

WANTED

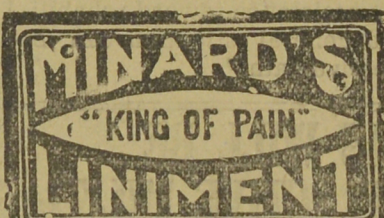
WANTED—Books and magazines for distribution to returned soldiers en route home, in the Military Hospitals or going overseas. Telephone Mr. A. Murray, care of A. Murray & Co. Tel. No. 159, or leave at store for Military V. M. C. A.

Notice of Assignment and Meeting of Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Samuel B. Hatheway, of Kingsclear, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1919, and pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 141 of the Consolidated Statutes of New Brunswick, 1903, entitled respecting assignments and preferences of insolvent persons, and amending acts, did make a general assignment of all his personal property which may be seized and sold under execution, and of all his real estate, credits and effects for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned John B. Hawthorne, Sheriff of the County of York, and also that a meeting of the creditors of the said Samuel B. Hatheway will be held in the office (County Court House here) of the said Sheriff, on MONDAY, the 24th Day of February at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of appointing inspectors and the giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the said estate and the transaction of such other matters as may properly come before said meeting.

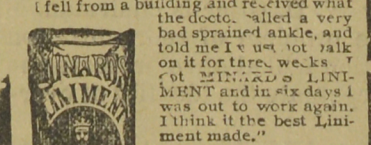
And notice is further given that the creditors of the said Samuel B. Hatheway are required to file their claims, properly proven, with the undersigned assignee, within three months of the date of this notice, unless further time be allowed by a Judge of the Supreme or County Court, and all claims not so filed within the time limited, or such further time (if any) as may be allowed by such Judge shall be as wholly barred from any right to share in the proceeds of such estate as if no such claims existed, but without prejudice to the liability of the debtor thereafter.

Dated in the City of Fredericton this 11th day of February, A. D. 1919.
JOHN B. HAWTHORNE,
Assignee.



The old reliable remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

Best Liniment Made
"R. A. LAUNDY, EDMONTON, writes:—(fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I was not to walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best Liniment made."



Minard's Liniment always gives satisfaction. For any ache or pain it gives instant relief.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited
Yarmouth, N. S.

WHY BELGIANS STILL NEED HELP

"In travelling through Belgium with the Belgian armies, I have been able to see the country recently tenanted by the Bochs in the condition in which they left it, and never was there such desolation anywhere. One cannot get away from signs of destruction, no matter where one goes, along the country roads or in the city streets."

Not only has property been destroyed and every means of livelihood taken away from the people, but the peasants, especially in the country districts, have been left destitute both of home and food. We travelled twelve miles yesterday through open country and as but one small instance of the vast plundering of the Germans, let me state that in all twelve miles not one solitary live animal did we see, and practically every tree had been felled, so you can imagine the dreary aspect of the scenery.

All the peasant women and children we met on our way, said a news correspondent, while they greeted us with cheers and received us into their homes with open arms, those that had homes, showed the greatest suffering from insufficient food and nourishment. They did not complain, but merely stated as a fact that they had not tasted meat for two months and had lived largely on soup and coffee.

The cry of the Belgians today is for food and clothing and those who would help, no matter how little, should send their contributions to their committee, or direct to the Central Committee, Belgian Relief Fund 59 St. Peter street, Montreal.

CLOTHES AND THE MAN.

Ask any man, "Who in your family spends the most money on clothes?" and the answer will come, "My wife."

If you should undertake to prove to him that he is the guilty one, he would be highly indignant. But the bureau of statistics has published figures that irrefutably defend the "frivolous sex."

According to these, which are derived from a study of 100 New York families with an average income of \$1,300, father is the most expensive member of the family to clothe, requiring \$73.17. Next comes big brother with \$70.41. Big sister costs \$62.13 and mother is a poor fourth with \$52.04.

The schoolboys average from \$37.81 to \$40.46; while their sisters of the same age cost only \$33.07 to \$38.86. Boys under six cost \$32.30, little girls \$29.60.

As a certain cartoonist would say, "Oh, man!"

Don't give the Palm Beach college yell till you find what February has up its sleeve.

