

My nerves were terrible!

"Couldn't do a tap of work... sick, nervous headaches, restless nights, made life miserable for me. After taking Milburn's Health and Nerve Pills I feel fine again." That's the daily experience of thousands of people— young and old—all over Canada. This old, reliable remedy tones up the nerves, enriches blood, rebuilds health and strength. Try it.

The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MILBURN'S HEALTH AND NERVE PILLS

for Weak and Nervous People

PATIENCE IS NECESSARY, ONE DAD DECIDES

NEW YORK—He was one of those fond fathers whose Sunday delight is in giving his year old son the air. He was on his way back from the newsstand where he had bought his Sunday newspapers, carefully tucking them away under the blankets at the front of the perambulator. To keep the sun out of baby's eyes he lifted the hood and became chatty with his neighbor who had likewise just acquired his supply of Sunday papers.

Yes, the boy was coming right ahead. He could walk a step or two and was trying to say a few words. Now there was brother's baby boy, two years old and so full of mischief that he couldn't be left alone for even a minute. Into everything. Babies certainly are funny things. This boy is just as good as gold. Of course, there would come a time soon when he'd want to explore everything, but you have to be patient with them if you're not going to spoil them.

A breeze came along and in its wake bits of paper from the front end of the perambulator. The baby had suddenly reached the explorative age. The father surveyed the wreckage and uttered words.

"Be patient!" counselled his neighbor as he wheeled around in the direction of his newsstand to restore the damage done by his son.

G. B. SHAW FEELS DISTINGUISHED BY NEW TITLE

LONDON, March 15—Elected England's "Public Bore No. 1" by an overwhelming majority in a competition conducted by a London newspaper, George Bernard Shaw feels he is approaching true fame.

"That's really wonderful," exclaimed the famous author, "I feel truly distinguished."

Shaw received 226 votes in the adverse popularity contest compared to 186 to his closest rival, Amy Morrison the aviatrix. Third place was decided when 181 professed boredom at reading about Sir Oswald Mosely, leader of England's fascists.

Others in the list included Greta Garbo, with 166 votes; Hitler, 164; Lady Astor, 150; Doug. Fairbanks Sr. 136; Max Baer, 110; the Midvanis, 80; Mae West, 68; Mary Pickford, 64; and Aimee MacPherson, 61.

word to designate them, used the title "queen" for four or five of the highest rank. This was inaccurate, as they did not share the throne or even appear in public with the King.

Neither of the first and second "queens"—full sisters and the respective mothers of Prince Mahidol, and King Prajadhipok—were "Chao Fah", celestial princesses, by birth. This title was bestowed on them by the King. But the mother of Prince Boribatra, mentioned before as the man who built up the navy, was born Chao Fah, and so, some argue, he was of the highest rank of the King's sons and should have succeeded his father.

Prince Boribatra, however, is now a mature man of some ability, so it is out of the question that the faction in power would call him to the throne. He would want to rule, but he has a faction of his own that would support him.

Great Britain and France threatened the independence of Siam for many years, but each kept the other off. They finally arrived at a satisfactory agreement for the conduct of their affairs which preserved Siam's independence. Japan, in her assumed hegemony of the Far East, has now disturbed this delicate balance of foreign interests.

The conflict between Prajadhipok and the new government was more time there were no queens in the than a domestic struggle. These powerful nations are in conflict behind the scenes. With Siam, history may repeat itself as in the case of Burma, her neighbor. Great Britain was forced to annex that country to prevent its seizure by a rival nation.

Of Interest to Women

ST. PATRICK'S DAY PARTIES

St. Patrick's Day Tea
Green-White Sandwich bars
Egg-Anchovy Sandwich Rolls
Shamrock Biscuit Sandwiches
St. Patrick's Salad
Iced Shamrock Cake
Green Tea with Lemon and Lime
Assorted Salted Nuts Mint Patties

Green-White Sandwich Bar's
2 small green peppers
11 medium sized dill pickle
Three-fourths cup butter, creamed
1 loaf fresh white bread
2-3 cup parsley, finely chopped.
Cut stem end from green peppers and remove seeds. Put peppers and pickle through food chopper using fine knife and drain. Thoroughly blend green pepper and half cup of the creamed butter. Remove crusts from loaf of bread and cut into quarter inch slices. Arrange slices in groups of three, spreading pepper-butter between slices. Cut into bars 3x1 and spread entire surface with remaining creamed butter. Roll in finely chopped parsley. This makes 12 sandwich bars.

