

BILL IN GERMAN REICHSTAG TO GRANT LARGE SUM OF MONEY TO HOHENZOLLERNS IS BLOCKED

Berlin, Germany, Feb. 10.—With the passage of the special "obstruction law" to third reading in the reichstag the German people have guaranteed themselves against further delivery of national property or money to former sovereigns and their families, relatives and friends until the question of ownership and disposition of such property is definitely settled by legislation.

Just how important this measure is may be seen from the statement of the Berliner Tageblatt that the claims of the Hohenzollern family alone amount to about \$238,000,000. The exact appraisal of such concerns as museums, palaces and so on is almost impossible.

By the action now taken an end is made of what many Germans consider a scandal, namely the restitution to the deposed princes of virtually all the material advantages they possessed before the revolution. The question is now up to the reichstag and the German people.

Confiscation Is Advocated.

Two propositions have been advanced. One is that of the radical committee led by the economist, Kuczynsky, demanding the confiscation of all former crown and state property so that the princes would get nothing by right but only such assistance in the form of charity or

pensions as the state might see fit to allow. This proposal is made in the form of a demand for a popular referendum which has the wholehearted support of the communists and many independents and the lukewarm though official support of the social democrats.

The proceeding required is that the state must post the request for a referendum in all German cities for signature. When one-tenth of the German voters (about 4,000,000) have signed the proposal in its original form must come before the reichstag. If there accepted it becomes law without popular vote; if modified by the reichstag, then both the original and the amended bill must be submitted to popular vote.

If the proposal is rejected by the reichstag it becomes subject to a referendum vote probably in the first part of April. It is considered probable that the proposal will be modified by the reichstag and that both it and the amended proposal will have to be voted on.

Court of Claims Another Plan.

Meanwhile another proposal may be made at the request of the judiciary committee of the reichstag. That body will soon have to vote on a new bill by which in the future all claims by the princes must be submitted and decided by special courts on the basis of "fairness." This means that the princes would obtain much of what they claim, but not all.

No one knows which proposal will be adopted because the people's referendum, if favorable would automatically nullify any previous decision by the reichstag. Many persons, however, believe that the independents and democrats cannot obtain the number of votes necessary for complete expropriation. In that case the reichstag law would remain valid and come in force only after the limit set by the present obstruction law, namely, June 30.

The issue is particularly annoying to the cabinet at this time when it needs the support of the propertied classes who do not approve such a violent measure as expropriation. It

DOCTOR HAD TO MAKE TRIP ON SNOWSHOES

Lynn, Mass., Feb. 14.—After three Lynn physicians had tried in vain to fight their way through the snow drifts to the home of Alfred F. Chatterton in Lynnhurst, today, one of them finally reached the house, where Mr. Chatterton lay critically ill, by walking two miles and a half on snow shoes.

The police had sent a patrol wagon to try to break out a road for the physicians, but this had failed, although Patrolman Maurice J. Keenan got through on foot with medicine after a two-hour struggle through the drifts. One of the physicians had obtained a sleigh and was trying to get a horse when he learned that his fellow physician had got through with snow shoes. The sick man had a temperature of 105 degrees when the doctor arrived.

MANY IDLE IN RUSSIA

Moscow, U. S. S. R., Feb. 11.—Statistics show that there were 1,015,000 unemployed in Russia Dec. 31, indicating a decrease of a little less than 8 per cent in six months. Except for unskilled labor, the conditions were improved in January. The actual figures of the unemployed are larger because only union members are enumerated. Nonunion members are considered not to be entitled to work and never listed as unemployed.

is one of the greatest issues faced by the German republic because virtually it amounts to a referendum on many other matters and involves an expression of opinion on the 1918 revolution.

The payment of a considerable sum to the princes while Germany is impoverished would mean throwing a bridge to prewar Germany while complete expropriation would mean that the old Germany of class distinctions, Prussian hegemony and monarchy was definitely buried.

THE BLACK CROW CONDEMNED BY FORMER HIGH OFFICIAL OF CANADIAN GOVERNMENT

(Toronto Globe.)