Patriotism's greatest trial is to patiently endure the performances of the political party you don't like.

ONE DOSE RELIEVES A COLD—NO QUININE

Take "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until you have taken three doses, then broken. It promptly opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves the headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness. Don't stay stuffed up! Quit blowing and sniffing. Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store.

PROBLEM SOLVED.

The soldier who learns, when from France he returns, That a girl has his job, shouldn't hurry her. He should just let her stay pulling down the good pay, And in due course of time he should marry her.

The man who married in order to escape the draft must feel terribly chagrined when he stops to think that the worst of the war is over for everybody else.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

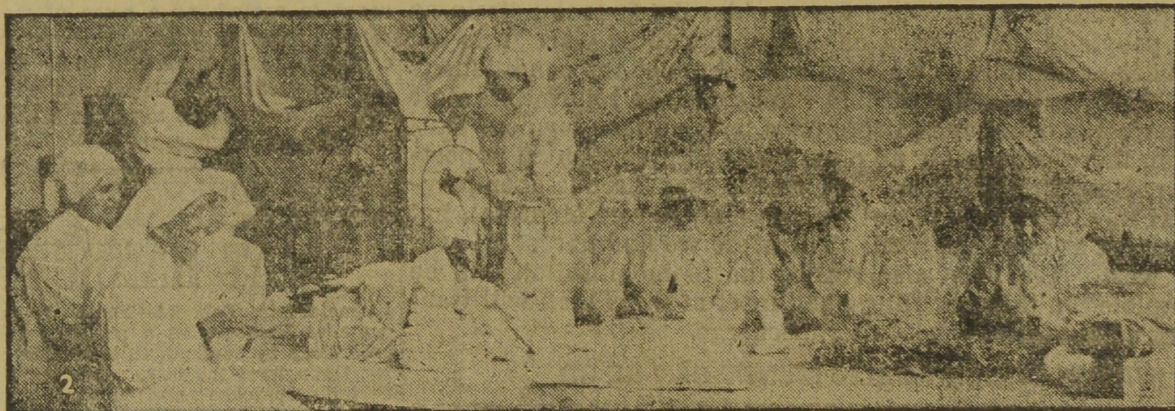
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchett*

- Sphagnum Moss as a Dressing -



Ladies of McGill University Women's Union making surgical dressings of Sphagnum Moss.

(Reading from Left to Right)—Mrs. W. Grant Stewart, Miss V. Hamell, Mrs. E. Maxwell, Mrs. R. W. Lee, Mrs. A. E. Garrow, Mrs. A. D. Blackader, Mrs. C. W. Colby, Mrs. F. D. Adams, Miss Mitchell.



(Reading from Left to Right)—Mrs. J. Harkness, Mrs. E. E. Howard, Miss E. King, (Standing) Mrs. W. H. Butters, Mrs. F. H. Pitcher, Mrs. J. B. Porter, Miss Neilson, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. J. C. Kennedy, Mrs. C. E. Moysse.

SPHAGNUM Moss, to which attention has been drawn by the fatal accident to Mr. Harry James Smith, the American Sphagnum Moss expert, is one of Canada's natural resources, one great value of which has been brought to light by the war. The use of mosses in surgical dressings dates at least as far back as the Napoleonic wars, but the demand for and extensive use of Sphagnum Moss did not materialize until 1915, and even in the Spring of 1916 its use was in the experimental stage. So great has become the demand that Great Britain is no longer able to fill it, and Canada and the United States are now being actively exploited for this highly absorbent dressing.

The first effective work on this side of the Atlantic was initiated by Prof. Porter of McGill University, who secured samples of various qualities of moss from the British authorities early in 1916 and then explored the bogs of Eastern Nova Scotia until he was able to locate supplies of material which the same authorities accepted as "perfect." The first sphagnum dressings sent overseas were made up from this moss in the autumn of 1916 by the major Red Cross of Guysboro, Nova Scotia.

Since then the industry has developed steadily. The McGill University Women's Union established a sphagnum department in a large laboratory very generously placed at their disposal by the University Medical School in the autumn of 1916, and from that day until this has been preparing moss and shipping dressings. Another important function of this organization has been to make up experimental sphagnum dressings of many sorts to try out the different grades of Canadian material under varying conditions.

