

Special Announcement

The lines listed below are ones on which we find that we have over estimated our requirements. In order to move these out of stock we are offering at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

25 Overcoats, reg. 20, 25 and 30 dollar Coat for \$15.00
50 Men's Suits, 20 to 35 dollars, for \$15.00 and \$22.00
200 pr. Men's Pants, \$3.50 to \$5.00 for \$2.59 to \$3.45 pr.
Stanfield's Underwear, broken sizes, \$1.00, \$1.50, and \$1.75. Worth double.

For the working man we have everything to be found in the Overall line. Look our line over you'll wonder how it is possible to sell them at the low prices we are asking.

Men's Work Gloves and Mitts, 39c, 50c, 65c and 75c.

Boys' Fleece Lined Underwear, 39c, 45c, and 50c.

Work Shirts, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Ladies' Silk and wool, reg. \$1.00 and \$1.25, to clear at 79c and 89c.

Children's Little King fine wool, reg. 75c and 85c to clear at 69c.

Just received new Curtain Materials, Cretonnes, Silk Crepe, Voiles and Broadcloths.

Corsets and Corsetettes from 98c to \$2.50.

Martha Washington House Dresses reduced to \$1.98.

Never before have we shown such wonderful patterns in Window Draperies. Call and see our display before buying.

Peter Farrell & Co.

SICK ROOM SUPPLIES

Hot Water Bottles from \$1.00 to \$2.50
Bed and Douche Pans, Invalid Cushions, Fountain Syringes and fittings.

A Good Stock To Choose From

ARTHUR J. RYAN, - THE PENSLAR STORE

Remember The Cash Discount Bonds

Spring Coats and Dresses

Now showing early shipments of Dressy and Sporty Models in LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SPRING COATS.

It's a little early but will interest you to look over the charming styles and pretty cloths at such exceedingly low prices. If your style, size or price is not here we can get it for you in a few days. We clothe Lady, Miss and Child.

R. L. BLACK, 62 YORK ST.

DO YOUR DUTY

Why neglect your floors, furniture, woodwork and allow them to look dejected when you can renew their life and make them glisten with a coat of

KYANIZE

Many beautiful shades to select from, Call in to-day for Color Card.

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\$ DAY

Saturday
MARCH 6

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LONG DRAWN OUT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE ENDED BY CLOSURE; THREE DIVISIONS WERE TAKEN

Ottawa, March 3.—The address in reply to the Speech From the Throne was carried in the house this morning and the house adjourned until March 15. The government had a majority of nine on the following vote: For, 111; against, 102. Majority for—9.

All Progressives, Independents and Labor present voted with the government.

It was the third division of the day. The first came on the motion for closure which had been moved by Hon. Ernest Lapointe, acting government leader. On this the government had a majority of 13. Debate continued under closure rule till shortly before midnight. Then the house divided "on the Bird motion for the previous question." This was carried by 106 to 112. A majority of 6. It was 12.30 a. m. when the house divided on the following motion: That for adoption of the address.

The House ended one of the longest debates on the address known to the Canadian parliament and the first to be concluded under closure. Increase in the Government majority, as shown between the vote on closure and the vote on the address was due to the fact that in the first division a few Conservatives were absent without pairs. They turned up later in the day.

End Comes in Excitement.

The end came in excitement. As the members made for the vote the two sides of the House sang songs. The refrain of "A la Claire Fontaine" was oddly mingled at times with "My Irish Rose." Then all would join one song. Proceedings following the division were brief. Speaker Lemieux merely announced that the House stood adjourned till March 15. There was loud cheering from both sides, much flinging around of papers and the House stood up and sang the National Anthem. And the chamber rapidly emptied.

Closure Moved.

