

# TOILET PAPER

LARGE SIZE—BEST QUALITY  
4c Roll, 7 Rolls 25c.

## Soap

LUX TOILET SOAP ..... 10c.  
PALM OLIVE,  
10c, 3 cakes for 25c.  
6 cakes GOOD LAUNDRY SOAP, 25c.  
5 cakes CHAMPLAIN SOAP, ..... 25c.  
4 cakes SUN LIGHT SOAP ..... 25c.  
3 cakes LIFE BUOY SOAP ..... 25c.

## Beans

CLARK'S LARGE SIZE ..... 23c.  
CLARK'S MEDIUM-SIZE ..... 13c.  
CLARK'S SMALL SIZE ..... 10c.  
CLARK'S VEGETABLE SOUP 10c tin.  
CLARK'S TOMATO SOUP ..... 10c tin.

Good Canned Salmon  
18c tin, 6 tins for \$1.00.

## Sugar

100 lbs. .... \$6.85  
14 lbs. .... \$1.00

2 TINS CORN ..... 25c.

McCormick's, Marven's  
and Hamilton's  
MIXED CAKES  
18c lb, by the box.

## Jello

3 pkgs. for 25c.

3 bot. Extracts ..... 25c.  
5 lbs. Oatmeal ..... 25c.  
8 lbs. Cornmeal ..... 25c.  
8 lbs. Cracked Corn 25c.  
8 lbs. Oats ..... 25c.

## Money Saving Prices

FEED OATS ..... \$2.30 BAG  
BRAN ..... \$1.80 BAG  
SHORTS ..... \$1.90 BAG  
WHITE MIDDINGS ..... \$2.25 BAG  
90 lb. bag OATMEAL ..... \$3.35  
20 lb. bag OATMEAL ..... 90c.  
98 lb. 5 CROWN .....  
98 lb. SNOW WHITE ..... \$4.75 bag.  
98 lb. PURITY ..... \$4.80 bag.

## Good Quarter Bargains

3 pkgs. SNOWFLAKE AMMONIA, 25c.  
5 lbs. BAKING SODA ..... 25c.  
5 lbs. ROLLED OATS ..... 25c.  
2 qts. WHITE BEANS ..... 25c.  
7 rolls TOILET PAPER ..... 25c.  
1 can BEST PINK SALMON ..... 25c.  
3 tins KIPPERED SNACKS ..... 25c.  
3 lbs. RICE ..... 25c.

# YERXA GROCERY CO.

2 STORES

York St. Queen St.

## HALIFAX RECORDER EDITOR WRITES OF MANY SOCIAL CHANGES OF THE LAST CENTURY

("Occasional," in Halifax Recorder.)  
The social changes of a century and a quarter ago will be interesting to the rising generation, and even to those who have reached mature age. The transformation in the style would hardly be credited. If, in this year of grace 1926, for instance, John Smith, a young man, of Halifax, sauntering along one of our leading streets, on his way to a fashionable function, were to amagine himself as walking on the same street over a century ago he would have to contemplate a complete transformation in order to "fit in" with the conditions prevailing one hundred and twenty-five years ago. In the first place his costume would have to undergo a radical change. The fashion at that time was to wear the hair powdered, with a queue, on state occasions, and if John Smith, a century or more ago, wanted to be in the fashion at such function, he would have to attend at the hairdressers at a very early hour in order to conform with social requirements. The late Rev. Dr. George W. Hill, in a description of the costume worn at such festivities, tells us that as the hairdresses were few, they were compelled, in order to get through their task previous to the hour appointed for a festivity, to begin it early in the morning. John Smith would be an unfortunate man if his turn came first, for he would be obliged to sit the whole day in idleness, or move with slow and measured step, lest he should disturb the handiwork.

On such occasions the full dress consisted of knee breeches, silk stockings, shoes and silver buckles, white neckerchief of amazing thickness, straight-collared coat ornamented with large buttons, a colored waistcoat, and hanging at the side a sword or rapier.

In those days, if John Smith went on Sunday to church and if he didn't he was liable to be fined, he wore good black broadcloth, both for trousers and coat, which was a long frock coat.

In order to stimulate the spiritual activity of our friend John Smith, and to awaken in him a proper devotional mood, a statute provided that "a person absenting himself from public worship for the space of three months, without proper cause, if the head of a family, shall pay a fine of five shillings," and every child over twelve years of age, and every servant, was also liable to a fine, if similarly offending.

At the present day, when our city fathers are so deeply concerned at the threatened increase in the tax rate for the coming civic years, they might consider the propriety of securing the re-enactment of such a statute. All fines to go into the city treasury. If such a statute could be vigorously enforced today the civic treasury would be unduly swollen, particularly in the summer months. The City Council might consider this suggestion.

In 1813 our friend, John Smith, could not loiter about the streets during divine service without running the risk of meeting silk-stockinged church warden with a silver-hilted sword, whose duty it was "once in forenoon and once in the afternoon in the time of divine service, to walk through the town," with constables, so that all offenders might be apprehended.