During the winter of 1917 another work room was started at Dalhousie University, Halifax, and the Canadian Red Cross definitely adopted sphagnum for hospital dressings and prepared to open working centres on a large scale. Unfortunately the changes in the Atlantic shipping situation which resulted from unrestricted submarine warfare necessitated a temporary check; but the work of exploration and development was continued.

The late Mr. Harry James Smith of New York became interested in the possibilities of sphagnum last spring, and after spending some time with Dr. Porter to familiarize himself with the technology of the subject, established a sphagnum organization at his own expense at Arichat, Cape Breton, and collected and prepared a large amount of moss. Success in the use of this material led to the adoption of sphagnum by the American Red Cross and to the formation of a department which was placed under the control of Mr. Smith as organizer and Dr. J. A. Hartwell of New York as technical advisor.

During the last two or three months developments have been very rapid. The demand for dressings has increased to such an extent that the Canadian Red Cross has decided to start production on a large scale, and the Americans are organizing for an immense output for the use of their own and the French hospitals.

No moss can of course be procured in the east until the snow melts, and the bogs thaw out; but excellent sphagnum is also found on the Pacific coast. Mr. Smith, with the help of the Canadian Sphagnum Committee, procured a car of Vancouver Island moss (which Mr. Smith paid for out of his own pocket) proved so satisfactory that he went to Seattle early in March to organize the industry in the northwestern States, and incidentally to look into the situation in British Columbia for Professor Porter, who was unable to go west at the time.

As a matter of fact Mr. Smith met his death while searching for moss for the Canadian Red Cross, and thus set the seal to a life of exceptional generosity and nobility.

Sphagnum grows in moist and boggy places, and can be found in almost all parts of the country; but the moss to be useful must have exceptionally full and soft foliage, and the stems while tough and elastic must be flexible, as otherwise the dressing would be liable to cause irritation.

First class material has been found coast, and equally good moss grows plentifully in the far West—as, for example, on the west coast of Vancouver Island—but little or no first class surgical material has been found far from the sea, although there are immense areas of Sphagnum bog in the interior both of Canada and the United States. The best qualities of moss are likely to be found close to the margins of the ponds, and sometimes considerable areas of clean high grade material fill what was once a

small pond. Before any attempt is made to collect moss in quantities all of the bogs in the district should be examined with a view to locating the largest supplies of good material, and this preliminary examination should be made by persons who have had previous experience in collecting Sphagnum.

Owing to the great variations in usefulness of different kinds of Sphagnum, and the fact that different species grow very much intermixed, the material has to be collected by people who have been trained to know good moss from bad, and even an experienced collector will often have difficulty in deciding just what to take and what to leave when he first visits a new locality.

The accompanying photographs show the work of the McGill Women's Union. No. 1 illustrates the preparation and drying of sphagnum and the manufacture of dressings. No. 2, the general soldiers' comforts work. The Union was organized during the first weeks of the war from among the families of the Governors and staff of the University. Its original purpose was to help provide "soldiers' comforts" for McGill graduates and students on active service, and as these now number over 2,200, the possibilities of its work may be imagined. During the three and a half years of its existence the Union has expended nearly \$8,000 on the purchase of high grade materials, which have been made up by its members into socks, caps, mufflers, pyjamas, shirts, etc., to a total of about 9,000 articles of clothing alone, to say nothing of an immense number of sphagnum dressings, etc.

The organizer and first president of the Union was Mrs. H. Walter; since then the chair has been filled successively by Mrs. E. E. Howard, Mrs. J. B. Porter and Mrs. J. W. Ross, the present President. The Sphagnum Committee of the Union was organized in 1916 under the chairmanship of Lady Gordon, and its present Chairman is Mrs. Porter. The Treasurer of the Union is Mrs. A. McGoun and the Secretary Mrs. A. Willey. Any correspondence regarding the work of the Union should be addressed to the latter; but questions relating to the technology of Sphagnum and Sphagnum dressings should be addressed to Miss S. M. Bainbridge, Hon. Sec. Committee on Sphagnum Dressings, Canadian Red Cross Society, care McGill University, Montreal.