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DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

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Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monosodium Salicylate (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

RED ROSE
"is good COFFEE"

FIRE ALARM LOCATION IN THE CITY

6 Argyle and York Sts.
7 Victoria Hospital.
8 Children's Aid Home.
12 Westmorland and Aberdeen Sts.
13 Northumberland and Saunders Sts.
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16 George and Northumberland Sts.
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21 Queen and York Sts.
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34 Queen and Carleton Sts.
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36 Charlotte and Carleton Sts.
37 George and Regent Sts.
38 King and Regent Sts.
43 St. John and Aberdeen Sts.
44 Queen and St. John Sts.
45 Brunswick and St. John Sts.
46 Charlotte and St. John Sts.
51 King and Church Sts.
52 George and Church Sts.
53 Union and Church Sts.
54 Shore St. and University Ave.
55 Brunswick St. and University Ave.
56 Lansdowne and Waterloo Row.
57 Grey St. and University Ave.
112 Smythe and Aberdeen Sts.
113 Argyle and Northumberland Sts.

Sure Way to Get Rid of Blackheads

There is one simple, safe, and sure way that never fails to get rid of blackheads: that is to dissolve them. To do this, get two ounces of peroxide powder from any drug store—sprinkle a little on a hot, wet cloth—rub over the blackheads briskly—wash the parts and you will be surprised how the blackheads have disappeared. Big blackheads, little blackheads, no matter where they are, simply dissolve and disappear. Blackheads are a mixture of dust and dirt and secretions that form in the pores of the skin. The peroxide powder and the water dissolve the blackheads so they wash right out, leaving the pores free and clean and in their natural condition.

COL. H. C. BLAIR OF TRURO WRITES OF ANCIENT CURLING GAME; WHEN FREDERICTON WAS BEATEN

(Col. H. C. Blair in Halifax Chronicle.)
In the year nineteen hundred and twenty-five, November ninth, the Truro Curling Club held its fiftieth annual meeting. Thus the club was formed in 1875. W. D. Dimock was the secretary and treasurer. He is still going strong as the editor of the Truro Daily News, an even more successful institution than the Truro Curling Club.

Among the charter members of the old Truro Club the names will be familiar to many of the older citizens of the town. Alexander Mackay, A. L. Mackenzie, George Gunn, W. B. Alley, Dr. J. H. Mackay, A. H. Paterson, Dr. D. H. Muir, Dr. W. S. Muir, O. C. Cummings, all of whom have "gone to that land from whose bourne no traveller returns". It will be noticed that these are all Scotch names so probably their love of the grand old game was inherited.

Later on came other well remembered names, A. Stanley Murphy, George P. Nelson, A. C. Mackenzie, the Hallets, father and son, Tom Clarke, James Dover, D. C. Blair, A. J. Campbell, George Sutherland, Edward Logan, Arthur Birrell, A. E. Mackenzie, Charles Schroeder, John Suckling and last but not least W. H. Semple.

The writer joined the club the year after its formation and was secretary treasurer for many years. W. B. Alley was president of the club and it was during his regime that the present curling rink was built. He was the leading spirit in its construction, a rather heavy undertaking in those days. Before that the club used the old exhibition building on top of Foundry Hill. Previous to that the old drill shed, situated in rear of where Suckling & Chase's green houses now stand. When the club was first formed in 1875 all the curling was done on open air ice, some on Farnham's pond and some where the Truro Court House now stands. Another year an outside rink was obtained just in rear of the late Duncan Macintosh's residence, near Victoria square.

I remember the first game I ever skipper against a visiting club was in 1882 in the old drill shed. The Rev. Dr. Macmillan was my mate, O. C. Cummings was second stone and George Gunn, Junior, was lead. The game was played against New Glasgow, my opposing skip was the late Hon. James D. Macgregor.

I remember participating in a friendly game in the old rink on the sixth day of May. It was in the morning and the ice was keen. The earliest game ever played here was some for-

ty-four years ago, on the fifth of November on the old river.

Defeated Fredericton.

I think the best played game I ever took part in was played in St. John against Fredericton in 1882. Truro took over to New Brunswick three rinks. I had in my rink A. S. Murphy mate, Arthur Birrell second stone, and Alf. Mackenzie, firststone. In the game against Fredericton my rink was pitted against a rink skipped by James S. Neill. The ice was keen and we were all young, active and good sweepers and had no difficulty in disposing of our older opponents. It was a great game, however, and called forth a full column description next morning in the St. John Telegraph of the great play of the Truro "kid rink."

