

NEW BRUNSWICK'S HOME COMMUNITY PAPER

The Daily Mail

VOL. XLIII, NO. 272

FREDERICTON, N. B., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1937

Weather: Occasional showers; cooler Tuesday; possibly snow

HUGE BUILDING PROGRAM BILL INTRODUCED IN UNITED STATES CONGRESS

Federal Government Will Take Active Interest In Industry

Aiming To Create a Greater Uniformity of Provincial Legislation On Business and Industry

WILL CUT NATIONAL OVERHEAD

Effort To Cut Governmental Expenses To a Minimum and To Stop Over-Lapping

Special to The Daily Mail by Dean Wilson

OTTAWA, Nov. 29—It may not be realized by the average Canadian, but it is a fact that the foremost problem facing the Government at Ottawa right now is how to help the progress of business or economic conditions in this country through governmental regulations without establishing regulatory bodies such as the ones created by the New Deal policies in the United States.

CONGRESS PROG. IS TO HELP SMALL AND BIG BUILDERS

(Special to The Daily Mail) WASHINGTON, Nov. 29—President Roosevelt today introduced a big housing project which will cost between 12 and 15 thousand million dollars.

St. Andrews Sale and Tea Tomorrow The Ladies of St. Andrew's Church are noted for their good Christmas cooking.

WORK OF NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT COMMISSION IS NEARING THE END

Final Report To Be Ready For The Next Session of Parliament

OTTAWA, Nov. 29—The National Employment Commission, established by Order-in-Council May 13, 1936, will shortly disappear, and its work will be taken over by various departments of the Government.

Important recommendations concerning the unemployment problems facing the Dominion Government will likely be contained in the final report of the Commission, to be prepared before the forthcoming session of Parliament.

Dissolution of the Commission will be voluntary. It was established as an advisory body to the Department of Labor, and had no administrative powers except where decided by the Minister of Labor or by Order-in-Council.

Its chief duties were formulation, after investigation, of recommendations for increasing employment. Some recommendations were contained in an interim report made to the Government in June, 1937, and the remainder will be made in the final report now under consideration.

Arthur B. Purvis of Canadian Industries, Limited, chairman (without salary) of the Commission, will devote his full time to his private work.

A Government post will likely be found for Tom Moore, former president of the Trades and Labor Council of Canada, one of the two salaried commissioners. The other, Mrs. Mary Sutherland of British Columbia, will likely return to her native province.

Foreign Labor Unions

SPEAKING AT SAINT JOHN YESTERDAY, A. R. MOSHER, OF OTTAWA, PRESIDENT OF THE ALL-CANADIAN CONGRESS OF LABOR, STATED THAT EVERY MEANS OF CONCILIATION SHOULD BE EMPLOYED BY LABOR ORGANIZATIONS BEFORE RESORTING TO STRIKES OR SIMILAR ECONOMIC PRESSURE AND HE URGED THE WORKERS OF CANADA TO MAKE A THOROUGH STUDY OF THE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SITUATION.

In a reply to a question as to his opinion on the stand taken by the Provincial Government regarding the Minto labor trouble, Mr. Mosher said that he did not have sufficient knowledge of the situation, but he repeated that the policy of the All-Canadian Congress of Labor is that every means of conciliation be used before economic pressure is concerned.

Mr. Mosher stated, "the very fact that the Committee of Industrial Organization, as well as the American Federation of Labor are United States controlled organizations, we of the CANADIAN NATIONAL LABOR MOVEMENT, BELIEVING IN THE INDEPENDENCE OF CANADIAN WORKERS AND THEIR FREEDOM TO DETERMINE THEIR OWN POLICIES CAN BUT FROWN ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE C. I. O., AND THE A. F. L." THE ALL-CANADIAN LABOR CONGRESS, OF WHICH MR. MOSHER IS PRESIDENT, HAS MANY BRANCHES OF UNION LABOR THROUGHOUT THE DOMINION, INCLUDING FLOURISHING UNITS AT SAINT JOHN AND MONCTON.

If the ideas of John Lewis were carried out all over the country this would lead to Fascism. Such procedure in Italy made it necessary for the employers of labor to appeal to the national government of that country and the result was the dictatorship of Mussolini and Fascism.

