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# The Daily Mail

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THE WEATHER  
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Strong winds, moderate gales,  
shifting west and northwest.  
Showery today, Saturday most-  
ly fair and cooler.  
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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1920

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## LIBERAL CHIEFTAIN AT PRINCE ALBERT MAKES STRONG PLEA ON BEHALF OF AGRICULTURE

WAS ASSISTED BY A NEW BRUNSWICK M. P.

The Audience was Composed Largely of Farmers—Says More Aid Should be Given to the Great Basic Industry of the Dominion.

Prince Albert, Sask., Oct. 28.—Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King addressed an audience which packed the Empress Theatre here tonight. He was assisted by O. Turgeon, M. P., while on the platform with him were W. F. A. Turgeon, Attorney General in the Saskatchewan government, the chair being occupied by Chas. Macdonald, the member for the local riding in the Legislature.

Mr. King in the course of his address, which was made before an audience composed largely of farmers, dwelt at some length upon the necessity of encouragement to agriculture as the great basic industry of the Dominion. He pointed out that the latest revenue figures indicated that out of a total of \$220,000,000 only \$200,000 only \$200,000 had been spent on agriculture or slightly under one per cent., whereas enormous sums of the public money were spent in ways that were wholly unproductive. No country can attain to greatness where the backbone of its prosperity receives such unfair treatment, he said.

He cited the circumstance that there were in Canada at present 194 armories and drill halls owned by the government which were being maintained even in time of peace at great expense, and but twenty-five experimental farms. In the province of Ontario alone, he said, there were two experimental farms and 107 drill halls and armories.

At the present time only one-tenth of the available land of our country is under cultivation, he said. The duty of a government at this hour is to make the other nine-tenths of Canada's lands yield food for the population within and the peoples without, and to help lift the load from the shoulders of working men, their wives and children, by lowering living costs, continued Mr. King.

"We need more acres under crop, more orchards, more herds, more swine, more silos and fewer skyscrapers."

"There is a man in this country who produced the best wheat the world has ever seen. Was he given an recognition for this great achievement? Men who have built large business enterprises have been honored and singled out, but this man who is also a benefactor to mankind, has been passed by unnoticed. Men of his calibre are the really great men in Canada. They should be honored and helped to still greater achievement."

Mr. King also said that in the interests of agriculture, in aid of greater production and for the conservation of the soil, the Liberal party were of the opinion that the government should arrange for the distribution of fertilizers at the lowest possible cost.

He maintained that the greatest question in Canada was the cost of living and that its only ultimate solution lay in greater production. It was for this reason that the Liberal party felt that in the interests of Canada as a whole too much encouragement could not be given to the agricultural industry.

## OLD SWINDLE WAS REPEATED

Special to Daily Mail. Copyright 1920 by Cross Atlantic News Service

Munich, Oct. 23.—A repetition of the famous Koenigskopff escapade is reported from Rastatt, Baden. Two men arrived on an official military lorry at the Central Military Depot, and presented a requisition for suits of clothing overcoats, boots and underwear, representing a value of 600,000 marks. The document was a forgery. The swindlers got away with the loot and have not so far been caught.

## PARLIAMENT WILL BE ASKED TO INCREASE THE ROYAL GRANTS

(By Sydney B. Cave, staff correspondent of the Daily Mail; by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The question of increased grants for the Crown is to be brought before parliament at the suggestion of the King. The demands on the purse of the Crown have increased tremendously since the war, because of dependents and employees of the Crown who were killed in the war. In many of these cases the King has made an allowance in addition to the pension allowed by the War Office. He is unable to continue these allowances unless the royal grants are increased.

## LOYD GEORGE HAS PAVED THE WAY FOR PEACE IN BIG COAL MINERS STRIKE

Crushed the Desires of Those in the Cabinet Who Would Join the Extremists in the Labor Movement—Definite Increase of Wages Offered the Miners—The Question of Output to be Discussed Later.

(By Wm. J. Butler, staff correspondent of the Daily Mail; by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.—By a drastic shift in his policy, Lloyd George has cleared the clouds threatening a general triple alliance strike in Britain and paved the way for peace in the miners' strike. The Premier in reopening negotiations with the miners, overthrew the desires of Law, Horne and others in the cabinet who would join the extremists in the labor movement now. They pointed out that this is the best time and that the country is with the government. Failure to crush it now simply meant that the issue would be joined later and possibly at a time less favorable to success.

### Definite Wage Increase.

Lloyd George, I understand, at the Downing Street conference, offered a definite wage increase to the miners with the understanding that the miners and operators meet shortly to discuss the question of output, the miners meanwhile pledging themselves to increased production. The miners' executive committee later discussed the proposal without reaching a final conclusion, but Hearn it will probably be accepted today, thus ending the miners' strike and avoiding danger of a nationwide sympathetic strike of railwaymen and transport workers. The situation looks brighter than ever before, said Frank R. Hodges, secretary of the Miners' Union, though the strike is not yet definitely settled.

