

# YOUTH CONGRESS IN OTTAWA ARGUES AGAINST CANADA'S MILITARY SERVICE ACT

## War Instrument of Capitalism Brings Heated Discussion

Causes of War and Peace Measures on Agenda of Congress

Canadian Youth Commission Advocated

Programme Covers Many Subjects Beneficial to Youth

OTTAWA, Ont., May 26—The representatives of youth of Canada meeting here in turning their deliberations to methods of peace and war. The attention of the Canadian Congress of Youth was focused yesterday on matters of war and peace, and on the situation of young men and women in the present day economic setup. Opinions, ranging from Moderate Right to Extreme Left, was expressed.

In the matter of unemployment, the congress adopted the draft of an act which they urged be presented at the next parliamentary session. This contemplated establishment of a "Canadian Youth Commission", comprising representatives from farm and labor organizations, youth and other associations connected with social service, education, recreation and consumer's activities.

Local boards would be created under jurisdiction of the national commission, which would provide funds for scholarships, bursaries and needy undergraduate students in universities. Other tasks falling to the commission would be provision to employment for needy university men.

Public works to take care of farm-youths, to provide for apprenticeships and contemplating also the establishment of public parks, playgrounds and swimming pools as well as dramatic musical and recreational centres were advocated.

The congress urged setting up a commission by the League of Nations to enquire into the causes of war, while Canada was asked to consider the relation of the British Commonwealth to international matters of trade and investment. The congress also directed this country to insist "complete political and economic freedom be given to British colonies and dependencies".

Canada should determine its own participation in war in all cases, and according to another resolution, the "Military Service" should be repealed and "all propaganda and designs for recruiting for voluntary military service should be discontinued".

A related resolution which declared war to be the instrument of capitalism and which would not be crushed until capitalism itself was abolished was voted down.

## LIEUT. GOVERNOR TO BE HONORED IN EDINBURGH

To represent the University of New Brunswick at celebrations of the University of London and to receive an honorary degree from the University of Edinburgh. Lieutenant-Governor MacLaren will leave Saint John towards the end of this week on a visit to England and Scotland.

During the six weeks that Governor MacLaren will be absent, Chief Justice Baxter will act as administrator.

The Governor, who already possesses one honorary degree of Doctor of Laws, conferred by University of New Brunswick, of which he is a graduate, will receive a similar degree from the University of Edinburgh where he pursued his medical studies before going to Vienna.

Major Barker, A.D.C., is in Saint John today conferring with the Lieutenant-Governor before he leaves for the Old Country.



VISCOUNT WILLINGDON

## FORMER GOV.-GENERAL RECEIVES SECOND APPOINTMENT FROM KING

The Marquis of Willingdon, formerly governor general of Canada as the Earl of Willingdon, has been appointed lord warden of the Cinque Ports. The organization of the Cinque Ports (Five Ports) dates back to the time of the Norman Conquest (1066). Originally constituting the body were Hastings, Romney, Hythe, Dover and Sandwich, but to these afterwards were added the ancient towns of Winchelsea and Rye, both with the same privileges as the original, and several others with the title of limb or member and holding a subordinate position. Among the latter were Seaford, Lydd, Old Romney, Folkestone, Faversham, Margate Deal and Ramsgate, the jurisdiction thus extending from Seaford in Sussex to Margate in Kent, and including part of the Essex Coast.

The duty of the Cinque Ports up

until the reign of Henry VII (about 1500) was to furnish all the ships and men needed for the King's service. For a long time thereafter they were required to give considerable assistance to the permanent fleet. In return for their services the ports enjoyed extensive privileges.

The Marquess of Willingdon succeeds to the highest office in connection with the Cinque Ports—that of lord warden—last occupied by the late Marquess of Reading, and held in 1905 by the Prince of Wales, later George V. The lord warden, who receives an annual salary of £3,000 a year, is also constable of Dover Castle, the two offices being held for centuries by the same persons, although still distinct appointments.

Both Lord and Lady Willingdon during their tenure of office in Canada were very popular with all classes of citizens.