It would not have done for John Smith in those days to be found on any Sunday in Winter with a hockey stick on his shoulder and a pair of skates in his hand. Moreover John could not "in the good old Summer-time" of 1813, take his girl out canoeing on Sunday or for a drive "out the road". Sunday, those days, was spent quietly and restfully, and John was in much better condition to get down to business at six o'clock on Monday morning as a result of the serene Sabbath on which he had rested, than are some of the John Smiths of 1926 after their Sunday amusements.

As for religious toleration, while all dissenters from the Church, save Catholics, were given liberty of conscience, yet if John were a "dissenter" in 1813, and wanted to get married, he could not be married by a clergyman of his own church. Until the year 1832 no clergyman, unless he were an Anglican could perform a marriage ceremony. All marriage licenses were granted with a condition specifying that the marriage was to be performed according to the rites of the Church of England. In view of the later discussions of the marriage laws in Canada, it was interesting to note that when the power was given in

1832 to clergymen of other denominations to perform the marriage ceremony, the statute required that the parties desiring a license should belong to the same denomination as the minister by whom the ceremony was to be performed.

"What did John drink in 1813?" As to drink, "wines and strong liquors were always plentiful and a craving for stimulants early became the crying evil of the town." There was plenty of it available whenever any business transaction was closed at the merchant's place of business, as the merchants usually kept a liberal supply; there was plenty of it at weddings, at elections, at funerals, or on any occasion when people gathered together! Needless to say, there was considerable intemperance as a consequence.

"How were houses furnished in those days?" The furniture in the dwellings of those who possessed means was of a far more substantial character than that used by persons of the same class today. The householder, however, was content with a far less quantity than is deemed necessary now.

Dr. Hills says: "The bedsteads were those still known as four-posted, invariably curtained, and with a canopy overhead, not only shutting out air, but involving serious expense and labor to the matron, as at the approach of winter and the summer the curtains were always changed. In almost every hall stood a clock, encased by a frame of great size," a custom introduced by the Germans, from whose native land they seem to have been imported in great numbers.

"For common use, enough tables were made by the mechanics of the town, and chairs with rush-bottomed seats were manufactured in an old establishment on Hollis Street, conducted by one of the early settlers. It was necessary, however, to speak some months before the chairs were actually needed, and if the good man happened to be out of rushes, the intending purchaser was obliged to wait until the rushes grew, were cut down, and dried."

As for sport in 1813, the popular amusements were shooting at targets, horse-racing, wrestling, running and jumping. John could not use a motor or a tram-car in those days, but sedan chairs were advertised as available to the public "for hire" at a reasonable price, the sedan-chairs standing for such purposes at the old court house as a central point. Nothing can illustrate more vividly the change of a century than the 1813 sedan-chair in contrast with the 1926 motor.

In 1813 apprentices were very rigidly supervised and, doubtless, in many instances had very severe masters. No wonder they sometimes took to their heels. In the issue of the Acadian Recorder of 27th February, 1813, there is the following advertisement:

Ran Away—On Friday, 19th February, 1813, James Hashman, an indentured apprentice to the subscriber, aged 18 years, light complexion, down east look and stout made; had on when he went away a snuff-colored jacket and brown trousers. He may be known by a scar on his left hand (across two of his fingers), which occasions two nails to grow on one finger.

This is to caution all persons against harboring the said apprentice as they will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

N. B.—One Shilling reward for his apprehension.

THOMAS WILSON.

Poor apprentice of 1813? Let us hope that the princely reward of one shilling did not tempt any one to betray him, and that the threatened rigors of the law did not prevent some kind soul from "harboring" him.

In 1926 how far, far away seems that whole period. How remote seem the sedan-chairs, the rapiers, the pillory, the whipping-post, the provisions for branding thieves with hot irons, the little public theatre on Fairbanks Wharf, the three-deckers in the harbor! And yet all these things flourished in Halifax only a century ago!

"My wife gets on my nerves; she's always bragging about the husband she had before me."  
"Oh, that's nothing. Mine is always talking of one she's going to have after me."

## C. N. R. WOULD RUN VALLEY ROAD AS AGENTS

Montreal, Aug. 31—The Saint John Valley Railway came up for discussion before the Sir Andrew Rae Duncan Royal Commission this afternoon.

"The Canadian National Railways have no objection to operating the Valley Railway on government account" said Vice-President J. E. Dalrymple.

Chairman: "Does it fit in with your system?"

Mr. Dalrymple: "Fairly well."  
"Do you regard it as a necessary line?"

"No, we can get along without it." "You can, but can the province?" "I won't say it is not necessary from the province's point of view, but the Canadian National feels it has enough deficit roads."

"You are addressing yourself purely to the business aspect?" "Entirely so."

"There is another small railway in New Brunswick. Have you anything to say?"