Though the Premier leaned to the position of Horne and Law to join in a final issue with the extremists, he was led to final action by consideration of the appalling cost to England of such a campaign.

## MAYOR HAYES LEADING BY THIRTY VOTES

St. John, Oct. 29.—At the conclusion of the fourth day of recounting the ballots cast in the general election for the legislature in St. John city, R. T. Hayes, Government, led L. T. D. Tilley, Opposition, by thirty votes. Sixty-four ballot boxes have been disposed by Judge Armstrong, leaving fifteen to be taken care of today. It is expected that the complete revised figures for the city will be available this afternoon. As Mr. Tilley would have to gain an average of two votes in every remaining polling district to tie the vote there is little hope of the election of Mr. Hayes being endangered.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Hayes made a net gain of three votes and in the afternoon Mr. Tilley made a net gain of two. In one poll a voter cast a ballot bearing the one word "Bolshevik".

It is expected that Judge Barry will announce his decision in the county recount case at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon. This is the case in which Hon. W. P. Jones, K. C., and J. MacMillan Trueman, in behalf of John McKinnon of Fairville, applied for an order directing Judge Armstrong to proceed with a recount the latter judge having decided against a recount in the county on the ground that Mr. McKinnon had failed to show he was a voter and genuinely interested in the election. In the county Hon. J. B. M. Baxter, the opposition leader, was ahead of A. F. Bentley, Government, by only eight votes on declaration day. Dr. Baxter objected to a recount on the grounds mentioned.

## HUN PROTEST WAS IGNORED

(Special correspondence Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service.)

Berlin, Oct. 29.—In accordance with the Versailles Treaty the former German districts of Eupen—Malmédy German-Belgian frontier have now been definitely transferred to Belgium. The German protest against the referendum, alleging intimidation threats and unfair pressure, has not been recognized by the Supreme Council.

T. D. Cowan, of Toronto, is a guest at the Queen.

## THE COMMERCE BOARD TO GO OUT OF BUSINESS

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—Reconstruction of the Board of Commerce along the lines prevailing heretofore, is wholly improbable. At same time it is not at all likely that the legislation will be allowed to lapse.

The Privy Council will adjudicate upon the constitutionality of the board powers, but what have been particularly attacked are the profit-regulating features of the act. Even if upheld on the appeal, it is highly improbable that this authority will longer be exercised on the ground that conditions are getting back to normal and laws of competition and supply and demand should govern.

A part of the act, however, which it is believed cannot be allowed to lapse is that in regard to combines in restraint of trade. Either combines or price-fixing agreements are believed to flourish now to an extent greater than ever. Any suspension of the restrictive legislation might be construed as an invitation to the parties to "go to it," at a time when the popular tendency is to suppress such illegal organizations.

The opinion is expressed here therefore that, while the board of commerce has ceased to function and is likely to remain in that state and profit-regulation will be abandoned, the authority over illegal combinations will be exercised and extensive investigation made into their operations.

## COURIER WAS INTERCEPTED

(Special to the London Daily Mail and the Daily Mail, by C. A.)

LONDON, Oct. 29.—A secret courier of the Bolshevik government carrying money and documents of the highest importance has been intercepted by Scotland Yard. The prisoner refuses to identify himself or state his nationality.

Marked Success.  
The Rummage Sale held yesterday afternoon and last evening at the A. & B. Club House by Loyalist Chapter, W. A., was a pronounced success. The net proceeds were upwards of one hundred and fifty dollars.

Revisiting the Province  
Vivian Strange, son of the late Henry Strange of Barony, York county, is revisiting Fredericton and other places in the province for the first time since 1888. He went to the American West in the Eighties locating at Salt Lake City where he now lives. He is a member of the contracting firm of Strange & McGuffee. While here he was a guest of John S. Scott, city auditor.

## MRS. MACSWINEY DECLARES THAT HER HUSBAND GAVE UP ALL FOR HIS BELOVED COUNTRY

### FLUKE TRY BEAT ST. F. X. AT HALIFAX

St. F. X. Man Took Fair Catch, but Slipped in the Mud—Dal. Players Carried Him.

The Halifax Recorder commenting on the 5 to 0 victory of Dalhousie over St. Francis Xavier at Halifax, has the following:

Dalhousie, without some of their regular players, under intercollegiate conditions, and without Fluck in the second half, showed their usual "do or die" fighting qualities, and through what might be termed "a fluke try," Coster, who scored, is to be commended for always playing to a finish, as it was this idea which gave the home Collegians the honors.

The play created much discussion, but whatever else may be said, Dalhousie had a perfect right to take advantage of every chance offered. The ball was in centre field, when one of the visitors got the leather after it had been kicked in the air, and made his mark but slipped, and partially lost his balance and Dalhousie men grabbed him and carried him along, while McDonald, the visitors' full back, joined in the struggle, and Coster took the ball and ran with the leather to the touch line, with a single visitor following him. All the others of both teams stood still, making no effort whatever; the visitors thought their player had made a fair catch, and in the play afterwards were positive Coster was offside, and say the referee had blown his whistle. Dalhousie men claim that there was no mark made, and that Coster was not offside. Hunter, of the Wanderers, who was referee, says that as he saw it he made the catch, started to run, that there was no offside, and that he did not blow the whistle.