Public opinion will never support the stand taken at Minto, and Canadian labor will never win no matter how worthy their cause, by bucking public opinion. The C. I. O. found this out in both

French, British Premiers Meeting to Discuss Problems

Japanese Respect Foreign Interest, German Colonial Ambitions, Mediterranean Situation And New Trade Pact Will Be the Topics

FOREIGN INTERESTS IN EAST

Japan will not Consult with Powers Reg. Far East

BUFFALO NAT. PARK BECOMES AN ABATTOIR

WAINWRIGHT Alta., Nov. 29—The sharp crack of intermittent rifle fire echoed through Buffalo National Park today as the historic annual slaughter of buffalo continued. Lack of sufficient grazing area forces reduction of the herd.

Central figure in the slaughter, intended to reduce the herd by 2,000 to 4,500, is the official 'executioner', steady fingered Sam Purshell, rifleman for the Dominion Government at Wainwright, 120 miles southeast of Edmonton, and at Elk Island National Park about 35 miles east of Edmonton.

Slayer of 6,000 buffalo and renowned throughout the West as a topnotch marksman, Purshell usually kills each shaggy animal with one shot, a bullet squarely between the eyes.

The slaughter, a spectacular ceremony reminiscent of the vanished age when hunters on horseback slew buffalo by thousands over the prairies, will continue at the rate of about 60 a day until the herd has been decreased by 2,000.

LONDON, Nov. 29—Premier Camille Chateaus and Foreign Minister Yvon Delbos of France are in London today attending a conference for important foreign policy discussions with Prime Minister Chamberlain and other British officials.

The scope of the conference, inspired by Lord Halifax's recent explorations of German territorial and political claims, suddenly was widened to include the Japanese threat to Anglo-French interests in the Far East.

The principal topics to be discussed will be:

- 1. Means of making Japan respect China's concessions to foreign nationals in conquered Shanghai's international areas;
2. Reichschancellor Hitler's central European and colonial ambitions;
3. The Mediterranean situation in view of Italian troop concentrations in Libya and Mallorca;
4. Negotiations for a new trade pact between Britain and the United States.

It was generally considered Shanghai was the most immediate and central was the most immediate and central problems.

France, Great Britain and the United States have already made representations against Japanese seizure of the Shanghai customs. An official announcement said the ministers



E. J. CORMIER Comptroller General, who is receiving congratulations on his 59th Birthday

RESIDUE LARGE ESTATE GOES TO ANGLIC. CHURCH

Largest Gift in History of Anglican Church In New Brunswick

In addition to straight bequests of \$20,000 to Christchurch Cathedral, and \$5,000 to St. Anne's Church, Fredericton, which were announced when the will of the late Miss M. Kearny Odell was probated at Halifax on Monday, the residue of the \$450,000 estate which she left will be equally divided between the Anglican diocese of Nova Scotia and the diocese of Fredericton.

This residue will bring each of them at least \$60,000. Under terms of the will the money may be used for any purpose decided on by the diocesan synods.

Another provision of the will is that the executors have power to donate to the New Brunswick Museum any articles of historic interest, owned by the Odell estate, which that institution may desire. Priceless historical documents, pictures and antiques which have been in possession of the Odell family for 150 years will thus go to the museum.

The bequest of \$85,000 or more to the Cathedral, St. Anne's Church and the diocese of Fredericton is more than double the amount of the largest sum ever previously left to the Anglican Church in this province. This was \$40,000, the bequest of Chief Justice Chipman almost a century ago.

Novelties for Sale On Wednesday afternoon from three thirty to six a tea and sale of Christmas novelties will be held in the Wilmot Church Vestry. The place to buy gifts.

would discuss the situation at their first meeting Monday.

British Cabinet Split Three Ways on Foreign Policy With Widely Varying Views

TORONTO RANKS FIRST AS CENTRE OF RACING

Gate Receipts and Betting Total Highest of Any Can. City; \$22,275,787 Wagered Across Country

OTTAWA, Nov. 29—Horse racing, the sport of kings, flourishes more in Toronto and environs than in any other part of Canada.

