
Notice to Advertisers.

In order to ensure changes
being made in advertisements,
copy must reach this office not
later than 9 a. m. on the day of
publication.

The Daily Mail

The Weather

Fresh westerly winds, fair
Tuesday northwest winds, fair
and cool.

VOL. XXVI, No. 110

FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, MONDAY, MAY 10, 1920

TWO CENTS PER COPY

FIVE THAOUSAND REDS HAD ONLY THREE REVOLVERS AMONG THEM

CANCELLATION OF DEPORTATION ORDERS

**Lack of Transportation Held
Up Deportations, But Ship
Will Leave for Odessa Very
Soon—Reds Admitted They
Favored Overthrow of Gov-
ernment by Violence.**

Washington, May 10.—Asst. Sec. of Labor Post, testifying before the House Rules Committee, declared that only 40 of the hundreds of foreigners rounded up in raids by the Department of Justice in the last six months admitted they favored overthrow of the Government by violence.

Mr. Post appeared in his own behalf in connection with charges as to wholesale cancellation of warrants for the deportation of aliens. While he did not give the number of examinations he said that in making 5000 arrests Department of Justice agents found only three revolvers.

Besides declaring that he sought to follow the spirit of the law, Mr. Post said that he had not violated the letter of the law, that his every decision was made on evidence, and that legally only Sec. Wilson or himself was authorized to issue deportation warrants.

Deportations.
Recommendations of Anthony Caminetti, Commissioner General of Immigration, favoring deportation were unauthorized and unlawful. Mr. Post declared adding they were often at variance with the evidence. The House Immigration Committee, he continued, accepted Mr. Caminetti's decisions and thereby showed gross ignorance of the law. He also declared that at the investigation by the Immigration Committee in only two cases was the complete record filed.

More Going.
Mr. Post said that 263 deportations had been made among the 752 ordered during the last six months, and that lack of transportation to Russia was mainly responsible for delay. An early shipment to Odessa, he added, is planned.

The total number of warrants issued against aliens from last Nov. 1 to April 24, was 631. Mr. Post said adding that 370 members of the Union of Russian Workers and 455 members of the Communist party had been ordered deported. The number of warrants cancelled was placed at 1293, including 61 Russian workers and 1232 Communists.

In considering proceedings against alleged members of the Communist party, the witness said he had not been keen to order their deportations unless proof of membership was clear. He also declared that he had tried to give the aliens a fair trial.

Department of Justice agents have no legal right to examine aliens held for deportation, Mr. Post said, as that right is granted by law only to immigration inspectors.

ROBT. WARWICK SUES FOR LARGE SUM OF MONEY

New York, May 10.—Capt. Robt. Warwick, motion picture actor, brought suit yesterday in the Federal District Court against the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation alleging that despite a three year contract that began in April 1919, and called for a salary of \$138,000 a year, he was discharged without cause on April 7 of this year.

Up to April, he avers, he received his stipend weekly and according to agreement, but since that date the company has refused his services entirely. He asked for damages of \$525,644.23. Of this sum, he alleges \$325,644.23 is due him on contract and the additional \$200,000 he desires as compensation for his injured reputation as an actor. He also complains that his discharge deprived him of the benefit of an insurance policy for \$150,000 that was to run for the term of the contract.

BRITISH GOLD FOR LITHUANIA FOREST CONCESSION IN RETURN

COPENHAGEN, May 10.—A large British banking concern has entered into an arrangement for financing Lithuania to the amount of £5,000,000 gold, according to a special despatch from Kovno. This loan is covered by a concession of 400,000 hectares of Lithuanian forest.

The Finnish Government has submitted to the Riksdag a proposal that Finland join the League of Nations. The proposal emphasizes the importance of membership to Finland owing to that country's geographical situation, and calls for the protection of the country's independence and territorial integrity.

OVERALLS MADE THEIR APPEARANCE IN BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS

**Major Prettyman-Newman, Chairman of Middle Class Union
Association, Wore Tailor-Made Overalls—Dungaree the
Thing for Summer Wear—Steps Taken to Prevent Prices
From Being Raised.**

LONDON, May 10.—The American overall campaign against the high cost of clothes had a sequel in England in the appearance of Major Prettyman-Newman in the House of Commons in a suit of overalls. Prettyman-Newman is chairman of the Middle Class Union Association, formed to look after the interests of the professional and clerical classes, those who in this country have been the hardest hit by the rise in the cost of living and increase of taxation.

Prettyman-Newman, who has the reputation of being one of the best dressed members of the House of Commons—and his wife has the similar reputation of being one of the best garbed women in London Society—said that his overalls were made by his own west-end tailor.

"As I required them at short notice, and as that involved overtime, I necessarily had to pay extra," he said. "In the ordinary way a suit like mine would cost thirty shillings, the price of the cloth being two shillings sixpence a yard.

