
Notice to Advertisers.
In order to ensure changes being made in advertisements, copy must reach this office not later than 9 a. m. on the day of publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather
Strong northeast winds with occasional rain. Wednesday gradually clearing.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1920

TWO CENTS PER COPY

SERVANTS ARE CONTESTING THE WILL OF A WEALTHY AUSTRIAN; SALARIES WERE IN ARREARS

SERVANTS LIVED AS ONE FAMILY

Archduke Left All of His Possessions to His Secretary, Who Has Since Died—Lady of the Household Also Puts in a Claim for Quite a Substantial Amount.

(Special to the Daily Mail. Copyright) Vienna, Sept. 14.—A spirited battle is on for the possession of the fortune and estate of the late Archduke Ludwig Salvator of Austria who died in October 1915. The Archduke left the whole of his possessions to his secretary, Vives Y. Colow and children. Colow has since died and the children therefore inherit the fortune consisting of the ancestral estates, a number of castles and eight million Austrian crowns. The Archduke's staff of servants are contesting the will, claiming arrears in their salaries under a clause in the will, reading "All persons in my employ are to receive wages during their life." The contestants say the Archduke's servants lived as one family in the biblical and patriarchal fashion, eating together at the same table. Wherever the Archduke travelled he was accompanied by his whole household as if they were members of the family. Another mysterious claimant to the fortune is Antoinette Calafat, a beautiful Austrian, who claims a million and a half crowns, as "Lady of the Household."

A RUSSIAN MYSTERY SHIP

(By Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service) Cherbourg, France, September, 11.—Much mystery attaches to the arrival here of the Russian naval flag with the Cross of St. Andrew and manned by a crew of Esthenians and Russians. The "Mikoula" came to Cherbourg last winter, replenished her stores, and left for England.

It is said here that the vessel has returned to France following its expulsion from English ports as an undesirable. No one knows to what Russian government the vessel belongs. Neither the captain or the crew of the vessel have been allowed to land here.

The Russian gunboat, "Kite Boy," which has been undergoing repairs here, is leaving for a voyage by stages to Constantinople. She will place herself under the orders of General Wrangel.

TO SEND GOLD TO THE U. S.

(Special to the Daily Mail. Copyright) London, Sept. 14.—Financial circles have received a report that a powerful group of American bankers headed by J. P. Morgan have concluded arrangements with the French Ministry of Finance by which half of France's share of the loan by the United States will be liquidated by a new loan. To facilitate the negotiations it is said that France will shortly ship to the United States, 200,000,000 francs in gold.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS WILL TRY TO RECOVER LOSSES ON EXCHANGE

(Special to the Daily Mail; copyright by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service, 1920.) LONDON, Sept. 14.—A test case to decide the validity of claims by 22,000 Canadian ex-soldiers in England, against the Canadian government, for the recovery of exchange differences in pay, gratuities and pension, is shortly to come up for hearing, according to Richard Taunton, secretary of the C. E. F. exchange committee. He says the average loss by the men has been from \$200 to \$400 each. The Canadian currency committee have exhausted all amicable methods for a settlement and they are determined now to force a decision by legal means.

ADMIRALTY OFFICIALS ARE DETERMINED THAT THE BRITISH NAVY SHALL LEAD

The U. S. Program for an Increase for an Increase by Thirty New Battleships May Mean a Corresponding Increase in the British Fleet—American Commerce Would Suffer by the Abrogation of Commercial Treaties.

(By William Butler, staff correspondent of the Daily Mail; copyright by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service, 1920.)

LONDON, Sept. 14.—That President Wilson will not follow the directions of Congress and notify Great Britain and other powers of the United States' intention to abrogate treaties conflicting with the operation of the Jones bill, is the belief widely expressed here in Admiralty circles, possibly fathered by that desire. President Wilson has not yet given notice of such abrogation to Great Britain, although the period expires today. The hope is expressed here that there will be no eleventh hour notification. It is said, however, that if the President sends a notice the British will reply with a friendly protest asking for reconsideration.

U. S. COMMERCE MAY SUFFER.

British officials are pointing out that if enforcement of the Jones shipping bill compels abrogation of American commercial treaties, including the treaty of 1822 with France, American commerce is bound to suffer seriously through reprisals. However, there is no evidence that Great Britain has formed any preliminary plans for joining Japan or any other nation in a counter-commercial campaign against the United States. Nevertheless, the status of the Anglo-American shipping controversy is increasing the fears of British officials who are most anxious for the closest possible relations with America.

