

You Will Enjoy It "SALADA" TEA

SOME DETAILS IN WHICH BRITISH LIFE HAS CHANGED

LONDON.—If the reign of George III saw the loss of Britain's American colonies, the first twenty-five years of the reign of George V, whose silver jubilee day was May 6, has been marked by such a pronounced Americanization of some things British as to create incredulity and concern among certain conservative types of the present sovereign's subjects. Those who are inclined to be most pessimistic about the progress of the American conquest blame the talking pictures for intensifying speech corruption. Only a few days ago in the highest court of appeal of the British Empire—the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council—there was the necessity of defining the meaning of the expression "O. K.," with the result that it was ruled to mean, what it means in American usage, "Okay." If thousands of Britons of tender or mature years had been consulted by the law lords they would have said it meant "Oke," the corruption that is favored in families and offices up and down the land despite fevered protestations that it is an abominable Americanism.

A further cause of concern to the purists, or the self-appointed custodians of King's English, is the habit of so many public speakers nowadays of using American expressions without the prefatory remark, "As the Americans would say." For this is regarded

as a sign that the hitherto repellent importation is no longer considered to be a matter for apology; on the contrary, that it has been welcomed as a really splendid addition to the everyday vocabulary of these isles. Indeed, the Prince of Wales, for one, is never shy of borrowing from the transatlantic storehouse of colorful words and phrases to put over the main points of his post-prandial or other speeches. Nor does he take the trouble to acknowledge the source of his language borrowings, possibly because he thinks they have become world property and are employed by his auditors.

Although the American skyscraper has not yet made its appearance in Britain, the erection of apartment or flat-houses in the American manner has been one of the most notable developments in London in the great post-war building era. Little was heard of flats in the British capital until the '90s, and it was really not until after the war that a decided demand for them was shown here. By then thousands of Londoners had rebelled against four and five storey residences not suitable for central heating except at a prohibitive cost of reconstruction. The erection of the more costly types of flat-houses in Mayfair was hastened by the sale of much residential property in that neighborhood by heavily taxed owners, who

could be relied on in numerous instances to become tenants of the de luxe flats. In the last year or two, however, builders have had the salaried, rather than the opulent type in mind, with the result that flat-houses and maisonettes are sprinkled all over residential London, and as far out as twelve miles from the hub of the capital. Nearing completion at the present time is a block of flats and maisonettes in Hammersmith, which is said to be the largest in Europe, although it is said in some quarters that the saturation point will soon be reached. As it is, the "to let" signs are much in evidence in various sections of the newer flat-house zones. It is proposed by the housing authorities to build flat-houses for working class families in neighborhoods where slum dwellings are now being razed, although a house with a door leading directly onto a street appeals much more to many of these tenants.

The process of Americanization of things British during the first quarter of a century of King George's reign also presents some arresting developments in matters gastronomic. The quick lunch and the cafeteria are still waging a stubborn battle, although lunch counters are acquiring a decided popularity in the shopping districts. A really notable development has been the growing demand, for ice cream and soda water fountain concoctions. Before the war few tea shops served ice cream, and soda water fountains were to be found, if at all, only on the well-beaten tourist paths. Now soda water fountains are a feature of most of the popular priced restaurants and the largest of the tea shops, and the drinks have become so attractive that formidable combinations of ice cream and soda are often consumed as a beverage with a meat dish.

Of late, waffles have scored a triumph. They can be had with maple syrup, of course, but the waffle enthusiasts hereabout demand and obtain something different. The delicacies are served as savories, with a coating of melted cheese; they are obtainable with strawberry jam and

MINTO PUT ON GREAT JUBILEE PROGRAMME

(Special to The Daily Mail)

MINTO, May 6.—The King's Silver Jubilee was fittingly celebrated here on Monday. The weather which was very disagreeable in the early morning cleared up about noon.

The ceremonies commenced with presentation of Jubilee Commemorative medals and flags donated by Minto Branch, Canadian Legion, to all school children of the District at Minto-Newcastle Consolidated school.

A parade, under command of Dr. G. R. Lawson, consisting of a detachment of "B" Coy, The York Regiment under C.S.M. Upton, members of Minto Branch, Canadian Legion, Citizens, Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, Wolf Cubs and upwards of seven hundred school children under direction of their respective teachers from Minto-Newcastle Consolidated, North Minto, New England, New Lion, Newcastle Creek and Newcastle Centre schools, decorated floats and cars formed up in front of the Consolidated school, moved off at one p.m. to the Square at Minto, where the following program was carried out under the chairmanship of Major W. C. Lawson, M.C., V.D.:

Song, O Canada; invocation, Rev. Mr. Petchey, pastor of Minto United Baptist church; song, Land of Hope and Glory; addresses by Mr. W. B. Evans, M.L.A. for Queens Co. and Mr. A. D. Taylor, M.L.A. for Sunbury County; song, The Maple Leaf Forever; address by Brig. Gen. F. W. Hill C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Hon. President N. B. Command, Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L.; vice-president N.B. Boy Scouts Association; song, Britannia the Pride of the Ocean; presentation of the King's Silver Jubilee medals to Miss Agnes Doherty, Superintendent of Minto Public Hospital; Captain Gordon R. Lawson, the York Regiment; W. B. Evans, M.L.A. for Queens Co.; A. D. Taylor, M.L.A. for Sunbury Co.; Major W. C. Lawson, M.C., V.D., President N. B. Command, Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L. The presentation was made by Brig. General F. H. Hill representing the Lieutenant Governor. Song, Rule Britannia, during which Britannia was represented by Miss Verda R. Miller.