"A suit such as this is highly suitable for office use, whereas the usual attire of a clerk is not. Dungaree washes well, is just the thing for summer wear and above all, is inexpensive. Men of the middle class cannot possibly afford to pay the enormous prices which are being charged for clothes these days, and they cannot do better than follow my example.

"We hope to make the scheme popular, and are taking precautions to see that in the event of a rush for dungaree the price of this cloth will not become prohibitive. One or two big firms have come to an understanding with us with regard to its supply, and are submitting their prices with a view to preventing anything like profiteering."

BRITAIN HAS BEATEN OTHERS IN TRADE RACE

Paris, May 10.—That Great Britain has stolen a long march on the United States and France in the resumption of business relations with Germany is the opinion expressed by French merchants who have tried to buy goods across the Rhine. In a great majority of cases the merchants report, the German manufacturer replies to inquiry that his plant will be tied up for a long time to come by contracts with British customers.

An investigation based upon these reports is said to have developed the fact that the British are exporting great quantities of raw material to Germany for which they are asking no payment in money, but are taking manufactured articles in exchange.

Germany now is getting her iron ore largely from Sweden under similar arrangement, making her almost entirely independent of France for raw materials. Having at the same time reopened her big outlet for manufactured goods elsewhere, Germany is also independent, to a great extent, as to her selling market while France is anxious to get from her coal and agricultural implements which she can no longer buy in the United States without immense disadvantages due to the unfavorable exchange.

Belief is expressed in official circles that Germany is seeking to use this economic situation to bring pressure on France with a view to gaining concessions in the terms of the Versailles Treaty.

What little export business France has been able to do with Germany has been transacted under the greatest difficulties, the German buyers meeting all sorts of obstructions in obtaining import licenses from French goods, it is said.

The situation resulting from all these circumstances will be one of the first subjects raised at the approaching Franco-German conference at Paris. The French delegates it is understood, will ask the Germans to show what they can do in the way of reciprocity before seriously considering German participation in the restoration of Northern France, plans for which, it is supposed will be presented by the German delegates.

PERSHING TO BE AT FT. FAIRFIELD

Augusta, Me., May 10.—According to tentative arrangements made by Aj Gen. George McL. Presson, Gen. John J. Pershing will arrive in the State Monday, May 24 and remain until the following Saturday, when he will leave Presque Isle for Boston.

CAPUCHIN MONKS AT FIUME ARE ON STRIKE

Geneva, May 10.—The latest thing in strikes is that of the monks of the Capuchin monastery near Fiume. A group of young monks broke into open revolt against the superior and persisted in their mutiny despite all threats to apply the penances prescribed by the monastic rules.

The insurgents claim freedom from their religious vows, secularization and the right to wear ordinary civilian clothes.

PROSPECTUS OF PUBLIC PRINKER

(Chicago Tribune)
Sir: The name of this organization shall be The Public Prinkers. Any adult male who owns a suitcase, valise, or carpetbag shall be eligible for membership.

There are no dues, but there are duties, viz.:
Whenever a member sees a woman on a train or trolley car bring her mirror and powder her nose or rouge her lips, he shall:

Open his bag, produce a large comb and run it through his moustache.
If he has no moustache he shall bring out a pair of military brushes and slick his hair.

If he has no hair he shall get out a whisk broom and brush his clothes.
If he has no clothes he shall bring forth a blacking-brush and polish his shoes.

If he has no shoes he shall produce a small tub, with water, soap and washrag, and take a bath.

The motto of this organization is: Privacy Be Damned.

NATHAN STRAUS GIVES \$100,000

New York, May 10.—A contribution of \$100,000 from Nathan Straus to the non-sectarian campaign for the relief of Central Europe was announced by Rabbi Stephen S. Wise at a meeting of workers at the Hotel Biltmore. Mr. Straus was on the platform declared that he had been unable to sleep at night because of the sufferings of his coreligionists in Europe and that although he had made many contributions he still felt he had not done his full duty.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Crowe of Lake George are among the week-end visitors.

REBEL FORCES CAPTURED CITY OF MEXICO WITHOUT RESISTANCE

HYDROGEN CHEAP FUEL FOR MOTORS

Rome, May 10.—Dr. Pasticci, a noted chemist, has discovered a method of cheaply producing liquid hydrogen. It may be used in driving automobiles, 1 gallon being sufficient for 250 miles. It may also be utilized in locomotives and steamers.

HEAVY FINE IN PROHIBITION CASE TODAY

**Professional Man Got Penalty
of \$200—Man Who Sold
Gin to Inspector
Fined \$50.**

Two of the prohibition cases which have been hanging in the police court for some time were finished this morning.

