

Respiratory Diseases Reach Serious Proportions in U.S.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S
HOME COMMUNITY
PAPER

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LATEST IN
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THE EYES OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICIANS TURNED TODAY ON SPANISH MOROCCO

New Brunswick Potato Belt Will Reap Full Benefit

Hon. A. C. Taylor Points Out Results Accruing to Farmer
Government Has Developed New Market
Increased Prices Now Obtained For Leading Commodity

Hon. A. C. Taylor, Minister of Agriculture, was the principal speaker at the Supper given by the Warden of York County here last evening. Mr. Taylor represented the Provincial Government in the unavoidable absence of the Premier.

The Minister is, as his friends know, modest and unassuming, but had no difficulty in convincing those who listened to him last evening that he knew exactly what he was talking about. He had a splendid story of achievement to relate and he told it exceedingly well. Particularly pleasing was his reference to the progress being made by farmers located in the fertile Saint John Valley in the production of bacon hogs, and expressed appreciation of their co-operation with his department. The story he told of the development by the government of a new and profitable market for New Brunswick seed potatoes in Argentina was almost unbelievable. Yet the farmers of New Brunswick's great potato growing belt have every reason to know that he spoke the simple truth. The action of the government in removing two hundred and fifty carloads of potatoes from the local market, re-directed to the advantage of every farmer in the province in the form of increased prices for a leading commodity. The Minister's graceful tribute to the successful Jersey breeders of the Parishes of Stanley and Manners-Sutton, York County, struck a responsive chord, and will be appreciated by the sturdy farmers of those parishes. The Minister struck a decidedly optimistic note in his remarks but it was fully justified by the marked improvement in the realm of agriculture.

SKIPPER TELLS OF 'JONAH FEAT'

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8 — Capt. Mike Dolan, as Irish as his name, skipper of a "killer ship" in the whaling fleet of the Seattle Whaling Company, came to New Orleans with Mrs. Dolan for a month's stay "just to take things easy for a spell and get my shore legs in proper cruising order."

Dolan is an official of the U. S. Marine Research League, and is champion harpooner of the world. His ship took 1,139 whales on one trip.

A whaling expedition lasts three years. Ships usually set out around Feb. 15 and make port in December three years later. It takes four months of sailing to reach the whaling grounds in the frigid Antarctic and four more to get back.

"Whales," said the gray-haired, ruddy skipper, "are a curious and ornery lot, not to say stubborn. Nobody knows how long the critter lives, but I've killed whales that have harpoons in 'em that had been there for more than a century."

Whalebone Demand Cut

One of the biggest sources of revenue in the whaling business, he said, once came from furnishing women with whalebone for their corsets. Now that's a thing of the past.

Dolan led up to a discourse on the Bible and Jonah.

"Well, I won't say 'yes' and I won't say 'no.' Funny thing about whales. Their throats are much smaller than you'd think; some have throats only three and a half inches across."

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BIG ADVANCES IN MEDICINE IN YEAR 1936

TORONTO, Jan. 8—This last year has been notable in medical progress not only in new knowledge and new discoveries but in the application of this knowledge and these discoveries to the actual treatment of diseases. Dr. Henry C. Wales, president of the Academy of Medicine, Toronto, said in a recent address.

He mentioned particularly the discovery of protamine insulin, advances in the treatment of specific arthritis, pernicious anaemia, gangrene, high blood pressure and cancer, and increased knowledge in the etiology of cancer and in virus infections. Advances of the past year promised further advances in the new year, he said. There was increased use of serum in the treatment of pneumonia, and of surgery to increase the coronary circulation of the heart. There was also the possibility of greater knowledge being had of the common cold.

Protamine Insulin

"Among highlights, the discovery of protamine insulin is a great advance over the old insulin and has fulfilled all the hopes it gave promise to in the simplification of the treatment of diabetes," he said. Where it is used very few diabetics now require more than one dose of the new drug daily to keep their blood sugar at normal levels and to keep them in good health.

"The intra-muscular use of liver extract in the treatment of pernicious anaemia is a great advance in liver therapy, particularly in those cases showing spinal cord changes. Another important advance in our knowledge is in the treatment of specific arthritis by fever therapy. Progress also has been made in our knowledge of virus infections. The common cold is now thought to be of virus origin, and if this virus can be definitely isolated this solution of the problem of the common cold may be made possible."

Vitamin B Isolated

"Another important work has been the isolation of Vitamin B and the discovery of its relationship to alcoholic neuritis," he continued. "Very great advances also have been made in the general knowledge of the hormones, especially the sex hormones and the part they play in the etiology of cancer. This is a completely new

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FARMERS START SPRING PLOWING, LETTUCE SPROUTS IN NOVA SCOTIA

HALIFAX, Jan. 8—Unusually mild weather continued to prevail through out Nova Scotia tonight and most districts reported frost had not yet entered the ground.

Several farmers in Pictou County were taking advantage of the mild spell to make a start on their spring plowing. Provincial hockey schedules were all behind because of the mild weather.