Egg-Anchovy Sandwich Rolls
4 hard boiled egg yolks
1½ tablespoons anchovy paste
Juice of half a lemon
Few drops of Worcestershire sauce
Half cup butter, creamed
12 slices fresh white bread
Mash hard boiled egg yolks and blend with anchovy paste. Moisten with lemon juice and Worcestershire sauce, and add half of the creamed butter. Remove crusts from bread and cut into quarter inch slices then spread with the egg-anchovy butter. Roll each slice tightly into a cylinder and fasten with toothpicks. Spread surface with remaining creamed butter and toast the rolls until they are brown on all sides. Remove toothpicks before serving. This makes 12 sandwich rolls.

Shamrock Biscuit Sandwiches
Biscuit dough, standard 2-cup recipe
Half cup orange marmalade
Quarter cup butter, melted
1 tablespoon granulated sugar
Roll biscuit dough to quarter inch thickness. Cut with small shaped cutter. Spread half of the biscuits with a thin layer of orange marmalade, then cover with remaining biscuits. Bake in a very hot oven, 450 degrees F., for 15 minutes. Brush tops with melted butter and sprinkle with sugar just before taking from the oven. This recipe makes 18 small biscuits.

The Iced Shamrock Cake can be made from any plain, white cake recipe, flavored with lemon rind and almond flavoring. The grated lemon rind should be creamed with the butter, otherwise the cake is made as usual. Be sure to select a generous recipe, enough for three layers.

Lemon Filling
1 1-4 cups orange juice
Quarter cup lemon juice
Half teaspoon salt
Half cup sugar
3 tablespoons cornstarch
2 eggs
2 tablespoons butter

Grated rind of one lemon
Heat the fruit juices in double boiler. Mix thoroughly the salt, sugar, cornstarch and slightly beaten eggs. Pour a little of the hot fruit juice into the egg mixture. Beat well and add to remainder of the fruit juice. Cook in double boiler for 15 minutes stirring frequently. Remove from heat and add remaining ingredients. Cool and spread between layers of cake.

Green Frosting
2 cups sugar
Half cup milk
Half pound marshmallows
2 tablespoons hot water
Quarter teaspoon almond extract
Green vegetable coloring
Green preserved cherries
Heat sugar and milk slowly to boiling point stirring occasionally, then boil six minutes, or until it spins a thread. Cut marshmallows in pieces and melt in double boiler, add hot water and cook until the mixture is smooth, then add hot syrup gradually stirring constantly. Add almond extract and just enough green coloring to give a delicate tint. Beat until of consistency to spread. Cover top and sides of cake. Tint a small amount of the frosting slightly darker and pipe a large shamrock on top of the cake.

Larry Harding and Frank (The Shadow) Readick joined a friendly poker game after a recent "Shadow" broadcast. Came a point when Readick had a pair of aces showing and Harding displayed three queens on

NO SHORT-CUTS TO DEGREES AT M'GILL UNIV.

MONTREAL, P. Q., March 14—McGill University will not follow the example of the University of Chicago in permitting brilliant students to obtain degrees in less than the normal period. This was learned yesterday when the attention of the university authorities was called to the feat of Lewis Dexter, who obtained a degree from the University of Chicago after only 18 months at the University.

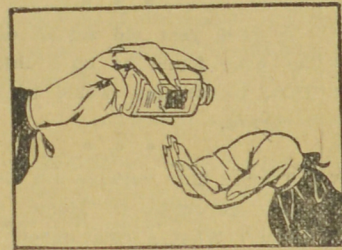
"It is not the aim of McGill University to see how fast a student can assimilate enough knowledge to obtain a degree", university authorities pointed out. "If a student shows capacity to do more work than is required by the curriculum, without impairment of his health, he is permitted and even encouraged by his professors to intensify or widen out his studies. Due allowance is made in the curriculum for individual differences. The brilliant student simply does more work."

"Again, students are encouraged to participate sanely in extra-curriculum activities for it is recognized by the leading educators today that the best university training involves a development of the personality and character of the student through carefully selected campus activities. Many of these such as public speaking, are of themselves an educational force."

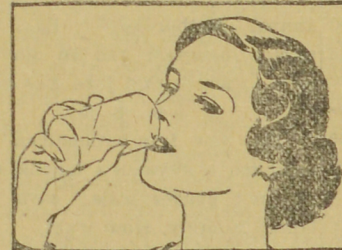
the table. After a ponderous few moments of tense silence, Larry suddenly began stroking imaginary mustaches, and growled.