A professional man belonging to a local livery stable charged with violation of The Intoxicating Liquor Act 1916 was postponed until Saturday when the agent of the Dominion Express Company will produce his books and records.

Another was fined fifty dollars and costs or three months in jail for selling a bottle of gin. The sale was made to Sub-Inspector Berube of Edmonton who was sent on special duty to a suburban resort near this city. While there he bought the liquor from the defendant.

H. B. COMPANY'S GREAT PAGEANT

Edmonton, Alta., May 10.—With a parade fully two miles in length in celebration of the Hudson Bay Company's 250th anniversary, the greatest historical pageant Edmonton has ever seen, got under full swing at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Indians and pale-faces, cavaliers of old and soldiers of today's frontiersmen and trappers, mounties and scouts, Britannia, and her fair daughters, Canada and her nine beautiful provinces, Red River carts and modern high power cars, prairie schooners and huge ducks, and Indians, then some more Indians, kaleidoscope in its character, quaint in its costume brimming over with the lure of the romantic days of old and promise of days to come, the procession wended its way along Jasper avenue and other thoroughfares.

GIRL GIVEN TEN YEARS

St. Louis, Mo., May 10.—Ursula Broderick, 16, who killed her step-father Joseph F. Woodlock, in their home here April 14, 1919, was found guilty of murder in the second degree by a jury in Juvenile Court here tonight and her punishment fixed at 10 years in the Missouri penitentiary.

CARRANZA A FUGITIVE

Vera Cruz, May 10.—President Carranza, who fled from Mexico City at the approach of General Obregon's army is a fugitive in the eastern part of the state of Tlaxcala, and is believed to be trying to reach this city. The railroad train in which the President left the capital was stopped at the city of Tlaxcala by detachments of General Obregon's army and the President was forced to leave his car and flee on horseback. General Sanchez an adherent of Obregon, is attempting to intercept the President in the mountains.

WALL STREET HEARS PRESIDENT WILL BACK M'ADOO TO LIMIT

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Word has come back to Washington from the brokers' offices in Wall street that President Wilson will exert all his powerful influence and leadership to bring about the nomination at San Francisco of William Gibbs McAdoo. There is nothing in sight here that either confirms or disproves the rumor, and the chances are that it is merely a deduction, or possibly a thought fathered by a wish, translated into a positive statement by repetition. So far as can be learned, the President is paying little attention to the preliminary plans for the Democratic convention.

VERA CRUZ ALSO WENT OVER TO REBELS

**Revolutionary Headquarters
Accuse Carranzists of Mur-
dering Political Prisoners
Before Evacuating City of
Mexico—Obregon's Troops
in Possession of Capital.**

Washington, May 10.—Official confirmation of the occupation of Mexico City by rebel forces at noon on Friday, May 7, was received by the state department from the American embassy. There was no disorder and no foreign residents were interfered with the message said:

Four destroyers left Key West for Tampico, Mexico, the navy department announced. The remaining two destroyers of the six sent south from New York last week will also proceed to Tampico as soon as minor repairs are completed.

The department made no explanation of the decision to rush the ships to Mexican waters.

The Capital Taken.
El Paso, Texas, May 10.—General Obregon's forces are in complete possession of Mexico City, according to announcement made in Juarez late today by the revolutionists.

A bulletin issued at revolutionary headquarters here today said members of the diplomatic corps representing various foreign nations met at Mexico City and requested President Carranza not to combat revolutionary forces marching on the capital. The bulletin gave Mexico City newspapers of May 4, as authority for the statement.

Vera Cruz Also.
Galveson, Tex., May 10.—The federal garrison at Vera Cruz, consisting of approximately 500 well armed and equipped soldiers, went over to the revolutionists early today, according to apparently reliable, but unofficial advices received here.

Many Slaughtered.
El Paso, May 10.—General Francisco Murguia, Carranza military commander at Mexico City, before leaving the capital which now is complete possession of revolutionist forces, carried out a wholesale slaughter of political prisoners at Santiago, the military prison, according to a bulletin issued at revolutionary headquarters here tonight.

Fifteen Mexican generals were among those reported slaughtered. "The City was shocked over this bloody epilogue for the Carranza regime," the bulletin said.

STEEL MERGER APPROVED IN NEW YORK

New York, May 10.—The Wall Street Journal says editorially: "Amalgamation of the principal steel companies of Canada and allied metallurgical interests into a single corporation, with open backing of both the Dominion and Imperial Governments, calls attention to the difference of view of industrial combinations taken by the British Empire and the United States, assuming each to be truly expressed by their administrative policy. The Department of Justice invites the Supreme Court to stultify itself on the United States Steel decision. The British Government invites the steel coal and iron ore interests of the Empire to get together and stimulate production for all they are worth, to their own advantage and that of the Empire."

C. C. Langstrott of Hampton arrived in the city this morning.