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Patronize our local merchants  
and leave your money in your  
city with the men who are try-  
ing to make it go.

# The Daily Mail

THE WEATHER  
Westerly winds, partly cloudy  
with not much change in tem-  
perature.

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## CRISIS UNITES BRITAIN AND FRANCE

### Roosevelt Unveils Boulder Dam Colorado River

#### Employment to Tens of Thousands — Will Pay for Itself, No Cost to Public.

BOULDER Dam, Nevada, October 2 — Boulder Dam—527-foot bulwark against floods of the formerly untamed Colorado, job-maker for tens of thousands, hydro-electric power center for six states and a potential reclaimer of vast desert tracts—was dedicated yesterday by President Roosevelt to the nation's use.

Dedication came nearly three years ahead of schedule on the \$165,000,000 project. First given official cognizance by President Theodore Roosevelt in 1907, construction was begun in 1930 under President Hoover, whose name it bore for a time.

President Roosevelt's dedicatory address was essentially conservative in its approach, thus duplicating the reassuring line already set in his budget announcements. For, after proclaiming the effects on re-employment and consumer spending which great public works have had, he said: "We have come to the point where private industry must bear the principal responsibility of keeping the processes of greater employment moving forward with accelerated speed."

Boulder Dam—which was originally named Hoover Dam and is so designated by large numbers of people in the Pacific and intermountain area—typifies interstate co-operation, for it was only when the six states involved formed an effective compact, with Arizona on its fringes, that work could proceed. It typifies also co-operation between state and Federal Governments. Private industry and power utilization are also linked together in its operation. And three political administrations, of President Coolidge, Hoover and Roosevelt have had a direct hand in the building of the project here.

To observers who have seen the other mighty public works in the Roosevelt program—Grand Coulee and Bonneville, Fort Peck and Norris and Quoddy—Boulder represents something different to a degree. The old, skeptical, hard-boiled order of things prevailed when Calvin Coolidge signed the bill providing for its construction.

Will Pay For Itself  
It was insisted that contracts for the power must be sold before work could start, and the dam will altogether pay for itself under existing contracts over a period of 50 years with no cost to the public. Thus the structure stands as a monument to a more hard-fisted economy, although it required the impetus of liberal kicks from supporters like Senator Johnson to obtain ultimate conservative endorsement.

IMPROVING  
Miss May Dunn, who was operated on for appendicitis yesterday at Victoria Public Hospital, is reported today as improving steadily.

WATCH STOLEN  
A juvenile in this city was arrested by the local police for the theft of a watch.

### MONTREAL NURSEMAID SUES M'GILL UNIVERSITY

MONTREAL, Oct. 1—Hit by a cricket ball during a game on McGill campus in July, 1934, Eileen Mackay has become "hopelessly insane," counsel for the 16-year-old nursemaid said in superior court here, as hearing of a suit against McGill University for \$65,000 damages was opened. The action was instituted before a jury under Chief Justice R. A. E. Greenshield.

Named as defendants with the university are Dean Ernest Brown of the faculty of engineering; Prof. R. deL. French of the engineering department, and W. G. St. Ryan, all officials of the McGill Cricket Club.

Counsel for the girl told the court she was hit while watching a game on the campus. He said the field is too

#### LIBERALS HOLD LARGE MEETINGS IN COUNTY

Mayor W. G. Clark at  
Victoria Mills—Hon. J. B. McNair at Stanley

Meetings in the interest of the Liberal party were held last night at Victoria Mills, Nortondale and Stanley. At Victoria Mills, the speakers were W. G. Clark, H. Ralph Gunter, M.P.P., Frank Osborne and Brig-General F. W. Hill. At Nortondale, the speakers were A. W. Coombes, W. A. Haines and H. C. Greenlaw. At Stanley, the speakers were Hon. J. B. McNair, K.C., P. Desaulniers, Bryon Fisher and Dr. C. G. Folkins.

Sepaking at Victoria Mills, W. G. Clark said that the greatest provision is that man should work. He said that his experience had been that men want to work. We should adopt policies that would bring about a restoration. We want to get trade moving. The speaker deplored what he maintained was the practical dictatorship that we have with respect to the new acts. He said that when King is Prime Minister, we will have responsible government and there will be no such thing as policies being adopted without consultation of Parliament.

