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FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK, NOVEMBER 26, 1937

BRITAIN AIMING AT SELF-SUFFICIENCY

AIMING AT SELF-SUFFICIENCY, Great Britain is growing more wheat, increasing its herd of dairy cattle and producing more sheep and poultry, Dr. W. J. Black, Director of Colonization and Agriculture for the Canadian National Railways said on his return from a short business trip to the United Kingdom. "I was much impressed," he said, "with the new orientation of agriculture in England and Scotland. The English farmers are encouraged by their government to grow more wheat. A few years ago, the government offered to pay them a premium over a certain price. While this advantage does not apply now, with prices above the minimum, still the tendency to grow wheat remains."

To satisfy the greater demand for milk, Dr. Black said, herds of dairy cattle are being enlarged all over the country. He did not, however, see an opening for Canadian beef. The price of beef in England was not sufficiently high above Canada's price to justify shipping steers from the Dominion. The market was likely to be closed for some years yet.

"I noticed a tremendous increase in the number of sheep raised in Scotland," he added, "and in both England and Scotland a great deal more poultry is being raised. Apparently, Great Britain is aiming at more self-sufficiency in agriculture. This is a condition which appears to be quite general all over Europe, a result of numerous trade barriers which have been created since the War."

This was only one factor, however, Dr. Black said. There was certainly encouragement for agriculture in the fact that more large estates were being divided and opened to cultivation. On the other hand, the new tendencies were checked somewhat by the lack of people to work the farms. In spite of the keen demand for farm laborers and the good wages, the number of hands available for agricultural development appeared to be quite limited.

"The normal market in England for Canadian cheese and butter remains quite undisturbed," Dr. Black observed. "There is also great demand for Canadian apples and for Canadian bacon, at fair prices."

MARKET FOR PRODUCE IN NEW ZEALAND

PRIOR TO 1924 the entire New Zealand market for canned fruits and vegetables was supplied from the United States and Canada, writes Mr. W. F. Bull, Canadian Trade Commissioner at Auckland, in the forthcoming issue of the Commercial Intelligence Journal. In that year the first local canning factory was established, and the industry has steadily grown until there are now nine firms engaged in canning New Zealand peaches, pears, asparagus, peas, tomato products, and soups. The quality of the fruit may be inferior to the Canadian, Australian, and South African packs, but the vegetables, soups, and tomato products are of excellent quality and are obtaining an increasing share of the trade.

Imports of canned fruits into New Zealand have increased steadily in the past few years. For the first six months of 1937 they were valued at £64,942 (one New Zealand pounds equals approximately \$4 Canadian), which was more than half of the total for the whole of 1936 amounting to £113,712. In 1935 imports were valued at £104,445 as against £72,336 in 1934. Fresh vegetables are available throughout the year at reasonable prices, and accordingly there is only a small demand for canned vegetables.

With the development of the local canning industry and competition from Australia, the sale of Canadian fruit is not likely to increase, but there should be an expanding market for Canadian canned vegetables such as asparagus, pork and beans, tomato juice, and soups other than tomato soup.

BRITAIN PREPARES IN THE FAR EAST

THE PROBLEMS involved in the persistent declarations by various German authorities that the Fatherland must have its colonies handed back continue to occupy a great deal of attention both in the Old Country and in the various Dominions concerned. The latest advices from South Africa indicate that although the great bulk of public opinion there is against any consideration of a return of German South-West Africa to Germany, the Union would look favourably upon the return of the German West African territories now under French mandate, and would also be inclined to regard as satisfactory bargaining for the transfer of some Portuguese or even Belgian African territory to Germany by purchase with money loaned by Britain.

That both Belgium and Portugal are vitally alive to the possibilities which might affect them unfavourably seems indicated from the recent visit of the Belgian King to London and the recent declarations by the Portuguese Dictator, General Carmona, and by his right-hand man, Premier Salazar, that Portugal is determined to hold what she has. What that includes is a million square miles populated by ten million people,—three considerable slices in Africa, two valuable settlements in India, half the East Indian island of Timor, and the Chinese city of Macao close to British Hong Kong.

Portugal realizes that the contiguity of Portuguese Angola and Mozambique to the Union of South Africa may prove a matter of strategic importance in any upset as to colonies. That is perhaps why she hesitates to cut entirely adrift from the old British alliance, though urged to do so by both Italy and Germany. But Portugal is by no means alone in her apprehensions. The Dutch are, if anything, even more alarmed, since they hold a vast Colonial Empire which is their very lifeblood. That is why they have nearly bankrupted themselves in strengthening their colonial fleet and army in the Far East to a degree out of all proportion to their former strength.

SNAP SHOTS

Hon. J. B. McNair, K.C., Attorney General and Acting Minister of Labor, is not doing any pussyfooting in his statement issued today in regard to the situation at Minto. Right thinking people will be one hundred per cent behind Hon. Mr. McNair in any stand he takes in regard to the workers and the Fair Wage Board.

The Provincial Government sets up machinery to help the working men, and the agents and money of the foreign C.I.O. come into the country and upset the machinery.

The girl in the local store just did like Edward, she renounced the throne for love.

