

PROMINENT COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER HAD EXCITING EXPERIENCE WITH INDIANS

Cheyenne Tribe Staged a Sit-Down Strike at Swift Current --- Demanded Powder and Bullets

(Special to The Daily Mail)  
HALIFAX, N. S., June 18—One of the most colorful of the personalities attending the all-Canada convention of the Commercial Travellers' Association being held in the Nova Scotia Hotel of the Canadian National Railways here and dean of all the gathering is F. J. C. Cox, secretary of the North Western Commercial Travellers' Association of Winnipeg for the past 38 years.  
Born in Yorkshire, Eng., 77 years ago when a young man of 21 years he came to Canada and proceeded direct to Winnipeg travelling by the Grand Trunk Railway now part of the national system to Sarnia, Ont. Thence by the Northern Navigation Company to Duluth and from Duluth to Winnipeg by the Great Northern.  
In recounting his experiences in the Canadian west in the early days, Mr. Cox stated he sold a line of dry goods for a Montreal firm, J. Thibodeau. Dry goods in those days included also perfume, toilet soap and other like sundries. There were no railroads then to carry the ambassadors of commerce in the west which necessitated that they travel a great deal by horse and wagon. Mr. Cox would start out from Calgary with 15 or 16 trunks loaded onto a wagon and taking his seat on top of trunks head for Edmonton. He remembers a thrilling incident of which he was an eye witness when a band of some six or seven hundred Cheyenne Indians headed by Chief Piapoe staged a sit down strike at Swift Current. They demanded bullets, rifles, powder from the government before they would move. The Indians were all decked out in war paint and full war regalia and the handful of whites were feeling a bit worried over the situation. They collected all the fire arms they could in the shape of shot guns and rifles in case they should be called upon to defend themselves from attack. At last a message for help was sent to Regina and in response three lone Mounties with their horses arrived in a box car. The three Mounties went right into the middle of the band arrested the ring leader and got the Indians on the move to the reservation. One of the methods used by the white settlers to pacify the Indians at the time Mr. Cox related was to boil together chewing tobacco and tea and the resulting concoction was served out to the red men. The drinking of this brew produced in the Indians an effect similar to that resulting from the imbibing of fire water. Mr. Cox in the course of his career has crossed Canada from 50 to 60 times his last trip to the east being five years ago. He is still hale and hearty and his receipt for longevity is moderation in everything. Although he is 77 years of age he takes an active part in the affairs of the convention attending all the meetings and participating in the various social functions arranged for the entertainment of the delegates.

LADY TWEEDSMUIR VISITS CONVENTION

Quebec Women's Institute Members Greeted at St. Anne's --- Guest at Luncheon -- Interest of Her Excellency in Rural Women's Concerns is Recalled by Dr. W. H. Brittain.