General F. W. Hill said that in 1911 Hon. W. S. Fielding from the Maritimes negotiated a reciprocal treaty with the United States. It was then that R. B. Bennett shouted on the platform "No truck or trade with the Yankees". He incited the people so much that they turned out the Laurier Government. On looking back we realized that we were hoodwinked. Now Mr. Bennett says, "If you elect me, I will get that trade treaty with the United States." But he will not be able to.

#### PRINTER'S ERROR ONLY OPENING

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 2—If your name is not on the voters' list for the Dominion election nothing but a printer's error can put it there.

The list closed last June 30, Col. J. T. Thompson, Dominion franchise commissioner, explained yesterday. The only alterations that would be made, he said, would be in cases where registrars reported names on their lists did not appear in the official printed list.

Should it be found the printers and proof readers have dropped any names they will be added.

CASE OF FORGERY  
In the case of R.C.M.P. vs. Osborne Jones, who is charged with forging a cheque on the New Brunswick Liquor Commission. Jones was remanded until October 7th.

IN THE POLICE COURT  
Two cases were before Magistrate Limerick in the Police Court this morning: Nathaniel Jones vs. Gerald Grant, of this city, and Nathaniel Jones vs. Fred Duffy, also of this city. These men are charged with having stolen goods in their possession. Both cases were remanded until Friday, October 4th.

#### Plain Every Day Facts

All this talk about inflation, balancing the budget, foreign markets, gold standard, etc., may be well and good. But here are some actual facts that the ordinary every day man and woman who works hard to earn a living may understand. The money for the lumber in the barn, the furniture, the farm machinery, the supplies on the pantry shelf and the dinner table are affected. That's why the shoe pinches.

Here is the real dope and we challenge anyone from Premier Bennett down to dispute these facts.

Since the Bennett Government came into power in 1930 the sales tax on all goods manufactured in Canada has been increased from one per cent to six per cent. This means, for instance, that the farmer who wanted to put one hundred dollars repairs to his house or barn paid a tax of one dollar on this amount before the Bennett Government came into power in 1930. Today he has to pay the government six dollars on every hundred that he spends, not only on the lumber that goes into the house, but he has to pay six dollars per hundred, or six cents on the dollar, on every article which he uses that is manufactured in Canada, including his furniture, machinery, and one hundred and one other things which he uses. This applies not only to the farmer but to the town and city dweller as well.

When a man comes into the factory, the store or the printing office or whatever it may be to buy goods, if the amount of the bill is ten dollars the merchant is obliged to add sixty cents for sales tax. At the end of the month the merchant or manufacturer is obliged to go to the customs house and pay six cents on every dollar that he has taken in on these sales. Not only is he obliged to pay on the cash that he has taken in on sales, but he is obliged to pay the customs six dollars on every hundred dollars worth of sales whether he collects the amount from the customer or not. The customer may block the merchant or manufacturer for the amount of the bill and may never pay him but the merchant or manufacturer has to pay the sales tax duty just the same.

These manufactured goods include pretty nearly everything that the housewife uses about her kitchen or on the pantry shelf and the husband who pays the bills and runs the house pays six cents on every dollar of it. If you have spent six hundred dollars on household articles during the past year, you have paid thirty-six dollars for sales tax. Under the Liberal Government at one per cent you paid six dollars, or thirty dollars less.

In 1931 Mr. Bennett raised this tax from one per cent to four per cent, and in 1932 it jumped to six per cent, and we have been paying this ever since.

In addition to the above the POSTAGE WAS INCREASED ONE CENT ADDITIONAL ON EVERY LETTER THAT YOU MAIL. This was done in 1931, the year after Mr. Bennett came into office, and the stamp tax on cheques, money orders, notes, etc., was increased from two cents to three cents on amounts of one hundred dollars and less and to six cents on amounts of more than one hundred dollars. A five per cent tax was placed ON ALL YOUR LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS, on telegrams and on radio messages. A ten per cent tax was placed on your railway tickets.

And with all these burdensome taxes the Conservative budget showed total deficits in five years of Bennett rule of \$669,000,000 as against total deficits in the previous seven years of Liberal rule of only \$228,000,000, or nearly five hundred million increase. How did this happen? In the meantime the farmer and the householder both of town and country are paying the piper.

