

## THE DAILY MAIL

NEW BRUNSWICK'S ONLY HOME COMMUNITY PAPER

THE MAIL PUBLISHING COMPANY — J. L. NEVILLE, Managing Editor.

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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, NOVEMBER 2, 1937

## REV. MR. GUIOU RESIGNS

CITIZENS OF FREDERICTON will regret that the ill health of Rev. G. W. Guion has made it necessary for him to resign his pastorate of the Brunswick Street Baptist Church. Rev. Mr. Guion, who has held the pastorate of the Church for seven years, was well known and popular, not only with his own congregation, but with all citizens with whom he came in contact. Mr. Guion took an active interest in all that is for the interest of Fredericton. He was a good citizen and his removal from Fredericton will be learned with feelings of great regret. It is hoped that before many months Mr. Guion's health will have improved to such an extent that he will be able again to resume his active duties in the Ministry. The Daily Mail joins with the citizens generally in extending best wishes to Rev. Mr. Guion and his estimable wife.

## WHY RECOVERY SLOWED DOWN

SPEAKING TO A CHICAGO AUDIENCE this week, Dr. Harold G. Moulton, President of the Brookings Institute, analyzed the current business scene. Unlike the more hysterical who still regard the stock market as the only barometer of business trends, he did not accept the recent heavy decline in stocks as the prelude to another depression. On the contrary, he described the situation as a "business recession," something very different, and Dr. Moulton's position in one of the most authoritative economic and financial research institutions in the world gives weight to his views.

In his opinion there was one primary cause for the present hesitation. That was the "aggressive labor movements early in 1937," resulting in maladjustment through "shorter hours and higher pay, which were wholly unrelated in efficiency." With it were listed the Government's "only slight improvement" in fiscal operations and the continuous discussion and controversy over, if not enactment of, ill-conceived legislation. A fourth cause was the great increase in international tension.

Having established the basis, Dr. Moulton declined to pose as a prophet as to the possible extent and duration of the recession. Those factors which he was able to cite as favorable to a "relatively quick recovery" indicate that he is anything but pessimistic. One is the fact that the recession began before, rather than after, a great period of industrial expansion. Too, there is still a great need for houses and other durable goods, which must have a stimulating effect, while it "appears certain agricultural purchasing power" will remain relatively large for some months to come.

Considering the primary cause of the reaction, there is further optimism to be drawn from the professor's belief that the labor atmosphere was cleared, "the movement to accomplish the millennium overnight checked by its very excesses." Holding the Government's power to influence conditions directly as not very great, he suggested that a "manifestation of a co-operative rather than a punitive attitude" toward business might have far-reaching effects in restoring confidence, while tax readjustments in some particular instances would be a certain aid.

On the adverse side he placed the high public debt and the fact that deficits would increase in direct ratio to any business shrinkage. The effects of this will depend a great deal, however, on how quickly recovery does take place. Of equal influence, perhaps, is the other adverse condition arising out of international uncertainty, both in the military and financial phases.

Professor Moulton's case is exceedingly clear. On the whole it is very likely as close to a correct analysis as can be had. But it will disappoint the pessimistic, for there is in it little that is analogous to the situation in 1929. For several reasons it is more optimistic this side of the border than on the one where it was made. We have not had the same irrational labor troubles and there is no evidence of a reduction in industrial activity here such as has occurred in the steel and textile industries in the United States.

In addition the "very high wage rates," which Dr. Moulton asserted would be difficult to modify and likely to result in a low volume of employment and low annual income in such fields as housing construction, do not have to be faced. Further, recovery in Canada, if somewhat influenced by conditions in the United States, has on the whole been a gradual and natural development, entirely free of the artificial stimulation which, unquestionably, is a partial explanation for the jittery caution evident in American business.

## SCHOOL DOCTOR'S AIMS

ONE need not be versed in the professional details to understand the statement, made before the American Association of School Physicians, that the school physician's work may "develop into the dignity of a specialty of medical practice." Aside from all its connection with education and individual welfare, the job has public significance coming to view in stronger light.

The general health of tomorrow's working generations has become a major governmental interest, and health of youth, which comes under the school doctor's eye for mass inspection, is at the bottom of the measure.

The "specialty of medical practice" may be expected to develop methods and policies not unlike those established by Army physicians. The regimental doctor's job is to keep his men fit, protect the whole against incipient epidemics, and fight relentlessly against contagious or infectious diseases. Except for differences related to age, the school doctor's function is similar and, as predicted by Dr. J. H. J. Upham, president of the American Medical Association, is likely to become more important.

## Snapshots

Who skinned the cow moose? Did they shoot it first and kill it afterwards? Perhaps this would be a case for the game warden to inquire into if they do not know anything about it.

The City Council last evening lined up behind the Board of Trade in supporting the McGivney-Devon valley route to the seaport at Saint John.