Dandelions, buttercups and lilacs have been found in bloom in different sections of Nova Scotia.

"This isn't the kind of weather we used to have," Bridgetown's oldest resident said today. "Why, it's downright revolutionary—a temperature of 48 degrees on New Year's Day. Swiss chard and lettuce sprouting in your own backyard in mid-winter, pansies in bloom and lilacs in bud at this time of year."

Avoid the Danger

ALTHOUGH there is no immediate danger of the influenza reaching this section of the province, according to a statement made by the Health Department, at the same time Hon. Dr. Roberts, Minister of Health, says that the Department is mindful of the possibility of the epidemic spreading to this province. Hundreds of people both in the United States and in Europe are dying with the "flu" at the present time. In view of this fact the Department is considering measures to be taken should the epidemic become more prevalent here in the immediate future.

In the meantime throughout the province, and including this city, there are hundreds of cases of the gripe. It is also stated on good authority that there is an unusually large number of cases of pneumonia in Fredericton at the present time. In many business houses and offices in this city several of the staff are confined to their homes through cold and la gripe. One doctor in speaking to The Daily Mail today regarding the prevalence of gripe and heavy colds stated that it was a good idea for people to stay out in the fresh air as much as possible, to keep away from crowds, and to not get over-tired. He stated that a person should at the first sign of a heavy cold, go home and get into bed and stay there, until all traces of the cold have disappeared. Many people get up too soon and move about with the result that they have a relapse and this is often followed by serious consequences.

There is nothing to be alarmed about at the present time, according to a statement made at the provincial Health Department this morning. At the same time it is well to take every precaution in order to avoid the spread of the "flu."

Those who remember the "flu" of 1919 would not wish to see such an epidemic break out again in this province. The "flu" of 1919, which followed the Great War, too, a large number of lives in this province and it was said at the time that the total number of deaths from the "flu" throughout the world in 1919 was greater than the casualty list of the war of the previous year. The epidemic of 1925 was a milder one. The present unprecedented weather conditions probably have a lot to do with the outbreak of colds and gripe which is taking place in this vicinity just now.

MR. AND MRS. J. DOLPHIN SAILED YESTERDAY

(Special to The Daily Mail)

NEW YORK, Jan. 8—Escaping from the mist, rain and generally unseasonable weather toward the sunshine of the Caribbean, 50 Canadians today sailed in the Canadian Pacific Liner, Empress of Australia on an 18-day cruise to the West Indies.

Carrying a total passenger list of 350, the Empress sailed sharp at 11 a.m. from Pier 59, North River, for St. Pierre, Martinique. Later calls will be made at Fort de France, Port of Spain, La Guaira, Willemstad, Kingston and Havana.

Canadian passengers included Mr. and Mrs. J. Dolphin, of Marysville, N. B. The Empress of Australia, commanded by Captain W. G. Busk-Wood, R.D., R.N.R., is scheduled to make West Indies cruises this winter. Her next departure from New York will be on January 27.

GERMANY WILL SELL SHIPS TO THE INSURGENTS

BERLIN, Jan. 8—The time for release of the cargo and prisoner which were taken off the Palos has elapsed. The German government is going to sell the two Spanish ships to the insurgent government.

FOUR NEW MEMBERS HOUSE OF COMMONS

OTTAWA, Jan. 8—Clatter of cavalry, boom of guns, blare of brass bands, clank of swords and jingle of spurs in the Governor-General's parade through the hall of fame; discomfort of statesmen in gold braided uniforms clasped too tightly around the throat, flutter and excitement of beautiful women in gorgeous gowns and unbecoming conduct of Commonsers who tattle at the bar of the Senate as His Excellency reads the speech from the Throne.

These are advance glimpses of the scene on Parliament Hill when Lord Tweedsmuir formally sets in motion on Jan. 14 the second session of Canada's eighteenth Parliament.

Four new members of the House will be introduced, three of them taking their seats on the Liberal side and one with the Conservative group behind Mr. Bennett. The last is Simon Fraser Tolmie, former premier of British Columbia and one of the most distinguished native sons of that province, and the three Liberals are Dr. Rodolphe Leduc of Wright County, Quebec; Clarence J. Veniot, of Gloucester, N.B., and Albert Pinard of East Ottawa, who used to be in the Ontario Legislature. There will also be four new Senators, two from Quebec, one from Alberta and one from British Columbia.

INSURGENTS CLAIM SUCCESSES

(Special to The Daily Mail)

MADRID, Jan. 8—The insurgents claim several successes and several important points captured north of Madrid. Two navy warships bombarded a town on the Spanish side of France near the boundary lines. Not much damage was done to the international bridge.

PARIS, Jan. 8—The French government has sent a note to the insurgent government in regard to foreign troops in Spanish Morocco.

88 PNEUMONIA DEATHS 24 HOURS IN NEW YORK

Chicago Reports 189
Deaths in Past
Five Days

CHICAGO, Jan. 8—Sub-zero cold and traffic snarling snow beset the Western United States today while a widespread outbreak of influenza increased winter worries throughout the country.