"The thanks of the agriculturist and the public are due The Globe and Mr. Jack Miner for the attention given the crow recently," writes F. W. Hodson, former Live Stock Commissioner for Canada. "Mr. Miner is right. The worst creature has some redeeming qualities. The crow's evil qualities far outnumber his virtues, if he has any. Thirty years ago I was editor of The Farmer's Advocate, London, Ont., also Secretary and Managing Director of the Dominion Sheep, the Dominion Swine and the Dominion Cattle Breeders' Associations, also of the Provincial Winter Fair, then held in Guelph. My various duties brought me in close touch with men prominent in agriculture from all parts of Ontario, from many of the adjoining States, as well as from Western Canada. A careful study was conducted for three years. The decision arrived at was that his bad qualities exceeded any benefits received through him and that, if possible he should be exterminated, and to this end a price should be set on his head and paid by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. We were all busy men, and the matter was not pushed, although there was much feeling expressed. I long ago decided that the crow was a disadvantage to agriculture.

Bane to Agriculturists.

"During the nesting season of birds beneficial to agriculture the crow almost exists on the eggs and young of these useful birds. The crow feeds their young very largely from this source. If the crow feeds on other food at this time it is because he cannot find enough young birds nor eggs to supply his needs. In many sections of Ontario the crow has greatly reduced the number of useful birds; in fact has almost exterminated some varieties that were of great value. Near my home this condition is very noticeable. I cannot successfully grow corn without too much trouble and expense. Two years ago I sowed fifteen acres twice, and finally had to plow it up and sow millet. As our farm is situated we have given up corn-growing for the silo—the crow has proved too troublesome.

The Raider of Poultry.

"We keep a large number of hens. In spite of all we can do, the crow takes many chickens each year. Our loss in this alone is heavy. We have an orchard some distance from the house. As soon as the apples begin to color, the crows come in hundreds, and peck, knock down and spoil many barrels yearly. What the crow does to us he does to others in a greater or less degree. Some of the men known as 'County Representatives' have given their opinions without a study of the question. A proper conclusion concerning the crow can be arrived at only after years of research and study. Mr. Jack Miner is by far the best authority on this question in Canada, because of his extensive research and his unprejudiced mind.

"There are many birds useful to agriculture which nest on the ground in the open field; others that nest about the house, buildings or orchard. These are especially the victims of the crow.

Birds That Would Be Welcome.

"In many sections of Ontario the grouse, the quail especially the European variety recently introduced into Western Canada and there spreading rapidly and the pheasant could be profitably and successfully introduced, if the crow were exterminated. The introduction of the above quail would be of great value to agriculture in Ontario as an in-

sect destroyer. In other respects this bird is valuable, is very hardy, and very prolific. My family have lived on the same farm in Ontario County since 1832. For more than sixty years my father was a keen sportsman and a careful student of bird life. For twenty years he bred pheasants successfully, but when he turned them free the crows destroyed nearly all the eggs or the young birds. I disagree with Mr. Miner on one point—he would allow 5 per cent. of the crows to live. To the contrary, a crow is as undesirable as a rat, and I am in favor of destroying both completely if possible. The crow has no value as a scavenger. This is an improper way to dispose of dead animals. Should an animal die of disease it should be buried deeply. If killed by accident, its flesh can be used profitably among fowls or pigs. I was greatly pleased because of the attitude taken by the Hon. John Martin regarding the crow as given in The Globe of Friday last."

Many Congratulations.

Kingsville, Feb. 8.—(Special.)—Hundreds of letters of congratulation are pouring into Jack Miner's mail box, and Manly Miner, son of Jack Miner, says there is only about one out of every five hundred that criticizes Jack Miner for catching the crow, and the exceptions are usually anonymous.

Miner Junior makes the statement to The Globe correspondent that his father's trap is such a success that, "after receiving the following letter from the Chief of Bureau of Biological Survey, Washington, D. C., we have decided to let the Government at Washington send officials here to examine same:

"Dear Mr. Miner—I have been informed that you have invented and successfully operated a trap for catching crows. This interests me very much since the Biological Survey has expended much time and money investigating these now very abundant birds with a view to controlling their depredations on crops and on wild life. On breeding grounds of migratory wild fowl in some States and among the nesting places of herons and other birds in Florida, as well as along the Atlantic Coast, crows are now very abundant and exceedingly destructive. We believe that their numbers should be reduced until their depredations are under control.

"If you have invented a successful trap for capturing these birds in large numbers, it will be a great contribution to conservation, and I shall be greatly indebted to you for a description of the trap, and if possible a photograph, with any information you can give concerning its operation and the results you have obtained.

"I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate you on the splendid work you are doing and the wonderful success you are having in handling migratory wild fowl. It is a stimulus to everyone interested in these birds, and I trust that your methods may later be followed on a great scale on Federal and State refuges.

"E. W. NELSON,
"Chief of Bureau of Biological Survey."
"Washington, Feb. 1."