Some people go to jail, some people go to the country, and some go to summer camps. Others just stay at home. It takes all kinds to make a world.

Go to the U.N.B. play tonight and give the boys and girls a break. They say some of them are really darn good. John Ferris the villain in "The Dead Sister's Secret" says they can beat anything ever put on the boards in Fredericton, and John should know. He was on the professional stage in Hollywood, so it is said, whether true or not.

C. P. RAIL. HEAD IN RADIO LECTURE 1:45 P. M. ON SAT.

MONTREAL, Nov. 26 — "Average citizens" from coast to coast of the Dominion will be linked together by a 33-station radio network to listen to an address by Sir Edward Beatty, G.B.E., K.C., entitled "The Average Citizen." Sir Edward's address which will be to the Canadian Club of Ottawa, will be broadcast at 1:45 p.m. Saturday, Nov. 2, EDT, to Sydney, Halifax, Charlottetown, Moncton, St. John, Fredericton, Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Hamilton, London, Chatham, Windsor, North Bay, Sudbury, Kirkland Lake, Timmins, and Fort William.

To-Night

IS

"College Night"

AT THE

Normal School

THREE ONE-ACT PLAYS

by the

U. N. B. DRAMATIC SOCIETY

8 p.m. * Admission 35 c.

STUDENTS 25 CENTS

ROWELL

(Continued from Page One)
Ottawa beginning June 1st at which all Governments will be represented. It is hoped this sitting will be concluded by July 1st. This gives the Commission the autumn to do the hard work of writing the report. Commissioner Rowell says "With the co-operation of all parties we hope to keep the schedule and to get the report to the Government by the end of the year 1938. We are very anxious to conclude at the earliest possible moment consistent with being thorough." Asked if the economist's reports would be available to those appearing before the commission the Chairman said they would if the representations covered the same field. "We want everyone to feel that they have every possible opportunity to examine everything that comes before the commission whether they are for it, partly for it, or against it," he said.

Recognizing the fact that many conditions have arisen since 1867 that make it necessary for the Dominion and Provincial Governments in the public interest to accept responsibilities and to extend government services to a degree not foreseen at the time of Confederation and that these responsibilities involve the expenditure of large magnitude efficient administration and the wisest possible division of powers and functions between Governments must be



PARKER CURRIER who was re-elected to the Board of Exhibition Directors

recognized. Particularly is this the case if the burden of public expenditures is kept to a minimum. Governmental expenditures are increased by overlapping and duplication of services between the Dominion and Provincial Governments in certain fields of activity. The public interest may

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT AT MINTO

(Continued from Page One)
to work and leave the matter of wages and working conditions to the Fair Wage Board.

"Alleging that they had been unjustly branded as "outside agitators" they declared there would be a ballot by the men themselves on that question. Then they proceeded, by every artifice at their command, to incite the men to vote down the proposal. They even had an agent placed at the entrance to the polling booth with a marked ballot to show the men how to vote it down. The result was a foregone conclusion with relief from Washington arriving at the critical moment.

"Besides reviling the mine owners the Union officials have charged the merchants at Minto with taking sides with the operators because they were unable to give unlimited credit for relief. The press has been accused of partisanship. Throughout the Fair Wage Board has been deliberately attacked. The only reason the Government has not been more openly assailed is because the C. I. O. expects to return shortly to demand legislation under which they can compel employers to recognize and deal with them.

"These leaders now say they will ask Ottawa to appoint a Commission or Board to deal with the question of union recognition. The purpose is by such means to force the mine owners to acknowledge the exclusive right of the C. I. O. to handle labor questions and establish a compulsory collection of union dues out of the wages of their employees, fifty per cent. of which dues goes to Washington and another thirty per cent. to Nova Scotia.

"Meantime our whole coal industry is threatened, our markets are being lost to the mines of Nova Scotia which are enjoying the best year in their history, and the work of years in building up a business on which depends the livelihood of thousands of New Brunswickers and the welfare of a whole community is being destroyed. While some relief funds have appeared want and suffering inevitably face our people.

"The questions involved fall definitely within provincial jurisdiction and so far as I am concerned Ottawa will stay out. The Fair Wage Board was set up under laws passed by our own Legislature at the request of New Brunswick labor and our legitimate labor organizations are fully represented on it. The Board has adequate powers to deal with the basic questions involved in labor disputes, wages and working conditions. The C. I. O. has challenged its authority. It is a challenge to our established institutions. The question now is who will win. So far as I am concerned the challenge is accepted. It is now the Fair Wage Board or nothing."



The Duke of Gloucester performed the unveiling ceremony of a memorial to Earl Haig, famous Great War Field Marshal, in Whitehall last

week. Columns of troops who fought with Haig surrounded the memorial. Our picture shows the Duke pressing the lever to unveil the memorial.

Capitol

— IN —

WILD BRIAN KENT

With Mae Clarke

Produced by Sol Lesser
Directed by Howard Bretherton
Released by 20th Century-Fox
Adapted from HAROLD BELL WRIGHT'S biggest best-seller
"The Re-Creation of Brian Kent"

— EXTRA ATTRACTION —

BAD GUY

With Bruce CABOT, Virginia GREY, Edward NORRIS, Jean CHATBURN, Cliff EDWARDS
Screen Play by Earl Felton and Harry Ruskin
Directed by Edward Cahn
Produced by Tom Reed

Here MON., TUES., and WED.

