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# The Daily Mail

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**The Weather**  
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Fresh to strong winds. Local showers but mostly fair today and on Thursday.  
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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1920

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ESTIMATES THE PRESENT POPULATION OF THE DOMINION AT NINE MILLIONS

**Important Statement in Parliament by Finance Minister Drayton—Expenditure This Year Will be Double the Revenue Will be No Victory Loan Next Fall if it Can be Avoided—War Expenditure Likely to be Heavy.**

Ottawa, April 6.—Canada's population is estimated for the fiscal year of 1920 at 9,000,000, her total revenue at \$325,000,000, and her total expenditure at \$675,125,000. As \$350,000,000 of the latter amount is shown as destined for "war" expenditures, it would seem that the finance minister hopes to make the revenues and expenditures other than war balance, as Sir Henry Drayton indicated in the House of Commons that he did not intend to have a Victory loan campaign this fall if it could possibly be avoided. It is supposed that the \$350,000,000 war expenditures referred to are already looked after by the amounts outstanding on January 1, from the Victory loan of last autumn. This is considered a very large war expenditure for a year, which is fourteen months removed from the armistice day, and it is only \$96,000,000 less than 1919, the heaviest war expenditure year, when the army was demobilized and all those demobilized were given varying sums for demobilization bonuses. It is the second heaviest "war expenditure" year since the war began, the others being as follows: 1915, \$60,750,476; 1916, \$166,000,000; 1917, \$306,000,000; 1918, \$343,000,000; 1919, \$446,000,000. For 1920 it is proposed to extend \$270,000,000 chargeable to consolidated fund and \$55,000,000 to capital, the largest yet. The revenue per head of population has grown from \$7.98 in 1891 to \$36.11 in 1920, and the total expenditure from \$8.44 to \$75.01 in the same period, although the consolidated fund expenditure has grown only from \$7.50 to \$30.

## COURT SENSATION AT WINNIPEG

Winnipeg, April 6.—A sensation was caused in the court today when Mr. Justice Metcalfe interrupted R. E. Bray, who before being sentenced to imprisonment along with the other strike leaders, said that he had not had a fair trial. That the trial and the verdict were a travesty of British justice and referred to Mr. Justice Metcalfe as being biased.

Bray continued by saying that the class struggle had been plainly shown in the trial when well-dressed women had been given reserved seats in the court to gloat over the suffering of himself and comrades.

Mr. Justice Metcalfe told Bray that he had just committed a more serious offence than that for which he was about to be sentenced. He had, in his reference to the court as being biased, laid himself open to summary sentence for an indefinite period.

Crown counsel at the conclusion of the session asked the court to take action against the accused Bray to uphold the dignity of the court.

### Mid-Week Market

The mid-week market was exceptionally small this morning, there being only five teams in with produce. The prices were as follows: Butter, 65 cents per pound, eggs 60 cents per dozen, veal 10 to 16 cents per pound, beef, 12 to 15 cents per pound, ham, smoked, 35 cents per pound.

### All Over a Horse.

An alderman and a local horse-dealer clinched and went to the mat this morning, and all over the sale of a horse. The animal was a Fire Department horse which was sold because too light. Ald. Young the chairman of the Fire Committee made the transfer but the purchaser did not like all the details and said so. A little clash followed. There were two rounds to the bout and although a referee's decision cannot be given in Fredericton the verdict of the press is that both went to the alderman by an easy margin. The encounter occurred in the Cooper Carriage Factory, King street recently taken over by the alderman.

## NEW BRUNSWICK SHEEP BREEDERS' ASSOC. FORMED

**A. E. Trites, of Salisbury, President—A Representative Gathering at Sussex—Objects.**

The New Brunswick Sheep Breeders' Association was organized March 31st at Sussex where the organization meeting was largely attended by breeders from all sections of the Province. Officers were elected as follows:

A. E. Trites, Salisbury, President.  
Burder Goodwin, Baie Verte, Vice President.

A. C. Taylor, Salisbury, Secretary Treasurer.  
Albert Payne, West Bathurst; Burder Goodwin, Baie Verte; George King, Sussex; Stanley Wilson, Rolling Ram; E. W. Spinney, Windsor (Carleton County); E. W. Wallace, Penobscus; A. E. Trites, Salisbury; Directors.

