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# The Daily Mail

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THE WEATHER  
Moderate winds fair and cold.  
Thursday southerly winds be-  
coming milder with snow or  
rain.  
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VOL. XXXIV., NO. 42

FREDERICTON, N. B. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1928.

TWO CENTS PER COPY

## Canada-U. S. Relations Were A Topic for Discussion

**Canadian Member of League of Nations Security Commission Suggests Adoption of the System by Nations With Similar Geographical Problems—Good Work Accomplished by the Joint Commissions.**

(Special to the Daily Mail by the British United Press)

Geneva, Feb. 22—United States-Canadian relations cited as a model for those of European nations, at a meeting of the League of Nations Security Commission today.

W. A. Riddell, Canadian member, suggested the adoption of the Canadian-United States system by nations that had similar geographical problems.

Mr. Riddell was discussing the possibility of a series of direct treaties among neighboring nations as one means of insuring against attack by war-like countries. He suggested the adoption of the Canadian-United States system of forming joint commissions of eminent citizens of both countries to investigate and report on, or to make a decision regarding each case.

Riddell said Canada was convinced security best could be advanced by disarmament rather than by mutual pledges of armed assistance among nations.

## ACCUSED OF PARTIZANSHIP IN D.S.C.R. REPORT

**Commissioner Hunter Strongly Condemns Officials Employed in Toronto.**

Ottawa, Feb. 21—Lieut.-Col. G. F. Morrison, unit director of administration for the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment at Toronto, is strongly criticized in the report of A. T. Hunter, commissioner appointed last June to inquire into charges of political partizanship in the department, which was tabled in the House of Commons yesterday.

Mr. Hunter finds that "a considerable part of the disaffection toward the Colonel has been due to his rather indirect methods."

The commissioner declares that Col. Morrison, in his evidence, demonstrated that the "greater number of acts complained of as caused by partizanship, are capable of such other explanation that the suspicion falls short of certainty. On the other hand, I cannot quite accept the Colonel's exaggerated representation of an almost virginal ignorance or innocence of politics. He admits so many exceptions that the exceptions seem to eat up the rule."

Several cases are cited, in one of which two men, Liberals, Jones and Dupuis, were instructed to apply to the Liquor Commission for jobs, but were informed there that they would have to join the Conservative Ward Association. They refused, and so reported to Col. Morrison. The Colonel replied to this: "I wish you boys would keep out from politics; go ahead and take a card and get a job through it. You don't have to vote that way."

Mr. Hunter comments that "When Morrison told two declared Liberals to go ahead and take a card in a Conservative Ward Association he was acting as a recruiting sergeant for the Conservative Ward Association and it yielded, and get a job through, he uttered a vote that way, a vicious pole most cynically atrocious by a principle ever enunciated by Harry in public official."

Harry in public official."

rector, commissant deputy definition of "Mr. Hunter's de- Liberal," but the

## TODAY MAY BE THE LAST OF THE KU KLUX KLAN

Special cable to the Daily Mail by the British United Press

Birmingham, Alabama, Feb. 22—Today was planned as the last day of life for the Ku Klux Klan, the secret order which has been closely allied to the politics of many states in the past few years. Tonight in Klaverns over the entire country the members of the order will be asked to unmask for ever and a new organization "The Knights of the Great Forest" will be organized in its place.

commissioner declares that he cannot find any political motive actuating Mr. Young.

"Crime-Maker."

J. D. Anderson is characterized in the report as a "crime-maker" in the army sense of the term—that is, one who hurts discipline by being over-fussy about minute things and irritating the men under him, until they, as the saying is, "fly off the handle." The commissioner finds Mr. Anderson guilty of one partisan act.

Dr. Hewitt, unit medical director, is found to have been "a political instrument in the hand of Dr. Arnold, the director of medical services."

McMane Exonerated.

Dr. McMane is privately a Conservative, says Mr. Hunter, but the commissioner "cannot, in all fairness, see that he has carried his politics into his office of superintendent of Christie Street Hospital."

Dr. Ballantyne is freed from any suggestion of political partizanship.

Suspicion Ill-Founded.

The suspicion against Mr. Parkinson, with regard to partizanship was not well founded, the commissioner finds. He says: "I feel that in a measure Mr. Parkinson is the victim of the fog of administration for which more than anybody else he has been responsible."

Major E. Flexman is exonerated. Dr. W. C. Arnold is found to have been "correctly presented" in an episode quoted between him and Dr. Hewitt, and the commissioner adds: "Sitting pretty as a partisan cuckoo in the department nest and to h— with the veterans."

