BANK OF MONTREAL STATEMENT

expansion of business throughout where than in Canada are reported Canada is one of the outstanding feat at \$35,496,446, down from \$45,628.393. which the Bank of Montreal is now of the Canadian people, deposits con reporting to its shareholders. With its tinue to find new high levels. Total been able to meet the increased re- at \$721,465,012, compared with \$700, quirements of various industries, with 227,281, a gain of over \$20,000,000. the result that the gain in current excess of \$50,000,000. At the same cates that with the larger volume of time the customary strong position of the Bank has been maintained.

cal year to October 31st., shows that charges of management and making the total assets of the Bank have increased to \$873,782,523, compared with \$831,548,967 at the end of the previous fiscal year. Of this total liquid tal, reserve and undivided profits; assets amount to \$473,898,282 equal this compared with \$5,299,887 at the to 59.55 per cent. of liabilities to the end of the previous year. The profits, public. Included in liquid assets are total eash holdings of \$118,987,065 or 14.95 per cent. of all liabilities to the public. These cash holdings comprise gold and subsidiary coin \$33,595,262, as compared with \$38,400,252; Dominion Notes \$60,391,802, up from \$50,-552.958, and deposit in Central Gold Reserves of \$25,000,000, compared with \$19,000,000.

Large Increase in Loans.

As a result of the important developments that are occurring in many sections of the country, the to be held on Monday next, Decem tendency has been to report substan- ber 3rd. tial increases in call, as well as current loans. Call and short loans in Canada now stand at \$39,147,086, up from \$29,719,404, while call loans in Great Britain and the United States are down to \$138,965,168 from \$151,-381,604.

Indicative of the much larger gen eral business being handled, current loans in Canada have risen to \$308,-752,388, from \$255,155,693, making an increase of \$53,596,695 over the previous year. At the same time, loans to cities, towns and municipalities and school districts have gained to \$22,416,665, from \$16,651,162, while

Striking evidence of the marked arrant loans and discounts else

large resources, the Bank has readily deposits at the end of the year stand

The profit and loss statement indibusiness offering profits have also shown a tendency to increase. Pro-The statement, which is for the fisadded to the amount carried forward, brought the total available for distribution up to \$6,002,126. This was distributed as follows: Dividends and bonus, \$4,188,338; provision for taxes Dominion Government, \$400,000; reservation for bank premises, \$700,000; a total of \$5,288,338, and leaving a bal-

The report will be submitted to shareholders at the annual meeting

of L. S. James, of New Yor the New York Central Railwa ence of Mr. James in the Met. na district. lying between Sud y and Chapleau in Northern On canoe along the shore of the Span ish River and came upon a bull moose unawares. The animal at once gave chase and only by dint hard paddling by Pete Commanda, the Indian guide, were they able to escape. Another cance in rear was similarly pursued.

HOLDERS OF C. P. R. STOCK ARE SUBSTANTIAL RETURNS

ures of a strong annual statement Reflecting the growth in the wealth Current Loans in Canada at \$308,752,388 Have Made Notable Gain of \$53,000,000 During the Year—Total Assets Stand at \$873,782,523— Liquid Assets at \$473,898,282 are Equal to 59.55 Per Cent of Liabilities to the Public.

(Financial Post.)

fic Railway, put the final quietus on ten share purchase takes \$2,500 at the rumors of segregation of the com- present time. pany's mining and other assets, in his Toronto speech this week, and thus confirmed the statement made by him he accorded in The Financial Post, present moment in the way of a stock he did not commit himself on the split. The directors are very conserquestion of a possible split-up of C. P. vative, take a very long term view R. shares. Mr. Beatty said: "You are and as a unit, probably would be opaware of the rather speculative ten- posed to a split. Yet as individuals dency that has crept into our financial they represent many of the largest operations in the last few years and corporations in Canada that "have of \$713,788, as compared with \$154,- servative and stable of our institu- McMaster's company, Steel of Cantions have bowed to this popular de- ada, has split its stock. Sir Herbert mand in order to make their securi- Holt's Montreal Power has split its

What is His View.

dering as to his own attitude on a one. stock split for C. P. R. for he said: "With any movement or policy designed to broaden the investment of Cana- C. P. R. now arises in view of the fact dians in Canada I am in entire action that the stock has reached a basis of cord."

share is in the high priced class, be yond the reach of many thousands of likely to be based upon future reinvestors who divide their funds turns. Con C. P. R. offer its share among several different companies holders anything more than an as

vestments in any one company to \$500 Montreal, Dec. 1-While E. W. Beat- or \$1,000. A board lot of 25 shares of ty, president of the Canadian Paci- C. P. R. costs over \$6,000 and even a

No Split Is Seen.