"The same thing. If the government makes it a policy to take over lines we would administer it as agents of the government."

The C. N. R. the witness proceeded, got 60 per cent. of the gross operating revenue of the Valley Railway for operating it but he doubted whether that met expenses.

## WHALE FIGHTS A SHIP THAT IGNORES RACE

San Francisco, Sept. 1—Officials of the Dollar Steamship Line are relating a champion fish story.

It's about a whale, and a whale isn't a fish, so maybe it isn't a fish story, but it's a champion story anyway.

According to a radio report from officers of the steamer President Adams, enroute to San Francisco, that vessel had considerable trouble with an arrogant and unruly whale off the coast of Lower California.

It seems that the whale wanted to race the President Adams. Now, although the officers of the boat have sporting blood, it is distinctly against company rules to race whales.

They told the whale as much and it became angry, real angry. Turning in its path, the whale came full steam ahead for the President Adams, determined to sink it. The ship proved a little stronger than the whale believed, however.

According to the wireless dispatch, the whale suffered abrasions, lacerations and internal injuries.

## HALL SAID THAT HIS LIFE WAS THREATENED

Jersey City, N. J., Aug. 31—Rev. Edward W. Hall, slain with his choir singer, Mrs. Eleanor Mills, on the lonely Phillips Farm near New Brunswick, September 14, 1922, told a friend, Rev. Paul Hamborsky, before he was murdered, that Henry Stevens, his brother-in-law had threatened his life, an affidavit made public today by state investigators revealed.

Stevens is a brother of Mrs. Francis Stevens Hall, the slain rector's widow who is free in \$15,000 bail on a murder charge. Willie Stevens and Henry De La Bruyere Carpenter, brother and cousin, respectively, of Mrs. Hall, also accused of murder, are awaiting grand jury action in the Somerset county jail.

Clothing found on the bodies of Dr. Hall and Mrs. Mills, as they lay side by side after the slayings, today was locked in a safe at police headquarters to be examined by experts tomorrow or Thursday to determine whether the murderer or murderers left fingerprints on the fabrics.

Additional arrests in the Hall-Mills murders were promised today by Inspector John Underwood of the Jersey City police who has been investigating the four year mystery.

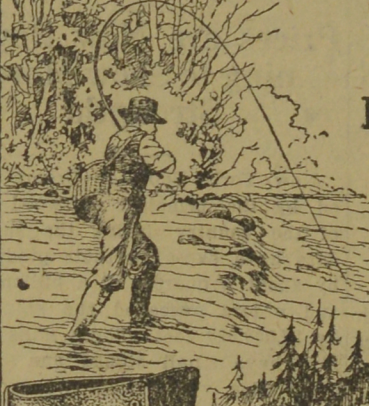
Astronomer (to his young wife)—Congratulations, my dear. This is your birthday and I shall have a great surprise for you tonight!  
Wife—What is it?  
"At 11.30 there will be a total eclipse of the moon!"

# FEEDS

Corn Meal, Cracked Corn, Whole Corn, Bran Shorts, Middlings, Feed Flour, Oat Chop, Oat Feed, Feed Wheat, Scratch Feed, Best Western Oats, Crushed Oats

At Lowest Market Rates.

G. W. HODGE



### PALMER'S Moose Head Brand Hunting & Fishing Boots

For generations hunters and fishermen all over the continent have appreciated the utter dependability, honest materials and sterling construction of these time-tested boots.

Through bush, streams and the roughest going, these sturdy yet flexible boots will ensure your entire foot comfort. And their wear is proverbial.


Knee High, waterproof with noiseless Flexible Sewed-on Sole of heaviest oil-tanned leather.

Hand made to your individual measure.

Send for Catalogue, showing our complete line.

A Boot For Every Purpose

JOHN PALMER CO., LIMITED  
FREDERICTON, N. B.



WE HAVE IN STOCK OUR SPRING AND SUMMER SUITINGS OF GRANITES AND SPORTEX TWEEDS, ENGLISH WORSTEDS AND GUARANTEED BLUES AND GREY SERGES. Also a nice line of SPRING O'COATINGS. English and American Style plates. PRICES RANGE FROM \$35.00 TO \$65.00.

WALKER BROS.

Queen St. Fredericton

## Anglers, Attention!

SALMON ANGLING SEASON  
IS NOW OPEN.

IN anticipation of this we have imported from England a complete stock of angling equipment from the best and largest fishing tackle manufacturers in the world. It consists of Salmon and Trout Rods, Reels, Lines, Leaders, Fly Boxes, Leader Boxes, Flies, Spinners, etc. Our Flies were selected by experienced anglers and are especially adapted to New Brunswick waters.

We have some astonishing bargains in two Handed Salmon Rods, also Reels and Lines.

If you are in need of a Pair of Hip Boots for the fishing season we can supply them at the Right Price.

Buy Your Fishing Outfit From Fishermen.

CURRIE BROTHERS

CALL ON US FOR BARGAINS