## The Temperance Question

The Christian Temperance League of New Brunswick is meeting today at the Wilmot United church. The Daily Mail wishes them every success because we believe that they are sincere in their views, although we may not agree with these views in every respect. However, if the New Brunswick Christian Temperance League can do anything to check the wave of intemperance which has apparently swept over this country in recent years, then more power to them. For the last few years, apparently starting at the close of the Great War, there is no shutting our eyes to the fact that this country has experienced a wave of intemperance such as was never experienced in former years. Before the war it was quite a common thing to see a man drunk on the street from time to time, but if a young man went to a dance and had the smell of liquor on him he could not get a girl to dance with him. If he had a flask on his hip he would not be asked back to a similar function. Nowadays in a great many cases if a man does not bring a flask on his hip and be prepared to treat the girl he is looked upon as rather slow. The chances are that he will not be asked to another dance. This is a fact. There is hardly a public function today, and this includes functions at educational and other institutions, where in some cases both the men and the women get "full." Unfortunately this does not apply to old toppers only, but to the young men and girls just budding into manhood and womanhood. At a recent function held not far from Fredericton young men and women were "picked to the eyes," as one of them afterwards described it. One young man called up by this paper the next morning and asked to give us an account of a certain dance that was held stated that while he had charge of the function that he positively could not remember whether it had taken place or not. This is not an isolated case. It is true and The Daily Mail can quote a hundred just like it. We know of one denominational institution in which the students had to be carried to the train when they were going home to spend their vacation. A poor return for the hard-earned money that was spent on them! And also a poor return by this college for the faith which was reposed in it by the parents. Any institution which is not able to control a thing like this and at which students are allowed to go and fall around the floors while dancing should get out of business.

If the Christian Temperance League can find some constructive remedy for the evils which we have mentioned and for evils in the way of intemperance in regard to other things as well as liquor, and will keep clear of politics, it will deserve encouragement. The trouble with some of the members of the League in the past was that they were too narrow. They believed that every man who took a drink was headed straight for hell. They evidently were intemperate in some things themselves, because they were not temperate in their language. They were absolutely in favor of prohibition whether prohibition prohibited or not. It was not the results, it was the name that they seemed to be struck on. Prohibition which does not prohibit is no good.

Everyone who has watched the so-called liquor control for the past fifty years knows perfectly well that there has been no control, and that the poorest system of the whole lot was the so-called Prohibition, which was in existence a few years ago. We know of one very prominent bootlegger in New Brunswick who told us that he would be willing to contribute \$10,000 to the Temperance Party if they could keep prohibition in force, as it was under prohibition that his business flourished. The old Scott Act was a fake from start to finish. Anybody, man, woman or child, white, black or Indian, could buy booze day or night, Sunday or Monday, under the Scott Act. UNDER PROHIBITION AS WE HAVE SEEN IT THE BOOTLEGGER FLOURISHED AS DID ALSO THE DRUG-STORE AND THE DOCTORS WHO SOLD THE "PERS." The present scheme while it has its faults like every other human organization, seems to us that if it were properly managed it would be an ideal one. We think that a mistake was made when the Liquor store was opened in the evening as it will do more harm than good. This scheme can control if it is allowed to do so.

There is no person who will uphold liquor drinking, especially to excess and say that it is right. Different people have different ideas in regard to the matter and IF THE CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE LEAGUE CAN COME OUT WITH SOME CONSTRUCTIVE, PRACTICAL PROPOSITION TO CONTROL OR ELIMINATE THE INTEMPERATE USE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND TO CURTAIL OR PREVENT ITS CONSUMPTION AMONGST THE YOUNG PEOPLE OF BOTH SEXES WHICH IS GOING ON TODAY AND WHICH IS A DISGRACE TO OUR CIVILIZATION AND A BREEDER OF MORE HEINOUS CRIMES THEN THE CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE LEAGUE DESERVES THE HEARTY SUPPORT OF ALL CLASSES. THE DAILY MAIL WISHES IT EVERY SUCCESS IN ITS DELIBERATIONS.

### WRANGLE OVER HORSE

Will Murphy of Hoyt was arrested by R.C.M.P. officers recently and will appear before Magistrate Kimball at Oromocto this afternoon, charged with misrepresentation of funds The informant in the case is Commodore Carr of Geary. The case arose out of payment of money in exchange for a horse.