Nevertheless, it is not anticipated and reported in the recent interview that C. P. R. will do anything at the ance to the credit of profit and loss you know that many of our most con- bowed to the popular demand." Ross ties attractive in the public market." | stock on several occasions. Brig. Gen Frank S. Meighen's Lake of the Woods Milling Company has recently If that remark refers to anything indulged in a break-up of its hares it is more likely that it refers to stock James A. Richardson is a powerful splits than to anything else. But Mr. director, in International Nickel. Beatty's remark left his listeners won- which has just split its stock six to

Stock at 4 Per Cent

An interesting question regarding

only four per cent. yield in the mar There is a feeling in the financial ket. If present yield only were con community that C. P. R. at \$250 a sidered the stock has about reached its limit. Any further advances are and therefore have to restrict their in- surance of ten per cent on the par value of its shares, which would amount to four per cent. on the present price of the stock? The point has been suggested that an increase in C. P. R. dividend is well nigh impossible; that such an increase would make it difficult for C. P. R. to maintain a basis of freight rates that already gives it only a little over four per cent. on its investment in transportation; that an increased dividend would lead to a popular demand for rate reductions. But it may be questioned if this is not too pessimistic a view. The public of Canada may have definite ideas as to the limiting of the C. P. R. dividends earned from railway operations but that portion of the dividend so earned is only seven out of the total of ten per cent. that is being paid. Even were the C. P. R. to continue its "operating" dividend at seven per cent, the public of Canada could hardly object to its increasing, if it saw fit, the three per cent. dividend paid from special investments that have been made. C. P. R. should earn a substantial margin over the special income dividend this year and when it begins to reap the full benefit of its enormous holdings of Consolidated Smelters stock and in new hotels and steamships its earnings from special income should mount rapidly. It would be absurd to claim that any portion of this increase should be set off against operating income in order to reduce freight rates below the present level. This being the case the logical ultimate outlet for it is in the form of increased dividends to shareholders.

> In any event whether increased dividends are in sight or not, C. P. R. shareholders are likely to get from time to time rights to subscribe to new shares at reduced prices, which rights whether sold in the open market or exercised would add to the shareholders' income and increase their income to a satisfactory level.

Considering these points, C. P. R. still looks an attractive long term in vestment for Canadians, regardless of segregation or stock splits.

The ABC of Modern Stock Market Trading

BRYANT, LEHAN & CLIMITED Oldest and Largest Established Option
Dealers in Canada.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Annual Statement

Statement of the result of the business of the Bank for the year ended 31st October, 1928.

Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 31st October, 1927

Profits for the year ended 31st October, 1928, after deducting charges of management, and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts

5,847,327,34 \$6,002,126.67 \$4,188,338.00 400,000.00 700,000.00 Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward..... \$ 713,788.6

FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR, General Manager CHARLES B. GORDON.
President. GENERAL STATEMENT 31st October, 1928 LIABILITIES \$30,916,709.00 713,788.67 Balance of Profits carried forward . \$31,630,488.67 12,831.07 097,501.00 598,334.00 Unclaimed Dividends Quarterly Dividend, payable 1st Dec. 1928. Bonus of 2% payable 1st Dec., 1928..... 154.74 Notes of the Bank in circulation \$46,967,574.00
Deposits not bearing interest 149,779,436.83
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date of statement 571,685,581.53
Advances under the Finance Act 571,685,581.53
Deposits made by and Balances due to other Banks in Canada Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents clsewhere than in Canada Bills Payable 9,394,770.39
Bills Payable 9,394,770.39 Letters of Credit outstanding. Liabilities not included in the foregoing Gold and Subsidiary coin current..... Gold and Subsidiary coin current.

Dominion notes

Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves.

Deposits made with and Balances due from other Banks in Canada.

Salances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada.

Call and Short not exceeding thirty days) Loans in Canada, on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks and other securities of a sufficient marketable value to cover.

Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days)

Loans in Great Britain and United States, on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, and other securities of a sufficient marketable value to cover. 14,120,539.85 39,147,086.08 narket value and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks not exceed-

Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate of Interest) after making full provision for all bed and doubtful debts

Loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Discricts, Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada less rebate of interest) after making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts on-current Loans, estimated loss provided for

3,787,523.62

er the hame to been the convergence of the hame to been the condition of the hame to be secured of the Merchants Realty Corporation to the extent of \$2,10,000.00 secured nises leased to the Bank, are in the hands of the public. These bonds do not appear above Statement as the Bank is not directly liable therefor.

PEDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLO

MONTREAL 23rd Nov., 1928

JAMES HUTCHISON, C.A.
of the firm of Riddell, Stead, Granam & Hutenison
CHARLES A. HODGSON, C.A.
of the firm of Creak Cushing & Hodgson

Auditor

DOMINION GHAMPIONS GALF CLUBS



A team from Nova Scotia, Raymond Longley, of Paradise, and Gerald Johnston, of Burtt's Corner, are winners of the Dominion Championship Boys' and Girls' Cattle Clubs Competition held at the Toronto Royal Fair. They become possessors of the new trophy presented by Dr. W. J. Black, Director of Colonization and Agriculture of the Canadian National Railways, They were coached by Messrs. Eaton and Steele, Left to right in the picture. Raymond Lognley, Dr. W. J. Black, and Gerald Johnston.

"I hear Flint recently joined the "Well, how did you enjoy your visit ranks of the benedicts."

looking for sympathy."

fo the dentist?"

"Zat so?" Just like him-always f er was bored to tears."-Boston Arangeript.