## YOUTH MET A TRAGIC DEATH AT BLAGDON

Welsford, N. B., Feb. 21—The dead body of his 20-year-old son Gordon, still warm, pinned by a heavy log to the ground near the C. P. R. tracks at Blagdon, near this place, was the shocking discovery this morning of A. Z. McKenzie, of Welsford.

Father and son had been working in the woods getting the logs down to the tracks. While the father remained in the woods, the youth drove a heavily laden sled to the spot of unloading. It is thought that while poling the logs off the sled, he was struck by one of the unwieldy timbers, knocked down and crushed. Whether death was instantaneous was not determined. There were no eye witnesses to the fatality. The father thinking this his son might have met with an accident when he failed to return after a half-hour, hastened to the place of unloading to find himself confronted suddenly with the dead body of his boy.

Condition Critical.

Mr. Frank C. Murchie who has been ill at his home here for several days from septic pneumonia suffered a turn for the worse yesterday. This afternoon his condition was reported as being very critical.

## A FATHER AND FOUR CHILDREN WERE CREMATED

**Fire Destroyed Pittsburgh Home While Family Slept.**

**OCCUPIED  
THE TOP FLOOR**

**One Son and Ten Other  
Occupants of the  
House Escaped.**

(Special to the Daily Mail by the British United Press)

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 22—Five persons, a father and four of his children, were burned to death early today when fire destroyed the large residence in which they were asleep. The dead are Knochanz Koracwiesk aged 45 and his four children, Stephen, 19, Josef, 15, Stanley, 7, and Mildred 11. One son Louis, escaped as did ten other persons living in the house.

The five burned to death were asleep on the top floor and their bodies were burned almost beyond recognition.

Made Long Drive.

Messrs. Gordon A. Grant and Claude McDonald, pulpwood magnates of this city made a trip by auto to Gagetown and returned yesterday. They left the city at 3.30 o'clock and arrived home at 7.30 in the evening. Although the weather was bitterly cold they made the trip in comfort. At Gagetown and vicinity they found the roads bare of snow.

## CENTENNIAL OF THE FIRST ENCOENIA AT THE U. N. B. WAS FITTINGLY CELEBRATED

**The History of the College Covered in Excellent Addresses by Dr. C. C. Jones, P. J. Hughes, K. C., and Dr. H. V. B. Bridges.**

The centennial of the first encoenia of the University of New Brunswick was fittingly celebrated in the Arts building of the college yesterday afternoon. Notwithstanding the chilly weather the main hall of the building was well filled with members of the alumni, undergraduates and friends of higher education.

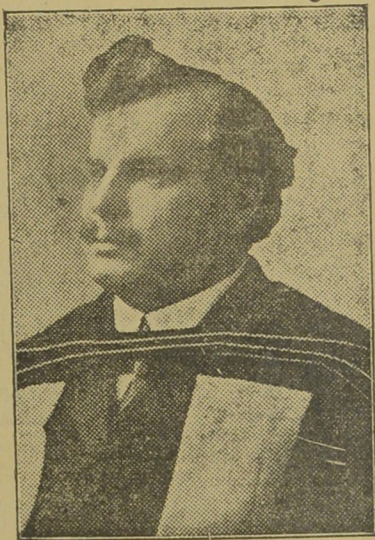
Dr. W. S. Carter, Chief Superintendent of Education, presided, and others

of the College of New Brunswick from 1800 to 1828; Dr. H. V. B. Bridges, principal of the Provincial Normal School, who covered the history of King's College, Fredericton, from 1828 to 1860, and P. J. Hughes, K. C., who covered the history of the University of New Brunswick from 1860 to the present.

An interesting feature of the exercises was the display of a portrait of Rev. Dr. Somerville, the first president, by whom the first degrees were conferred; the architect's drawing of the front elevation of the first college building erected 1824-28; the provincial charter of the College of N. B., granted in 1800, and other documents pertaining to the history of the institution. One of the first degree parchments, which had been presented to Samuel Denny Lee Street, in 1828, was also shown. The parchment is now the property of the university, the gift of the late Dean Street.

Dr. Carter, as chairman, referred to the fact that during the coming encoenia a tablet, as a permanent marking of the conferring of the first degrees in 1828, would be erected. Looking back over the century which had elapsed since these degrees were conferred, he said, it could be seen that any debt owing to the province by the university had been amply repaid by the men who had gone out from her walls. He considered it a matter of regret that the undergraduates did not have more frequent opportunities of hearing the history of their college discussed.

The historical addresses then were delivered by Dr. Jones, Dr. H. V. B. Bridges and Mr. P. J. Hughes, K. C. (Continued on Page Five.)