STE. ANNE DE BELLEVUE, P. Q., June 18—The highlight of today's activities in connection with the 24th annual convention of the Quebec Women's Institute at Macdonald College was the presence of Her Excellency, the Lady Tweedsmuir, who paid her first visit to the college. Lady Tweedsmuir, who motored out from Montreal, was attended by Mrs. George Pape, lady-in-waiting, and accompanied by T. H. Matthews, registrar of McGill University.  
Her Excellency was met at the main entrance by Dr. W. H. Brittain acting principal of McGill University, who accompanied the viceregal party on a tour of the grounds which looked particularly lovely in their summer beauty, and after a half-hour ride around the campus, the party halted at the high school and then proceeded to the women's residence where the presentation took place.  
Her Excellency, wearing a black crepe gown printed in multi-colors of floral clusters and having elbow-length sleeves and a turquoise sash with which she wore a three-strand pearl necklace and an off-the-face black straw hat, was presented with a large bouquet of American Beauty roses by little Miss Bonnie Brittain on behalf of the institute members.  
Those presented to Her Excellency included Mrs. C. E. Petch, president Q.W.I.; Miss B. Philp, head of the School of Household Science; Dean Laird, of the School for Teachers; Mrs. Swales, vice-president of the Women's Union, and Mrs. W. H. Brittain, followed by the delegates to the convention presented by Miss Hazel B. McCain, superintendent Q. W.I. Those seated at the head table at the luncheon arranged by the School of Household Science, assisted by the Macdonald Women's Union, were besides Her Excellency Mrs. George Pape, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Brittain, Mrs. C. E. Petch, Mrs. Cameron Dow, Mrs. M. E. Honey, Miss B. Philp, Miss Abbie Pritchard and Mrs. Matthews.  
Dr. Brittain, in proposing the toast to Her Excellency, stated that the day was one long to be remembered being graced by the presence of Lady Tweedsmuir, who had done such fine work along the lines of improving that most ancient of all arts which was represented by the institute. Lady Tweedsmuir, he stated, who had for 17 years been a Women's institute member and for fifteen years a president, had inaugurated a book service for remote prairie settlements and had donated some of her own plays to assist the work in British Columbia, realizing that on the shoulders of the country women of the world rested the responsibility of establishing a true rural culture.  
Her Excellency, in replying, expressed pleasure in being with institute members, with whom, she said, 'as they say in Scotland, I always feel that I am 'amangst my ain folk.'  
In referring to the movement in the Old Country, Lady Tweedsmuir said, 'We are daughters of you here and the past 21 years have revolutionized village life in England, which is now informed, happier, more interesting and better culturally in England which,' stated Her Excellency, 'has been divided into two parts 'green' England and 'black' England.' The institute branches have done much for legislation, debating on a great variety of questions and sending resolutions to the Government. Politics, however, were shunned. Her Excellency, who humorously remarked, 'I always faint when I see a long division sum and as far as geography goes, if I should suddenly see Constantinople in the middle of Canada, I should not be surprised.' She spoke on the marvellous educational opportunities in institute work, and the necessity for the improvement and the encouragement of handicrafts. In this connection she mentioned the Chinese museum in Toronto, one of the best in the world, and the Victoria and Albert museum in London from which ideas in designs could be procured. Lady Tweedsmuir highly commended the value of exhibits and competitions as a means of improvement.  
Lady Tweedsmuir, who charmed everyone by her informality and keen interest in the day's proceedings, told three humorous stories, concluding with the words, 'Remember I am always your friend; and I shall always welcome you wherever I am, and when history comes to be written, I think we shall feel glad we have upheld things for which the institute stands, during a very difficult time in the world's history.'  
Miss B. Philp proposed a toast to the W.I. members, Mrs. Petch replying. Two vocal solos were contributed by Mrs. W. H. Lewis, con-

were organized in 1923 to 1925.  
The speaker, in stressing the necessity for co-operation both as to producing and marketing, stated that co-operative associations have helped business by reducing the cost of marketing, improving prices and raising the standard of products, as well as being an educational influence.  
Mrs. C. E. Petch presided at the morning session of the convention at which Dr. W. H. Brittain gave the address of welcome. Dr. Brittain stressed the advantages accruing to modern housewives through the medium of the manifold conveniences at their disposal, saying that the resulting leisure time should afford opportunity for cultural pursuits.  
Mrs. Cameron Dow replied to the address of welcome.  
Mrs. Petch read her presidential report. The financial statement was given by Miss Abbie Pritchard, who stated that the total income of the provincial organization was \$619.78, and the disbursements \$504.54. Miss McCain, in her report, said there were now 89 branches in the province with an approximate membership of 1,925.