The object of the Association is to encourage a great and constant increase in sheep breeding in New Brunswick and to bring about better organization among sheep breeders. The association will co-operate with the Provincial Department of Agriculture, it will hold meetings, it will co-operate with the various exhibitions throughout the Province and will encourage competitive exhibitions on the part of sheepbreeders.

Until December last the Maritime Stock Breeders' Association the sheepbreeders of New Brunswick were left without representation.

At the organization meeting a number of resolutions were passed. It was recommended that the Department of Agriculture continue the grading of pure-bred rams and ewes as last year and also carry on the demonstrations in shearing, castrating, docking and dipping, further that the Department this year give the same bonus to beginners for the use of pure-bred rams as was given last year.

## SHOT MAN WITH BOOZE

New York, April 7.—A grip containing three bottles of whiskey which Joseph Hanlon, a Federal inspector, had confiscated as evidence in a case of violation of the Volstead law, is believed to have been the objective of a felonious assault made upon Hanlon in West Ninety-eighth street early yesterday. Hanlon carrying a bag, was on his way to his home at 25 West Ninety-eighth street when a man stepped up and fired with out warning. The bullet lodged in Hanlon's abdomen.

Patrolman Walter McIver heard the shot and at Columbus avenue and Ninety-eighth street arrested a boy who was running. The prisoner said he was Alexander Bauer, 17, of 747 Columbus avenue. He denied knowledge of the shooting.

### In a New Role

"Mr. Sutton makes Budget Speech" is the caption which the Woodstock Press put over a report of the speech delivered in the House last week by the junior member for Carleton. In the parlance of the street, that is going some. Surely opposition critics will no longer complain of Carleton's lack of representation in the present House.

Roy C. Alward of New Jersey who was called here on account of the death of his brother the late Hugh J. Alward of Halifax, will remain in Fredericton for some time.

## HON. MR. TWEEDDALE REVIEWS THE SPLENDID WORK OF THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

**Remarkable Development of the Province Along Agricultural Lines in the Past Three Years—A Crushing Reply to Opposition Critics—Able Speech by Mr. Dysart of Kent—Some Criticism from Mr. Campbell and Mr. Potts as Opposition Leader Pro Tem.**

The Legislature resumed work yesterday after the Easter holidays, and after a short time spent in routine work the debate on the budget, begun on March 24th, was resumed by Mr. Dysart of Kent. He spoke for three quarters of an hour and was followed by Dr. Campbell of St. John. Hon. Mr. Tweeddale came next and was followed by Mr. Hunter of York, Dr. McGrath of Northumberland and Mr. Grimmer of Charlotte. Hon. Dr. Smith moved the adjournment of the debate, which was made the order of the day for this afternoon.

### Potts as Opposition Leader.

There was a rather slim attendance of members yesterday and the loyal opposition seemed to have been completely shot to pieces. Mr. Potts, Mr. Young and Mr. Campbell were the only front benchers on the Speaker's left when the House met, and Mr. Potts immediately elected himself as leader pro tem. He interrupted Mr. Dysart and was worsted, but nothing daunted he later on went after Mr. Tweeddale and got sat upon good and hard. He seemed to know when he had enough, and did not again attempt to interrupt the Minister.

### Hon. Mr. Tweeddale's Speech.

The feature of the day was the great speech delivered by the Minister of Agriculture. He spoke for nearly three hours and dealt in a masterly way with the work accomplished by his department. He devoted considerable attention to opposition critics and made it decidedly uncomfortable for the would-be statesmen who sit on the Speaker's left. Besides dealing fully with the affairs of his department, the Minister devoted some attention to Valley Railway affairs, and made a crushing exposure of the policy of deceit and hypocrisy practiced by the old government.

