

# PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK

## Balance Sheet, October 31st, 1927

CAPITAL ASSETS		CAPITAL LIABILITIES	
<b>Dominion of Canada:</b> Balance at credit of Province ..... \$ 529,299.39 <b>Railway Investments:</b> Saint John and Quebec Railway .... \$ 7,026,588.71 New Brunswick Coal & Railways taken over and leased by the Province 1,246,431.77 <b>New Brunswick Electric Power Commission:</b> Capital Expenditure to 31st October 1926 ..... 3,955,820.25 Less Grand Falls Development transferred to St. John River Power Co. 377,753.43 3,578,066.83 Expenditure for year ending 31st October, 1927 ..... 142,840.07 <b>Permanent Bridges:</b> Expenditure to 31st October, 1926 ..... 8,739,723.74 Expenditure for year ending 31st October, 1927 ..... 265,896.86 <b>Permanent Roads:</b> Expenditure to 31st October, 1926 ..... 8,767,303.20 Expenditure for year ending 31st October, 1927 ..... 1,541,813.59 10,299,121.86 Less: Bonds redeemed through Sinking Fund per Contra ..... 21,000.00 10,278,121.86 Expenditures, Campbellton, St. Leonard Highway, as from 21st April, 1927 (17 Geo. V., Cap. 41.) ..... 125,362.72 Expenditures for Road Machinery ..... 34,277.76 <b>Farm Settlement Board:</b> Representing Par Value of Bonds issued, the proceeds of which were invested in Farm Lands ..... 160,000.00 <b>Other Capital Expenditures:</b> Balance of Expenditure from Bonds issued consisting of Revenue Deficits, Subsidies to Railways, Buildings, Wharves, etc. as at 31 Oct. 1926 ..... 6,321,041.18 Expenditure on Vocational Education Buildings, 13 Geo. V., Cap. 27 and 16 Geo. V., Cap. 3 ..... 41,824.04 Expenditure on Provincial Bldg. Saint John ..... 124,744.74 Expenditure on Provincial Hospital, New wing ..... 52,439.00 6,540,058.96 Less: Bonds redeemed through Sinking Fund, per contra ..... 58,500.00 <b>Amounts Available for Future Capital Expenditures:</b> Saint John and Quebec Railway, held by the Trustees for the Bondholders of the Saint John & Quebec Ry.: Province of New Brunswick Bonds ..... \$226,000.00 City of Moncton Bond ..... 500.00 Cash in Bank ..... 1,524.95 228,024.95 Cash in Bank ..... 66,363.74 New Brunswick Electric Power Commission, amount charged to Saint John River Power Company re sale of Grand Falls ..... 346,555.59 <b>Housing Act, 1919 (as per Contra):</b> Advances to Municipalities ..... 1,149,566.61 Invested in Bonds ..... 106,372.30 Cash in Bank ..... 7,061.09 <b>Government House Trust Fund Investments, (as per Contra):</b> Province of New Brunswick Bonds at par ..... 50,000.00 <b>Sinking Fund Investments:</b> Bonds issued by and bonds guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada, par value, \$63,500.00 at cost \$ 60,920.84 New Brunswick and other Provincial Bonds, par value \$2,581,449.42, at cost ..... 2,573,196.22 Other Bonds, par value \$124,000.00 at cost ..... 122,117.36 5,767,233.47 Cash in Bank ..... 181,075.31 Due from Current Funds New Brunswick Electric Power Commission ..... 66,628.03 6,114,936.80 <b>Total</b> ..... \$43,564,048.75		<b>Funded Debt:</b> <b>Provincial Bonds and Debentures:</b> Bearing interest at 6 p.c. \$5,212,500.00 Bearing interest at 5½ p.c. 4,672,000.00 Bearing interest at 5 p.c. 4,197,242.76 Bearing interest at 4½ p.c. 5,122,000.00 Bearing interest at 4 p.c. 1,140,000.00 Bearing interest at 3½ p.c. 1,424,500.00 Bearing interest at 3 p.c. 740,500.00 Bearing interest at 3 p.c. 1,191,846.65 <b>New Brunswick Government Stock</b> sold in London £356,269 bearing interest at 4 p.c. ..... 1,733,842.60 <b>Provincial Bonds issued for New Brunswick Electric Power Development:</b> Bearing interest at 6 p.c. 1,000,000.00 Bearing interest at 5½ p.c. 1,000,000.00 Bearing interest at 5 p.c. 1,300,000.00 Bearing interest at 4½ p.c. 250,000.00 Bearing interest at 4 p.c. 250,000.00 <b>Provincial Bonds issued in aid of Saint John &amp; Quebec Railway:</b> Bearing int. at 6 p.c. \$1,416,000.00 Bearing int. at 5½ p.c. 1,258,000.00 Bearing int. at 4½ p.c. 1,508,000.00 <b>Saint John &amp; Quebec Ry. 4 p.c. Debenture Stock, £560,543</b> ..... 2,727,977.40 <b>Liabilities for Capital Expenditure:</b> N. B. Electric Power Commission: Bank Overdraft ..... \$202,142.15 Right of Way, etc. .... 95,086.47 <b>Permanent Bridges</b> ..... 295,228.63 <b>Permanent Roads</b> ..... 58,712.81 <b>Public Buildings</b> ..... 281,320.87 <b>Advances from Revenue used to liquidate Capital Expenditure in excess of Bonds issued for the purpose:</b> Permanent Roads ..... \$1,673,991.47 Permanent Bridges ..... 180,955.73 Public Building ..... 198,097.23 N. B. Elec. Power Com. 3,421.70 2,056,466.13 Less: Due from Revenue account of sale of Grand Falls Development ..... 32,197.83 <b>Housing Act, 1919 (as per contra)</b> ..... 2,024,281.30 <b>Government House Trust Fund:</b> Proceeds from sale thereof invested as per contra ..... 50,000.00 Sinking Funds (Invested as per Contra): Balance 31st October 1926 ..... 2,553,452.46 Income from Sinking Fund Investments ..... 98,830.65 Income from Land Sales ..... 5,516.44 Charges against Current Revenue during year ended 31st Oct. 1927 ..... 208,703.00 Charges against Motor Vehicle Fund, during year ended 31st Oct. 1927 ..... 159,920.00 Charges against N. B. Electric Power Commission Operations ..... 65,628.02 Charges against Vocational Education ..... 2,733.00 3,094,783.57 Deduct: Expense of Classification of Crown Lands ..... \$ 1,346.77 Par value of Bonds Redeemed during the year: Permanent Roads ..... 21,000.00 Other Capital Expenditures, per contra ..... 58,500.00 <b>Total</b> ..... 3,013,936.80 <b>Total</b> ..... \$43,564,048.75	

