

NEW BRUNSWICK'S HOME COMMUNITY PAPER

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Weather—Fair and cool. Tuesday, Milder.



DR. W. A. RIDELL who was transferred from his post of Advisory Officer at Geneva to be Councillor at Canadian Legation at Washington

INTERNATIONAL SEAWAY TREATY MAY BE RATIFIED AT SESSION U.S. CONGRESS

St. Lawrence Waterways Treaty Again to the Fore

High Officials Again Take Up Project Hoping for Early Completion

OPERATIONS MAY BEGIN SOON

Undertaking Is Seen As Work of Vision To Future

(By Dean Wilson) (Special to The Daily Mail) OTTAWA, Nov. 1—There is no doubt that the people of Canada will be surprised to learn that strenuous efforts are being made right now to start negotiations which will lead to the early completion of the momentous St. Lawrence Waterways Treaty which was signed by this Dominion and the United States in 1932, but which was abruptly dropped when the Senate of the United States emasculated the whole idea. However, officials in Ottawa are indicating that this project may soon be the subject of sensational news for the whole country since it is becoming known that high officials of the two neighbouring countries are completing details for the gigantic task of deepening the St. Lawrence for navigation or transportation purposes, with incidental power developments of unbelievable magnitude. It is said that such important officials of the United States Government as Secretary of State Cordell Hull, the chairman of the National Seaways Council, John C. Henke, and Frederick J. Freeston, President of the said Council, have conferred with President Franklin Roosevelt, and it is reported that there are signs now that the Treaty for this international seaway may be ratified at the next regular session of the Congress of the United States.

Whether this project will mean much for the navigation or transportation facilities of this Dominion is a

FREE ELECTION IN SOVIET IS NOT OPEN TO CLERGY

Anti-Religious Working to Prevent Clerics Using Influence to Win Votes.

MOSCOW, Nov. 1—A new drive against religion has begun in the Soviet Union to prevent priestly influence on the more susceptible voters in the forthcoming elections. The first elections under the so-called Stalin constitution, now nearly a year old, has been set for December 12. The clergy is accused of propaganda for revival of the sorely oppressed church. Its aim is election of friendly Deputies in the local soviets and in the chambers of the new Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R. Trade unions particularly have been exhorted to revive the fight against religion and, their newspaper "Trud" says, "to expose the counter-revolutionary machinations of the clergy and believers."

In some places the clergy has embarked on pre-election tours. Under the guise of wandering pilgrims or devout beggars, says F. Oleschuk, a

The Normal School

IN THE CHANGES which are bound to come about in our Educational System, it is probable that the matter of making the Provincial Normal School course, one devoted exclusively to professional work, or at least a more thorough professional training will be organized for the Province. The Normal School has for years been duplicating to a large extent what other parts of the school system are also doing. The Normal School, in any school system, should not be a place to parallel or rival the course given in the Common, Superior and Grammar Schools, but should do its own distinctive work, just as distinctive as that of the law school, the school of Theology, or the medical school.

The student teacher, when he or she comes to Normal School, should have completed fully the Academic course. The course in "Professional" should teach the student at Normal School a practical acquaintance with the nature and development of the child mind in various stages, and how to adapt subjects and methods of instruction to the child's mind so as to secure the highest individual development, bearing in mind the fact that different children need different individual attention. The art of directing the child's mind through questioning, and to bear in mind the difficulties which any subject may present to individual pupils should be considered. The teacher should be taught to teach subjects in a natural and effective way and should have a thorough knowledge of the underlying principles of school management and discipline.

There is a difference in a teacher knowing his or her subject, and in being able to present these facts to children in a natural and attractive way.

There is ample scope and room for the Normal School to devote all its energies in the comparatively short time that the students are within its walls, to the realization of this idea.

When the student enters Normal School the entrance examination should show that he is thoroughly efficient in all purely scholastic qualifications. The Normal School course should be devoted to the professional aspects of the student's preparation for teaching. The teachers at the Normal School should be teachers of methods rather than of subjects of academic instruction. More practice schools should be provided and much time should be spent in them under the direction and criticism of duly qualified instructors. More teachers, especially more young teachers, fall in the discipline of their schools, than in the teaching of the subjects of instruction.

The teacher should have much more practical skill in dealing with the faults and follies of children than is now possible, and the teachers, in beginning their career would under such a system, have more real knowledge when they took charge of a school for themselves.

