
Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Fair today; Sunday, easterly winds, with snow or rain in many places.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

Thousands Pay Tribute to Late Sir Wilfred Laurier

Funeral of Old Chieftain at Ottawa Today the Largest, the Grandest and Noblest That Canada Has Ever Seen—Over 40,000 People Viewed Remains in Parliament Building—Special Trains Brought Many Visitors to the Capital—Funeral Services Dignified and Impressive.

OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—Canada's capital today honored its great dead in worthy fashion. There was a tremendous dignity and solemnity in the funeral cortege of the late Sir Wilfred Laurier, which formed a fitting climax to a life which would have been noble in any of the great nations of the world, ancient or modern.

This dignity made itself manifest not so much in the formal arrangements which had been made for a state funeral, as in the grand spontaneity with which the people flocked in thousands to pay a last tribute. Unquestionably this was the largest funeral, the grandest and the noblest that Canada has ever seen.

While the body was lying in state in the chamber of the Parliament Building in which the great leader had won his mightiest triumphs for the people, nearly 40,000 people filed past the catafalque. It was late in the night before the last of the long line could be admitted and from the earliest dawn this morning thousands more streamed down to the Victoria Museum.

Special Trains Brought Thousands of Visitors to the Capital From All Points

Soon after eight o'clock great numbers of spectators had assembled along the line of route, taking advantage of every position which would give them a view.

The city had filled with visitors as if by magic overnight, special trains running from distant points and at times filling the large railway station.

The Mayor of Ottawa had to issue an appeal for those with rooms to offer accommodation, and a central bureau for this work was opened at the city hall. Almost every window and balcony in the spacious square wherein the Victoria Museum is situated, was filled with onlookers.

Promptly at ten o'clock the arrangements for the departure of the funeral cortege were complete.

Eulogies of the Departed Statesman Were Pronounced in French and English

Monsignor Dimaria, representative of the Pope in Canada, officiated at the church, assisted by other high dignitaries of the church. Monsignor Routhier was assistant priest. Canons Campeau and Platin, deacons of honor and Father Myrand of Ste. Anne's deacon of office.

In the sanctuary were several archbishops and bishops and representatives of all the religious communities. A touching Requiem Mass composed by the Abbe Perosi was rendered by the choir and at the conclusion eloquent eulogies of the dead were pronounced, in French by Archbishop Mathew, of Regina, and in English by Rev. Father John Burke, Paulist, of Toronto.

After the final absolution the body was taken to its last resting place in Notre Dame Cemetery. At the grave the last rights were performed by Father Lajune, of the Juniorate of the Sacred Heart.

The Nation's Tribute.

Throughout it was necessary to restrict admission to ticket holders, but the fullness and indeed the grandeur of the nation's tribute was seen more especially in the vast number of those who did not wait for the tickets of invitation to show their admiration for the Grand Old Man.

This was the dominant note of Sir Wilfred's funeral. From the Victoria Museum up the broad maple lined avenue of Metcalf street into the heart of the city of Ottawa, the procession slowly wound its way.

Every intersecting street was densely packed for yards away with those who had poured in to view the last rites.

Crowds Along the Route.

Crossing Sparks street and descending Wellington street towards the station the procession, headed by eight Dominion policemen of giant stature, turned to the left through Major Hill Park to the printing bureau, and then by the short stretch of St. Patrick street to the door of the church.

PREPARING FOR ANNUAL CON. AT THE UNIVERSITY

Decorating Proceeding Steadily—Competent Committees in Charge—Many Invitations.

The students of the University of New Brunswick have started decorating the main hall of the Arts Building for the Conversazione which is to be held on Friday February 28th beginning at 8.30 p. m. The work is taking up the greater part of the students' spare time and they are working hard to make the "Con" a still greater success than it has been in former years. New music has been obtained for the occasion and with the services of a first class orchestra the affair will prove very successful.

The preparations are being conducted by committees and are under the supervision of Brydon Millidge, M. C. President, Miss Frances M. VanWart, Vice President, and A. D. Foster, Secretary. The decoration committee is in charge of G. F. Kuhring while the refreshment committee is in charge of A. C. Edgcombe. The invitations for the "Con" were issued earlier in the week to a considerable number.

LIBERALS OF MONCTON SEND SYMPATHY

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 22.—The following telegram was sent to Lady Laurier on behalf of the Liberals of the city of Moncton:

"Though the keen bereavement which bows in grief your heart is sacred from intrusion, yet permit the expression of our heartfelt sympathy. Where you devotedly loved, we admired and trusted, recognizing Sir Wilfred Laurier's nobility of character and devotedness to national and public service, the unselfishness of which none knew better than you. May Almighty God strengthen you in the hour of personal trial, which is also one of national gloom."