Premier Bennett will be here tomorrow. HE CANNOT EXPLAIN THESE INCREASES BECAUSE THEY ARE REAL LIVE PRACTICAL FACTS. Hot air will not get away from the facts.

#### What Are Arms?

WASHINGTON, October 2—President Roosevelt in a proclamation issued yesterday listed the arms, munitions and implements of war for which manufacturing, importing and exporting permits must be obtained after November 29 under the Neutrality Act. The categories are as follows:

- Category I  
1. Rifles and carbines using ammunition in excess of 26.5 caliber, and their barrels;  
2. Machine guns, automatic rifles, and machine pistols of all calibers, and their barrels;  
3. Guns, howitzers, and mortars of all calibers, their mountings and barrels;  
4. Ammunition for the arms enumerated under (1) and (2) above, i. e., high-power steel, jacketed ammunition in excess of 26.5 caliber; filled and unfilled projectiles and propellants with a web thickness of .015 inch or greater for the projectiles of the arms enumerated under (3), above;  
5. Grenades, bombs, torpedoes, and mines filled or unfilled, and apparatus for their use or discharge;  
6. Tanks, military armored vehicles, and armored trains.

Category II  
Vessels of war of all kinds including aircraft carriers and submarines.

Category III  
1. Aircraft, assembled or dismantled both heavier and lighter than air, which are designed adapted and intended for

aerial combat by the use of machine guns or of artillery, or for the carrying and dropping of bombs, or which are equipped with, or which by reason of design or construction, are prepared for, any of the appliances referred to in paragraph (2) below.

(a) Aerial gun mounts and frames, bomb racks, torpedo carriers and bomb or torpedo release mechanisms.

Category IV  
Revolvers and automatic pistols of a weight in excess of 1 pound 6 ounces (630 grams), using ammunition in excess of 26.5 caliber and ammunition therefor.

Category V  
1. Aircraft assembled or dismantled both heavier and lighter than air, other than those included in Category III.  
2. Propellers or air screws, fuselages, hulls, tail units and undercarriage units.  
3. Aircraft engines.

Category VI  
1. Livens projectors and flame throwers.  
2. Mustard gas, lewisite, ethyldichloroarsine and methyldichloroarsine.

WOMEN'S MEETING  
A Women's meeting in the interests of Hon. R. B. Hanson, minister of trade and commerce will be held in the Oddfellows' Hall at eight o'clock on Friday night. A social evening will be held and addresses will be delivered on the issues of the federal election. All women are cordially invited.

### Sixteen Italian Ships Intercept Import Munitions

#### FATHER SEEKS HIS DAUGHTER LOST IN BLAST

Girl in Weymouth Said  
To Have Been in  
Halifax Explosion

WEYMOUTH Mass., Oct. 2—A baby girl who had barely learned to toddle when the great Halifax explosion of 1917 killed 1,800 persons, now a young woman living in Weymouth, was wondering tonight whether she really has a father.

Carrying the name of Emma Hartland, after the family which brought her up for several years before she was turned over to the state, clues seemed to point to the woman as being Ruth Moody, daughter of Arthur Moody, Halifax, N. S., steamship engineer, who lost his wife in the blast.

Records at the Massachusetts State House show that a Mrs. Hartland secured Emma from "a family" in Halifax after the explosion.

The patient search of the father was turned to Weymouth when a letter was received by Halifax police saying Emma was adopted by a couple who visited Halifax in 1917 shortly after their marriage in Roxbury. The letter said this Emma might be the daughter of Moody.

#### WHITE DEER BROUGHT DOWN BY HUNTER

DALHOUSIE, Oct. 2—Thomas Theriault, resident of Val de Amour, Restigouche County, shot the first deer of the season in Restigouche, near Pope Logan. It was a white deer.

The same hunter was also successful in landing another deer in the same vicinity. He is to send the head of the albino to taxidermist to have it mounted and intends giving it to the museum.

Albino are very rare and this is the first one reported from any hunting territory in the province so far this season. Two or three years ago a hunter in Albert County bagged a white deer and Joshua Hicks of Moncton, some years ago shot one while on a hunting trip along the N. T. R. but the albino managed to dodge the second shot and disappeared from view.