The final examinations for license should be largely, if not entirely, a professional test. Perhaps there should be certain subjects such as reading and domestic science, which should also be required, in addition to the purely professional subjects. But the main test at the close of the year should be that of professional fitness. The academic work should be finished when the student enters Normal School.

We are proud of our New Brunswick teachers. But we would be still more proud if we could feel that ninety and nine per cent. were thoroughly qualified by training on the purely professional side after having had their scholarship assured by a thorough and searching entrance test. We owe this to the rising generations.

W. B. EVANS, OPERATOR OF ROTHWELL MINE, ISSUES STATEMENT OF TRUE FACTS CONCERNING ROTHWELL RIOT

Non-Union Men Going Peacefully to Work Attacked, Stones Hurlled, Men Knocked Down

Mr. Evans Saved Strike Leader From Beating

Wuhr Trying to Lay the Blame of Riot on the Non-Union Men

MINTO, Nov. 1—W. Benton Evans, operator of the Rothwell Coal Mines at Minto which is still carrying on with about forty-five men at work and getting out coal daily and at whose colliery picketing has been directed by the strikers has issued the following statement in regard to an attack on the Rothwell men which took place there recently. Mr. Evans has the following to say: "In Saturday's issue of the Telegraph-Journal there appeared an item dealing with an attack on the Rothwell men by a mob led by Matthias Wuhr, President of the local Union of United Mine Workers of America. In this item Mr. Wuhr is reported to have said that 'Had the affair gone further a few of the non-union men would have been the real cause of it because they became very aggressive and offered to fight. W. B. Evans, operator of the mine realized the seriousness of the situation and ordered the men back.' 'Mr. Wuhr is of course trying to place the responsibility upon our men where it was his mob that started the trouble when our men were going peacefully. Who would not become

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"Lost Battalion" Ordered to Leave Chapei Warehouse

Japanese Troops Take Food Laden Fortress

JAPANESE BLAME BRITISH TROOPS

Surviving 388 of Lost Battalion Receive Rewards

ITALIAN PAPERS WARN FR. PRESS TO MODERATE

(Special to The Daily Mail) PARIS, Nov. 1—French newspapers have expressed regret of the withdrawal of the Italian Ambassador from Paris. Many comments of various natures have been made so many that Italian papers have warned the French press to be more moderate in their writings concerning the withdrawal.

Egypt Wants Frontier Marks Established

CAIRO, Nov. 1—The Government of Egypt has written to Italy asking that frontier marks be set up between Egypt and Libya.

FINED FOR DRUNKENNESS

Fines of \$8 or sentences of 30 days in jail were imposed this morning in Magistrate's Court in two cases of drunkenness which were on the docket. Both of the accused individuals pleaded guilty to the charge.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 1—In spite of the fact that all members of the "Suicide" lost battalion had sworn never to surrender the warehouse fortress in war ravaged Chapei, orders came yesterday from the head of the Chinese government to flee to safety.

General Chiang Kai-shek, supreme head of the Chinese government and army, today rewarded members of the "Lost Battalion" as their gallant defence of a warehouse fortress passed into history.

After a stand of four days and nights against overwhelming odds that brought this tribute from Major General Telfer-Smollett: "I have never seen anything greater," the battalion escaped early Sunday through the British lines where they were disarmed and interned for the duration of the conflict.

General Telfer Smollett, commander of British forces in Shanghai, personally commanded the unit of Royal Welch Fusiliers which received the Chinese and disarmed them.

Major Hsieh Chiang-yuan, commander of the battalion, was advanced by General Chiang to the rank of lieutenant colonel and all other officers were advanced one grade. Privates were decorated and pensions (Continued on Page Four)

CLAIM CHINESE HAD SECRET PASSAGE TO BRITISH LINES

(Special to The Daily Mail) TOKYO, Nov. 1—The Japanese forces claim that the British forces at Shanghai are assisting the Chinese forces and cite the incident of Chinese troops defending the warehouse fortress where the Chinese soldiers had free access to the British lines through secret passages.

The Japanese Government has asked Great Britain to withdraw its forces from certain points. The British Commander in Shanghai claims that the situation demands that British troops remain in their positions and that they do not intend to move.

WILL SINK ANY SUBMARINE ON ANY FRONTIER

(Special to The Daily Mail) CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 1—The Turkish Government is to strengthen the anti-piracy patrol by twenty gun boats and a squadron of aeroplanes. They have also issued a notice that any submarine seen on any frontier front all along any international line will be sunk.

