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THE DAILY MAIL, FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1937



Boards of Trade naturally are interested in the effects of Government activities on business, the relation of public expenditures to profits, salaries and wages, the bearing of costs on the consumer. The Toronto Board empha sizes the desirability of limiting "the expenditure of revenues to constructive and necessary purposes" and arranging "the incidence of our taxes so that they can be most conveniently supported."

expenditure and public debt, taxation, social services, and interprovincial

barriers

A.

Saint John and are sent down on the same train as the Fredericton papers of the day previous.

In the meantime, the papers of the following day arrive from

It appears, from a conversation which The Daily Mail had this afternoon with certain New Brunswick Post Office officials, that the postal authorities at Saint John at first routed the Fredericton mail on the express as it was desired tobe routed by the Fredericton citizens. The statement was made on the same authority that after this service had been in force a week or so residents of the Minto area communicated with the postal authorities at Ottawa and that the Ottawa authorities wired to the postal officials' headquarters in New Brunswick to have this change discontinued and to have the mails which should leave here on the evening train held over until the following morning as is now being done. THIS PUTS THE PROPOSITION SQUARELY UP TO THE DEPART-MENT OF THE POST MASTER GENERAL AT OTTAWA. ONE CANNOT UNDERSTAND HOW SUCH A CHANGE CAN BENE-FIT THE MINTO PEOPLE, WHO, INSTEAD OF RECEIVING MAIL ON THE SAME DAY IN WHICH IT IS MAILED, DO NOT RECEIVE IT TILL THE FOLLOWING DAY.

the Duke from New York asking to be relieved of all duties in connection with the tour "because of mistaken attacks upon me here." Even close associates of the former

are home alone with their little chil King were in doubt regarding his

HERE MONDAY, TUESDAY vile language which has to be ilsten ed to by women and children. When "PARNELL" returning later they have again used such language when the women folks -WITHdren and Mr. Wuhr, the President is CLARK GABLE

The scope of the inquiry involves every citizen directly or indirectly. It touches his pocketbook, his social welfare, his citizenship, not because it deals with him individually, but because its results are expected to show how the Governments can serve more effectively and economically.

The Commission is due to receive a vast amount of data, requiring analysis and classification for purposes of broad application. To harmonize taxpaying ability and requisites of business with the increasing demands on Government bodies is a large problem alone. While most of the information compiled will be detailed of necessity, the public has to keep in mind that the chief purpose is to suggest future Government policies, to determine the powers and responsibilities of each branch.

Much has been said about the constitutional aspects of the inquiry. As we understand it, the primary object is to clarify taxation and expenditure policies, with equitable allotment to Federal, Provincial and Municipal fields so the confusion of the past may be eliminated. Many new forms of service, wise or otherwise, have been demanded without a plain understanding of jurisdiction. It may make little difference to the public who administers these, but it is clear the funds must come from some assured source of revenue. Constitutional changes may be needed to provide the jurisdiction most suitable. Constitutional questions thus become a means to an end. Their discussion will depend upon what the various Governments are expected to do in the solution of public problems.

Out of all, it is hoped, will arise a more intelligent understanding of each Government's duties, that the Provinces may function more efficiently, as Prime Minister King stated, within their own jurisdictions, recognizing the true place of the Federal Government on the one hand and the municipalities on the other.

GOOD FOR THE QUINTUPLETS !

SCIENTISTS, wise persons, have been looking over the quintuplets, have

been arriving at scientific conclusions. One of these is "Adaptive behavior: Very wide variations are noted in their development." There are other findings, which no doubt will be placed on the records and added to the literature that has grown up around these little ladies, but this will do for The present. The scientists, 200 strong, met in Toronto, discussed the children from many angles, then proceeded to Callender to call on them.