When the House opened there was some preliminary questioning of the orders of the day. Then Hon. Ernest Lapointe, acting Government leader, moved closure both on the debate on the address and on the Bird amendment for the previous questions. Immediately, the House divided, the Government securing a majority of thirteen. All Progressives and Independents voted with the Government. Subsequent debate under closure covered a wide range of speakers. Mr. Lapointe said, that Conservatives had charged the Government with being "rump" and "remnant" yet on each test in the House the "rump" had defeated the opposition. Conservatives, Mr. Lapointe added, had wanted two months in futile, dull and uninteresting debate.

Meighen Blames Cabinet.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, Conservative leader, held that closure was essential in a free parliament but compared the attitude of Liberals today with their attitude when closure was introduced in 1913. Then Liberals had called the closing a gag.

"Is there anything left of all its professions for this Government to swallow," questioned Mr. Meighen. Never in the history of any parliament, Mr. Meighen added, had closure been adopted for the sake of giving members a holiday.

Closure Adopted.

The Government motion for closure passed the House of Commons shortly before 4 o'clock this afternoon by a majority of 13 votes. The vote stood: For, 108; against, 95. The motion was supported by all the Progressives as well as members of the Labor and Independent groups, with only the Conservatives opposing it. There were a number of absentees and a number of pairs, which cut down the total number of votes passed.

Before the vote was taken, members on the Conservative side joined in singing choruses, but there was no great demonstration until after the result had been announced. Then, as Ernest Lapointe, acting Government leader, rose to speak, the Government supporters cheered and pounded their desks.

Not Further Adjourned.

The motion which was moved by Mr. Lapointe at 3.30 o'clock provided that the debate on the motion of Mr. Elliott for an address in reply to the speech from the throne and also on the motion of Mr. Bird for the previous question "be not further adjourned."

While a number of the Conservative members were paired, there were five absent without pairs. These were: A. K. Hodgins, Middlesex East; John Hubbs, Prince Edward-Lennox; Col. Thomas Cantley, Pictou; H. C. McKillop, Elgin West, and G. B. Jones, of Royal.

Lapointe Speaks.

Mr. Lapointe continued the debate on the address as soon as the motion had passed the House.

Parliament had been summoned for the purpose of deciding whether the Government should function. It was well understood, said Mr. Lapointe, that when this question was settled, there would be an adjournment. The House had given its decision in favor of the King Government as the proper party to carry on the affairs of administration. The Government also had been supported on several occasions by the votes of the members.

Contempt Held Shown.

In view of this, the Conservative attitude showed "contempt for the decision of the majority" in the House. Conservatives had been endeavoring to frustrate the will of Parliament. While the Opposition had referred to the administration as "remnants of a Government," the Conservatives had been unable to defeat the Government in the House so far. "I challenge them to clear us now," said Mr. Lapointe.

The majority of the members in the House must rule, and the suggestion of the Conservatives that the address should be withdrawn to consider legislation was "preposterous." Before the address was passed, the House was not properly equipped to transact its business. Two months had been wasted by the Conservatives in "futile, dull and uninteresting debate." The Government was determined to carry on and maintain the supremacy of Parliament. "The frenzied hysteria of the Conservative press today is comic relief from the present situation," concluded Mr. Lapointe.

Meighen Speaks.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, Conservative leader, declared that of all members who condemned closure when the Conservatives were last in power, "the most vociferous" was the present acting government leader. Mr. Lapointe, when in opposition has characterized closure as an "infamous proposal."

"Who was the gagger today?"

"I do not object to closure," stated Mr. Meighen. "I believe that the closure rule is essential in all free parliaments." That doctrine, he had preached in 1913. Liberals had then fought and criticized it, but invoked it today. Was there anything left for this government to swallow of all its professions? What was to be said for a leader of a government who was "afraid" to use a rule of the house, and now came forward to claim that the opposition had been frustrating the will of parliament by continuing the debate.

Motion Evaded.

Mr. Lapointe had stated that parliament had been called to determine whether the government should function. Yet, the present administration was directing its attention towards seeing that the house did not have an opportunity to vote on a straight motion of non-confidence.