I always had great luck when Stan Murphy mated for me. He was a great curler and a great ring general. In the matches for the McLellan cup Stan was always my mate. In those days for the McLellan cup and gold medal the winners in Nova Scotia test matches played the winners in New Brunswick. As the old Truro club won these trophies five years in succession it was probably a feat never before performed under similar conditions by any other club. I attribute the success of our club to the presence of A. S. Murphy as a player in all the matches played in that connection. He always knew the right shot to play, and as a player was as a general rule well high perfect.

Visited Ottawa.

The old Truro Curling Club took two rinks to Ottawa in 1886 to play against the famous Lindsay curlers for the Governor General's trophy. The Truro skips were Dr. J. H. Mackay and George Gunn. Truro won handsomely. While the Truro boys were playing in Ottawa three rinks of Thistle curlers came to Truro for a friendly game which was won by Truro. That match was won whilst eight of our best players were absent a feat we were very proud of, for the Thistles were very strong in those days. I well remember that we were entertaining the Thistle curlers at a dinner in the old Victoria hotel when the news came that our boys had beaten Lindsay. Thus we celebrated a double victory.

In the old days I very well remember Wendell Semple as a boy playing whenever he got a chance. His early training stood him in good stead in after life for he became one of the finest curlers in Canada. A good cricketer, splendid rifle shot, keen golfer and a great curler, his name is cherished by a wide circle of admirers.

THE LATE CARDINAL MERCIER HAS WON A PLACE IN HISTORY; NOTABLE FIGURE IN THE CHURCH

(Toronto Globe.)

Cardinal Mercier's claim to a place in history does not rest solely upon the noble and courageous fight he made during the Great War on behalf of the principles of justice and humanity. He was for many years prior to the beginning of that conflict a notable figure in the councils of the Church and in the religious life of Belgium. And after the war he lent all his efforts, and with some apparent promise of success, to the endeavor to effect a reconciliation between the Roman Catholic and Anglican Churches. Whether he could have achieved that ambition, so tenaciously cherished by him, is perhaps open to doubt, but the movement certainly gained greatly by his championship, and, owing to his refusal to be discouraged by seemingly insuperable obstacles, he aroused between these two great Christian bodies sentiments which may yet result, if not in union, at least in more cordial and happier relations. It was his efforts and his resolute faith that gave to the Malines Conference whatever assurance it possessed of eventual achievement.

But it is on the part he played in the war that his title to permanent fame chiefly rests. It was as the champion of the principles of international faith and human justice that throughout the progress of that struggle he made his appeal to his country and the Allies, and that he challenged and impeded, if he did not restrict, the desolating power of Germany. It was in defense of those principles that he revived and sustained the spirits of his countrymen while ruin swept the land, and that he inspired them to resist or, when resistance was ineffectual, to endure the oppression of the invader.

That Cardinal Mercier was animated by chivalrous patriotism in the

fearless and unwavering opposition he waged to the crushing tyranny exercised by German militarism in Belgium must, of course, be conceded, but he rested his resistance to the invader on ever higher grounds—on the cardinal doctrines of morality which are recognized as governing the conduct of civilized nations. It was as the violator of every canon of right conduct, and as the enslaver of a nation which she was pledged to respect and defend, that he arraigned Germany. It was not merely as a Belgian, but as a Churchman, that he counselled resistance by his people and that he defied to the utmost, and bade his people defy, the ruthless power that sought to force the country into compliance with its iniquitous will.

His pastorals to his people were an inspiration not only to the Belgians but to the Allies. His words rang around the world, stirring the hearts of the nations against German or and they had an undoubted influence in bringing the United States into the struggle on the side of liberty. The intrepidity with which he confronted the despoiler of his country set an example to the clergy of his own and allied lands, and strengthened the determination everywhere, at any sacrifice, to defeat the enemy of human freedom.

To Cardinal Mercier Belgium owes a debt that that land will never forget. The honor that will be paid him by his country, for which he fought so valiantly, will increase with the passage of time, and he will be enshrined in the history of the nation as he now is in the hearts of the people. But it is not only in Belgium that his intrepid courage in the cause of right will be remembered. France and Great Britain—the world at large—owe him much, and in their annals they will

not fail to give his due to this great Churchman who at one of the most critical stages of the history of mankind demonstrated with what effectiveness one man equipped in righteousness can combat the forces of wrong and injustice.