DR. C. C. JONES.

on the platform were His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, Hon. C. D. Richards, His Worship Mayor Clark and Dr. A. F. VanWart president of the U. N. B. Club, all of whom delivered brief addresses.

Historical Sketches.

The chief addresses were delivered by Dr. C. C. Jones, chancellor of the university, who covered the history

## Made a Flight From London to Australia In Fifteen Days

**Capt. Bert Hinkler, Australian Flyer, Broke Two Air Records—Best Previous Time For the Trip Was Fifteen Days—The Longest Single Flight Ever Made by One Pilot.**

(Special to the Daily Mail by the British United Press)

Port Darwin, Australia, Feb. 22—Another air record fell today when Capt. Bert Hinkler, Australian flyer set his small airplane down here, thus completing a flight from London to Australia in fifteen days. The tiny machine and its single occupant had broken the record made by Sir Keith and Sir Ross Smith in 1919, when they flew to Australia from London in twenty-eight days.

The flight also established another record. It was the longest single flight ever made by one pilot. Hinkler already held the record as when he landed at Singapore Monday he had completed about a seven thousand mile flight.

Won on Insurance Policy

London, Feb. 22—Newspapers reported today that by reaching Australia in fifteen days from England, Bert Hinkler had won more than \$5,000 on a Lloyd insurance policy. The policy called for an arithmetically increasing premium for each day by which he beat the old record of twenty-eight days.

Hinkler paid a premium of \$750 for the policy and in return he was to be paid \$5 if he made the flight in 27 days—one day under the record—\$10 if he made it in 26 days, \$20 if he arrived in 25 days and so forth.

## SAYS CAHAN'S ATTACK WAS NOT JUSTIFIED

**Ottawa Journal Comments on Statement Made by Montreal Member During the Budget Debate.**

(Special to the Daily Mail)

Ottawa, Feb. 22—The Journal newspaper referring editorially to Mr. Cahan's attack on Sir Henry Thornton in the course of his criticism of the budget, says:

"It is a great pity that Mr. Cahan should have marred an otherwise fine speech by going out of his way to make a quite gratuitous attack upon Sir Henry Thornton. What Sir Henry Thornton said at Montreal last week or what he is alleged to have said, so vociferously assailed by Mr. Cahan, was absolutely irrelevant in any specific or even general consideration of the proposals of the budget, and the only consequence that can come from Mr. Cahan's saacasm is a false public belief that the Conservative party is in some way hostile to Sir Henry Thornton and to his conduct of the National Railways. Such a belief prompted by certain other assaults upon the Canadian National Railway head some years ago, and unscrupulously used by Liberal partisans in the last election, did considerable harm to the Conservative cause in the constituencies; and Mr. Cahan, by his failure to profit from past mistakes, is merely once more putting a dangerous weapon into the hands of his opponents."

The Journal does not hold, and has never held, that Sir Henry Thornton's words and actions should be above criticism. What it has held, and now holds, however, is that the criticism should be worthwhile, responsible and specific grounds; and we don't think that can be said, for the statements made by Mr. Cahan in the House of Commons, yesterday. On the con-

## JUDGES WOULD LIKE INCREASE OF SALARIES

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 21—A special committee of the House to inquire into the question of the adequacy of remuneration to judges of the various courts in Canada is called for in notice of motion given by Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice. This committee of 15 members will be given the powers of all select committees.

It is known that a short time ago the Minister was waited upon in this regary by Hon. R. B. Bennett, leader of the Opposition, and Hon. Newton Rowell, of Toronto, and urged the need of higher pay for the judges. Last session in the House Mr. Bennett also made a strong plea for more adequate remuneration. At the present time the judicial system in Canada costs nearly \$1,000,000, exclusive of the county judges. The Supreme Court judicial salaries total \$87,000 and the Exchequer Court \$24,400. The total salaries of the judges in the various provinces are as follows: Ontario, \$174,000; Quebec, \$129,000; Nova Scotia, \$64,000; New Brunswick, \$65,000; Manitoba, \$101,000; British Columbia, \$101,000; Alberta, \$101,000; Saskatchewan, \$101,000; Prince Edward Island, \$28,000. Total \$984,400.

Markets Small Today.

Market prices today at the Phoenix Square were about the same as on Saturday of last week. Beef, pork and veal were the prevalent produce for sale and sold for prices similar to Saturday. Veal was from 9 to 15 cents a pound. Plenty of wood was in as usual and sold for \$8.50 to \$10.50. Other prices remained as usual.

trary, they were trivial, far-fetched, irrelevant to the subject of his address, and unworthy of the speech as a whole."