Granite Hill News

Elder Maurice J. Perkins, Chesterfield, Idaho, and Elder Darrell G. Gardner, Bear River City, Utah, spent the week-end the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Hansen and family.  
Miss Annie Parent, who has been very ill at her home is improved and is able to be around about the house, her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.  
R. Musgrave, Toronto, spent Sunday afternoon and evening the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Hansen and family.  
Miss Glenna V. Carey is spending several weeks the guest of Mrs. Harold Brown, Bear Island.  
Miss Grace L. Carey spent Saturday in Fredericton.  
Miss Julia Moore, Temperance Vale, called on her sister Mrs. Geo. Brown recently.  
Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Calhoun, is spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. James W. Hagerman.  
A number of the young folks from this place attended the amateur programme held in the Dumfries hall recently. A pleasingly arranged programme was carried out which delighted a large audience, the prize winners were Mrs. Eveline Kelly, Miss Pauline Ellegard, Keith Marin and Hazen Ingraham. Mrs. Kelly is a very talented young lady recently winning the first and only prize at an amateur held in the Bear Island

History of Silver Traced

Mrs. Walsh then introduced Henry G. Birks, who spoke on "A Bit of Silver." Referring to its antiquity, Mr. Birks stated that the refining of silver from lead was practiced about 4000 B.C. and was of common knowledge amongst the Hebrews, being fully described in 600 B.C. by Jeremiah the prophet. The earliest known articles of silver date from 3500 B.C. From the fall of the Roman Empire until the 13th century silver-smithing was all done by monk artificers to whom the factor of time was of no moment. The craft guilds then came into being from supposedly the year 1438. London started the use of a date letter on silver and continuously dated silver from 1478 when to an article of finished silver the manufacturer affixed his trade mark. This, the hallmark, gives the standard mark and the date letter. The word sterling, explained Mr. Birks, comes from the word "Easterling" signifying inhabitants of the east coast of Germany and who came into England during the 12th and 13th centuries. They brought with them their own coinage. When Edward III wished a money standard he chose the Easterling standard, which consisted of 925 parts of silver and 75 parts of copper. Mr. Birks exhibited several pieces of silverware in process of manufacture.

Co-operatives Beneficial

Mrs. Vivian Rose of Shawville, provincial convener of agriculture, read her report, showing good progress in this branch of the work, and she then introduced Dr. J. S. Booth, of the economics department of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, who spoke on 'The Development of Co-operation.' The first co-operative movement in Canada of which there is record dates back to 1759 in Nova Scotia and about the same time an agricultural society was established in Quebec City, he said. In 1870, business types of organization came into being. The grange was established in 1872 and co-operative banks in Quebec in 1900. The Co-operative Union of Canada was formed in 1909. The earliest record of co-operative marketing in Canada was that of the cheese factory, dating back to 1860. In 1895 the grain market was established in the prairie provinces. The United Fruit Company of Nova Scotia was begun in 1912, and the United Farmers of Ontario in 1914. The wheat pools

JILTED WOMAN ASKS \$10,000 COMPENSATION

Former Fiance Sued in Damage Case

MONTREAL, June 18— Claiming that John D. Paxton broke his promise of marriage, Margaret Carmichael is asking damages of \$10,000 in an action in the Superior Court, shortly to be decided by a jury.  
The friendship, the plaintiff says, in her declaration to the court commenced in May, 1933, grew more serious throughout 1934 and culminated in an offer of marriage, both verbally and by letter in 1935. The offer, she says, was accepted, but the marriage date was postponed because she and Paxton were both in ill health. After he had come back from a visit to a health resort, he began to talk of breaking off the engagement and eventually in April, 1937, announced that he intended to marry a widow from New York City, she states.  
As a result of the capricious, faithless and cruel conduct of her former fiance, the plaintiff, she became broken in health, suffered keen humiliation among her friends, and her prospects of marriage were materially diminished.  
In defence, Paxton admits the engagement, but says that it was broken off by mutual consent, after it became apparent that a marriage would have little chance of success because of mutual incompatibility.

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City of Fredericton

Notice of Sale of Lands

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of the City of Fredericton Assessment Act, 1926, there will, for the purpose of satisfying taxes assessed and levied in the City of Fredericton, for the years mentioned hereunder, against the several sums due, together with the costs of this notice, be sooner paid, be sold at Public Auction in front of the City Hall, in the City of Fredericton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the 3rd DAY OF JULY, A.D. 1937 the lands and premises in the said City of Fredericton, hereunder mentioned and set opposite their respective names.

