
Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather.

Maritime: Northeast winds, fair and cool; Thursday, rain in western portions.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY, APR. 16, 1919

TWO CENTS PER COPY

GERMAN PRESIDENT SENDS EASTER MESSAGE TO NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

Says the Government Will Agree Only to a Peace Based on Understanding and Reconciliation—The Inflexible Will of the Huns That the Coming Peace Shall be of Lasting Understanding Denounces Disorderly Agitators.

COPENHAGEN, April 15.—According to a despatch from Weimar President Ebert, of Germany, has addressed the following Easter message to the National Assembly "The national assembly, as the competent representative of the German people expressed unanimously on April 10 the explanation that the govt would agree only to a peace based on understanding and reconciliation and would reject any treaty which would sacrifice the present and future of the German people and the world.

"I make this pronouncement as a declaration of the inflexible will of the German people that coming peace shall be a peace of lasting understanding and conciliation among the nations, that it must thus give Germany the possibility of permanently observing the principle of understanding and conciliation.

WORKING TO GIVE PEACE, BREAD, WORK AND

A NEW CONSTITUTION TO A GREAT NATION

"The national assembly and the government are working with devotion and energy to fulfill the great task of giving peace, bread, work and a new constitution to a great nation. The task is difficult to fulfill as long as those who have it in their power to give the world peace allow themselves to be dominated by feeling and revenge and, by means of the hunger blockade and by threatening our annihilation are driving the German people to despair."

"The responsibility for all the developments which must follow the continuance of the present situation, for us and the world, must fall on their shoulders."

President Ebert concluded by denouncing the agitators of the country whose action, he says, "threatens to completely destroy our economic life."

SAYS A BOLSHEVIK DICTATORSHIP WOULD

RUIN INDUSTRIAL GERMANY IN A SHORT TIME

The yearning of the masses for human dignity, he continues "is no excuse for a handful of disorderly agitators who systematically endeavor to disturb the construction of the German republic. The new Germany cannot be created by a jump in the dark which would certainly be a jump into the abyss. A Bolshevist dictatorship of the proletariat minority would certainly ruin industrial Germany in a few months.

"A speedy external peace, based on understanding and a league of nations, is a vital question for us, but no less does our salvation rest on the necessity for peace and work at home. I, therefore, in this grave hour export all classes of our people to cease tearing one another to pieces. Without a victory over yourselves; open your eyes and see the abyss."

CANADIAN SOLDIERS TO RETURN FROM ENGLAND ON WARSHIPS

London, April 16.—In the House of Commons Mr. Archibald Hurd asked: "Will the Secretary for War arrange that Canadian troops now awaiting repatriation be sent home upon British warships, in view of the scarcity of merchantmen?" Mr. Wilson replied that the Admiralty had agreed to place a certain number of warships at the disposal of the authorities for the repatriation of troops. The difficult question of manning was being discussed between the Admiralty and the ministry of shipping. Anyhow, no difficulty was now being experienced in providing sufficient tonnage for the repatriation of Canadians in accordance with the programme of the Canadian authorities.

REPORT WAS UNFOUNDED

London, April 16.—A report from Paris that an American food ship was attacked and pillaged by the Germans is not true, according to a message received by United States naval headquarters here. A message received here said that all was quiet in Hamburg, while previous messages did not mention any serious trouble there.

Addressed Patriotic Associations.
Capt. T. F. Best of the National Council of the Y. M. C. A. addressed the members of the various patriotic associations of this city at the Red Triangle Club rooms yesterday afternoon at three o'clock. Last evening a banquet was given at the Y. M. C. A. building in honor of Capt. Best.

COLLIERY TO BE REOPENED

Glance Bay, N. S., April 16.—The Dominion Coal Company has decided to re-open the Hub colliery, Dominion No. 7. The Hub has been closed down for about two years. It produces excellent coal from the highest seam of the Glance Bay district, and the shaft is the nearest to the ocean shore, being quite close to the cliff at Tablehead. When in full operation the mine employs about 350 men.

Major and Mrs. W. A. Harrison of St. John are at the Queen Hotel today. Mrs. E. A. Smith of Shediac is a guest at the Queen. Mr. S. Douglass of Stanley is at the Barker House.

DR. ABRAMSON GAVE TALK ON PUBLIC HEALTH

CHIEF OF LABORATORIES HEARD BY LARGE NUMBER

Pointed Out Value of Organized Health Services During the War—Provincial Department.