Man's synonym for the last word is to slam the door.

STOMACH MISERY ACIDITY, GAS, GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapiesin" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gases, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, fermentation or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to the provisions of the Fredericton Assessment Act of 1907, there will for the purpose of satisfying the arrears of City Taxes for the years 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924 and 1925, inclusive, made and assessed against Henry Simmonds or Simmond and amounting in all to \$281.94 unless the said sum together with the costs of this notice are sooner paid, be sold at public auction in front of the City Hall, Fredericton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of Saturday, the thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1926, all the right, title and interest of the said Henry Simmonds or Simmonds in and to the lands and premises following:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being in Fredericton aforesaid, in the County of York aforesaid, abutted and bounded as follows: Beginning on the West side of 'of Brick Kiln Road' at a stake placed 'at the intersection of the Lower or Easterly side line of a tract of land owned by William H. O'Dell, Esquire, thence running North 41 degrees West along said dividing line, seven chains and twenty links, or until it strikes the 'South East side line of a tract of land owned by the said William H. O'Dell, thence North Easterly along the said 'last mentioned line until it strikes the 'South Westerly line of another tract of land fronting on the said Brick Kiln Road owned by the said William H. O'Dell, thence along the said Brick Kiln Road, to the place of beginning, containing thirteen acres more or less, being the same lands and premises mentioned and described in the Deed

"Also all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the rear of the Town Plat of the said City of Fredericton and more particularly known and described as Lot No. 44, surveyed and laid out in the Fifth Range of pasture lots abutted and bounded as follows: Beginning at a marked stake on the South West side of a reserved road, between the Fourth and Fifth Ranges of said pasture lots, thence running by the magnet South 44 degrees west 25 chains of 4 poles each or to a reserved road between the fifth and sixth ranges of said lots, thence North 45 degrees West 7 chains and 57 links to a reserved road, between said pasture, thereof from Patrick Donnelly and Wife to Thomas Temple, bearing date the fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1865, and duly registered in York County Records in Book 0-2, at pages 744-745 under official number 17000."

"lots and the Glebe land, thence running along the said last mentioned reserved road North 44 degrees, East until it strikes the South West side of the first mentioned reserved road, lying between the Fourth and Fifth ranges of said pasture lots, thence running along the said South West side of the said last mentioned reserved road South 45 degrees East to the place of beginning, the said lot of land above described and hereby conveyed being a part of the lands heretofore conveyed to one Patrick Donnelly by the Chancellor, President and Scholars of King's College at Fredericton by Deed dated the Tenth day of October, A. D. 1857 and registered in the Records of the said County of York in Book H-2, pages 567-568."

Dated at Fredericton this second day of December, A. D. 1925.
(Sgd.) C. FRED CHESTNUT,
City Treasurer.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to the provisions of the Fredericton Assessment Act of 1907, there will for the purpose of satisfying the arrears of City Taxes for the years 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924 and 1925, inclusive, made and assessed against Arthur Gray (and owned by Henry Montgomery-Campbell and Herbert Montgomery-Campbell) and amounting in all to \$189.45, unless the said sum together with the costs of this notice are sooner paid, be sold at public auction in front of the City Hall, Fredericton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of Saturday, the thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1926, all the right, title and interest of Arthur Gray and of Henry Montgomery-Campbell and Herbert Montgomery-Campbell in and to the lands and premises following:

"All that certain lot of land situate and being in the City of Fredericton, bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the Northwesterly side of York Street, distant 141 feet measured South Westerly from the intersection of the Northwesterly side of York Street and the South Westerly side of the reserved street between block "I" and "G" in the plan of Messrs. Campbell's lands, made by Baird and Howie, thence North 38 degrees 30 minutes West 141 feet; thence South 51 degrees 30 " North 47 " thence South 38 degrees 30 " East 141 " to York Street, aforesaid and thence along York Street 38 degrees 30 " East 47 " to the place of beginning being known as Lot No. 4 in Block "I" in plan of survey of Campbell lands prepared by Baird & Howie."

Dated at Fredericton this second day of December, A. D. 1925.
(Sgd.) C. FRED CHESTNUT,
City Treasurer.

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