## SAYS PERILS LURK IN THE BATH TUB

(By John Ressich.)

When you emerge from your morning's bath with the usual feeling of exhilaration and well-being, you may already be sickening for some dire disease.

A scientist has just told us that every time we have a bath we may be running a horrible risk of infection.

Doctors will often tell you they have been puzzled to find out where prosperous, well-cared-for patients. Hitherto they have shrunk from blaming the real cause—the common bath.

Yet if we do not take our bath we are breaking the basic law of hygiene apart altogether from our natural revulsion against a dirty body.

As a nation we consider ourselves, with some reason, to be in the very front rank as regards hygiene.

### Appalling Pictures.

But in spite of all this, all of us at one time or another are compelled to immerse ourselves in the common bath provided by the hotel keeper, heedless of the fact that by doing so we are setting aside every law of ordinary hygiene.

True, in the better-class hotel the bath has been perfunctorily wiped over with a well-used towel, which doubtless has been employed for the same office upon the bath next door. Encouraged by that, we are quite willing to enjoy the ease and luxury of a bath regardless of who may have been the last occupant.

But were we to stop and seriously reflect, what appalling pictures our imagination could conjure up.

That beautiful white bath, with its polished taps, may quite easily be one of the handiest breeding grounds of the foulest germs.

The percentage of people suffering from one malady or another in civilized countries is appalling. How do you know that the last person to use that bath you have just enjoyed was not an infected person?

What is to be done?

