

G. I. NUGENT, M. D.

333 BRUNSWICK STREET

Phone 246

FREDERICTON, N. B.

**ELECTRIC MOTOR
and GENERATOR
REPAIRS**

OF ALL CLASSES

Harry C. Moore, E.E.
360 KING STREET**Waverley Hotel**

New Steam-Heated Rooms

**BEST DINING SERVICE IN THE
CITY****A HOTEL YOU WILL LIKE AT
MODERATE RATES****H. E. Dewar & Son**

Proprietor

Regent Street Fredericton

**THEY'RE ALL
SAYING**

that our place is noted for service and good food as well as entertainment!

MOONLIGHT INN

DUMFRIES, R. R. 2

**NEW FALL
WOOLLENS**

In skirt materials, coatings and suitings, 56 inches wide, prices from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per yard. McCall's patterns, a large showing of buttons.

Call and select your patterns while our stock is complete.

J. Stanley Delong

63 Carleton St. Phone 68-11

FRESH YOUNG PIG PORKWestern Beef and Lamb
Slipp and Flewelling Sausages
Salt Herring and Salt Cod**HAROLD YERXA'S**

89 YORK ST.

PHONE 305

JIGG'S DINNER

WESTERN SUGAR CURED CORNED BEEF 12c lb.

CABBAGE 5c head

YORK MEAT MARKET

135 YORK STREET

PHONE 592.

QUALITY AND SERVICE

P. N. S.Get your Supplies for Apron, Towel
and Holder Here
Free Box and Paper for Pattern
from**FRED BARNES**

76 YORK STREET

PHONE 1190-21

**OBSERVER WRITES ON
NEW AGE OF PROPHECY**International Relations Are Economic Rather
Than Purely Political

(The Daily Mail, while it finds "Observer" articles interesting and popular, does not always agree with what is said and is not responsible for the writer's opinions).

Walking down Queen Street recently, I was stopped and forced to listen to a recital of the woes of the country and to this particular individual's remedies for the same. In this time of troubles both domestic and foreign, there has grown up a tendency on the part of the individual citizen to air his views on things in general and to propose his remedy. This remedy may be the acceptance of some scheme of politics and economics which is well-known and already in force in some particular country; or it may be a highly individualistic proposal, which has sprung fully matured from the mind of the proposer, like Pallas Athena from the brow of Jove.

It is generally recognized today that the underlying principles of international relations are economic rather than purely political. A political programme is built upon the economic needs of the country rather than the economic upon the political. It is this fact, no doubt, the reduction of the ills a country suffers, to a matter of dollars and cents, that has inspired so many prophets in our midst. For everyone thinks he can juggle figures well enough to reach some solution, fantastic or not, which will bring us back prosperity, or indeed to the long-awaited millennium.

Consequently we have the Townsends, the Coughlins, the Aberharts, and until recently Huey Long, who all announce that they have discovered the universal remedy for human ills. It matters not to these people, nor to their deluded followers that these are questions that require facilities for prolonged study and research; that many better equipped than they have pondered the situation without venturing to announce a satisfactory solution; our prophets still continue to rush in where angels fear to tread.

Disregarding for the present the fantastic bonus-paying schemes, in which money is to be produced from nothing, there are only two other schemes of society in vogue in the civilized world today, other than our own parliamentary institutions. These are Fascism and Communism. Now, neither of these two forms of government is essentially new. The first great Fascist in the western world was Julius Caesar, and the next was Napoleon. Both of these state-builders were working for the corporate state, which is the essence of Fascism. The first Communist in western history was Castiline, whose ideas however, were not adopted. The examples quoted above should teach us one thing, however, and that is that

dictators and prophets arise when as Shakespeare says "The times are out of joint."

The soil in which the seeds of Communism may take root seems to be essentially different from the ground favourable to Fascism. Communism has its best chance of growth in a country where the masses have been oppressed for generations. On the contrary, it is conceivable that a Fascist regime might occur almost anywhere at any time. It is not surprising, therefore, that most of our modern prophets, including the better known ones and the man on the street as well, should advance theories that are merely some modification of the two schemes of government here discussed. That "there is nothing new under the sun" was never better illustrated than at the present time. Periods of world disturbances have occurred many times before in history, and will doubtless occur again. When they have occurred in the past we find the same old remedies being proposed. The French Revolution would have resulted in the setting up of a communist state in France in 1793, only that the threat to the sacred right of property was too much for the middle class element in the state. So the revolution never got further than a middle class revolution. But the leaders were there. Communism's threat to private property is today a pretty effective safeguard against its adoption in many western countries. But there is no such safeguard against the rise of Fascism. Even the loss of personal liberty does not frighten the man who wants to see a dictator in charge.