The Province of New Brunswick has the record for illiterate people, or the lowest of nearly any province in Canada. It is surpassed only by the Yukon. It is the only province in Canada, as pointed out by The Citizen, and it is understood to be the only place in Canada where an execution may be issued and a person committed to jail for debt without the formality of a court action. The sooner that we get away from these two blots on our province the better.

A Devon girl in a letter to The Daily Mail says that when we talk about the dirty river bank at Devon, that we should also take a look at our own river bank above and below the highway bridge. By Gosh, she is right. We will have to take off our hats to the Devon girl. She's a smart girl. She is right, our bank looks like blazes. She thinks that we are fresh. If she will come in and see us she will find that we are not a bit fresh. Did she notice any dead flies in the window of the Devon town hall?

Do we want service stations on Queen Street or do we not? If one concern is allowed to erect a service station on Queen Street then every concern should be allowed to do the same wherever they may be able to purchase a lot. There should be no objection, however, to a properly constructed depot.

The local clergyman who got after indecent shows in his last Sunday night sermon had the right idea. Some of our public men should take a hint and "bow their heads in shame."

Map Of Canada  
In Great Demand

The Department of Mines and Resources has issued a third edition of the new map of Canada. This "100-mile to the inch" sheet has proved very popular and since it was first published about two years ago over 20,000 copies have been distributed to applicants in all parts of the Dominion and abroad. The new issue of 10,000 copies is to meet the continued demand for this map. The map shows the provinces, districts, railway lines, cities, towns, main rivers, and principal lakes and islands. It is 25 inches by 36 inches in size and is suitable for ready reference for general information about Canada's 3,694,863 square miles of territory.

Copies of this map may be obtained from the Surveyor General, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa at 25 cents per copy. A copy will be furnished free to any school upon the application of the principal or school board.

## Classified Ads

RATE: 25 words 25 cents per insertion. Each additional word 1/2 cent.

LOST—In city, short time ago, lady's plain gold bracelet, valued as keepsake. Finder please leave at The Daily Mail office. Reward.

## INSURGENTS

(Continued from Page One)

Just before leaving for the Brussels conference on the Far Eastern conflict, Mr. Eden stated Great Britain "in this difficult Far Eastern situation would go as far as the United States in full agreement with them—not rushing in front but not being left behind."

"I feel I ought to make it quite plain that the initiative for holding the conference in Brussels never came from us at all but from the United States government itself." He stressed that any action "that can be taken in the Far Eastern dispute does essentially depend on the co-operation of the United States of America."

Shifting from war in the Far East to the troubled European situation, Mr. Eden, with what he described as his own "appalling frankness," declared:

"The House no doubt will have observed that during recent days a country that had itself as the outcome of the Great War gained very considerable accessions of territory in Europe and also received certain territorial concessions in Africa from the countries which were its allies in the Great War, has now championed the claim of Germany to African possessions."

"I must declare plainly we do not admit the right of any government to call upon us for a contribution when there is no evidence to show that that government is prepared to make any contribution of their own account."

Mr. Eden's reference to territory from allied nations was believed to be in connection with the ceding by Great Britain and France of some territory by treaty to the Italian colony of Libya.

Italy also received the valley of the John River, formerly part of the German Southwest Africa. It was cut from the British mandate of German Southwest Africa and added to Italian Somaliland.

Also in Europe  
In Europe, Italy received 7,350 square miles of former Austrian territory as a result of the Great War, the most important portions being Venezia, Iredentia, Istria, Gorizia and Gradisca.

There are many who believe that communistic propaganda is respon-

## BRITISH FAIR PLAY

(Continued from Page One)

One thing leads to another. There is today spreading across Canada a wave of Communism which if not checked is bound to result seriously for the people of this Dominion. This Communistic sentiment is getting a foothold in the Western provinces, in Ontario, and it is said to be spreading to the Maritime Provinces. There are probably influences in Quebec which will prevent it getting a foothold in that province. It behooves us to be on our guard. While certain members who have been active in Minto have also been active on the Communistic platform in the upper provinces, there is nothing as yet to prove that the Minto troubles are connected with Communism. But from the standpoint of British liberty and British fair play, the conditions which have existed at Minto within the last week are something that shouldn't be allowed in this country. The present state of affairs is against all principles of British fair play and we see no way in which it can successfully be defended.

There is no doubt about it, the Fair Wage Board which has under investigation the conditions at the Minto mine will make a report in the near future. The sooner this report is made the better, and if it is found that the conditions are not satisfactory the Fair Wage Board will demand that they be made so. If the Fair Wage Board declines to act promptly in the matter, public opinion will demand that it does so. If it is found that conditions are not satisfactory and that they are not being remedied properly the public will be behind the employees one hundred per cent. The Daily Mail will be the first to stick up for the men and to advocate that they get decent treatment. But the present strike carried on as to whether the U. M. W. should or should not be recognized is another matter. In our opinion in a free country if a man wants a union shop he could have it, and if he wants an open shop he could have it. If his employees refuse to work unless it is a union shop they have a perfect right to stop working, but as stated above under all principles of British justice and fair play they have no right to forcibly or otherwise prevent men, who wish to do so, from going to work.