Signed on behalf of the Liberals of Moncton City.

JOHN T. HAWKE,
Honorary President.
READ MCANUS,
President.
CLEMENT CORMIER,
Secretary.

THREATEN TO OPEN GATES TO BOLSHEVISM

Berlin, Feb. 22.—German troops defending the Posen front against the Poles at Birnbaum, have addressed a communication to National Assemblyman Ohler, protesting against an official order to vacate territory held by them in accordance with the conditions laid down by Marshal Foch, in which a line of demarcation between Germans and Poles was defined.

The communication declares: "We propose to remain in the positions held by us so long as we have a cartridge left and so long as a spark of fire remains, no Pole will succeed in defeating our plans. If Marshal Foch is determined to force matters to the uttermost extreme, he will find us ready. We will open the gates to Bolshevism, which will overthrow Europe."

RIOTING IN MUNICH BECOMING MORE SERIOUS, SHOPS BEING PLUNDERED

Berlin, Feb. 22.—The Bavarian Minister of the Interior was still alive this morning, according to reports received here from Munich. He is desperately wounded, however, a bullet having grazed his heart. The assassination of Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, caused a tremendous riot in Munich. The streets adjacent to the parliamentary buildings were thronged with crowds during the day, and the chamber where the diet was in session was invaded by a mob. At the foreign office in this city, where the news was received by telephone shortly before noon, the assassination is deplored by officials.

Later on the rioting took a more serious turn, ten thousand workmen from the suburbs marching into the centre of the city and are reported to have begun plundering shops.

LARGE MARKET AT PHOENIX SQ. THIS MORNING

Eggs Showed a Slight Downward Tendency—Pork Eased Off a Little—Much Meat on Sale.

A good sized market was assembled this morning at Phoenix Square and the available space was thronged with buyers. Meat was plentiful but showed no reduction in price. Beef was plentiful and sold for 12 to 16 cents a pound. Veal brought 15 to 22 cents a pound and sold quickly. Pork was plentiful selling for 21 and 23 cents showing a very slight drop. Fowl sold for 35 cents a pound while chicken called for 55 cents. Eggs sold for 60 cents a dozen but a few early buyers obtained them at 55 cents. Butter held last week's price of 55 cents a pound showing no reduction. Potatoes which have been varying from \$2.50 to \$3 sold for \$2.50 a barrel this morning. Turnips sold for \$1 a barrel. Carrots sold for \$1 a half barrel.

The wood and hay market is picking up of late. Wood has not yet fallen in price and in consequence large quantities of wood are not sold. The prevailing price for wood this morning was from \$6 to \$12 a cord. Hay is finding a ready market in this city, good island hay selling rapidly for \$15 to \$18 a ton.

SIR A. CURRIE'S MESSAGE TO THE PEOPLE

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—Granting courage and foresight on the part of the legislators, and thanks to the energy, initiative and ready adaptability of people the transition from war to peace conditions will not weigh heavily upon Canada so says Lieutenant General Sir Arthur Currie in a cabled message to the Canadian people which appears in the first issue of Back to Muffin, the new monthly magazine published jointly by the repatriation committee and the department of Soldiers Civil Re-establishment.

The first issue is just off the press and contains, in addition to the message from General Currie, an appeal from Mr. H. J. Daly, who launched the work of the repatriation committee, a comprehensive outline of the work of the committee and the departments associated with it; articles by the Hon. J. A. Calder, and Senator P. E. Blondin, as well as much interesting information on the subject of provision for returned soldiers.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS TO INCORPORATE

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—Notice is given in the Canada Gazette that application will be made at the present session of parliament for an act to incorporate the National Wholesale Grocers' Association of Canada. The purpose of the association, according to the notice, is to promote the grocery trade of the Dominion both import and export branches. It is also designed to develop harmonious relations among manufacturers and wholesale and retail dealers in order that food products may reach consumers in best condition and at lowest prices.

In making cranberry sauce, neutralize the acid of the cranberries with salt, and save a lot of sugar, says a recipe. Now wouldn't a combination of salt and cranberries eat a hole in a glass dish?

ECONOMIC MEASURES ARE TO BE PREFERRED TO ECONOMIC COUNCIL

Announcement Made in an Official Communique Issued by Supreme Council of the Peace Conference—Allies to Recognize the Polish Government—Official Statement by Commission on International Labor Legislation.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—All economic measures of a transitory nature which come before the Peace Conference will be referred to the economic council, it was announced last night in the official communique issued by the Supreme Council of the conference. The question of the creation of a neutral zone between the Hungarians and Roumanians in Transylvania was referred to the Supreme War Council at Versailles.

