

FAINT AND DIZZY SPELLS WEAKNESS AND SHORTNESS OF BREATH

You can generally tell when the heart is affected by the faint and dizzy spells, the shortness of breath, palpitation, throbbing, irregular beating, smothering sensations, weak, sinking, all-gone feeling, choking sensation, etc.

Many men and women become run-down and worn out when otherwise they could be strong and healthy if they would only pay some attention to the first sign of heart weakness.

No remedy will do so much to make the heart regain strength and vigor, regulate its beat and restore it to a healthy and normal condition as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Mrs. C. A. S. Drake, Paris, Ont., writes: "I have used on towards the second box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and find they have done me good. I had those fainting, dizzy spells, once in a while, and also weakness and shortness of breath, and would become so choked up at times I could hardly sleep without sitting up in bed. When walking too fast I would have to stop and try to catch my breath. I feel a lot better since I have used your pills and know that they have helped me wonderfully as I have improved very much."

Price 50c. a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CANDY SALES HAVE GONE UP

New York, Feb. 24—Chocolates, bonbons and other candies have been added to the menus of many leading New York hotels and the change is credited to prohibition.

"Candy sales have more than quadrupled in the last few months," said one manager today. "Nearly everybody asks for candy as part of their luncheon and dinner orders, and many have candy served with their breakfast."

WAR TORN FRANCE FACES HUGE TASK CHEERFULLY

Sound of Hammers Heard Throughout Devastated Area from Lille to Rheims—An Enormous Undertaking as Hand Power is the Only Means of Clearing Away War's Havoc—Inhabitants are Resigned and Everyone Working.

Paris, Feb. 26th—From Lille to Rheims French cities, which two years ago were under heavy German bombardment are reverberating with the sound of hammers and saws today.

An extended tour from one end of the war wastes to the other shows how France is tackling her ruined cities and restoring to cultivation those fields not annihilated beyond all hope of declamation.

It is an inspiring sight. The battle of motor lorries, which two years ago marked the advance or retreat of the great allied forces in the stricken districts, today signals the forward march of reconstruction. Whereas, before they carried weapons of destruction today they bear tons of building materials and the crashing of shells has been replaced by the shouts of thousands of workmen lifting the country out of its ruins.

With courage and cheerfulness for mer residents have returned to their shattered homes, and business men and manufacturers stand amidst the debris of their former plants directing or participating in the work of rebuilding. At Lille and Amiens, where most of the buildings are still intact, new machinery is being rapidly installed to replace the old.

Progress Slow at Verdun

In fact throughout the former war zone every city, with the exception of Verdun, is alive with activity and filled with workmen and piles of building materials. In Verdun progress has been slower owing to the fact that it has always been a military rather than an industrial center in years gone by. Thus far only the provisional lodgings of those townspeople who expect to derive a comfortable living from American tourists this summer have been improved.

Mayor Robin said he hoped the general work of reconstruction would be in this year.

The great industrial centers of Lille and Roubaix reveal that three-fourths of the factories already are operating generally at about half their capacity. Lack of coal and raw materials is the only thing preventing greater activity.

Amiens Again Normal

In Amiens which was not greatly

Too Much Political Graft

Many say it can't be prevented, neither can warts or corns; but they can be cured by Putnam's Corn Extractor; it cures corns and warts without pain in twenty-four hours. Use only Putnam's, 25c at all dealers.

MOOSE SPURNED ASSISTANCE OF HUMAN FRIENDS

It is not often that you come across a large bull moose in the wilds of New Brunswick that you can approach within speaking distance and then hold a pantomime conversation with. But this is just what occurred about ten miles from this city on the Minto railway, a few days after the great hail storm, which produced a very hard sharp crust, through which teamsters found it impossible to force their horses without first breaking the crust with a shovel or axe. As Mr. Allen Sewell who lumbers for the Frasers, was going back to the camp with one of his men they came across a large bull moose in an open place in the woods and only a short distance from the road. He was making desperate efforts to get away to the near by heavy timber; but his legs were bruised and bleeding. Mr. Sewell and his man got off their sleds and went over to within four or five rods of the helpless animal. The moose would rear and strike wildly at the sharp crust in front of him, but would not attempt to wade into it. When they would go to advance closer with a view to breaking the crust for him, he would shake his head and snort loudly and strike out with his fore feet. Seeing it was no use to try to go closer to him they began to break a path for him from there to their road. When they had done this they drove on. On their return the moose still stood there, but next morning when they went out he was gone. Upon investigation it was found he had spurned the efforts of his human friends to assist him but had made his way to the railway and following that regained the heavy woods.