Although there have been plenty of accounts in the press of the cruelties of the Fascist and Nazi regimes, these are not brought home to the peoples of other countries to the same extent as if they were actually happening to them. Perhaps there is no better way than by the use of fiction to do that. There are two recent novels which I would recommend to all admirers of Mussolini and Hitler. One is Sinclair Lewis' last book, "It Can't Happen Here," which imagines a Fascist regime to have been established in the United States. The other is called "In the Second Year" by Storm Jameson which imagines a similar condition in England. If you can retain your liking for dictators and concentration camps after reading these two books, you're a glutton for punishment.

First Urchin—My father's 'ad' is photograph taken.
Second Urchin—That's nothing. My father's 'ad' is fingerprints took.**Delinquent Taxes**"Simon Stairs Estate,"
Parish of Southampton
York County, N. B.
Notice is hereby given that unless the Rates and Taxes assessed in the Parish of Southampton, in the County of York, N.B., together with expenses of advertising, etc. are paid within twenty days (20) from the first publication of this notice, the Real Estate of such property therein mentioned will be sold for the recovery of the said taxes and expenses.Delinquent Parish and County Taxes.
Delinquent Road Taxes.
Delinquent School Taxes.
The amount is on file at this office of the Secretary-Treasurer, County Court House, Fredericton, N.B.J. S. SCOTT,
Secretary-Treasurer,
Municipality of York.
Fredericton, N. B.,
September 12th, 1936.**SHERIFF'S SALE**The following property will be sold at Public Auction in front of the County Court House, Fredericton, at twelve o'clock noon
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3rd, 1936.
For assessed taxes and cost, property of Charles Connell, Estate, Southampton, York County, N.B.All that piece or parcel of land situate in the Parish of Southampton, in the County of York, and Province of New Brunswick, and known and distinguished as the East half of lot number one hundred and fifty-six, containing fifty acres more or less, and being part of the land granted to Charles Connell on November 23, A. D. 1853. The west half of said lot number one hundred and fifty-six, conveyed with other property to Edward E. Lockhart by deed dated March 18, 1862, said deed recorded in York County Records in Book 47, Pages 236-237, under official Number 18034.
Del. Parish & County Taxes, 1926-36 \$ 9.87
Del. Non-Resident Roads, 1926-36 \$ 2.66
School District No. 14
Percy Stewart, Sec.
Del. School Taxes, 1926-36 \$26.48
Total \$39.01
CLARENCE N. GOODSPEED,
High Sheriff for York County, N.B.,
Fredericton, N.B.For a new delight in Tea try
Salada Orange Pekoe Blend**"SALADA"
TEA****SOUTH AFRICA WANTS
MORE CANADIAN CUSTOMERS**

Up till the end of August, eight ships will have left Montreal for South Africa; during the same time, only two ships with part cargoes have left South Africa for Montreal. The South Africans are thinking these days that there is something wrong with the picture, says "Canada Weekly" published in London.

There was difficulty in marketing 110,000 cases of oranges in 1934, but it proved that there are at least possibilities for Cape oranges in Canada. It showed that even during the poorest year, Canada would absorb about 50,000 cases, and it also indicated that when the California crop was short, Canada could conceivably take as much as 200,000 cases.

There's no use talking South African oranges, however, according to Mr. Meyer, the South African Trade Commissioner for Canada, as far as quantity is concerned, till satisfactory shipping arrangements can be made. That means that faster ships, with ample refrigeration space, must be put on the run, and they must ply regularly between South Africa and

Montreal during the citrus season. That is a 'tall order' and right now, and so the orange situation is still a bit obscured.

During the season, regular consignments of delicious fruits could find markets in Canada, Mr. Meyer believes. This, again, hinges on shipping. The season starts in January, and Montreal the great market, would be open after mid-April. This would give almost to the end of May to get these consignments into Central Canada. Therefore, fresh grapes, apricots, peaches and pears could reach Canada at a time when there wasn't such a thing on the North American continent. Careful development of this market, therefore, would seem to yield results. Canada's luxury trade is worth cultivation.

The imports of yellow feed corn depend largely on what Uncle Sam is raising in his acres across the line. When they have a good crop in the States, Canada imports sizable quantities, mainly because it is more convenient to bring it a few hundred miles than several thousand. But when the Dust Bowl is active, and there is no corn in the Corn Belt for export, then South Africa comes into its own. Last year about 4,000,000 bushels were imported, this being mainly used for feeding purposes. There is a 20 cent a bushel preference on this kind of corn.

But the fine white corn enjoys no such preference, and is brought from the southern hemisphere because it is a better quality than can be found elsewhere. Canadian syrup manufacturers like the high-grade white corn, and the corn starch makers prefer it seemingly to all other kinds. It has a higher starch content.