## OUR MAIL BAG

DEVON GIRL TALKS

Devon, Oct. 28, 1937.

To the Editor Daily Mail.

Dear Sir:

There is an old saying that "people in glass houses should not throw stones." A parody on that old and often used quotation is "Those who live in dirty surroundings should not throw mud."

I live in Devon and cross the bridge daily. Please, Mr. Editor, take time off from your finding beams in other peoples' eyes, first remove the mote in your own eye.

Go down to the bridge and see the pile of street sweepings (filth) that is put there day after day by city of Fredericton employees. The wharf is Dominion property but your city is making it a dump place. Don't look so far away, just stand any day at the Arctic Rink and see the street sweepers unload what they have collected for us coming from Devon to admire. At freshet time a portion is swept away to put grit on the clean lumber piled nearby.

You are getting too fresh. Go chase yourself.

A DEVON GIRL.

sible for the present situation in Spain.

G. A hint that the Foreign Office possessed information to show that there had been violations in nonintervention on behalf of the Spanish government as well as in support of the insurgents.

"An interesting thing the figures show," he said, "is that from January to September of this year, Russia's shipping to Spain is nearly 10 times as much in weight and 4½ times in value as in the corresponding period of 1936."

He said it was not necessarily true as Lloyd George suggested, "that the weight of the policy of nonintervention has been on one side. I venture to forecast that when full details are given of the arrival of munitions to both sides, this House will have some surprises."

In a thrust at dictatorial diplomacy, Mr. Eden said he had noticed a tendency to use highly dangerous methods, "an inclination to threaten."

## Capitol

NOW PLAYING

... Here come two of the boys with different ideas about the same girl — and she has ideas of her own!

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"MIDNIGHT TAXI"

—ADDED ATTRACTION—

The Jones Family  
In The Comedy Hit!  
"Off To The Races"

to issue orders from the housetops, to proclaim that which is virtually an ultimatum and call it peace."

Meanwhile the battle cruiser Hood dispatched from Palma, Mallorca, to Barcelona, Spain, where Vice Admiral A. B. Cunningham will investigate the sinking of the Jean Weems.

## SAVANTS

(Continued from Page One)

The sisters themselves took the whole thing in stride, no more self-conscious than the day they were born and showing the fruits of Dr. Allan Dafoe's method of training them like "little princesses."

## DIED

GREGG—Passed away at Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 2, 1937, Nora June Gregg six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard E. Gregg, 774 Union Street. Funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 3, with service at Christchurch Cathedral at 3 o'clock. Very Rev. Dean W. H. Moorhead will conduct the service. Interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery.

## GAIETY

NOW PLAYING



A UNIVERSAL PICTURE featuring  
JOHN KING, RICHARD CROMWELL,  
SLIM SUMMERVILLE, ALAN DEWINE,  
BARBARA READ, LOUISE FAZENDA,  
NOAH BEERY, JR., MAURICE MURPHY,  
JOHN EMERY, ETIENNE GIRARDOT

Screen Play by

R. C. Sheriiff

and

Charles Kenyon

A

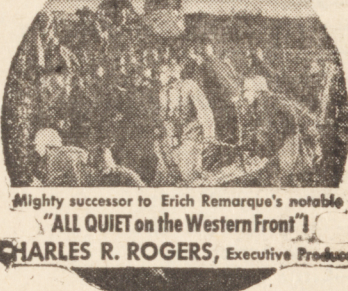
JAMES WHALE

PRODUCTION

Associate

Producer,

Edmund Grainger



Shows 2:30; 7:15 and 9:20

Here WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

JANE WITHERS

—in—

"THE HOLY TERROR"

SPECIAL MATINEE

Wednesday at 3:45

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the Job and Deliver It To You.

The Mail Publishing Co.

Summer time brings many children  
back to the old home—among pleasant mem-  
ories renewed will be the Tea they used in  
childhood—"RED ROSE."



RED ROSE Crushed COFFEE  
pleases particular folks.

10

## Three Good Reasons For Leaving Your Estate In Trust.

A wife and two children are three of the best reasons for leaving your estate in trust.

There is nothing mysterious about a trust. It's simply a practical arrangement to provide experienced and conservative management for the property you leave. It's an arrangement which gives to your wife and children all the benefits from your property and relieves them of the burdens, the dangers and the liabilities of management.

In managing trust funds this institution makes no pretense of being infallible. But, it can and does do many things which most individuals are unable to do to minimize the risks of investment. In this connection it may be of interest that this Company supervises the investments of a number of corporations and endowed institutions.

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