Admiralty officials are outspoken in their determination that Great Britain will not be outstripped by any other navy. They are pointing out that the program of thirty new United States battleships as announced by Secretary Daniels, may force a corresponding increase in the British fleets, contrary to President Wilson's disarmament principles. "And anyway, say the British sea chieftains, 'where is Daniels going to get the crews to man all these new boats?'"

THE PEN NO PLACE FOR AN INFANT

Jefferson, City, Mo., Sept. 14.—Mrs. Margaret Burlington, convicted in a Federal court in Wisconsin of having used the mails to defraud and sentenced to three years' imprisonment, was not allowed to enter the Missouri State Penitentiary today because she had a six months' old baby with her.

Under the terms of the Federal commitment Mrs. Burlington was to take the baby to prison with her and keep it for six months, after which the baby was to be in the custody of the father six months.

The Missouri law, however, does not permit incarceration of children in the State prison, and the United States Deputy Marshal was directed to return to Wisconsin with his prisoner and inform the Federal court that the baby could not be admitted to the Missouri prison.

CONSUMERS MUST PAY IT

Ottawa, Sept. 12.—That the burden imposed by the increase in railway rates authorized by the railway commission is bound to fall upon the consumer was the view expressed by F. H. Cahill, member for Pontiac, and the chief Liberal railway critic in the house of commons, when questioned in regard to the increase by a representative of the Canadian Press Limited.

Mr. Cahill said that while he expected there would be some advance in rates authorized he had not anticipated that the railways would be given practically everything they asked for. As far as the consumer was concerned, Mr. Cahill remarked, the rates would mean a fifty per cent. increase.

He observed that as a result of the judgment the C. P. R. would be placed in a very favorable condition.

CAMPAIGNING IN ALBERT

Hillsboro, Sept. 13.—Hon. Rupert W. Wigmore, minister of customs and inland revenue, opened his campaign in Albert county tonight with a meeting in Hillsboro. He advised his friends in Albert not to be over-confident, but to do their part in bringing out the vote.

SAYS THERE IS NO TRUTH IN THE REPORT

St. John, Sept. 14.—H. F. Puddington, secretary-treasurer of the New Brunswick Railway Company, said yesterday that the company attaches no importance to a published item to the effect that the company is in possession of more land up the river than it is entitled to, a report having been circulated that at the time the original survey was made a long chain was used instead of the standard measurement. The item was shown to Mr. Puddington, who said that he had first heard the story two or three months ago. "The company," he added, "attaches no importance to the story as extensive survey work that has been carried on over its property in the last few years shows no indication that the company received any more land than it was entitled to."

EX-KAISER SAYS HEADS WILL FLY

Berlin, Sept. 13.—An extraordinary declaration by former Emperor William, made on the grounds of his residence at Doorn, is reported by Vorwaerts in a story purporting to emanate from a Prussian junker who recently visited him.

It is stated that the former Emperor was chopping a tree when he suddenly exclaimed, as he struck furious blows with his axe, "This is the way heads will fly to the right and left when I return to Germany."

Commenting on the remark, Vorwaerts says: "It shows Wilhelm in all his old greatness as a politician."

WOULD JOIN THE LEAGUE

(Special to the Daily Mail. Copyright) Geneva, Sept. 14.—The desire of the Teuton states to join the League of Nations is indicated in a note forwarded to the League notifying it of their decision to file with the secretary copies of all treaties negotiated since the armistice despite the fact that they have not heretofore been members. It is reported that Austria intends to take similar action.

TRADES AND LABOR CONGRESS IN CONVENTION AT WINDSOR—PREMIER MEIGHEN HEARD FROM

MANY SAW BIG FIGHT PICTURES

Clergymen and Ladies Were Among the Spectators—Dempsey's Wonderful Work Shown.

The exhibition of the Willard-Dempsey fight motion-pictures at the Opera House last night attracted quite a large number of spectators among whom were observed several ladies. The pictures showed the training quarters of the two heavyweights and their methods of training. The preliminary bouts and exhibitions by a squad of the United States Marine Corps also were shown. The principal event made all spectators think of the bulletins which came in the afternoon of the bout and the surprising information that Dempsey in the first round really won having his giant opponent helpless. The fierce attack of the present champion was shown in every detail and the surprising form which overcame the great handicap in size and weight. A number of clergymen saw the picture.

