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THE DAILY MAIL NEW BRUNSWICH'S ONLY HOME COMMUNITY PAPER

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FREDERICTON, THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1936

What's the Solution?

A solution of the Manitoba's election stalemate will not be easy, albeit the Winnipeg Tribune was able to offer one as early as last Tuesday, when it first became apparent in what direction the winds of public opinion were and his Government resign. It had been "decisively defeated," the Winnipeg paper argued, "at the polls."

Obviously there are degrees of decisiveness, all according to the views majority is concerned, the Liberal-Progressive group captured the largest number of seats of any of the five parties, whose character and widely divergent philosophies preclude coalitions and, thereby, tighten the deadlock and deepen the confusion.

The Tribune is the first to deny coalitions the privilege of government. In order to govern at all, the Bracken Administration, it states, is dependent for support on the Independent Labor and Social Credit groups, and "to carry on government under the dictatorship of minority parties is a denial of democratic principles." That much may be generally admitted, but having admitted it there is greater difficulty in finding the logic of the Tribune's solution under the present circumstances.

What the Winnipeg paper proposes is to remedy confusion with more confusion. For Premier Bracken to resign and give the Conservative leader, Mr. Errick Willis, the "opportunity of forming a Government and going to the people for endorsation" means, the Tribune admits, "a state of confusion for a time." Further, it admits that "there would be no certainty of a decisive result in another election."

It is difficult to read the Tribune's argument and avoid the conclusion that the solution it seeks is temporary power for the Conservative Party. which would enable it to complete its organization work under a new Leader and go back to the people at a time most suitable to itself. If such a solution would mean a decisive verdict from the next election it might be a wise one for the Province to adopt. Of that, however, there can be no assurances. The first fact Manitoba has to face, therefore, is that it has voted itself into a mess. It must retrieve its position at another election, and that, for its own benefit, as soon as possible and with all political expediency.

Premier Bracken still leads the major party. By custom rather than convention the largest elected group forms the Government, and if it cannot point or thinks it cannot carry on it advises the Lieutenant-Governor to that effect. Thereupon the Leaders of the largest groups are called upon to discuss the situation and decide upon a course to be followed. There have been times in history when these minorities have been able to form a union that could form a Government. Such a development is possible but improbable in Manitoba, and so it would seem the logical course is a new election.

From all analyses of the situation, Mr. Willis, as Premier, could do no better, and would be forced to follow the same procedure. Why is it necessary positions put up by the C.N.R.. He little difficult to understand.

Who Wins?

The nations of Europe are not at war. That is, their armies are not, as yet, inflicting death upon one another by means of bombs, shells, poison gas asked Mr. Clark for a statement conand bullets. This fact, however, seems to be almost the only indication that cerning the new bridge Mr. Clark rea state of hostilities does not exist among the Powers. The language used by plied that he had the word of the the rulers and diplomats does not differ from what it would be if their armies were actually engaged in a life-and-death struggle.

No nation so far has proclaimed that it desires war, and most of them have been loud in insisting that all they want is peace. Innumerable attempts ment? have been made to smooth out the difficulties of the troubled continent of the money is all right."

Europe, but the manner in which the results are received by those involved (Mr. Hanson: "If it is to be a capital to have made little progress and new as the funniest of all Joe E. Brown's As night fell, the rebels appeared tors" as the most thrilling as well Phone 616 or apply 124 Charlotte IN PROFUSION expenditure, Parliamen, must vote on fighting broke out near the French films **Bridal Bouquets** border in the province of Navarre. The offensive, marked determina-TWO WEEKLY PROGRAMMES a Specialty tion of Fascist to dislodge the strong-The Dutch short-wave station PCJ, **Printed Cards** ly entrenched loyalists along the sea- at Eindhoven, Holland, operating on coast, and provide a northern port a frequency of 9.59 mc., is building through which the rebels could up a large U.S. audience of all-wave receive supplies. listeners. The programmes are of **ON HAND BEBBINGTON'S** good quality and very little fading has been encountered on the signals The following are at Over 60 Years in Business DIED The Daily Mail Phone 254 834 Charlotte St. President S. S. Miller said, "We will FISHER-At Douglas, July 6, 1936, Office Henry Fisher, at the age of 76. The funeral will take place to-**"FOR SALE"** morrow afternoon with service at the Chapel Funeral Home, Westmor-"PLEASE DO NOT 'Phone or call us for a can land street, at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. of DUSTBANE, the sanitary HANDLE" W. J. Bate will conduct the sersweeping compound. vice and interment will be made "TO LET" in the Church of England ceme-It comes in 35c tins **"FLAT TO LET"** tery at New Maryland. 100 and 200-lb. bbls. **"ROOMS FOR** We have a Good Stock **TOURISTS**" tawa yesterday, asking when con- SHIELDS-At Lincoin, August 5, 1936, under tragic circumstances, "TAXI" TO THE LITTLE E. M. YOUNG LTD. Thomas Shields, aged 50 years. HOME by the side of the road, Price, 10c each The funeral will take place tomoras well as to the preten-Hardware - Sporting Goods row afternoon with service at the tious dwelling place of home of Phair Shields, Devon, at 81-83 York Street the financially mighty, two o'clock. Rev. Mr. Wood will we bring the same ear-Store closes at 12 o'clock Thursconduct the service and interment nest sincerity and abildays during July and August will be made in the Raymond cemity. NEW etery at Maugerville Store open until 9 on Saturday The CHAPEL **Funeral Home** Phones 711 or 1105 **Devon Kist** 78 Westmorland St. **TRY OUR** WHETHER YOU BEVERAGES **BUTTER BUNS** LIKE South Devon, N. B. STANDING OUT OUTSTANDING A juicy steak, sizzling hot, now under new management. smothered in onions, or prefer We handle the highest quality LIGHT AS A FEATHER soft drinks, every precaution a dainty salad these hot summer BARGAIN being taken to guarantee satis-15c dozen days, or just want one of our faction for our customers. Just call 855-11 and give your order. regular Tourist Special Dinners SOMETHING NEW for the practical and humane you can safely trust your food You will find our drinks unex-Horse-Owner problems to celled. ATLAS RUBBER HORSE SHOES Silent, Durable, Non-Skid THE and Humane **DEVON KIST** LANNAN'S **Royal Bakery** Beverages RESTAURANT H. A. BURTT 310 Queen St, Phone 958-21 74 Carleton St. Phone 1133 formerly R & M BEVERAGES