The press of the country had fully informed the members that it was the oppositions intention to move a straight vote of non-confidence. Yet the opposition had been denied it by the Progressive member for Nelson, (Mr. Bird) moving the previous questions, of voting on the "avowed proposal" for which parliament had been summoned.

To Give Them Holiday.

The closure rule was all right, but, said, Mr. Meighen, "never in the history of any parliament was closure adopted for the purpose of giving the members a holiday." This was what the government was now doing.

What position was the government in? The government was in just as good position, "As the criminal is in a good position to be electrocuted when he takes the chair." The adjournment was also being sought in order that the work of the customs committee might be "effectively retarded."

Forke Speaks.

Robert Forke, Progressive leader, stated that he had heard considerable in the House about "co-operation" between the Liberals and the Progressives. How could any "co-operation," however, be expected between Progressives and Conservatives in view of the terms applied by members of the opposition toward Progressive members in the course of the debate?

The present situation had been created by the people of Canada, and not by the members of parliament. Had there been no third party in the House following the recent general election, the situation would not have been any better at the present time. In fact the two old parties would be so evenly balanced that whatever government was in office could not carry on. Conservatives seemed to think they

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had the right to be in office, but they could not get a majority in the House. If Mr. Meighen were in office he could not carry on without another election.

"I defy any member to say I know anything of bribery," said Mr. Forke. It was not bribery for the Progressive members to accept a legislative program which they believed to be in the interests of Canada.

Hon. Robert Rogers (Conservative, South Winnipeg) stated that the bringing in of the closure motion synchronized with the 50-day clause whereby their indemnity was made sure for honorable gentlemen opposite.

There were some cries of "order" from the Liberal side of the House.

"The 50 days are up and we have the motion," said Mr. Rogers. Charges that the government had been obstructed by the Opposition were without foundation. Nothing had been brought down for the opposition to obstruct. Under the motion giving precedence to debate on the address the government was at perfect liberty to bring in the first stages of its legislation on the Hudson Bay Railway, rural credits or Maritime Province commission. The truth of the matter was that the government did not want and did not dare to bring any measures before parliament.

Forke's Words Quoted.

Mr. Rogers quoted a campaign speech of the Progressive leader in which Mr. Forke was represented as saying Premier King had failed to redeem his promises. In spite of this, Mr. Forke was found supporting the government.

"He is as certain to vote Liberal as my honorable friend from Antigonish," glancing at Hon. E. M. MacDonald, Minister of National Defence. "He always has been and he always will be Liberal."

Concluding Mr. Rogers predicted that the time would not be long when the government would be occupying that position "to which it has been relegated by the people of the Dominion of Canada."

Minister of Interior.

Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of

the Interior, said that parliament had been called for one purpose—to determine the government of the country. Parliament had expressed its view on this matter, and thereupon the government had asked for an adjournment in which to conduct by-elections. Again the government had been approved by parliament. But the Opposition had seen fit to sit and thwart the will of parliament for weeks. It had made difficult the filling of the treasury benches, but Mr. Stewart declared that the vacancies on the benches would be supplied from time to time, that progressive legislation would be brought down and that the government would govern as long as it could command a majority in the House.

SIGNS OF SPRING IN ALBERTA

Lethbridge, Alta., March 2.—Tom Pickering, farmer, living five miles west of Cardston sowed the first wheat this year on February 7. It was revealed here today.

Fred Blumer, of Magrath planted radishes and peas on the same date.

The Lethbridge arena had 13 nights of skating this winter while the curlers have had but ten of good ice during the whole season.

Trees are budding and perennials are showing above ground with a warm spring sun shining, bringing a temperature of 50 to 60 degrees.

Notice of Legislation

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick by the City of Fredericton for the passing of an Act authorizing the said City to issue Debentures in a sum not exceeding the sum of Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), for the purpose of constructing permanent streets in the said City.

Dated at Fredericton this 3rd day of March, 1926.

C. FRED CHESTNUT,
City Clerk.

CAPITOL March 9, 10

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