It was decided that the Allies, as a result of the session of the Polish Diet, if the powers of the Polish ministers were confirmed and Ignace Paderewski was acclaimed as head of the government, should recognize the Polish government. Five delegates of the powers have been entrusted with the task of drafting a plan of procedure for the new cabinet, a sub-committee being formed to make suggestions regarding its composition and its sovereign and to take into account the reservations made by Lord Robert Cecil regarding the representation of the British dominions. This question was referred to the commission on foreign affairs.

The Commission on Labor Legislation Continues Examination of British Scheme

Methods of dealing with complaints against a state for failing to observe the provisions of the international labor conference to which it is a party, were considered by the commission on international labor legislation at its meeting today. The official statement issued after the meeting follows:

"The twelfth meeting of the commission on international labor legislation was held this morning. Continuing examination of the British scheme, the commission discussed articles dealing with the procedure in regard to complaints lodged against a state for failure to carry out the provisions of the international labor conference to which it is a party.

"Discussion of the article dealing with the ratification of the convention was adjourned to a later sitting in view of the difficulty arising in connection with the constitution of various countries."

HUN REPUBLIC WILL SOON FACE AN UPHEAVAL

London, Feb. 21.—The young German republic will in a very short time be faced by a severe upheaval if not a breakdown, said Philip Scheidemann, German chancellor, in addressing the National Assembly at Weimar yesterday, according to a German wireless despatch received here.

The state and the nation are menaced as to food supplies and the conduct of industries, not only by our enemies, but our compatriots, who are now threatening our important industries in the Rhineland and Westphalian regions, he continued.

"The ground on which we are standing shakes," he said, "and perhaps it will sink if we are unsuccessful in ending this madness and crime in the Ruhr region."

The Chancellor is quoted as saying that "Notwithstanding all the good the soldiers' and workmen's councils accomplished during the first weeks of the revolution I have often blushed with shame at their violation of the liberty of the press."

CANADIANS TAKING WIVES.

London, Feb. 22.—Officials report a brisk business at the disposal of London's marriage license registry office at Doctor's Commons, where quick weddings are a specialty, especially on behalf of demobilized Canadian soldiers. The remarkable fact of the war is the number of married men it is sending back to Canada.

DEATH LIST NOW UP TO ELEVEN

Montreal, Feb. 22.—Eleven persons are believed to have been burned to death, while another will probably die as the result of burns, in the fire which destroyed the small hotel at St. Joviet on Wednesday morning. A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury after an inquest held on five bodies recovered.

The victims so far identified are: A. Coupal, proprietor of the hotel; Miss Lawson, a servant; J. B. Thibault, Antoine Leonard and Isadore Tasse, boarders. Three other bodies not yet identified were recovered, and three other persons are missing and believed to be dead in the ruins.

GENERAL PAU PRAISES THE BRITISH FLEET

Winnipeg, Feb. 22.—An eloquent appreciation of the services of the British fleet, which he said had saved civilization, of the British Empire and of the Canadians in the great war, was delivered by General Paul Pau, following his receipt at the legislature this afternoon.

He declared in glowing periods, and with a vigor and warmth that showed he was speaking from his heart, the part the empire had played in helping to achieve a glorious victory, and declared that nothing else would ensure for humanity a long and perhaps everlasting peace, in which the heroes of the war could be forgotten, of course, as that union which had been cemented between the British and French peoples.

NOT IN NEED OF HIS SERVICES.

Paris, Feb. 22.—The Eclair tells the story of how, at the moment of the attempt on the life of Premier Clemenceau, a Jesuit priest living close by happened to come out of his house. He ran to the Premier's assistance, helped him get out of his auto, and said with emotion: "Do you need my services, Monsieur Premier?" M. Clemenceau answered dryly: "No, thanks, sir, not yet."

Mr. Thomas Sonne of Montreal is registered at the Queen today. Mr. H. B. Ellis of New York is in the city today.

IN FAVOR OF PROHIBITION

Regina, Sask., Feb. 21.—Total prohibition by Federal legislation was approved at the annual convention of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers this afternoon, and the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway was again demanded. Provision by Dominion statute for the standardization, where feasible, of all machinery used in agriculture, was asked for in another resolution.

The convention re-approved of the attitude adopted at the last convention when it placed itself on record as believing that English alone should be used as the language of instruction in the schools of the province.