The apron committee of St. Paul's Ladies' Aid are holding a tea at home of Mrs. A. B. Kitchen, Church street tomorrow afternoon from four o'clock until 6:30. Admission 25 cents.

### CAMPS CONCLUDE WORK

The forestry, geology and engineering camps for undergraduates at the University of New Brunswick, which have been going on for the past two weeks were concluded on Saturday, and the students who were doing this work as part of their regular curriculum activities will receive credit marks towards their degrees.

### MEETING POSTPONED

The meeting of the Horticultural Society which was to have been held at the Experimental Station on May 27, has been postponed to June 15.

## LONDON TALKS WITH SOVIETS ARE CONTINUED

Soviets Demand Fleet Revision — Claim Separate Unit in Far East Essential.

LONDON, England, May 26—Great Britain and Russia proceeded to a discussion of fundamental issues in their negotiations for a naval agreement just after Moscow announced any London limitation of the Soviet Far Eastern fleet must also bind Japan.

One of the principal problems was raised, an authoritative source said by the Soviet Union's desire to divide its naval undertakings into two spheres — the Far Eastern and the European. The British preferred to treat the Soviet fleet as one unit.

The programme for the conversations was settled in a preliminary exchange of views at the first meeting of the conferees last Wednesday, designed to make clear the Soviet attitude toward the London naval treaty between Britain, the United States and France.

### MAKING PROGRESS

Continued progress was made by the Garson Wrecking Company over the weekend on the work of raising the wreckage of the old C.N.R. bridge from the river waters here. Between sixty and seventy feet of the channel has been cleared and the S. S. Majestic on its weekend trip here navigated the channel with plenty of space to spare. The wrecking company officials reported today that the span between piers two and three is now raised entirely out of the water and the work of cutting it up will be proceeded with rapidly. It is necessarily a slow process but the work is going ahead steadily.



LADY WILLINGDON

## Air Crash, Northern Ontario, With Six Killed

Clarke, Experienced Pilot, Leo Springer, Mining Man, Among Dead

Poor Flying Conditions; 3 Unidentified

Clarke Did Heroic Work Among Indians During Flu 1929

## K. C. CONVENTION AT CHATHAM WAS MOST SUCCESSFUL

New State Deputy Elected—E. J. Cormier Retires as Secretary-Treasurer.

(Special to The Daily Mail) CHATHAM, N. B., May 25—The annual provincial convention of the Knights of Columbus was held in Chatham yesterday and was attended by delegates from all over the province.

With impressive ceremony, solemn high mass was celebrated at St. Michael's Cathedral yesterday morning, with Rev. F. M. Lockary, state chaplain, Saint John, the celebrant, and Rev. Father Ryan and Rev. Father Saindon, deacon and sub-deacon in the sanctuary were Most Rev. P. A. Chiasson; Rev. J. M. Burns, parish priest; Rev. B. J. Murdoch, who preached a sermon appropriate to the occasion, and Rev. J. D. Keane, of St. Thomas College. St. Michael's choir, under the leadership of Prof. Felix Bertrand, was in attendance.

Preceding the church ceremony, a procession of members, headed by the drum and bugle band of St. Thomas' College, led by Francis O'Leary marched from the Knights of Columbus rooms of the local council to the Cathedral. Many gathered to view them.

Following the parade from the church, all assembled at the Knights of Columbus Hall, where with words of heavy welcome on behalf of the citizens of Chatham, Mayor E. S. Jack addressed the large gathering. Bishop Chiasson joined with Mayor Clark in extending a cordial reception to the visitors.

The convention opened with the retiring state deputy, L. L. Theriault was taken up with the reading of re-

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AMOS, Quebec, May 26—Word has come from Northern Quebec of an air crash which claimed the life of six people. Pilot W. H. Clarke, his mechanic, Georges Millhan, and four passengers were killed in the crash of a General Airways plane between Chibougamau Lake and Senneterre, Quebec, yesterday, according to word received here last night.

Only one other of the six dead was identified. From Rouyn, Que., came confirmation six were killed in the crash and word the third man identified was Leo Springer, prominent Canadian mining man and head of Ceres Explorations Limited.