This is where the "adaptive" business became evident. It would seem that the "quints" thought of the visit this way: "Scientists, eh? Well, we'll show them. They may be important in conference, but we're in command here." So each added a little to her usual stunt, simulated a bit of a wrangle smiled, sang and chattered baby talk until all the eminent visitors could say was: "Great!" "Cute!" "Aren't they wonderful?" and so on. Feeble words; scientific terminology forgotten. Just the exlamations heard every day about the Callender nursery.

We are informed by Postmaster Donald Cameron of this city that he pointed out to the Postal authorities at Saint John the importance to this city of having this early mail service continued but the superior officers in Saint John evidently did not care what kind of a service this city received. They should have consulted the Fredericton business men before making the change and should have also presented to Ottawa the wishes of our citizens in the matter.

The citizens of Fredericton and its business and professional men as represented by the Board of Trade have impressed this upon the Postal authorities at Ottawa, the urgency of this service and the postal authorities are expected to take action at once.

decision until the last moment. British sources said the decision to postpone the trip probably was based mob who stoned our workmen in upon two factors:

1. The Duke desired not to create any possible strain on Anglo-Ameri- road over which the police cars can relations and felt that any trou- would have to go, as well as the cars Britain generally.

2. The Duke considered that in to walk. If such actions as these fit view of the resolution of the Balti- in with Mr. Wuhr's ideas of loyalty, more Federation of Labor the time I am afraid that he is in the wrong was not ripe for a visit.

The text of the statement follows: "It is announced tonight on behalf of the Duke of Windsor that he has decided to postpone his visit to Am-

"His Royal Highness arrived at this decision with great reluctance current reports many of them will strike and after much deliberation but he feels that owing to grave misconceptions which have arisen and misstatements, which have appeared regarding the motives and purpose of his industrial tour there was no alternative but to defer it for the present.

"His Royal Highness will personally convey his thanks to those industrial companies who so generously extended invitations to him and to all who assisted in the arrangements."

The Duke's friend, Bedaux, at whose French chateau the Duke was married June 3, blamed "mistaken attacks" by American labor organizations for opposition to the proposed tour during which the Duke was to visit many American industrial plants.

Charles E. Bedaux, friend of the Duke to relieve him from duties as day 'implored' and 'begged' the Duke to relieve him from duties as guide in connection with the Duke and Duchess' tour of the United States. Bedaux, attacked by American Labor organizations, sent the following cable to the Duke: "Sire:

"I am compelled in honesty and friendship to advise you that because of mistaken attacks upon me here, I am convinced that your proposed study will be made difficult under my guidance.

"Grateful as I am for your request that I continue I, nevertheless, beg you to be guided by the knowledge that my deepest wish is the full attainment of the objects of your visit to the United States.

"I remain, Sire, your devoted riend. "Charles E. Bedaux."

on hand each morning. He was pres ent a week ago yesterday with the their cars. Yesterday morning roofing

country.

THE

nails were scattered along part of the ors have agreed to abide by the decision but the union has refused. ble over his visit would offend Great of our own men on their way to There has been no denial of collective bargaining here on my part and work. Not one of our men is allowed I have always dealt with my men collectively where they wished and I am still prepared to do so. All the large operators including myself have refused to recognize the Union Mine

MYRNA LOY

"I know many of the union mem- Workers of America under the leadbers are good loyal British citizens ership of agitators from Nova Scotia and I feel sure that they do not want and this matter of recognition the be associated or considered as up- union officials have repeatedly statholding such actions. According to ed is the only issue in the present

boon show the disapproval by return- "We in Minto are fighting for the ing to work and allowing their dif- whole of New Brunswick to prevent ferences to be adjusted by the Fair the entrance of the C.I.O. under the Wage Board. The union statement dictatorship of John L. Lewis and further says that the operators have hsi henchmen. At the present time professed a great belief in British the Rothwell men are bearing the justice and the foundation of British brunt. They have continued working justice is that no person shall be throughout the strike and have kept condemned until they have had a fair their heads under severe provoca-trial by a competent judge. In the tion. I do not know where you present controversy the Fair Wage would find a better body of men, and Board is the judge, and the operat- I am proud of them.'

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