Sugar is another commodity in which the people of the Union have been playing second, or perhaps even third fiddle. Canada gets the bulk of her sugar from the British West Indies and Canada is known to have a distinct preference for this commodity. Then, when the B.W.I. stuff is exhausted, Canada looks around. She often looks to Australia, but occasionally, too, to South Africa. South Africa always has plenty of sugar, and she hopes to get more firmly entrenched in the Canadian market as time goes on a hope which may or may not be realized.

Canada today is the Union's biggest consumer of brandy. There are three kinds of liquor in which the South Africans excel, and which they ship to Canada in sizable quantities.

Manganese and Iron Ores
"Unlimited" is the word Mr. Meyer used in describing the quantities of manganese ore that South Africa can ship to Canada. This year some already has arrived, the "Calgary" having brought around 3,000 tons from Durban, but that is nothing compared to what the Union would like to ship. Incidentally, the South Africans' real opposition comes from West Africa, where manganese ore is also mined and shipped.

The manganese in Canada is used in steel and ferro-manganese. Other uses for the product also exist.

The main thing to remember is that Canada needs this sort of metal, and there seems no reason why they should not bring more of it to the Dominion; it looks as if there was a prime need for consumer and producer to get together and talk over a little business, which could be mutually beneficial.—Anglo Canadian Press Bureau.

Delinquent Taxes**LUKE DOW PROPERTY**Parish of Canterbury
York County, N.B.

Notice is hereby given that unless the Rates and taxes assessed in the Parish of Canterbury in the County of York, N.B., together with expenses of advertising, etc., are paid to me within twenty days (20) from the first publication of this notice, the Real Estate of such property therein mentioned will be sold for the recovery of said taxes and expenses.

Delinquent Parish and County Taxes.

Delinquent Road Taxes.
Delinquent School Taxes.
The amount is on file at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, County Court House, Fredericton, N. B.J. S. SCOTT,
Secretary-Treasurer,
Municipality of York.
Fredericton, N. B.,
Sept. 15th, 1936.**FREDERICTON****WOODSTOCK****BUS SERVICE**

Effective Sept. 10, 1936

Daily Except Sunday

Leaving Woodstock in morning

Read Down	Woodstock	Read Up
Lv. 8.30 a.m.	Meductic	Ar. 6.20 p.m.
Lv. 9.00 a.m.	Pokiook	Lv. 5.50 p.m.
Lv. 9.20 a.m.	Moonlight Inn	Lv. 5.30 p.m.
Ar. 9.40 a.m.	Moonlight Inn	Lv. 5.10 p.m.
Lv. 9.50 a.m.	Kingsclear	Ar. 5.00 p.m.
Lv. 10.30 a.m.	Fredericton	Lv. 4.30 p.m.
Ar. 11.00 a.m.		Lv. 4.00 p.m.

Fare to Woodstock: One way \$2.25
Return \$3.50

Bus leaving Woodstock 10.00 a.m. daily for Banger, Boston and New York

Highway Transport Ltd

Fredericton

Carleton Street

Phone 633

**STOP AT THE
Queen**

When in Fredericton

TELEPHONE IN EVERY ROOM
PRIVATE BATHS

HOT and COLD WATER

J. P. CORKERY, Prop.

DR. G. R. LISTER
: Dentist :

Burchill-Wilkinson Building

QUEEN STREET : Below Regent

Phone 531-11

A Message for

**WOMEN
WHO
WANT**

a beautiful home — MEN who have thought of an ideal residence they would build SOME DAY—

See us now and get cost estimates at present low price levels for materials and labor.

**RISTEEN
Co., Ltd.**

Woodworkers

104 Queen St. Phone 266

To New Subscribers

If any of our new subscribers under the present drive are not getting their papers regularly will they please notify

THE DAILY MAIL

BUSINESS OFFICE. PHONE 67.

**INSURANCE
HOWARD H. BLAIR**

RELIABLE BRITISH and CANADIAN COMPANIES

PHONES — Office 291
Residence 345-1168 YORK
STREET

—You Can Rest Assured—

NEW ISSUE —

\$150,000

**ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP
OF CHATHAM**

4 p.c. SINKING FUND DEBENTURES

DATED MAY 1, 1986

DUE MAY 1, 1951

PRICE: 100 and interest, to yield 4%

Denominations \$1,000 and \$500

These bonds are a legal trustee investment in the Province of New Brunswick

Orders may be telephoned or telegraphed at our expense.

Irving, Brennan & Company, Ltd.

FREDERICTON,

SAINT JOHN
CHARLOTTETOWN

HALIFAX.

**THE GREATEST
ASSET TO BEAUTY**

Without denying the value of the many means of obtaining beauty through the medium of artificial preparations, the one fundamental necessity for beauty lies in good health. Your Druggist plays also a tremendous part in the preservation of your beauty for to be healthy is to be beautiful.

Ross-Drug-United