It lacked but a few minutes of midnight when Hon. Mr. Smith moved the adjournment of the debate and the House immediately arose. It is expected that the debate on the budget will be concluded before the end of the week.

(Continued on page 2.)

## BRITISH BLACK COATED WORKERS ORGANIZING

London, April 2.—Men who are supposed to do their work in black coats and nicely starched collars and cuffs are at last combining in England along lines which follow closely trade union traditions. Though nowadays the silk hat and morning coat have ceased to be the uniform of the non-manual workers in England, their class is popularly known as "the black coated workers."

With the silk hat and the morning coat have also gone the starched collar and the super-respectable cuffs. Laundry prices are so high and laundry methods so destructive that starched linen is a real luxury nowadays. The soft collar is to be seen everywhere.

These facts suggest much. They imply for one thing, the breaking down of those rigid class barriers between manual and non-manual workers which some years ago were real factors in the social life of England.

The clerk is one of the worst paid men in London. He gets less than many unskilled laborers. So, too, the shop assistant and the insurance agent.

Now the professional men have taken a further step along the well worn path of trades unionism. Still protesting that they are not trade unionists they have formed a federation which has the imposing title of "National Federation of Professional Technical, Administrative and Supervisory Workers." It has been nicknamed the "Black Coat Combine." The federation will not affiliate with the Labor party or join the Trades Union Congress. That is the official attitude. But it will not surprise anyone if, in the end, it does ally itself with the older bodies. Among the thirty-six societies concerned are the National Union of Journalists, the Actors Association and the National Federation of Law Clerks.

## PUBLIC ACCTS. COMMITTEE IN SESSION

The Public Accounts Committee was in brief session this morning. Mr. Smith of Carleton was the chief critic on the part of the Opposition with Mr. Jones of King's and Mr. Pinder of York in support. Peter Hughes, Secretary of Public Works, W. A. Loudoun, Comptroller General, and B. M. Hill, Chief Highway Engineer were before the committee to give explanations. Mr. Smith's objections were based largely on the word "permanent" and he reiterated the statement that the work on the roads of the province was not at all different from what had been for years and not called permanent. He objected to an item for payment to a supervisor for cedar posts supplied by him. He stated that this was wrong and should be stopped. Chief Engineer Hill said that usually a supervisor would sell material cheaper than would outsiders and often the supervisor was the only person who could get the material.

J. N. Thornton of Halifax is among the commercial men in Fredericton today.

### ion of Law Clerks.

Fourteen associations were responsible for setting this new movement going. They represented a membership of 20,000. G. D. H. Cole of the Labor Research Department was made chairman of the provisional committee. He agrees that the cost of living and the failure of professional men to get an adequate increase in pay to meet it has helped produce the present remarkable "wave of organization among the black coated workers." But he thinks that behind it, too, is the driving force of new ideas, the vision of a new and better social and economic order.

## INDEPENDENT LABOR PARTY IN GREAT BRITAIN HAS REFUSED TO JOIN WITH INTERNATIONALS

**Proposal Was Turned Down at Glasgow Convention by a Majority of Two to One—Organization was Started by Lenine at Moscow—Extremists Were Given a Setback by the Action of the Convention.**

## CORPORATIONS COMMITTEE ON SEVERAL BILLS

**Private Hearing Friday on the N. B. Power Co. Bill—Reduction in Tobique Driving Directorate.**

Corporations Committee met at 10:30, Mr. Burchill in the chair. In connection to the Bills relating to the New Brunswick Power Co. Mr. Baxter said that the Premier had requested a hearing for the Citizens Conciliation Committee before further action could be taken by the Committee. It was decided to hear the Conciliation Committee in private session Friday morning.

Consideration was given a Bill to amend the Acts relating to the Tobique River Log Driving Co., the purpose of which is to reduce the number of directors from five to three.

Mr. Sutton was called upon for explanation and he stated that there were only two operators driving on the Tobique and on that account it was difficult to get a directorate or five members without appointing "dummies". Hon. J. F. Tweeddale confirmed that explanation. The Bill was reported.