Figures compiled by the Dominion Department of Agriculture which collects the Federal tax on horse racing show that in the recent season Toronto citizens paid more money to get into race-tracks and bet more on the horses after they got in than did the people of any other city in Canada. The owners of race horses also did better in Toronto than elsewhere, as the figures for the total prize money show.

In all Canada, the amount wagered at racetracks was \$22,275,787, and of this \$13,635,009 was bet at Ontario tracks and \$8,965,959 at Toronto tracks. More than half of all the race track betting in Canada took place in Ontario and more money was wagered in Toronto than in all the Provinces except Ontario.

Gate Receipts \$651,491 Gate receipts of all tracks in Canada totalled \$651,491, while receipts at Ontario tracks were \$409,823, and at Toronto tracks \$265,125. The total prize money paid to horse owners in Canada was \$1,046,440, of which \$52,955 was paid in Ontario and \$337,300 in Toronto. Vancouver ranked second as a racing centre, leading all other cities

but Toronto in gate receipts, wagers and prize money. Winnipeg was third in gate receipts and wagers, but 4th in prize money. Hamilton was 4th in gate receipts and betting, but 6th in prize money and sixth in gate receipts. Fort Erie was sixth in betting, and fifth in gate receipts and prize money.

The Woodbine Track, Toronto, was the biggest money track of the season, but the other three Toronto tracks were not far behind. Dufferin Park was second, Thorncliffe third, and Long Beach fourth. Hamilton followed in fifth place, Fort Erie in sixth, Hastings Park, Vancouver, in seventh, Whittier Park, Winnipeg, in eighth, and Niagara Falls in ninth. These were the only tracks at which betting during the year totalled more than \$1,000,000.

Most Racing in Toronto Racing took place on 29 different tracks at 17 different points. The total number of days racing for Canada was 302, with 56 at Toronto, 42 each at Vancouver and Montreal, 23 at Winnipeg, 18 at Calgary, 16 at Edmonton, 14 each at Ottawa, Hamilton, Fort Erie, Niagara Falls and Victoria, 11 at London, 6 each at Regina and Saskatoon, 4 at Halifax, 2 at Red Deer, Alta., 1 at Claresholm, Alta.

Fate of Negotiations for an Accord With Germany Held to Depend on Outcome of Fight Within Government Between Eden's Left Wing Group and Right Faction, Which Is Itself Divided.

LONDON Nov. 29—Realization that a fateful decision affecting the future of British foreign policy impends is apparent here today. It is also recognized that the first phase of negotiations for a British-German settlement is complete.

Britain is seething with interest. Alarm and confidence are both noticeable, with hope, anger, and complacency intermixed. Everywhere in the press, not excepting the Times, Lord Halifax's visit to Germany is compared to the ill-fated pre-war mission of Lord Haldane.

Behind the confusion and controversy which has engulfed these negotiations, it is abundantly clear that the course of the proposed Anglo-German settlement, involving as it does the fate of the League of Nations and the future political structure of Europe, turns upon the outcome of the first major clash between the three groups within the British Cabinet.

Three Groups Vie in Cabinet This is a National Government, composed of men of widely varying views on foreign policy. These divergencies although they have often

(Continued on Page Four)

ROYAL COMMISSION STARTS AT WINNIPEG



Members of the Royal Commission on relations between the Dominion and the Provinces which opened today at Winnipeg. The chief purpose of the commission is to "provide for a re-examination of the economic and financial basis of Confederation and of the distribution of legislative powers in the light of the economic and social developments of the past 70 years." The commission will hold public meetings in all parts of Canada. Left to right, our picture shows H. F. Angus, professor of economics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver; Hon. Thibaudeau Rinfret, Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, Ottawa; Hon. Newton W. Rowell, Chief Justice of Ontario, Toronto, chairman; John W. Daffoe, president and editor-in-chief, Winnipeg Free Press, Winnipeg; and R. A. MacKay, professor of government at Dalhousie University, Halifax. Hon. Thibaudeau Rinfret shown above has retired, and has been replaced by Dr. Joseph Sirois.