Man works from sun to sun
But woman's work is never done
Sad but true—I greatly rue it
But why the Sam Hill don't they do it!

BLUNDERS



WHY IS THIS WRONG?

One of the many annoyances that the postal service has to contend with is the receipt of bundles of carelessly sealed letters, many of which are stuck together. Since letters can be run through the cancelling machines only one at a time, all those stuck together must first be pulled apart by some postal employee. This may result in mutilation of the addresses or in placing the letters to one side until other mail has been handled.

Notice of Legislation

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of New Brunswick by the Trustees of Victoria Public Hospital, for the passing of an Act authorizing the said Trustees to issue debentures in a sum not exceeding the sum of \$10,000, for the purpose of building an isolation Hospital, same to be issued in serial form, with interest at five per cent, payable half yearly, and guaranteed as to principal and interest by the City of Fredericton, the whole to be payable in not less than twenty years.

Dated at Fredericton, January 26th, 1926.

PETER J. HUGHES,
Solicitor for said Trustees.

Where An American Hangs His Hat

Once a hat was not just a hat; it was also a badge of sectionalism. That was when the broad-brimmed Stetson and the nobby derby seldom met. When South, East, North, West lived differently, dressed differently, and thought differently. When a traveling American could feel like a stranger in his own land.

Before advertising—

But now Mrs. Green of Boston and Mrs. Brown of El Paso use the same vacuum cleaner, face powder, soap; Adams of Boston and Sims of Seattle are alike in the cut of their clothes. And where an American hangs his hat, within the borders of these United States, he feels at home. Advertising did that.

Advertising is still at work helping to make these states united. Here is a better bed, a handsomer shoe, a more delicious food. Let it be known from Maine to California, from Washington State to Florida! Here's a healthier way to live, another safeguard for your family, a new service of self-improvement. Spread the news everywhere!

Advertisements.

Read them. They are Couriers of Progress and Unity. Without them you'd lack half the comforts you now have. Ignore them and you'll miss many a good thing to come.

TO KEEP PACE WITH THE TIMES, READ THE
ADVERTISEMENTS EVERY DAY

Eczema Was So Bad Could Hardly Sleep

Mrs. G. Jones, Kitchener, Alta., writes:—"I had eczema on my left hand, and my first finger was so swollen, sore and itchy I could hardly sleep at night.

I got a prescription from my doctor, but it did me no good, so I finally began to take

**Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS**

After I had taken three bottles I was completely relieved of my eczema, and would advise any one suffering from any disease of the blood to use B.B.B., as it's worth its price many times over. This valuable preparation has been on the market for the past 47 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

YERXA GROCERY CO.

Edwardsburg Crown Syrup

You know how good it is.

2 lb. Can19
5 lb. Can40
10 lb. Pail75

GLASS WARE

Lantern Chimneys .12
(Tall or Short)
Lamp Chimneys .13
2 FOR 25 CENTS.
(Large)
Lamp Chimneys .12
(Medium)

TEA

Try a Pound of our

Bulk Tea55 lb.
5 lbs. \$2.65.

Canned Goods

Corn15
Peas17
3 CANS FOR 50 CENTS
Tomatoes17
3 CANS FOR 50 CENTS

FISH

Fresh Herring07
Fresh Cod08
Fillets17
Best Boneless Cod .15

Dried Fruits

Dates, .13c lb, 2 lbs 25c.
Figs27c lb.
Prunes3 lbs 25c.
New Raisins .2 lbs. 25c.

FLOUR

98 lb. JUTE BAGS

5 Crown Flour \$4.90
Snow White Flour .4.90
Purity and 5 Roses 5.00

Patent Medicine

Don't forget our low prices.

We Quote a Few.

\$.50 PINK PILLS \$.40
.35 MINARDS LINIMENT25
1.30 SCOTTS EMULSION large 1.00
.65 SCOTTS EMULSION small .50
.50 ZAM BUK43
.50 DODDS PILLS40
.50 GIN PILLS40
.65 CHASE NERVE FOOD50
.35 CHASE PILLS25
1.50 FELLOWS COMPOUND .1.30

A Few Good Quarter Trades

lbs. POT BARLEY25
5 lbs. BAKING SODA25
2 qts. YELLOW EYE BEANS25
1 lb. GRATED COCOANUT25
3 lbs. RICE25
3 lbs. FARINA25
5 lbs. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR25
2 lbs. BULK MACARONI23

2 STORES

York St. Queen St.