The Committee reported a Bill relating to the Grand Manan Light and Power Co., with an amendment giving the Minister of Public Works power to regulate the placing of poles along highways, also the Bill relating to the Notre Dame Lumber Co., New Brunswick Masonic Hall Co. The Miramichi Light Heat and Power Co., Centenary Methodist Church, St. Andrews Curling Club, The Church of England Institute in the City and County of St. John, to incorporate the Miramichi Hospital.

## TEACHERS ARE QUITTING IN OLD COUNTRY

London, April 7.—Trade is entering into the schoolhouse and calling away teachers to a line of endeavor which offers more opportunity for advancement than does teaching. Today in London department stores are to be found not a few women who have earned the degree of B. A. in large universities, while in many quarters are to be found women who have quit teaching to become connected with a trade of some sort. As the head of one of the largest employment agencies for women here said, "many women who have just finished their university work are finding in business the opportunities they want."

"Teaching in the secondary schools of England offers poor prospects," she continued. "Women are realizing that with a progressive business firm they are far more likely to get rapid advancement than they could in teaching. Few women could hope to become head mistress before they are forty, and if they have not achieved the top rung of the ladder by then they have little to look forward to. A successful business woman however can 'carry on' to almost any age."

## FRENCH ARE ADVANCING

Metz, April 7.—French troops on the right bank of the Rhine continuing their advance occupied Paburg. Nine miles north of Frankfurt at six o'clock this morning.

F. X. Lemieux of Montreal arrived in the city last night.

(Special to the Mail.)

London, April 6.—The extreme British revolutionists received a distinct setback today when the independent labor party at its conference in Glasgow refused by a majority of over two to one to affiliate immediately with the "Third International." This is the organization stated by Lenine at Moscow which preaches a class war of the proletariat on the Bourgeoisie and deliberately contemplates revolution by violence. A certain number of extremists of the party have in ways advocated slaughter and chose it as the necessary means of bringing about a social millennium, but Ramsay MacDonald and Mr. and Mrs. Philip Snowden faced them boldly at the conference and told them they could never put across a revolution in England by such methods and Mrs. Snowden scoffed at a man who now advocated a blood-stained revolution but had once protested to her with tears in his eyes he was a conscientious objector. On the other hand the independent labor party refused to join the "Second International" organized at Geneva.

## LABOR MEN MAY MEET IN MONTREAL

Montreal, April 7.—Frank Morrison of Washington D. C., secretary of A. F. of L. is in Montreal today in a last minute effort to secure suitable hall for the A. F. of L. convention to be held in June. He is visiting suggested halls today including Laval University and Congress Hall of St. Patrick's Catholic Church. He says that a decision must be made today whether or not the convention will come to Montreal and already a vote is being taken as to meeting place if suitable hall cannot be obtained in Montreal.

## MESSAGE SAYS DO NOT WORRY

(Special to the Mail.)

Paris April 7.—At the French foreign office it was stated this morning that no formal statement had come from the English or Italian Government as to France's coup. It is reported, however, that a semi-official message came from London to Millerand this afternoon saying in effect, "Do not worry."

## HELEN TAFT IS ENGAGED

Cincinnati April 6.—The Cincinnati Enquirer today announced the engagement of Miss Helen Herron Taft daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Howard Taft to Mr. Frederick U. Manning, an instructor at Yale. The wedding it is said, will take place in July at the Taft summer home, Murray Bay, Que. When in Cincinnati recently on his way to California from Washington, Miss Taft confided to relatives the news of her approaching marriage, it is said.

## CONSPIRACY UNEARTHED

Berlin, April 7.—A great military conspiracy, which was to have been a Barvarian parallel to the recent Berlin revolution has been discovered in Munich, it was announced today. Part of the plan was that General Ludendorff be made dictator over Bavaria and Dr. Heim of the Bavarian Separatists a sort of civil and economic dictator.