"Heh, heh, heh, heh, heh! The Shadow knows But he doesn't know what card I've got in the hole. Raise!"

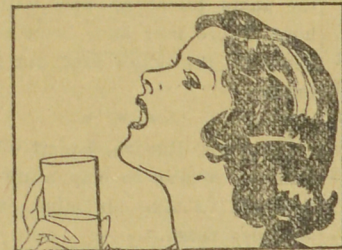
HOW TO RELIEVE YOUR COLD ALMOST AT ONCE



1. Take 2 Aspirin tablets.



2. Drink full glass of water. Repeat treatment in 2 hours.



3. If throat is sore, crush and stir Aspirin tablets in a third of a glass of water and gargle. This eases the soreness in your throat almost instantly.

Follow Simple Directions Here For Quick Relief

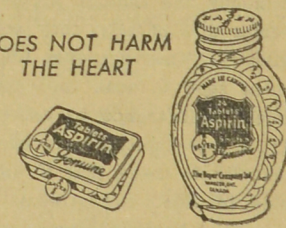
When you have a cold, remember the simple treatment pictured here... prescribed by doctors as the *quick, safe way*.

Results are amazing. Ache and distress go immediately. Because of Aspirin's quick-disintegrating property, Aspirin "takes hold"—almost instantly. Your cold is relieved "quick as you caught it!"

All you do is take Aspirin and drink plenty of water. Do this every 2 to 4 hours the first day—less often afterward... if throat is sore, the Aspirin gargle will ease it in as little as 2 minutes.

Ask your doctor about this. And be sure you get ASPIRIN when you buy. It is made in Canada and all druggists have it. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every Aspirin tablet. Aspirin is the trade mark of the Bayer Company, Limited.

DOES NOT HARM THE HEART



CITY OF FREDERICTON

Notice of Sale of Lands

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the provisions of the City of Fredericton Assessment Act, 1926, there will, for the purpose of satisfying taxes assessed and levied in the said City of Fredericton for the years mentioned hereunder, against the parties hereinafter named, unless the several sums due, together with the costs of this notice, are sooner paid, be sold at Public Auction in front of the City Hall, in the City of Fredericton, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon of the FOURTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1935, the lands and premises in the said City of Fredericton, hereunder mentioned and set opposite their respective names.

PROPERTY TO BE SOLD:	NAME OF PERSON ASSESSED	ARREARS FOR YEARS:	TOTAL DUE
All interest in Wharf property between eastern side of Regent Street and westerly side of market slip.	WILLIAM C. CURRÉY	1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934.	\$70.50 Interest \$11.25
All interest in Wharf property between eastern side of Regent Street and westerly side of market slip.	JULIA CURREY FARQUHARSON	1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934.	\$70.50 Interest \$11.25
All interest in Wharf property between eastern side of Regent Street and westerly side of market slip.	ALLAN R. CURREY	1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934.	\$70.50 Interest \$11.25
All interest in Wharf property between eastern side of Regent Street and westerly side of market slip.	MARION ELIZABETH BÉRG	1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934.	\$70.50 Interest \$11.25
All interest in Wharf property between eastern side of Regent Street and westerly side of market slip.	JUNE LOUISE CURREY	1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934.	\$70.50 Interest \$11.25

Dated the 12th day of March, A. D. 1935.

FRED I. HAVILAND,
City Treasurer of the City of Fredericton.

KING OF SIAM ABDICATES SIAMESE THRONE FOR IDEAL

Prajadhipok, Weary, Ailing and Never Aggressive, Surrenders Throne Under Pressure of Fascists—Bangkok, Ruled by a Dictator, Will Soon Bow To New Sovereign, 11-Year-Old Prince Ananda.

(By Philip Huffman, Founder and Former Editor of "The Bangkok Daily Mail")

BANGKOK, Siam, March 14—Democracy, championed by a king, goes down to defeat.

This, in a sentence, is what happened when King Prajadhipok of Siam abdicated his throne recently. The king has been struggling vainly against the fascist group trying to set up a dictatorship in Siam, and when he found he couldn't control it, he abdicated, giving up his palaces and his revenues of \$1,000,000 a year.

The frail Oriental Prince ascended the throne as an absolute monarch—the last in the world. He was titled "King of Siam, both Northern and Southern, and all its Dependencies, Laos Chiang, Laos Kao, Malays, Kareans, etc". In his struggles for democratic principles he has renounced all of these titles and the prerogatives of a sovereign of 12,000,000 persons.