BURIED TODAY  
The funeral of the late Miss Belle Davis was held this afternoon from her late home on Brunswick street. The service was conducted by Rev. Mr. J. W. Bartlett. The chief mourners were, George H. Davis, R. W. McLellan, Fred Segee, Charles Undall, James Coy and Ernest MacKay. Interment was at The Old Burying Ground. A large number of friends were present. The floral tributes were many and beautiful.

### LARGE INCREASES ANNOUNCED IN INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS

OTTAWA, Oct. 2—Income tax collections during the six months of the fiscal year ended September 30 showed an increase over the corresponding period last year, according to a statement issued today by Hon. J. Earl Lawson, Minister of National Revenue. Net receipts in the six month period totalled \$63,767,436, a net increase of \$16,465,977 in comparison with last year.

Toronto and Montreal districts again registered the largest gains. The former with a total income tax revenue of \$20,339,481 showed an increase of \$5,881,387, and the latter with a revenue of \$19,176,767 an increase of \$4,673,852.

Other districts showing gains were London, \$6,175,801, increase \$2,116,420; Hamilton, \$4,503,054, increase \$1,

#### Press of Rome Resumes Bitter Attitude — Rain Continues in Ethiopia.

LONDON, England, October 2 — With the reported presence of Italian submarines in the Red Sea comes word that Italian officials said that they doubted if the League of Nations would vote unanimously for military sanctions should hostilities break out between Italy and Ethiopia. An authoritative person contended: "Britain on her own account has anticipated the program and measures of the League."

(A Reuters London despatch from Addis Ababa said 16 Italian submarines were reported stationed in the Red Sea and in the event of war would try to intercept munitions and other war supplies which might be shipped to Ethiopia from other countries.)

Italian newspapers resumed their bitter attitude toward Great Britain, following a lull when tension appeared eased because of the exchange of mutual assurances.

Il Tevere published a cartoon called "Suezide" showing "John Bull" sitting between the closing gates of the Suez Canal.

ADDIS ABABA, Oct. 2—The gravity of the Italo-Ethiopian crisis was emphasized by a series of developments in the Ethiopian capital yesterday. They included:

Sixteen Italian submarines were reported deployed in the Red Sea, presumably prepared to intercept war munitions cargoes destined for this country.

Important shipment of rifles, cartridges and gas masks were understood to be on their way here from Japan or the United States, by way of Berbera, British Somaliland.

General Aberra Kassa, son of Ras Kassa, powerful chieftain in command of Ethiopian troops in Gondar Province, was reported to have taken command of 20,000 picked warriors centered around Salale, north of Addis Ababa. He was said to have begun a forced march to join his father near the Eritrean frontier.

More than 1,000 Addis Ababa merchants, natives of the grassy plain region southeast of here, left the city last night to return to the area of their origin as fear of imminent air attack spread.

Nagadras Wadajoali, chief of the defence post at Aduwa, who recently was galed here by Emperor Haile Selassie, returned to his command last night with instructions which were said to be of the highest importance, but which were not revealed.

Contrary to all the prophets, Addis Ababa's heavy rainfall continues, bringing pagoda-like umbrellas, dampening the ardor of war advocates, and causing a run on rubbers and rain coats. Whether the rains extended to the northern and southern fronts was not known here.

SHOT A BEAR  
Donald Seymour, Royal Road, shot a young bear yesterday in Neil's orchard. The bear was busy eating apples when Mr. Seymour ended Bruin's feast with a bullet through the head.

529,503; Vancouver, \$3,866,483, increase \$863,642; Ottawa, \$3,522,509, increase \$464,044; Winnipeg, \$1,593,023, increase \$359,215; Calgary \$883,210, increase \$230,389.  
Income tax revenue received in September amounted to \$2,479,024, an increase of \$381,111 compared with September 1934.  
In the 19 collection districts, two, Quebec and Regina, showed decreases. Quebec collections were off \$124,490 at \$527,881, and Regina's down \$3,787 at \$151,040.  
Other increases were: Charlottetown, \$49,551; Halifax, \$172,470; Saint John, \$126,550; Kingston, Ont., \$31,110; Belleville, Ont., \$33,533; Fort William Ont., \$30,404; Saskatoon, \$13,034; Edmonton, \$18,503; Yukon \$623.