Japs Cross Soochow Creek

(Special to The Daily Mail) SHANGHAI, Nov. 1—A report has come that the Japanese forces have crossed the Soochow Creek.

U. S. AIR CHIEF WARNS OF PERIL FROM PLANES

Pursuit Craft and Guns Not Adequate to Meet Threat of Long-Range Machines, He Believes

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—A warning that the United States may become vulnerable to attack from the air within five years came today from Major-General Frank M. Andrews, Chief of the General Headquarters Air Force. Writing in Army Ordnance, publication of the Army Ordnance Association, General Andrews visualized war planes of such tremendous range and carrying capacity as to make them effective weapons against the United States.

Against this threat, he said, pursuit planes and anti-aircraft guns must be regarded as inadequate.

"Air attacks cannot be stopped by any means now known," the General wrote, adding: "Bombing planes are the chief means of meeting this air threat by destroying the bases of the enemy planes, either ashore, or on aircraft carriers."

It follows, Andrews said, that the "first mission of our air forces will be to deny to the enemy, through independent air operations, any suitable bases, floating or ground, from which he might operate. It is to that end that we are designing our bombardment organizations and training our personnel."

Praising the army's new "flying for-

ress' type of bomber as a "very flexible fighting machine," General Andrews pointed out that such long-range craft could reinforce Alaska, Hawaii and Panama by air from the United States as well as "deny the enemy the use of any base he might attempt to seize."

He urged that no time be lost in bringing the General Headquarters Air Force, organized in 1935 as a highly mobile branch of the army, up to requirements. These requirements are placed by army officials at 1,000 first line machines—double the number now in operation.

Escorted By Plane, 800 Steers Cover Too Much Ground

RATON, N. M., Nov. 1—The round-up business appears safe from encroachment of such new-fangled ideas as aviation. Roy E. Lewis and his wranglers tried escorting a herd of adolescent beef with an airplane. The plane dived within 500 feet of the steers, as they scattered.

Twenty-five cowboys retrieved all but one of the 800 steers from distances ranging to twelve miles.

Ralph Connor, Well Known Canadian Writer, and Brother Pass Away in Winnipeg

WAR TALK IN LONDON REFLECTS OFFICIAL FEAR

But Conservatives Maintain 'Silver Lining' Front In Face of Ugly Rumors and Laborite Gibes

LONDON, Nov. 1—British diplomats, although visibly showing the severe strains of the past few weeks, have succeeded to date in maintaining the first essential of the British Government's foreign policy—maintain a surface calm regardless of subsurface disturbances, and prevent Great Britain becoming involved in prevailing wars.

Behind the scenes it is apparent a feeling of anxiety in British Government circles has been growing apace in the past six weeks. Fleet Street is

full of the wildest rumors concerning fresh outbreaks of war.

Today's issue of the Week gives circumstantial details of the impending rising of Arabs against British control in Palestine and contiguous areas. This rising, it is said, is being fomented by Mussolini and will be supported along the lines of the Spanish war by Italian war equipment.

Parleys Deemed Futile The Non-Intervention Committee, which Low, the cartoonist, now depicts as a Mediterranean runaround, has obtained a new lease of life, and whether or not this is achieved upon Mussolini's terms doesn't bother British statesmanship. Likewise, the future of the nine-power conference seems increasingly to be assured of a fate of complete futility, but here also the future is contemplated without dismay.

The Conservative press is discerning silver linings in all the clouds which overhang the Government's diplomatic activities. The Left-wing press seems enjoying greatly the opportunity to point out every inconsistency and unmask frauds.

Duce Keeps Hands Free Non-intervention progress, it is being said, is achieved by agreeing to the appointment of Commissions whose welcome by either side in Spain is uncertain. Mussolini hasn't (Continued on Page Four)

IL DUCE'S SON CLAIMED PILOT IN BOMBING

(Special to The Daily Mail) LONDON, Nov. 1—It is claimed in a statement in a London paper that the place which bombed and sank a British freighter in the Mediterranean last week was piloted by Bruno Mussolini, son of the Italian dictator. It has been reported that Bruno Mussolini is fighting with the forces of General Franco and is stationed at Mallorca in the Balearic Isles, chief base of the rebel blockade of Spanish Government Mediterranean ports.