### Simple Precautions.

There is one obvious and simple remedy. Every building, house or institution where the common bath is necessary should be by law compelled to stall the shower bath instead of the fixed bath at present almost universal.

There is really no need to abolish the fixed-in bath. Where individuals desire the luxury of a bath in which they can lie down and wallow by all means let them have it, but at least let them observe simple, sanitary precautions.

We are all prone to be vastly indifferent and horrified if asked to drink out of an unwashed glass that has already been used by some stranger but in point of actual truth, if one were offered a choice of risk, it is far to be preferred to the plunging of our whole body in a bath vacated only a few minutes previously by Heaven knows whom.

## HEALTH SERVICE OF THE CANADIAN MEDICAL ASSOC.

It is often difficult to give a meaning to words which we use every day. One of these words is "Health". We say that we are healthy and yet, when asked to explain what we mean, we likely find it almost impossible to put our meaning into words.

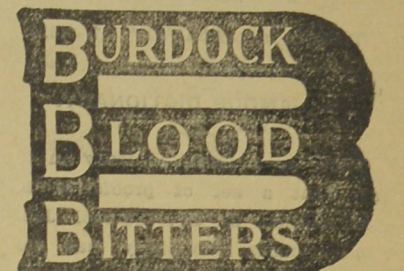
In the first place, when we are healthy we are free from any obvious disease. That perhaps is the commonest idea of health. As long as an individual goes about his work and does not complain, he is thought of as healthy.

As a matter of fact, such people are not necessarily healthy in anything like the full meaning of the word. Freedom from actual disease is desirable, but health is far more than that. Health is something positive, something that brings happiness to us. The person with health faces the day's work with confidence, finds pleasure in his occupation, is able to do better work, and can fully enjoy the hours of relaxation.

It is surprising the number of people who spend a more or less miserable life, unable to accomplish the things of which they are capable because they have not health. These same people

## ELEVEN BOILS ON HER ARM AT ONE TIME

Mrs. S. Petuh, Fisher Home, Alta., writes:—"I was troubled with boils and had eleven of them on my arm at one time."  
 "I tried all kinds of medicine, but got no relief."  
 "I took two bottles of



and have never been troubled since."  
 B.B.B. banishes boils and all other blood disorders; manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

ple are surprised when, on a medical examination, they learn that there is something wrong with their bodies, something not perhaps serious enough to cause death, but sufficient to handicap them in their daily life and, perhaps, to make them grow prematurely old.

Again, there are those who miss the happiness that comes with health and yet are free from any physical blemish. These are the people who are not following the simple rules of hygienic living. We cannot rob our bodies of rest, fresh air or proper food and continue to have health.

Health is a condition of physical well-being that comes to those who are free from physical defects and who follow the simple rules of hygienic living.

Rome, Jan. 30—American motion pictures call more urgently to some American tourists in Rome than do the Coliseum, Forum, St. Peter's or a hundred other motemets of an ancient culture.

Scores of folk from the west coast including California spend hours in Rome cinemas thrilling to the screen adventures of well known stars while all about the beauty and grandeur of ancient Rome calls for exploration and appreciation.

Westerners are not the only "movie" fans in Rome but the fact that they come 7,000 miles from Pacific shores to see something different than at home and then go to see American motion pictures makes their case more noticeable.

Still, if the girl will marry a Hindu, What in the world can her kin do?

# ANNOUNCEMENT!

The Ford Motor Company of Canada Limited  
 Announces The Appointment of The  
*Fredericton Motor Sales, Ltd.*

Opposite County Court House  
 As Its Representatives In This Territory  
 A Carload of New FORD CARS Has Arrived  
 And Models Are Now On Display In The Show-room Opposite The Court House.

Ask For A Ride In The New Ford Car.  
 Demonstrations Will Be Given  
 On Request.

## Fresh Eggs

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**FERGUSON'S**  
 Laid Tomorrow  
 "Nuff Sed"

Try our  
**SOFT DRINKS**

**F. H. FERGUSON**  
 COR. NORTHUMBERLAND and  
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If your wardrobe does not contain the correct clothes for evening wear you will have to remain a way from functions where evening dress is being worn. Let us tailor your formal clothes at once.

"Tailors Of Quality"

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 TAILORS  
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