HON. DR. SMITH'S RESIGNATION IS ACCEPTED

(Special to the Daily Mail) St. John, Sept. 14.—"The resignation of Hon. E. A. Smith as Minister of Lands and Mines in the Provincial Government has been received by the Lieutenant Governor and has been accepted," said Premier Foster in a statement given out to the press this morning. He went on to say that a successor would be appointed in the course of a few days. The Premier said that Hon. Mr. Smith's resignation was not the result of any disagreement with his colleagues as to the general policy of the Government, nor was it the result of a disagreement among the cabinet over the rates of stumpage but it had to do with the working out of the details in connection with the establishment of a game sanctuary.

STOCK MARKET QUOTATIONS

(Furnished by J. M. Robinson & Sons, New York.)

American Wool	82½
Bethel Steel B.	74½
C. P. R.	119
Crucible	123½
General Motors	21¼
Marine Pfd.	74¼
Mexican Pete	175
New York Central	74¼
Reading	92¾
Republic Iron & Steel	79½
Rubber	85½
Studebaker	62½
United States Steel	88½
Sterling	345
N. Y. Funds 11½ to 11 9-16.	

Montreal.	
Brazilian	38
Brompton Pulp	74
Canada Cement	65½
Montreal Power	80½
Laurentide Pulp	116
General Electric	102
Ships Common	64½
Spanish River Common	118
Smelters	25½
Victory Bonds, 1937	98
" " 1933	96½
" " 1927	97
" " 1923	98
" " 1922	98
" " 1934	98
" " 1924	97

SINN FEINERS DECLARE THEY WANT JUSTICE AND NOT MERCY

(Special to the Daily Mail; copyright by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service, 1920.)

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The Sinn Fein leader O'Brien, discussing Bonar Law's letter, said: "We never asked for mercy and we are not asking for it now. What we want is justice. This war has been thrust upon us by England. MacSwiney in one of his speeches called on all the Irish to work and die for the Irish Republic. 'We are facing the enemy,' he said, 'and we must declare it in our attitude. We see their regime as a thing of evil incarnate. There can be no parley any more than there can be a truce with the powers of hell. Civilized people dare not look on indifferent while new tortures are being prepared, or they will see undermined the pillars of their government and the whole world involved in unimaginable anarchy.'

OPENING DAY GIVEN OVER TO SPEECHES

Addresses of Welcome Delivered by Hon. Walter Rollo and Others—Mounted Police Accompanied the Premier—Some Good Advice Tendered to the Delegates.

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 13.—The feature of the opening day of the thirty-sixth annual convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada was an address at the afternoon session by Hon. Arthur Meighen, premier of Canada. The convention opened formally, shortly before 11 o'clock after addresses of welcome by J. F. Clancy, president of the Local Trades and Labor Congress, Mayor E. B. Winter of Windsor, Walter McGregor, representing the Border Cities Board of Commerce, K. C. Kennedy, M. P. and Hon. Walter Rollo, minister of labor and health for Ontario, the address of the latter being the feature of the forenoon session. The congress had gotten a start on the report of the resolutions' committee, shortly, when four red-coated mounted policemen came unobtrusively through the main entrance to the convention hall followed by a detachment of city police and ranged themselves along the bank of the hall and President Tom Moore requested the permission of the delegates to interrupt the proceedings in order that they might hear the premier of Canada speak. He then introduced the premier, telling the delegates that should Mr. Meighen feel it his duty to say things with which they were not in harmony it was their duty to give him an attentive hearing.

An Attentive Hearing. Premier Meighen was given an ovation as he rose to speak and an attentive hearing, throughout his address. After briefly reviewing the history of organized labor on this continent he intimated that the best way to get results tending to improvement of the lot of the wage earners was by a steady determined movement along lines that have brought results in the past.

Continuing, the premier said that improvement was obtained by exposing the facts and educating public opinion "by loyalty to your organization," subordinated to that higher loyalty to country which alone gives your organizations respect and power, by studying the advances made in other countries in order to keep abreast or better than abreast at home, by regard for the rights of others, by fulfillment of contracts, by dependence only through the power of public approval. These are the methods and the only methods, that have in the past brought advance without reaction. I believe they are the principles upon which the Trades and Labor Congress has relied and intends to rely.

THIEVES BUSY IN MONCTON

Moncton, Sept. 13.—Three cases of alleged theft have been reported to the local police. A man at a local hotel reported the loss of \$30 from his room. A residence in Metzler avenue was reported to have been broken into. It is also reported that an attempt was made to break into the maternity hospital, Archibald street.

THRASHING IS GENERAL NOW

Regina, Sask., Sept. 13.—Wheat cutting is practically completed and thrashing is general in all districts in Saskatchewan, according to the weekly crop report issued today by the provincial department of agriculture.