FLETCHER PEACOCK

Lot on West side Lansdowne Street, near University Avenue, 67 ft. front, 71 ft. 5 inches deep.  
Arrears for Years 1932-1933-1934-1935-1936 .....\$83.64  
Interest ..... 13.11

ESTATE ELLEN R. ANDERSON

Property on south side of Woodstock Road, 70' front, 167' deep.  
Arrears for Years 1932-1933-1934-1935-1936 .....\$49.26  
Interest ..... 52.24  
Dated the 29th day of April, A.D. 1937.

FRED I. HAVILAND,

City Treasurer of the City of Fredericton.

Throat Soothing  
Medicated with throat soothing ingredients of Vicks VapoRub.  
VICKS COUGH DROP

TAKE THE HEAT ON HIGH (or Keep In High Gear This Summer)

WHEN the heat comes, some people, like old cars, can't make the grade—they have to slip into "second" or into "low." The heat slows them, saps their "horse-power." Why can I, a youngster of almost 80, who, judged by conventional standards, should be on the scrap heap, drive in high through the hottest summer, defying Mr. Sol, just as in winter I scorn Mr. Zero? The answer is foods. People give no thought at all to the foods they ought to eat, only the foods they like. They follow the herd. Herd intelligence is notably no intelligence at all.  
If people would really think, they would realize that bodily health depends upon the blood that feeds the body cells. The blood depends upon the kind of foods which build the blood. Therefore the kind of blood that flows through our bodies can make us shrivel and shiver on cold days and wilt and wither on hot days. The cause of both is vicious, ropy, toxic blood, derived from denatured, dead, demineralized, constipating foods.  
Here is how to prove me right or wrong. During the hot spell, make your breakfast of Roman Meal, Bekus-Puddy or Lishus, all you can enjoy with milk or cream, raisins or chopped dates, not body-heating sugar. Make thick enough to chew thoroughly. If hot cereal is not liked, cook any of them the previous night, allow to cool, place in refrigerator and serve for breakfast, with sliced or canned peaches, ripe bananas, fruit jelly, preserve, or honey with cream or milk. Drink Iced Kofy-Sub, sweetened with brown sugar, or preferably honey, added while hot, a very delightful and healthful beverage. For noon meal a salad of fresh fruit or raw vegetables, Iced Kofy-Sub. For evening meal, a large fruit or vegetable salad, sprinkled with grated nuts, grated cheese or cottage cheese, or lightly steamed vegetables. If salads are not liked, as second choice. Any kind of juicy fruit for dessert. Iced Kofy-Sub or hot Kofy-Sub if hot drink is preferred.  
Train the intestines to eliminate after each meal. It is of utmost importance to exercise all groups of muscles briskly, fifteen or twenty minutes daily, to the point of deep breathing, to burn up internal poisonous waste. If you do not know how, send fifty cents for my book "SYSTEMATIZED