God Save the King. The music was directed by Mrs. W. B. Wisely assisted by Miss Vivian G. Welton at the piano.

A sports programme was carried out during the afternoon under the direction of N. B. Connors with bonfires erected by Boy Scouts under direction of Mr. A. T. Wooley and fireworks in the evening.

This was followed by a public Ball in the Minto Memorial Hall with music by Kemp's Radio Orchestra of St. John.

JUST PROVIDED, THAT'S ALL

James H. R. Cromwell, who recently married Doris Duke, does not believe in the average international marriage. He said one day:

"A young baronet called on a Chicago millionaire in his London hotel one afternoon. The millionaire had an only child, a pretty girl of 20, name of Jane. The baronet said:

"I shall be glad to marry Jane, Mr. Stox, provided—"

Here he stopped a carefully fixed cigarette in his long amber tube and proceeded to light up.

"Yes, yes," said Mr. Stox. "Provided what?"

The young baronet blew out a cloud of smoke.

"Just provided," he said.

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a blob of cream, or smothered in lemon curd, or as a cushion or "raft" for a combination of sausages, bacon and mushrooms. The buckwheat cake, though, still lags as a delicacy, and corn on the cob is seldom in evidence except when the Stars and Stripes are flying to denote the presence of American tourists.

Of Interest to Women WHICH VEGETABLES TO PLANT FIRST

Soil Ready Only When It Is Dry Enough To Crumble In Your Hand

THE OLD GARDENER SAYS:

Plant early, but not too early:

Some vegetables are essentially cool weather vegetables. They will not flourish in the hot days of summer and must be grown in the cool days of spring or fall. These are the hardy vegetables.

Others, natives, originally of tropical climates, cannot be planted until the ground is warm. Study the nature of each from data in your catalogue.

The earliest that can be planted are radishes, spinach, leaf lettuce, beets and carrots. They should be planted as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring. This varies with locality. On well-drained ground where the soil is dry these can be planted now. In low areas and where the frost is late in leaving the ground it is advisable to defer the planting until sufficient warm weather has dried the soil.

Smooth-seeded peas may be planted at the same time. They are the hardest type of pea and will give the earliest crop, although not of as good quality as the wrinkled types of pea, which must be kept out of the ground

for about a week or ten days after the smooth peas are sown, or even longer.

The condition of the soil is the test. If it is sufficiently dry to spade without turning in clods which do not break up readily, it is ready for planting. If too wet, no attempt should be made to work it. The results will be to put it in worse condition than if it had not been touched.

Another way to test the soil is by squeezing a handful of it. If it is pasty and adhesive after squeezed into a ball, it is not ready to work. If it will crumble apart readily, it is ready for digging.

Spinach will stand considerable frost. So will radishes and leaf lettuce. Carrots can be planted at the same time, as they take much longer to germinate. Mixing the carrots and radish seed and planting them in the same row is a practical plan. The radishes will come up and break the ground for the carrots seed and will be ready to pull before the young carrots get big enough to be inconvenient by them. Pulling the radishes also serves to thin the carrots to proper distances apart in the row.

A USEFUL BOOK

The 1935 McKim's Directory of Canadian Publications, just off the press, lists tangible evidence of improved business conditions, showing an increase of 62 new publications as against an increase of only 20 the previous year. Failures in the publication field decreased proportionately.

This 1935 edition of the directory is the twenty-eighth, the series having begun several years after the founding of the A. McKim Limited, advertising agency, in 1889.

Recognized as an authentic gazetteer of advertising media throughout Canada, the directory gives exhaustive information about newspapers, magazines, trade papers and miscellaneous publications. Provinces, cities and towns where publications operate are all listed, together with populations, industries and outstanding characteristics of market areas. Somewhat larger than its predecessors, this edition will replace last year's directory on the desks of manufacturers, publishers and all firms dealing in advertising in Canada.

Enquiries concerning the publication should be addressed to any one of the six McKim Advertising Agency offices at Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Halifax, or London, England.

COLONISTS SAIL FOR ALASKA

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—Movies and a hill billy orchestra were aboard the Army transport St. Mihiel as 274 Alaska-bound colonists from impoverished Minnesota farms awaited the sailing hour toward new homes and opportunities.

The transport's schedule called for sailing late today with Seward as the destination for the modern pioneers who hope to re-establish themselves on 40-acre farm tracts in the Matanuska Valley, one of the most fertile in the world.

On the way to the Government-sponsored project, the colonists will have entertainment as varied as that furnished by numerous civic bodies here during their two-day stay after a journey from St. Paul, Minn.