The visitors protested and many urged them to leave the field but they resumed play again. Many among the 800 spectators while giving credit to the referee in giving the play as he saw it, felt that the visitors had good grounds for their protest.

## COAL STRIKE LIKELY SOON TO BE SETTLED

London, Oct. 28.—The prospect tonight is that the coal strike will terminate by the end of next week through the miners' acceptance of the agreement arranged with the government under which the miners will get two shillings advance unconditionally until the end of the year and in the future their wages will be settled by the creation of a national wages board.

In the event of any delay in starting the wages board, wages will in the interval be settled on the basis of increases or decreases, according to surplus profits or otherwise coal exports. This depends upon such complex calculations as to render it hardly possible for any miner to understand therefore in the ballot to be taken next Tuesday, and made returnable Wednesday the miners must necessarily be guided by the recommendation of their leaders. The leaders favor a settlement on these terms.

The agreement is skillfully arranged, so that all concerned, including the coal miners, will be interested in increasing the output as in case of a decreased output the owners will be penalized by a reduction in their ten per cent. share of the surplus profits.

Dairy Convention  
George Thiemens of Sussex, Acting Dairy Supt. for New Brunswick conferred with Hon. J. F. Tweeddale, Minister of Agriculture, here today with regard to the convention of dairy men of the province which will be held at Sussex, December 2nd and 3rd. An exhibition of dairy products will be held at the same time.

## GOVERNMENT HAS NOT CONSIDERED THE FORMATION OF A REPUBLIC

(Special to the London Daily Mail and the Daily Mail; by Cross-Atlantic Newspaper Service.)

ATHENS, Oct. 29.—"There isn't a doubt about Prince Paul's acceptance of the throne," said Premier Venizelos last night. "The rumor that he may refuse was spread as an election manoeuvre by his opponents in event of Alexander's death and the establishment of a regency. After the elections, which I believe will result in a large majority for the Liberals, Paul will ascend the throne, while Constantine, seeing his dreams for regaining the throne vanished, will probably agree to a final elimination of himself from Greek politics. The Greek government has not considered the formation of a republic, nor the bringing of a foreign Prince to the Greek throne."

### WANTED NO TEARS AFTER HE HAD GONE

Sent Telegram to Cork Prisoners a Few Days Before His Death—Did Not Know He Would be the Next to Go When He Wrote It.

Special to Daily Mail. Copyright 1920 by Cross Atlantic News Service.

(By William J. Butler)  
London, Oct. 28.—"Proud, just proud," said Mrs. Terrance MacSwiney, to me after the death of her husband in Brixton prison. A pretty blue eyed wisp of an Irish girl, her lips were trembling and she was fighting back the tears. "Terry always told me he wanted no tears after he was gone, and now I'm going to be brave for my baby girl. Her father gave all for his country. It was noble, it was heroic. When she is old enough she will be just as proud of him as I am." A few days before his death, MacSwiney sent a telegram to the Cork prisoners when Fitzgerald died during his hunger strike. It read:

"No tears, but joy for a comrade who was ready to meet God and die for his country. He has joined the immortals and will be remembered forever. We do not know who will take the second step up the path of immortality but by offering unreserved sacrifice, we are safeguarding the destinies of Ireland."

Mrs. MacSwiney had a copy of the telegram in her hand as she talked, and handing it to me said simply, "He didn't know he'd be the next to go when he wrote this, but it was the spirit which animated him in writing, that is proving a source of strength to me now. We were married while he was under detention by the British Government. Our baby was born two years ago when he was a political prisoner. Now he is dead, a martyr behind prison walls. I couldn't be with him at the last. The prison authorities wouldn't let Jean (the Lord Mayor's brother) telephone me to come, that Terry was going away. But if my husband's death will further open the great heart of the United States and help their sympathy in the righteous cause of Ireland, he has not died in vain."

## STOCK MARKET QUOTATIONS

(Furnished by J. M. Robinson & Sons.)

New York.	
American Wool	50 1/4
Bethel Steel B.	112 1/2
C. P. R.	123 3/4
General Motors	86 1/4
New York Central	88 1/4
Pennsylvania	76 1/4
Rubber	75 1/4
Studebaker	57
United States Steel	87 3/4
Utah Copper	58 1/4
Union Pacific	125 3/4
Sterling	35 1/4
New York Funds	10 1/4
Montreal.	
Brazilian	34 1/4
Dominion Iron & Steel	49 1/4
Mountreal Power	100 1/4
Sugar	76 1/4
Wayagamack Pulp	98
Victory Bonds, 1937	96 1/4
" " 1933	96 1/4
" " 1927	97
" " 1923	98
" " 1922	98
" " 1924	98
" " 1924	97