Dr. A. B. Abramson of the Provincial Health Laboratories, St. John, addressed the Fredericton Science Club last evening at the K. of P. Hall. A large audience listened to a splendid address on Public Health. Dr. Abramson outlined the possibility of activities in the present Health Department and showed by statistics that wherever a department had been established the mortality rate had been decreased in that section. In case of a bad epidemic the work of the Department could not be judged as even the best of Health Departments, like that in New York city were absolutely helpless when the great influenza epidemic spread over the country.

The idea of the Department he said is to look after the health of the individual and in New Brunswick it is possible to do this and prevent a large number of deaths from absolutely preventable diseases. Many people believe the idea is a fad only but there is one class of the people that readily recognizes the successful work carried on. The returned soldiers have seen and understand the work of organized Health Departments in this war. In previous wars there has always been a bad outbreak of enteric fever or some other disease which has sapped the vitality of the fighting men. In no case in this war has the enteric fever or any other such disease gained control. This was due to the splendid work of the Military Medical services which have taken precautionary steps.

Newton Heights, Limited

William F. Humphrey of Humphrey's Mills, Antoine J. Leger, Isaac Newton Wilbur, Abraham Wilbur and E. Albert Reilly of Moncton have been incorporated as Newton Heights, Limited, with head office in the City of Moncton and capital stock of \$49,000. The company is empowered to conduct a general real estate business.

Small Mid Week Market

There were only a few teams collected in the country market this morning and produce did not show much variety. Eggs sold for 40 cents a dozen although they sold early in the morning for 35 cents. Butter brought 65 cents a dozen. Veal sold for 10 cents to 16 cents a pound. Carrots sold for \$1.25 a half barrel while turnips brought \$1 a barrel. Maple honey sold for 50 cents a bottle but was not very plentiful.

TELEPHONE SERVICE IN PARTS OF NEW ENGLAND TIED UP BY STRIKE

Officials of the Company Making Desperate Efforts to Obtain Substitute Operators—Strike Leaders Declare That Union Operators are Standing Firm—Cable Splicers May Join in the Strike.

Boston, Mass., April 16.—Interruption of telephone service in New England outside of Connecticut by the strike of operators of the New England and Providence companies continued today, although company officials looked for some improvement as a result of efforts made to obtain substitute operators. In this city the tie-up was virtually complete. In a few other sections partial service was maintained through the lack of employees who are not involved in the strike. The managers in several cities announced that some former employees had taken up work at the switches.

Leaders of the strikers asserted that all the union operators were standing firm for their demands for increase in wages and the privilege of collective bargaining. They pointed to the promise of support given by the cable splicers' union and the inside telephone men as evidence of the strength of their position. The cable splicers, numbering several hundred, notified the New England Telephone management that they would quit work today unless the wage schedule presented a few months ago, was immediately acted upon.

The inside telephone men, including electrical workers from all parts of New England, voted last night to strike at noon. They demand a settlement of all pending grievances of all New England telephone locals, both male and female.

Union officials said the action meant the addition of 12,000 electrical workers to the ranks of the strikers.

Situation Still Full of Perils for All Countries

BARBARITIES PRACTICED BY JAP SOLDIERS

San Francisco, Cal., April 15.—Incidents of the Korean revolution are described by Dr. Geo. McCune, a Presbyterian missionary at Sensen, Korea, in a letter printed in the current issue of the Continent, a Presbyterian weekly. The letter was entrusted to a returning traveller, to be mailed to Chicago from Canada "if it was not taken from her as she left Korea."

Dr. McCune described incidents he and other missionaries witnessed at Sensen between March 8th and 10th. He told of seeing three Japanese soldiers take a woman, throw her down, kick her and strike her head with guns. With a final kick they left this woman of culture and refinement on the street.

Five soldiers, he continues, came up to the north church and opened the keeper's house. They went in and knocked things about with their guns, broke a lamp and several dishes, and threw down the attendants and scattered their clothes. They demanded that the door of the church be opened. The police had ordered it closed just a little while before. When a young man ventured to say so they struck him with a gun, knocking him to the ground. His mother went over to see him and she was thrown back and struck to the ground with a bayoneted gun. The blood spurted out of her body, and with a final kick they turned their attention to the husband and father. They slit his ear up with a bayonet and left him bruised from head to foot.

WENT AFTER MILLINERY NOVELTIES

Toronto, April 16.—A despatch to the Globe from Port Colborne says: Feminine flutterings culminating in consternation swept the plume bedecked Pullman and passenger cars of trains crossing the international bridge at Bridgeburg yesterday. A bright, busy and vivacious little lady stepped aboard. She was Mrs. White, of the customs department, and she manifested keen interest in the many alluring millinery novelties on display.