Games for the children and men, motion pictures, music by a crew band and the colonists' hill billy orchestra are only a few items to keep the group in good spirits during the six-day voyage.

There will be "good, body building food—not fancy, but healthy," said J. P. Taylor, Negro chef who has served 34 years on Government vessels.

"Coffee only once a day," Taylor said, "just for breakfast."

The St. Mihiel's accommodations are simple and substantial. All of the emigrants are married and nearly all have children. There are many tiny babies.

A gala scene was arranged for the sailing, with city and relief officials, friends, relatives and well-wishers planning to attend as they did when the party arrived Monday.

Besides the 274 settlers the St. Mihiel, under command of Captain Daniel Humphrey, will take about 400 single men from Federal transient camps who will assist in necessary construction work for the project in the Matanuska Valley.

Each of the 67 families will be given a 40-acre tract for which they will repay \$3,000 Government loans over a 30-year period. The fertile valley is suited to grain, vegetables and the harder fruits.

An additional 1,600 will follow the first contingent from Seattle later this month.

Zora Layman's fame as an equestrienne is widespread—yet the pretty vocals who s her l on the "Hear on the Range" programs over NBC-WJZ, is rarely visible on the bridge paths of Central Park. After years of riding the western plains, Zora finds city parks too dull, and so takes her daily canter in the country.

Notice of Mortgage Sale

To the heirs-at-law and next-of-kin, executors or administrators of Thomas Johnston, late of McAdam Junction, in the County of York, and Province of New Brunswick, and Nancy Isabel Johnston, his wife, both deceased, and to all others whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that by virtue of a mortgage bearing date the ninth day of November, A. D. 1922 and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the County of York, in the Province of New Brunswick, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1922, in Book Number 186 at pages 142-145 as Number 74644 and made between the late Thomas Johnston and the late Nancy Isabel Johnston, his wife, of the first part, and Thomas Williams of Lawrence Station, in the County of Charlotte, and Province of New Brunswick, of the second part, and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, there will, for the purpose of realizing payment of the moneys secured by said mortgage, same having become due and default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction at McAdam, in the County of York, and Province of New Brunswick, in front of the premises to be sold and hereinafter described, on Thursday, the Twenty-seventh day of June, A. D. 1935, at the Hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon the lands and premises described in said mortgage as follows: All and singular that certain lot or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being at McAdam Junction, in the Parish of McAdam, County of York and Province of New Brunswick, containing an area of twenty-eight hundred and thirty (2,830) acres, more or less, being known as lot number 20 on the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's plan of McAdam Township dated March 6th, A. D. 1903, and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the County of York on the 11th day of June, 1903, the limits of said lot being more particularly described as follows: viz: Commencing at a point, being the south-easterly corner of Lot 20 as shown on said plan, said point of commencement being one hundred and fifty feet, on a course south sixty-five degrees west one hundred and fifty-two (152) feet, thence westerly on a curve along the front of said lot 20 seventy-eight feet and ten inches (78 ft. 10 in.), thence on a course south 25 degrees east one hundred and seventy-eight (178) feet, thence north 65 degrees east seventy-five (75) feet to the point of commencement.

Dated this Seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1935.

THOMAS WILLIAMS,
Mortgagee.

N. MARKS MILLS,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.



Money-Saving Prices for MAY 10-11-13

GRAPE-NUTS FLAKES 14c
PER PACKAGE

WILLARDS
Roman Punch Candy 29c
PER POUND

CALAY SOAP 25c
4 CAKES

N. B. PLUM JAM 29c
32 ounce. PER JAR

SUNSET SOAP DYES 25c
TWO PACKAGES

WATERGLASS 12c
1's PER TIN

SPRING CLOTHES PINS 15c
3 Dozen in Box. PER BOX

Nonsuch STOVE POLISH 19c
PER BOTTLE

— Special —
RED ROSE COFFEE 39c
1's PER TIN

— Special —
BAKER'S COCOA 25c
1/2's TWO TINS

— Special —
CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP 18c
2's PER TIN

— Special —
PUFFED WHEAT 21c
TWO PACKAGES

Snowdrift COCONUT 25c
PER POUND

SCHWARTZ
BAKING POWDER 27c
PER TIN

Loggie's BLUEBERRIES 25c
TWO TINS

KRAFT Miracle WHIP 23c
8 1/2 ounce. PER JAR

McCREADY'S PICKLES 10c
6 ounce BOTTLE

WATERMAN'S
FOUNTAIN PEN INK 15c
PER BOTTLE

SIMMS
Little Beauty BROOMS 79c
EACH

(It is Economical to Buy a Better Broom)

O'CEDAR POLISH
4-oz. bot. 25c 12-oz. bot. 50c

— Special —
TOOTHBRUSH AND CONTAINER 10c
BOTH FOR

CROSSE & BLACKWELL
TOMATO SOUP 19c
10 1/2 ounce THREE TINS

— Special —
CATELLI
Ready Cut MACARONI 17c
10 ounce TWO PACKAGES

"YOU ARE SURE OF QUALITY AT THE M. M. A."