The wreckage of the plane, lying upside down, was discovered by Pilot Geth Edwards of General Airways' Rouyn base. Airmen blamed bad weather for the tragedy and said poor flying conditions had been reported from two points to the immediate vicinity of the crash.

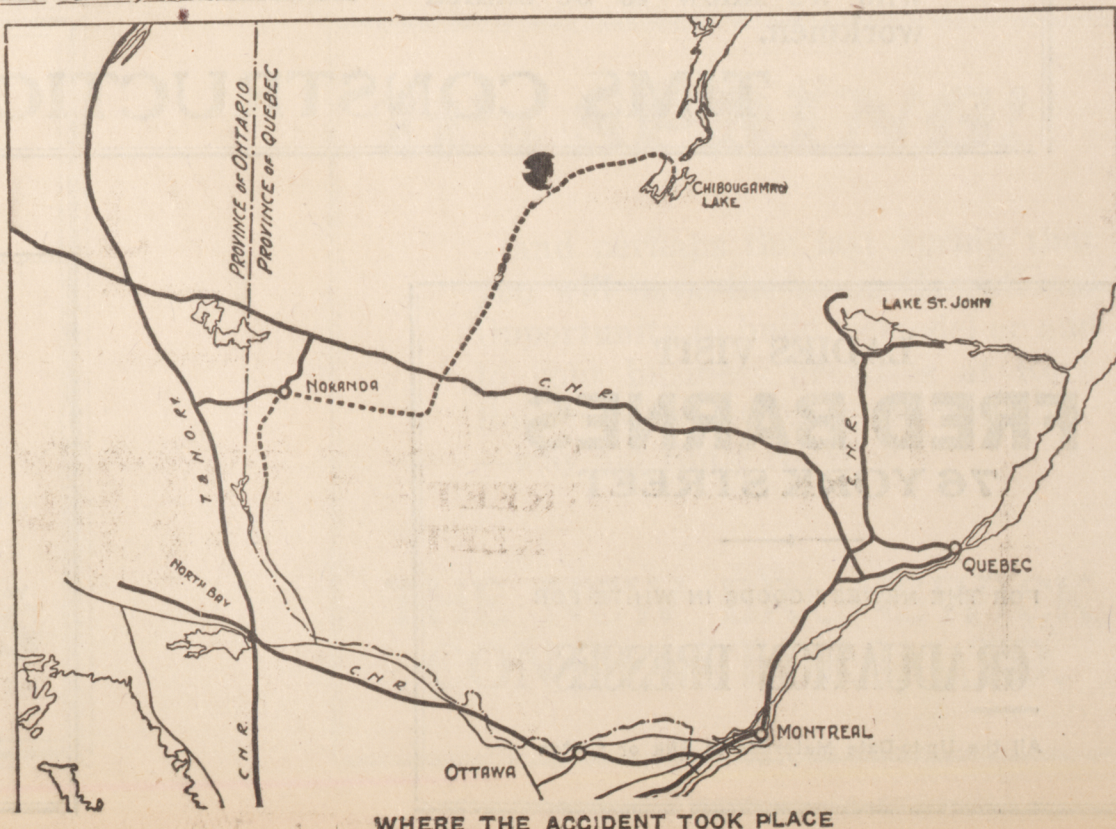
First rumor of the crash reached this mining settlement 175 miles northeast of North Bay, Ont., yesterday afternoon. Meagre details arrived after night settled down over the mining country.

Discovers Wreckage Pilot Edwards was sent out from Rouyn to search for the plane when it was unreported. The wreckage was discovered, about half a mile from Lake Chibougamau and about 100 miles from Amos.

It was understood the three unidentified dead were prospectors picked up at Father Lake and Presque Isle Lake by Springer's party which was on an inspection trip of mining properties.

Two planes are scheduled to fly a party of air officials in to the scene of the crash from Rouyn today. With them will be Capt. Roy Brown, president of General Airways and the Royal Canadian Air Force flier credited with shooting down Baron von Richthofen, the greatest of Germany's Great War fliers.

Coroner in Party With the party will go a coroner and the six bodies will be flown out to (Continued on Page Four)



WHERE THE ACCIDENT TOOK PLACE