damaged by German fire, life is virtually normal again. All of the 250 velvet cloth factories both big and small are operating full blast. These are the only cities able to resume actual manufacture of commodities in the devastated area although the famous Rheims caves are turning out wine supplies at their pre-war rate. In other cities virtually the entire populations are busy rebuilding.

Throughout this area the government is advancing money to private contractors who hire workmen and charge the property owner by the job. And it has proved true that, be he of the bourgeoisie or a shopkeeper, he invariably pulls off his coat and works alongside the workmen in the ruins.

The magnitude of the undertaking is evidenced by the fact that hand power is the only means of cleaning up the war's havoc. Every beam must be removed by hand. All iron and lumber material must be sorted and piled by the same means. Debris from the wreckage of house and buildings is tossed by hand into carriers running on a little narrow-gauge railway winding through the ruins.

While the work goes forward the inhabitants have resigned themselves to the discomforts of living frequently in a single room, in the shattered remains of what was once their home. And, though it is admitted that in some cities the work of rebuilding will take five, 10 or 15 years—according to the degree of demolition—they are happy in the belief that some day all the marks of war will be removed. With the same stolid cheerfulness in which they accepted their war struggles with the word, "C'est la guerre," they now smilingly face the real "apres la guerre."

EPIDEMIC OF BOOZE THEFTS ON BORDER

Windsor, Feb. 26—Since special Provincial investigators have been checking the quantity of liquor held in Windsor the reporting of thefts of liquor has become epidemic. Every one lawfully owning liquor, and the amount he holds, are listed by the Province. This liquor may not be sold, and too rapid disappearance may be cause for investigation or even arrest.

In the past twelve hours eight thefts of liquor, totaling 262 cases, have been reported to the police, one being as large as 70 cases and two of 50 cases each. The police do not believe that these are stolen, or at least they think that not all the thefts reported are genuine thefts.

Beyond her own judgment a woman has very little idea of how her clothes really look. The men can't tell her, and the women don't tell her the truth.

Prof. E. E. Prince of Ottawa is at the Barker House.
John McDonald Jr. of St. John is a guest at the Barker House.

The Electric Lights

Illuminate your home with it and ask for particulars

THE MARITIME ELECTRIC CO.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

OLD FOLKS NEED MILD BOWEL TONIC

And Should Avoid the Use of Harsh Pills and Drastic Purgatives.

Old people, no matter how sound and healthy, should avoid cathartic pills, purgative water, salts and all such temporary relief measures. They ease conditions today, but bind you up worse than ever tomorrow.

It is better to get the bowels into the habit of performing their useful function at a certain time each day and this can be done by strengthening the muscles of the stomach and bowels by the tonic action of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a mild laxative that acts as close to nature's way as possible.

Thousands of people, old and young, prevent and cure habitual constipation by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a mild yet active medicine that is noted for its promptness in curing headaches, belching gas, sourness in the stomach, fullness after meals, liver soreness and muddy complexion. You'll have the best of health, feel good, eat well, digest and sleep well if you regulate the system by Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c per box at all dealers.

U. M. W. CLAIMS IT IS SATISFIED RE MINTO STRIKE

No Hardship to Organization, It is Claimed—Miners Secured Employment Elsewhere.

Silby Barrett one of the United Mine Workers' leaders in Cape Breton in an interview in the Sydney Record has the following to say with regard to the situation at Minto, N. B.:

"The situation at Minto was canvassed and it was decided to send William Livingstone, board member for Pictou, to New Brunswick to thoroughly organize the men working for the small companies near the Minto mine.

"The Minto mine itself remains closed down tight. The U. M. W. leaders claim that the situation at Minto is satisfactory so far as they are concerned, although of course they would prefer to see the mine producing and the men working there at union rates. On the other hand, they have found situations for all their members and the strike is not much of a hardship to the U. M. W.

"Unfortunately," remarked the Man on the Car, "there is no way to patch up the coal pile and make it last as long as an old overcoat."