Given Two Years

Belinda Jardine of Northumberland county, who was arrested in Halifax some time ago while wearing military clothing and was charged with shooting and wounding a sergeant has been sentenced to serve two years in the penitentiary, the chief justice remarking that it did not seem safe for the girl to be at large. The Jardine girl was arrested at Fredericton about a year ago. She was wearing a man's clothing at that time.

Premier Lloyd George Discusses Matters Pertaining to the Peace Conference—Thinks That Those Who are Trying to Do Their Best Should be Let Alone—Would Rather Leave Russia Bolshevist Than See Great Britain Landed in Bankruptcy.

LONDON, April 16.—Replying in the House of Commons today to previous criticism of his activities at the Peace Conference in Paris, Premier Lloyd George said the situation was "still full of perils for all countries." He pleaded that those "who were trying to do their best be let alone."

The time spent by the peace conference in framing the League of Nations plan saved time instead of wasting it, Mr. Lloyd George declared, as the League would provide a means of adjustment of possible errors. "I would rather leave Russia bolshevik until they see their way out of their dilemma, rather than see Great Britain landed in bankruptcy," was one of the Premier's declarations.

THE PREMIER DEPRECATES ATTEMPTS BEING

MADE TO SOW DISSENSION AMONG DELEGATES

"It is not true that the United States and Europe have been at variance," the Premier declared. He deprecated the attempts to sow dissension among the delegates. In his reference to the League of Nations deliberations Mr. Lloyd George said that it was setting up machinery capable of readjusting and correcting possible mistakes. "And that is why the League of Nations, instead of wasting time, saved time," he added.

THE ENORMOUS ISSUES BEFORE THE CONFERENCE

REQUIRE CALM CONSIDERATION, SAYS PREMIER

"Stones were thrown on the roof and wild men were screaming through the keyholes, while enormous issues depended upon them, which required calm deliberation," the Premier said. He asked for the opportunity for such deliberation for the rest of the journey.

In his reference to the Russian question the Premier said reliable information showed that while the Bolshevist force was apparently growing, Bolshevism itself was gradually waning—breaking down before the relentless force of economic facts.

In answer to a question from a labor member whether approaches for peace had come from the Russian government, the Premier said: "We have had no approaches of any sort or kind. None have been put before the conference."

FIRST BRIGADE OF FIRST DIVISION COMING HOME ON THE OLYMPIC

London, April 15.—The First Brigade of the First Canadian Division, 6,000 strong, embarked at Southampton, homeward bound, on the Olympic under command of Brigadier General G. E. McCuaig. They were accorded an enthusiastic send-off by the townspeople. The quay side was densely thronged with spectators. The mayor and members of the corporation attended and a band played military airs. Those witnessing the departure of the vessel included Division General Macdonnell. Many of the men sailing today practically fought through the whole war. The mayor paid eloquent tribute to the prowess of the Canadians and the tenacity with which they held their own in engagement after engagement against heavy odds. As the steamer left her moorings the band struck up "Auld Lang Syne." Afterwards the troops frantically cheered for the King and Canada.

TO MEET AT VERSAILLES APRIL 25TH

Paris, April 16.—A formal invitation was sent by the Council of Four today to the German government to send representatives to Versailles for the meeting of the Peace Congress on the 25th of April.

No reply has been received up to tonight, but it is expected that the German delegation will reach Versailles about the 24th. The complete German peace mission probably will number about two hundred persons.

Capital Stock Enlarged

The capital stock of The United Farmers' Co-operative Company of New Brunswick, Limited, has been increased from \$9,000 to \$299,000.

Appointments in Sunbury

John Randall of Sheffield and F. C. Coburn of Ripples have been appointed commissioners for taking affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court and Walter S. Raymond and Osmond Sewell also of the County of Sunbury have been appointed justices of the peace.

SIR A. GEDDES PRAISES WORK OF CANADIANS

London, April 16.—At a luncheon at the Savoy Hotel, tendered Mr. Lloyd Harris, chairman of the Canadian Trade Commission, and his colleagues today, at which Sir George Perley presided, Sir Auckland Geddes, Minister of National Service, in proposing a toast to the returning Canadian divisions, said that all knew how gallantly nobly and successfully the Canadian divisions played their allotted part in the great campaign which ended the war against Germany. Their record was one of which any nation might be proud, if it had no other claim to pride.

Canada, said Sir Auckland, no longer found herself a subordinate partner in the British Empire, but one of the great world powers—one of the great nations which had been proved on the battlefields of Europe.

STORM AGAIN INTERFERES.

St. Johns, Nfld., April 16.—With a heavy snow storm raging this morning it is doubtful if any flying will be attempted today.