is scarcely indicative that any real good has been accomplished

No matter what accord is reached or what pact is signed, one party is it according to the C.N.R. Act." always ready to proclaim a "victory", while the other feels that it has suffered a "defeat." The signing of the Dardanelles treaty which allows built as a matter of course." Turkey to fortify the Straits is celebrated in that country as a great "victory," a holiday is proclaimed and flags are flown.

The withdrawing of sanctions against Italy is considered, not as an opening for greater accord and friendship between her and the other members of the League, but as a "victory" for Italy and a "defeat" for the rest Board of Trade inquire from Deputy of the world. The same is seen in all international affairs. Germany has been winning "victories" on the Rhineland and Danzig "fronts."

Why should these diplomatic adjustments be regarded at "victories" Who wins, and what exactly is won? The nations are not gaining greater ways Howe and Mr. Clark on this prosperity, greater happiness or greater hope of a future of peaceful accord in Europe. The only thing which is being won is the surer possibility that they will soon be at each other's throats.

If the affairs of nations during a time of peace are to be conducted, the Board that it would be started as though the world were in a state of conflict, and the one thing to be most when the C.N.R. are the C.P.R. reach desired is so to outwit and "defeat" another as to be able to win and proclaim a "victory," there is small hope for the future.

The Awaken ing Dragon

Menaced by foes within and without, the Kuomintang meets in Nanking to determine a policy that may seriously affect the future of China. Dominated by General Chiang Kai-shek, virtual dictator of Central China, the Kuomin- soon as negotiations now pending b tang, or central executive committee of the Nationalist party, in turn dic- tween the C.N.R. and the C.P.R., beartates the policies of the Nanking, or Central Nationalist government. The ing on operation, are completed, and Kuomintang finds itself in the jaws of a nut-cracker. From Japan comes an insistent demand for "improved relations" between China and Manchoukuo, ed an agreement on certain operating Japanese puppet-state, and "co-operation" in driving out Communist bandits matters." He added that plans for the from Central China. In the southwest, the Canton government clamors for new bridge were being made and war with Japan and threatens civil strife if Chiang refuses to come to grips were nearing completion. with Nippon. In the northwest, the problem is complicated by Prince Teh, evening President S. S. Miller inruler of Inner Mongolia, who is reported to have formed an alliance with formed the board that that body Japan, to offset the defensive agreement between Outer Mongolia and Soviet should accept the statement of Hon. Russia

Chiang accuses the Cantonese leaders, perhaps justly, of accepting aid Hon. Mr. Howe made to Mr. Clark, from the Japanese. An open break between the two Chinese governments M.P. It is not quite in line with his would react inevitably to Japan's advantage. Wholesale desertions of Can. telegram to The Daily Mail that the tonese aviators to the Central Government, however, and Chiang's apparent willingness to crush the Cantonese opposition if more conciliatory methods It would seem that if the Canadian fail have brought the southwestern leaders to the point where they are National Railways have any informawilling to discuss united action. It is reported that they may be agreeable tion regarding the Fredericton bridge even to reorganizing their military forces under Nanking's control.

In advance of the Kuomintang sessions, Nationalist leaders emphasized be beating around the bush in regard the need of unity, if China is to defend herself against foes outside her to it. It is time that some of these borders. If Chiang Kai-shek can avert civil war, and amalgamate the Chinese railway people recognized the fact military forces, Japan may find a serious obstacle to her plans for expan-Bion.

Mr. Clark: "The Minister of Railways stated that the bridge would be Mr. Hanson: "It was not in the estimates, therefore it is not a capital expenditure.' Mr. Clark: "Evidently not." Mr. Hanson then suggested that the Minister of Railways Smart to see if the estimates had been made. take the words of Minister of Railmatter Mr. Hanson had no doubt but that the bridge would be built but the question was, when. Mr. Clark told

> The Saint John Telegraph, following the lead taken by The Daily Mail, also wired to its correspondent at Otstruction would commence. Hon. C. D. Howe, minister of transport, told the Telegraph-Journal's correspondent that "construction would commence as

At the Board of Trade meeting last C. D. Howe that the bridge was "all right." This was the promise that matter was out of his hands and that he has no information in regard to it. it would be in the public interest to make this information public and not ers whether they hold ministerial positions or official ones.