The heaviest snow storm in 20 years burdened Arizona. Motorists turned back because of impassable highways and crowded Gallup, N.M., hotels. Transcontinental planes were grounded at Tucson. A thick fog kept airlines in their hangars at Chicago.

Predictions of rising temperatures were received with mingled feelings. Some medical authorities feared moderation would hamper efforts to stem the spread of influenza. The public health service reported at Washington the disease was on the increase all over the United States.

Respiratory diseases attained serious proportions. New York reported 88 pneumonia and influenza deaths in a 24-hour period, raising this week's total there to 299. Chicago counted 31 deaths in 24 hours and 189 in the past five days. The epidemic resulted in 13 fatalities in 24 hours at Denver.

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COST FOREIGN BUSINESS CUT BY HALF

OTTAWA, Jan. 8—Co-operation between the Post Office Department and Canadian Banks has reduced by half the cost to the Department of transacting business in foreign exchange. Last year the cost was \$37,000,000. The reduction will benefit the man of the street by lessening the cost of money orders especially to the United States and Great Britain.

Canadian Parliament Will Consider Home Improvement, Gold Clause, Penitentiary Reform, Farm Produce Grading, Etc.

GERMANY MORE OUTSPOKEN THAN ITALY IN REPLY

(Special to The Daily Mail)

LONDON, Jan. 8—In their reply to Great Britain, Germany and Italy held very similar views in regard to non-intervention. Both countries agreed that other countries should not take part and should adhere to regulations. Germany was more outspoken than Italy, but both agree that volunteers should be withdrawn from Spain and that no further troops should be sent and also insisted that all countries agree with it.

Germany says that if no agreement can be reached that her government will take its own force and also urge that all foreigners whether political agitators or fighting should be removed from Spain.

Arab Royal Commission Decides Not to Leave

(Special to The Daily Mail)

POLESTINE, Jan. 8—The Royal Commission has definitely decided not to leave for London next Monday as they had originally planned. The Arab Commission and High Commissioners are collecting material and selecting representatives to appear before the Royal Commission.

Spanish Morocco is Now Danger Zone European Crisis

Troops and Arms Are Pouring Into Ceuta From Germany
Would Receive Commercial Favors From Rebels
France and Great Britain in Conference Over Situation

GERMANY, ITALY FAVOR HALTING WAR VOLUNTEERS

Raise the Question of
Indirect Intervention

LONDON, Jan. 8—Germany and Italy last night informed Great Britain and France they approved in principle the halting of volunteers to take part in the Spanish civil war but at the same time raised the question of indirect intervention.

The long-delayed replies to the Anglo-French note of Dec. 23 in regard to banning volunteers indicate that new negotiations are to be undertaken in an effort to limit the conflict to the Iberian peninsula.

Germany's answer was delivered to the British and French embassies at Berlin; Italy's was given by Count Ciano, the foreign minister, to Sir Eric Drummond, the British ambassador, and French Charge D'Affaires Blondon at Rome.

Germany laid down three conditions for incorporation into any further non-intervention efforts:

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(Special to The Daily Mail)

PARIS, Jan. 8—The danger zone in international politics today was shifted suddenly to Spanish Morocco. In the past few days German troops and equipment have been pouring in at Ceuta, strategic point in Spanish Morocco. It is the belief that Germany is assisting and supervising the construction of heavy fortifications at Ceuta at this point has in mind the creating of a serious rival to Gibraltar.

France has already declared that she cannot allow this state of affairs to continue. She has communicated with England and both countries are holding conferences about it.

The French Moroccan administration in a report has informed the French government that Germany is conducting a large-scale military and commercial invasion of Spanish Morocco, a high authority said tonight.

The report, this authority asserted, said German marines had landed at the Spanish Moroccan port of Ceuta and preparations were being speeded for the arrival of "large bodies" of German troops.

It continued, he said, that German engineers were supervising the construction of heavy fortifications in Ceuta which will make it a serious rival to Gibraltar and that a part of many commercial concessions were granted to Germans, notably with regard to the Melilla iron ore mines.

THREE THINGS NOW MENACING EUROPE PEACE

(Special to The Daily Mail)

LONDON, Jan. 8—Three principal things in the opinion of European official authorities are now menacing the present peace of Europe. The first one is the Spanish Morocco situation. The second is the non-intervention agreement between England, France and Germany which the Germans have so twisted around as to make it almost impossible for a Democratic nation to go by. The third cause of unequilibrium in Europe is the dispute between France and Turkey over the districts of Antioch and Alexandretta. France wants to give these two districts their complete independence while Turkey holds that the people in these districts are predominantly Turkish and should become part of the nation of Turkey rather than become separate Republics.

GERMANY ACCUSED OF INSTIGATING TROUBLE

(Special to The Daily Mail)

PARIS, Jan. 8—It would seem as though Germany is trying to instigate trouble in Morocco in order to send troops there. According to an agreement between France and Spain no foreign troops are to be kept in Morocco.

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