CITY ELECTON

The Election for Mayor and Aldermen for the City of Fredericton for the ensuing year will be holden on

MONDAY,

The 8th Day of March, 1920, At the Polling Places as follows:

DIVISION No. 1—For all voters residing or owning property above the northwest centre line of Carleton Street prolonged, at or near the City Hall, in the said City.

DIVISION No. 2—For all voters residing or owning property in the remainder of the said City, at or near the County Court House in said City.

NOMINATIONS.

Every candidate for the office of Mayor or Alderman shall be qualified to vote at the election for which he is nominated, and shall be nominated in writing by at least TWO ratepayers residing in the City of Fredericton, and qualified to vote at the ensuing election for which such candidate is nominated.

Every nomination paper with the certificate of the City Treasurer shall be filed with the City Clerk or at his office and not later than four o'clock on the afternoon of Monday, the first day of March, 1920, and the City Clerk, before receiving such nomination paper, shall ascertain from the same that the requirements of the Election Act have been complied with.

No candidate is qualified to be nominated for Alderman unless at the time of the nomination he is a resident of the Ward for which he is nominated.

The acceptance of each candidate and the signatures of at least TWO resident qualified voters, who must sign the nomination paper, shall be proved by a witness by affidavit attached to the nomination.

In case of a contest, each elector shall be entitled to vote for ONE candidate for Mayor, for ONE candidate for Alderman for Wellington Ward, for ONE candidate for Alderman for St. Ann's Ward, for ONE candidate for Alderman for Carleton Ward, for ONE candidate for Alderman for Queen's Ward, and for ONE candidate for Alderman for King's Ward.

Dated this 20th day of February, A. D. 1920.

G. R. PERKINS,

City Clerk.

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Toronto Globe: Liberalism is not an office seeker's creed. It is not so much concerned in the attainment of the Treasury benches as it is in the accomplishment of sound, democratic, progressive legislation. Liberalism is not committed to the Drury government. But it is prepared to give the men who have been entrusted by the electors with the responsibilities of administration a reasonable and right-ful opportunity to tackle their task, for—as a contemporary points out—the spirit of fair play dominates the people of this province.

A smart new purse is a flat, oblong one of striped moire mounted in gold.

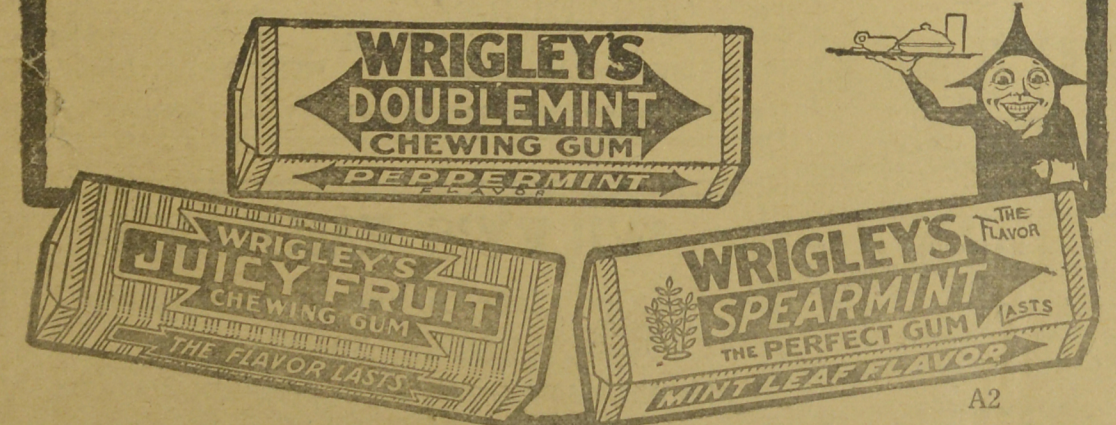
WRIGLEY'S



After a hearty meal you'll avoid that stuffy feeling, if you chew a stick of

WRIGLEY'S

Other benefits: to teeth, breath, appetite, nerves. That's a good deal to get for 5 cents!



Sealed Tight—Kept Right!

Make Less Housework!

What's the use of cooking when you can have

POST TOASTIES

-says

Bobby.