For years the King has been anxious to relinquish his powers to further the introduction of democratic principles. To promote these principles, he would have remained King. He would have given the influence of the crown to assist in the peaceful transition of the country from a monarchy to a democracy. While willing to relinquish his powers to the people, he spurned giving a dictator the benefit of his prestige.

Abdication Foreseen

The eventual abdication of Prajadhipok was a foregone conclusion when he issued his first ultimatum from England that he would resign if his conditions were not met. A king cannot rule a turbulent state while residing 6,000 miles away.

He is weak and suffers from a serious eye malady. Mentally he is bright but not firm nor aggressive. He has a conscientious disposition and has strived to do the right thing for his country, yet he was never quite sure just what was right. Surrounded by poor advisers closely related to him, he was not strong enough to take the lead and command obedience. There is no doubt that he gives up the struggle with a sigh of real relief.

Army Backs Dictator

Phya Bahol now rules as dictator. Nominally sharing the power with a national assembly, he commands as the head of an army and navy faction and has the armed forces to support his government.

It is an irony of life that not only our sins but our virtues come back to plague us. The education of the people to share in the government of Siam was instituted by the kings. The revolutionists in power today use "popular government" as the pretext of clipping the power from the king.

The means by which the revolutionists succeeded were established by two or the royal family. Prince Chakrabongse and Prince Boribatra. The former was heir presumptive and expected to reign on the death of his brother, King Maha Vajiravudh, but he pre-deceased him. Prince Chakrabongse, an elder brother of King Prajadhipok controlled the army. He introduced national conscription, forcing every able-bodied male to serve two years and built up a military force of 40,000 active men.

Powers Turns On Creators

Prince Boribatra did the same on a smaller scale for the navy, which has 5,000 active men. Thus two members of the royal family brought into

being the military organization that is now used to wrest the power from the sovereign.

Bahol, formerly commander in chief of the army and now Premier, has this military force behind him. His rule is not an easy one, however. Others in his own clique would like control. Other factions are watching for an opportunity to oust the one in power. The royalists also will try a comeback with one of the many other princes who can aspire with some legitimate claims to ascend the throne as their standard bearer. And most potent of all is the threat of foreign powers.

Luang Pibul and Luang Sutha, junior army and navy officers active in the present movement, have taken the lead in excluding all the old regime, regarding of ability, from the government. Their autocratic administration of office will not be suffered tolerantly. The attempted assassination recently of Pibul, who is Minister of Defense, is sufficient indication of this.

When the question of taking away the King's "power of life and death" was discussed in the press, it called forth mild wonder that this anachronistic form of government existed. When King Prajadhipok abdicated rather than give up this prerogative, he accentuated the anomaly of one man possessing such autocratic power over 12,000,000 human beings.

King Like Modern Dictators

The truth is, however, that Prajadhipok's nominal authority was no greater than that possessed by Benito Mussolini, Adolf Hitler or Josef Stalin in their countries.

Ananda's accession will be ideal for the new regime. With an eleven-year-old child on the throne the faction in power can rule the country and retain the prestige of the crown.

Many Siamese consider that young Prince Ananda has a better claim to the throne than had Prajadhipok. Ananda's father, Prince Mahidol, was a full brother of the first Crown Prince proclaimed in Siam. This first Crown Prince died in 1895. Mahidol was then but three years old. His mother was the highest ranking consort of King Chulalongkorn, and it was thought that her surviving son, Mahidol, would succeed his brother as heir to the throne.

But the second ranking consort, who was full sister to the first prevailed on the King to proclaim her oldest son, a boy of fourteen, as heir apparent. Thus Maha Vajiravudh, instead of Mahidol, ascended the throne on Chulalongkorn's death. He established the line of succession through his full brothers, of whom Prajadhipok was the youngest.

Prince Mahidol is dead, but the honors which he so narrowly missed have devolved on his son, a bright intelligent youngster. He will have no power, but he will bring the prestige of the crown to support the new regime.

There are others who could act as symbols whose partisans can offer plausible arguments on their behalf. The Siamese royal family has a very complicated system of ranking its members. In King Chulalongkorn's time there were no queens in the European sense. The King had many wives, and these were styled royal consorts. A special system of ranking these members of the harem existed through the bestowal of titles by the King.

Europeans, lacking an accurate