A Family Affair

With Lionel BARRYMORE, Cecilia PARKER, Eric LINDEN, Mickey ROONEY and Charley GRAPEWIN

be adversely affected by the lack of a clear delimitation of Governmental powers and responsibilities.

There are many questions which will crop up in connection with several Provincial Governments and through representations by various public organizations and Municipalities that it would be necessary to consider and it is expedient to provide for a re-examination of the economic and financial basis of Confederation and of the distribution of legislative powers in the light of economic and social developments in the last seventy years.

The commission will inquire into the constitutional allocation of revenue sources and Governmental burdens to the Dominion and Provincial Governments. The past results of allocation and its suitability to present conditions, and the conditions that are likely to prevail in the future. The commission will investigate the character and amount of taxes collected from the people of Canada, and will consider these in connection with the financial and economic conditions, and will consider whether such taxes are equitable and as efficient as can be devised. They will examine the public expenditures and public debts in general and are instructed to consider and report upon the facts disclosed by the investigations and to express what in their opinion would be reasonable to proper carrying out of the Federal system in harmony with national needs and national unity.

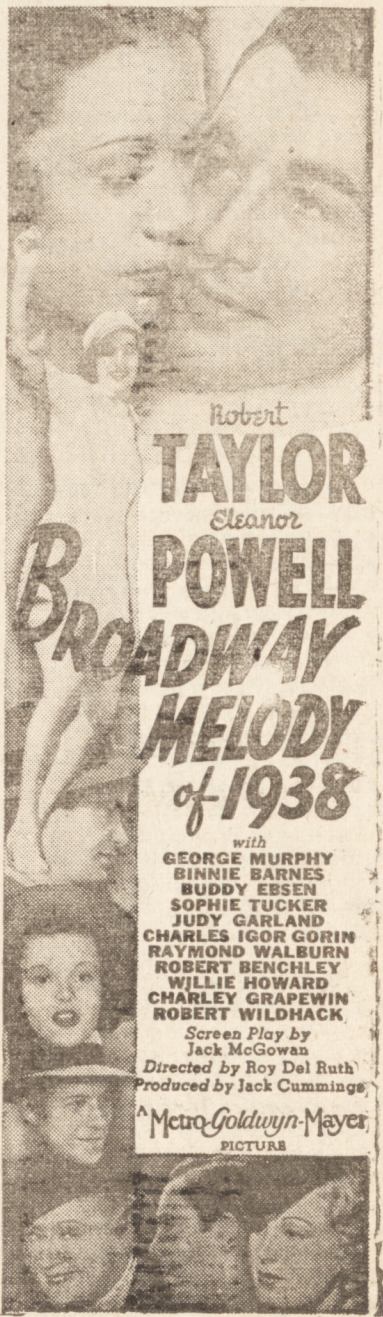
The Dominion and Provincial Governments have been asked to assist in compiling a Federal, Provincial and Municipal data on a uniform basis for this study which will include investigations of overlapping services and jurisdictions, provincial subsidies and grants. The Commis-

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NEXT YEAR'S BIGGEST MUSICAL . . . TODAY!

Topping every tune-filled triumph of the past...M-G-M's Giant Show floods the screen with stars...hit songs...romance...laughs...girls!



HERE MONDAY!

BOBBY BREEN

— IN —

"MAKE A WISH"

sion will also gather information from recognized public organizations interested in some phase of the investigation; from a staff of experts conducting private investigations and studies for the commission; and from competent witnesses it might call to appear before it.

As was necessary a large corps of expert economists and practical men are assisting in the work. Dr. S. A. Saunders of Saint John, a recognized authority on problems of the Maritime Provinces has been engaged. It had been hoped at the outset to appoint a representative from New Brunswick on the Royal Commission. But at the last moment the gentleman who had been selected to represent New Brunswick had to decline the honor on the advice of his physician. But this province will be adequately protected and there is no doubt whatever from the calibre of the men who form the Commission that all sections of the Dominion will be fairly represented.

The Commissioners appointed to inquire into the conditions mentioned are Hon. N. W. Rowell, LL.D., Chief Justice of Ontario; Dr. Joseph Stairs of Laval University, Dr. John W. Daffoe, Editor of the Winnipeg Free Press; Robert Alexander MacKay Esquire, Ph.D., Professor of Government, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.; and Henry Forbes Angus, Esquire, M.A., B.C.L., Professor of Economics University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B. C.

King George Shines In Old-Time Waltzes, Says Orchestra Leader

LONDON, Nov. 26—Dalton Marshall, the leader of the first dance band to play at a State Ball at Buckingham Palace, tonight described King George VI as a skilled dancer of the old-time waltzes.

"I did not get much time to glance down from the orchestra balcony," Marshall said of last night's ball for King Leopold of Belgium, "but I did notice how well the King can dance the old Strauss waltzes."