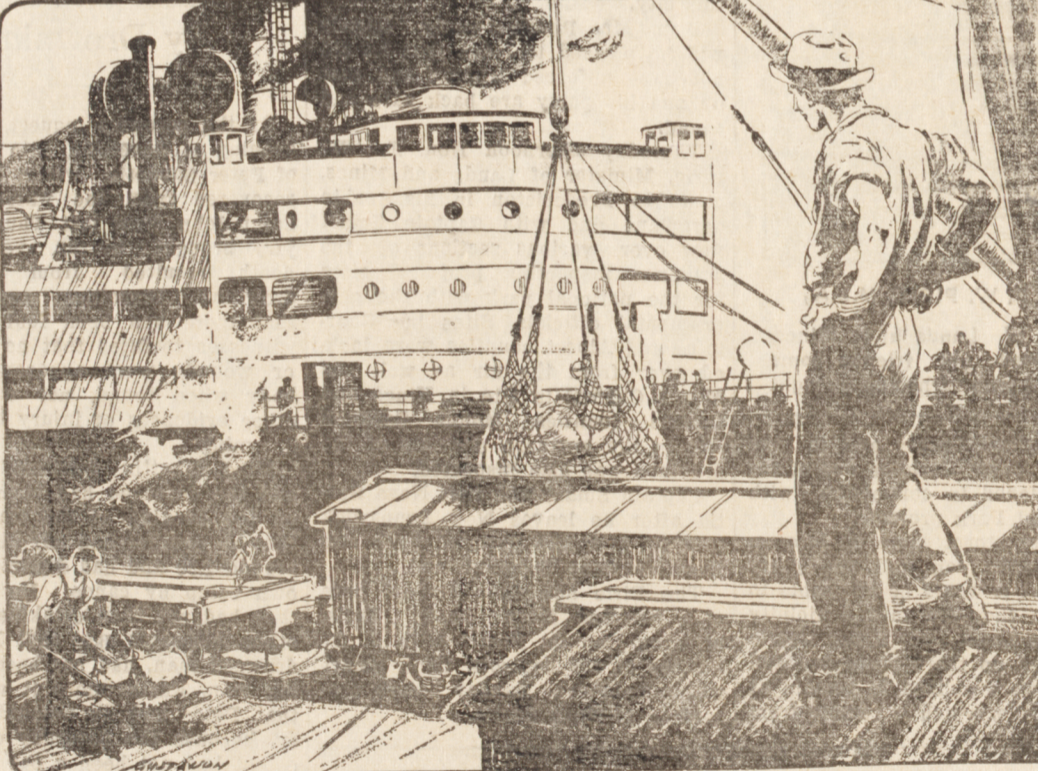


The above is from a photograph of Robt. G. Jackson, M.D., taken in his 77th year.

Robt. G. Jackson, M.D.

MUSCLE EXERCISES", illustrated. Rub the body down with rough towel wrung out of hot water in hot weather; cold water in cold weather. Relax muscles, nerves and mind. Do not fret or worry and—well, I stake my reputation on this assertion:—follow this program for one month, or at most two, and so remarkable will be your improvement, you will always follow it. Write for University proof that Roman Meal, Bekus-Puddy, Lishus and Kofy-Sub are wonderfully rich in body-forming minerals, also other important health literature free. Address: Robt. G. Jackson, M.D., Vine Ave., Toronto. 6-37

CANADIANS AND THEIR INDUSTRIES... AND THEIR BANK



CANADA'S TRADE WITH THE WORLD

In the last calendar year Canada had a foreign trade amounting to \$1,663,093,000, an increase of 19.7%, as compared with an average of 8.1% for 24 leading countries. In this exchange the Dominion had a favourable balance (including exportation of gold as a commodity) of \$393,009,000.  
Another feature of international trade was the tourist business, incoming and outgoing, totalling \$355,568,000, the balance in Canada's favour being \$155,958,000.  
With the figures for tourist trade added to those for ordinary commerce, our international trade rose to \$2,018,661,000, with a total balance in Canada's favour of more than half a billion dollars.  
Banking plays a vital part in the upbuilding of the foreign trade of Canada, and foreign trade is the backbone of the native industries which are the foundation of Canada's economic structure.  
In providing financial service for this enormous trade a leading part is played by the Bank of Montreal, which, with its 500 branches throughout Canada, its own offices in financial centres abroad, and its own banking correspondents throughout the world, carries through promptly and smoothly the task of financing the movements of an infinite variety of commodities.  
The Bank's services include: Loans to importers and exporters; purchases of bills of exchange representing exports; providing commercial credits for purchases abroad; purchase and sale of exchange "futures" for protection against price fluctuation in foreign currencies; special wire facilities with the important exchange markets to speed transactions; reports of character and standing of foreign firms; commercial accounts; foreign currency accounts; safekeeping of securities.  
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